SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Sixth revised edition

> Version: 1.0 Creation Date: Aug 12, 2017 Revision Date: Aug 12, 2017

1. Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name methyl methanesulfonate

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number -Other names Methanesulfonic acid, methyl ester

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified usesFor industry use only.Uses advised againstno data available

- 2. Hazard identification
- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Oral, Category 3

Skin irritation, Category 2

Eye irritation, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 3

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



| Signal word | Danger | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Hazard statement(s) | H301 Toxic if swallowed | | |
| | H315 Causes skin irritation | | |
| | H319 Causes serious eye irritation | | |
| | H335 May cause respiratory irritation | | |
| Precautionary statement(s) | | | |
| Prevention | P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. | | |
| | P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. | | |
| | P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. | | |
| | P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. | | |
| | P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. | | |
| Response | P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/… | | |
| | P321 Specific treatment (see on this label). | | |
| | P330 Rinse mouth. | | |
| | P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/ | | |
| | P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. | | |
| | P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. | | |
| | P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. | | |
| | P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. | | |

| | P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
|----------|--|
| | P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/…if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | P405 Store locked up. |
| | P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | P501 Dispose of contents/container to |

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

none

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

| Chemical name | Common names and | CAS | EC | Concentration |
|------------------|------------------|---------|--------|---------------|
| onenneathanne | synonyms | number | number | concentration |
| methyl | methyl | 66-27-3 | none | 100% |
| methanesulfonate | methanesulfonate | None | 10070 | |

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

SYMPTOMS: Symptoms of exposure to this compound may include irritation of the eyes, skin, mucous membranes, nose and respiratory tract. It can cause dermatitis and nausea. Large doses ingested over nearly a year produced gastrointestinal and hepatic toxic effects. ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: This chemical causes irritation of the skin. It is corrosive. It may cause eye, nasal, respiratory and mucous membrane irritation. It is harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and sulfur oxides.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway (oropharyngeal or nasopharyngeal airway, if needed). Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist respirations if necessary. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary Monitor for shock and treat if necessary For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with 0.9% saline (NS) during transport Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 mL/kg up to 200 mL of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool. Activated charcoal is not effective Do not attempt to neutralize because of exothermic reaction. Cover skin burns with dry, sterile dressings after decontamination /Organic acids and related compounds/

- 5. Fire-fighting measures
- 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Fires involving this material can be controlled with a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or Halon extinguisher.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This chemical is combustible.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

- 6. Accidental release measures
- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

PRECAUTIONS FOR "CARCINOGENS": A high-efficiency particulate arrestor (HEPA) or charcoal filters can be used to minimize amt of carcinogen in exhausted air ventilated safety cabinets, lab hoods, glove boxes or animal rooms ... Filter housing that is designed so that used filters can be transferred into plastic bag without contaminating maintenance staff is avail commercially. Filters should be placed in plastic bags immediately after removal ... The plastic bag should be sealed immediately ... The sealed bag should be labelled properly ... Waste liquids ... should be placed or collected in proper containers for disposal. The lid should be secured & the bottles properly labelled. Once filled, bottles should be placed in plastic bag, so that outer surface ... is not contaminated ... The plastic bag should also be sealed & labelled Broken glassware ... should be decontaminated by solvent extraction, by chemical destruction, or in specially designed incinerators. /Chemical Carcinogens/

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

PRECAUTIONS FOR "CARCINOGENS": Storage site should be as close as practical to lab in which carcinogens are to be used, so that only small quantities required for ... expt need to be carried. Carcinogens should be kept in only one section of cupboard, an explosion-proof refrigerator or freezer (depending on chemicophysical properties ...) that bears appropriate label. An inventory ... should be kept, showing quantity of carcinogen & date it was acquired ... Facilities for dispensing ... should be contiguous to storage area. /Chemical Carcinogens/

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Physical state Colour | colourless liquid Colorless liquid |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Odour | no data available |
| Melting point/ freezing | |
| point | 542 C(III.) |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 202-203°C(lit.) |
| Flammability | no data available |
| Lower and upper | no data available |
| explosion limit / | |
| flammability limit | |
| Flash point | 104°C |
| Auto-ignition | no data available |
| temperature | |
| Decomposition | no data available |
| temperature | |
| рН | no data available |
| Kinematic viscosity | no data available |
| Solubility | In water:200 g/L (20 °C) |
| Partition coefficient n- | log Kow = -0.7 (est) |
| octanol/water (log | |
| value) | |
| Vapour pressure | 0.31 mm Hg at 25°C (est) |
| Density and/or relative density | 1.3g/mLat 25°C(lit.) |
| Relative vapour density | no data available |
| Particle characteristics | |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

METHYL METHANESULFONATE is incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong bases.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- · Oral: LD50 Rat oral 225 mg/kg
- · Inhalation: no data available
- · Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

Evaluation: No epidemiological data relevant to the carcinogenicity of methyl methanesulfonate were available. There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of methyl methanesulfonate. Overall evaluation: Methyl methanesulfonate is probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). In making the overall evaluation, the Working Group took into consideration that methyl methanesulfonate is a direct acting methylating agent which is mutagenic in a wide range of in-vivo and in-vitro test systems.

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- · Toxicity to fish: no data available
- · Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- · Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for methyl methanesulfonate(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of -0.7(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of methyl methanesulfonate can be estimated to be 12(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that methyl methanesulfonate is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

| 14. | Transport | inform | ation |
|-------|-----------|--------|-------|
| - · · | rianspore | | acion |

14.1 UN Number

| | ADR/RID: UN2810 | IMDG: UN2810 | IATA: UN2810 | |
|------|--|--------------|--------------|--|
| 14.2 | UN Proper Shipping Name | | | |
| | ADR/RID: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. IMDG: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. IATA: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. | | | |
| 14.3 | 3 Transport hazard class(es) | | | |
| | ADR/RID: 6.1 | IMDG: 6.1 | IATA: 6.1 | |
| 14.4 | Packing group, if applicable | | | |
| | ADR/RID: II | IMDG: II | IATA: II | |

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG: no

IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

- 15. Regulatory information
- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

| Chemical name | Common names and synonyms | CAS number | EC number |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| methyl methanesulfonate | methyl methanesulfonate | 66-27-3 | none |
| European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | | | Listed. |
| EC Inventory | | | Listed. |
| United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | | | Listed. |
| China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 | | | Not Listed. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) | | | Listed. |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | | | Listed. |
| Vietnam National Chemical Inventory | | | Not Listed. |
| Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC) | | | Not Listed. |

16. Other information

Information on revision

| Creation Date | Aug 12, 2017 |
|---------------|--------------|
| Revision Date | Aug 12, 2017 |

Abbreviations and acronyms

- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- · IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- · IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- · STEL: Short term exposure limit
- · LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
 - http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- · ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the

present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.