# A Convenient Synthesis of Substituted 3-Alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated Esters with Predominant Z-Selectivity 

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#### Abstract

The consecutive reaction of bis[2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]phosphite with sodium hydride, dimethyl maleate, and aldehydes gives 3-alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated esters with predominant Z-selectivity in 62-94\% yields (Z/E = 85-60:15-40). The Z- and E-isomer can be separated conveniently by column chromatography. © 2003 Wiley Periodicals, Inc. Heteroatom Chem 14:276-279, 2003; Published online in Wiley InterScience (www.interscience.wiley.com). DOI 10.1002/hc. 10142


## INTRODUCTION

In the past few decades the use of the Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons (HWE) reaction in organic synthesis has increased significantly [1] and it was employed in a variety of versatile synthetic routes, enabling the synthesis of many functionalized compounds, particularly of naturally occurring products [2]. However, the usual HWE reagents with alkylphosphono groups produce thermodynamically favored $E$-olefins [le]. For the purpose of preparing $Z$-olefins, several attempts have been made by changing of reaction conditions or phosphonate reagents, but the success was still limited

[^0][3]. Among them, the methods of Still [3a] and Ando [3c-f] have been shown to be the most versatile and selective. The former used methyl [bis(trifluoroethyl)phosphono]acetate in the HWE reaction, while the latter employed ethyl (diarylphosphono)acetates as reagents.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In recent years, 3-alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated esters have attracted much interest because they are useful intermediates for the synthesis of substituted tetrahydrofurans, which are essential components in a variety of naturally occurring bioactive compounds [4]. As part of our continuing investigation of synthetic application of consecutive reaction of phosphorus compounds in organic synthesis [5], herein we report a convenient synthesis of substituted 3 -alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated esters with predominant Z-selectivity by using bis[2,2,2trifluoroethyl]phosphite as a starting material via sequential transformations. The reaction sequence is shown in Scheme 1.

Bis[2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]phosphite (1) was treated with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the resulting carbanion 2 reacted with dimethyl maleate 3 to form the intermediate 4, which was further reacted with aldehydes, followed by elimination of phosphonate anion, giving substituted 3-alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta$, $\gamma$-unsaturated esters (6) with predominant Z -selectivity in $62-94 \%$ yields $(Z / E=85-60: 15-40)$. The Z- and E-isomer can be


SCHEME 1
separated conveniently by column chromatography. The results are summarized in Table 1.

The chemical shift of vinyl proton in E-isomer of substituted 3-alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated esters has been reported in the range of $\delta=7.83-8.00$ ppm [6]. Thus, we assigned the chemical shift of vinyl proton in the range of $\delta=7.82-7.91$ as E-isomer, while that in the range of $\delta=6.73-6.89$ as Z -isomer. For the further confirmation of the configuration of the products we performed the NOESY spectrum of the major product of $\mathbf{6 b}$. It showed that the vinyl proton is cis with respect to the $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ group (Z-isomer).

## EXPERIMENTAL

All boiling points are uncorrected. The IR spectra of liquid products were determined as films on a Digilab FTS-20E spectrometer. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AM-300 ( 300 MHz ) spectrometer (values in ppm from $\mathrm{SiMe}_{4}$, in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; J$ values are given in Hz ). Mass spectra were measured on a Finnigan GC-MS-4021 mass spectrometer.

TABLE 1 Substituted 3-Alkoxycarbonyl- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated Esters Prepared

|  | $R$ | Yield (\%) | Ratio (Z/E) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 a}$ | $4-\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NC}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ | 90 | $85: 15$ |
| 6b | $4-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ | 94 | $82: 18$ |
| $\mathbf{6 c}$ | $4-\mathrm{ClC}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ | 76 | $81: 19$ |
| 6d | $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}$ | 80 | $78: 22$ |
| $6 \mathbf{e}$ | $\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}$ | 93 | $71: 29$ |
| $\mathbf{6 f}$ | $\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}$ | 86 | $68: 32$ |
| $\mathbf{6 g}$ | $2,4-\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}$ | 62 | $60: 40$ |

[^1]Bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)phosphite (1) was prepared according to the known method [7].

## General Procedure for the Synthesis of 3-Alkoxy- $\beta, \gamma$-unsaturated Esters (6)

Bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)phosphite ( 2.5 mmol ) was added slowly with stirring to a suspension of sodium hydride $[\mathrm{NaH}, 0.1 \mathrm{~g}$ ( $60 \%$ ), 2.5 mmol$]$ in THF ( 20 ml ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and dimethyl maleate ( $0.34 \mathrm{~g}, 2.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was slowly added. The mixture was further stirred for 0.5 h and the aldehyde ( 2 mmol ) was added. After addition, the mixture was stirred further for 3 h and HCl solution ( $2 \mathrm{M}, 30 \mathrm{ml}$ ) was added. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times$ 20 ml ). The combined organic layer was washed with brine ( 20 ml ) and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. Evaporation of the solvent gave a residue, which was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluting with light petroleum ether ( $\mathrm{bp} 60-90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )/ethyl acetate ( $10: 1$ ) to give the product $\mathbf{6}$. The component in front was identified as E-isomer (minor product), while the one behind was the Z -isomer (major product). In the cases of $\mathbf{6 e}$ and $\mathbf{6 f}$, the reverse is true.

Z-Methyl 4-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-3-methoxy-carbonylbut-3-enoate (Z-6a). Yield: 77\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2950,1740,1710,1610,1530,1440,1360$, 1220, 1190, 1170, $810 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}$ ): $\delta=7.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.62$ (d, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.71 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.42 $(\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=278\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,20\right)$, $277\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100\right), 218$ (56), 159 (32), 158 (94). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ (277.32): C, 64.97; H, 6.91; N, 5.05. Found: C, 64.74; H, 6.90; N, 4.83.

E-Methyl 4-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-3-methoxy-carbonylbut-3-enoate (E-6a). Yield: 13\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2960,1740,1720,1700,1610,1530$, 1440, 1240, 1200, 1170, 1080, $810 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}$ ): $\delta=7.82$ (s, 1 H ), 7.31 (d, $J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.69$ (d, $J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.80 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.74 (s, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.63(\mathrm{~S}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.00(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H})$. MS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%)=278$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,17\right), 277\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 93\right), 218$ (56), 159 (35), 158 (100). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ (277.32): C, 64.97; H, 6.91; N, 5.05. Found: C, 64.62; H, 7.00; N, 5.00.

Z-Methyl 4-(4-Methylphenyl)-3-Methoxycarbonyl-but-3-enoate (Z-6b). Yield: $77 \%$; bp $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 0.5$ mm Hg. IR (neat): $\nu=2950,1740,1710,1440$, 1240, 1210, 1170, $1130 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}$ ): $\delta=7.19$ (d, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.66(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.46$
$(\mathrm{d}, J=0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.33(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=248$ ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 49$ ), 216 (45), 188 (30), 129 (100), 115 (28), 59 (18). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (248.27): C, $67.73 ; \mathrm{H}$, 6.50. Found: C, 67.62; H, 6.50.

E-Methyl 4-(4-Methylphenyl)-3-methoxycarbonyl-but-3-enoate (E-6b) [8]. Yield: 17\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3030,2950,1740,1710,1640,1610,1510,1440$, 1270, 1200, 1170, $1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right):$ $\delta=7.87$ (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.19$ (d, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.56(\mathrm{~s}$, 2H), 2.36 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ). MS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%)=248\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 70\right), 216$ (46), 216 (50), 129 (100), 115 (28), 59 (16).

Z-Methyl 4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-methoxycarbonyl-but-3-enoate (Z-6c). Yield: $58 \%$; bp $128^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ Hg. IR (neat): $\nu=2950,1740,1720,1590,1490$, 1440, 1240, 1210, 1170, $1020 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=7.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.21$ (d, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.64$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.45(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=270\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+2,25\right)$, 268 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 70$ ), 236 (81), 151 (49), 149 (91), 130 (38), 115 (100), 59 (57). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{ClO}_{4}$ (268.69): C, 58.11; H, 4.88. Found: C, 58.10; H, 4.94.

E-Methyl 4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-methoxycarbonyl-but-3-enoate (E-6c) [8]. Yield: 15\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3000,2950,1740,1720,1640,1590,1490,1440$, 1330, 1280, 1200, 1170, 1090, $1010 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=7.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.82 (s, 3 H ), 3.73 ( s , $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.50(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=270\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+2,35\right)$, 268 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}$, 97), 237 (62), 236 (91), 208 (62), 151 (46), 149 (95), 130 (37), 115 (100), 59 (46).

Z-Methyl 4-(Phenyl)-3-methoxycarbonylbut-3-enoate (Z-6d) [9]. Yield: 62\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3030$, 2950, 1740, 1720, 1440, 1245, 1210, 1170, 1130, 700 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=7.25-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H})$, 6.87 (s, 1H), $3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.63(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$. MS: $m / z(\%)=234\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 76\right), 203$ (63), 202 (64), 174 (24), 116 (39), 115 (100), 91 (19).

E-Methyl 4-(Phenyl)-3-methoxycarbonylbut-3-enoate (E-6d) [8]. Yield: 18\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3060$, 2950, 1740, 1710, 1640, 1490, 1450, 1440, 1330, 1270, 1220, 1200, 1170, $1100 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}$ ): $\delta=7.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.74$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=234\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 49\right), 203$ (41), 202 (57), 174 (28), 116 (39), 115 (100), 91 (19), 59 (15).

Z-Methyl 3-Methoxycarbonylhepta-3,5-dienoate (Z-6e). Yield: 67\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2950,1740$, 1720, 1640, 1440, 1230, 1200, 1180, $980 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): ~ \delta=7.14$ (ddq, $J=14.9,11.1$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.42$ (d, $J=11.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.90-6.10(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.64(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.24(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.82$ (dd, $J=6.9,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: m / z(\%)=199\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right.$, 19), 198 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 55$ ), 183 (23), 167 (100), 139 (18), 79 (15). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (198.21): $\mathrm{C}, 60.59 ; \mathrm{H}$, 7.12. Found: C, 60.44; H, 7.17.

E-Methyl 3-Methoxycarbonylhepta-3,5-dienoate (E-6e). Yield: 26\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2960,1740$, 1710, 1650, 1440, 1300, 1250, 1200, 1170, 1090, 780 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=7.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10-7.35$ (m, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 1.86 (d, $J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. MS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ $(\%)=199\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,24\right), 198\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 46\right), 183(21), 167$ (100), 139 (16). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (198.21): C, 60.59; H, 7.12. Found: C, 60.29; H, 7.26.

Z-Methyl 5-Phenyl-3-methoxycarbonylhexa-3,5dienoate (Z-6f). Yield: 58\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3020$, 1740, 1700, 1630, 1440, 1290, 1210, 980, 800, 750, $690 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): ~ \delta=7.97$ (dd, $J=15.6,11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45-7.60(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.20-7.45$ $(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.79$ (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3 H ), 3.37 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ). MS: $m / z(\%)=260\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 30\right), 200(36), 187$ (10), 169 (30), 155 (14), 141 (100), 115 (26). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (260.28): C, 69.22; H, 6.20. Found: C, 69.26; H, 5.97.

E-Methyl 5-Phenyl-3-methoxycarbonylhexa-3,5dienoate (E-6f). Yield: 28\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2950$, 1740, 1710, 1630, 1440, 1290, 1240, 1200, 1170, 1080, 980, $750 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=$ $7.45-7.65(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.45(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.90-7.00(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.57(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{MS}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ $(\%)=260\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 31\right), 200(39), 169(30), 141(100), 115$ (26). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (260.28): C, 69.22; H, 6.20: Found: C, 69.41; H, 6.26.

Z-Methyl4-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-methoxycarbo-nylbut-3-enoate (Z-6g). Yield: 37\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=2950,1740,1720,1590,1470,1440,1220,1180$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}\right): \delta=7.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10-$ $7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.89(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 3.49 (s, 2H). MS: $m / z(\%)=302\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 3\right), 269(36), 267$ (100), 149 (12). Anal. Calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ (303.14): C, 51.50; H, 3.99. Found: C, 51.48; H, 3.61.

E-Methyl 4-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-methoxycarbo-nylbut-3-enoate (E-6g) [10]. Yield: 25\%; oil. IR (neat): $\nu=3090,2960,1740,1720,1590,1470,1440$, 1290, 1210, 1180, $1100 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{TMS}$ ): $\delta=7.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.15-7.25$
(m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.35 (s, 2H). MS: $m / z(\%)=302\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 1\right), 269(35), 267(100), 149(24)$.

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[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Isolated yields.
    ${ }^{b}$ Isolated ratios.

