SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT

1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Dichloromethane CAS-No.: 75-09-2

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Skin irritation (Category 2), H315

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319

Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, Central nervous system, H335, H336

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Oral (Category 2), Liver, Blood, H373

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Inhalation (Category 2), Central nervous system, H373

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

| Pictogram | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement(s) | H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 May cause cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. |
| Precautionary statement(s) | P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant. |

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Synonyms: Methylene chloride

Formula: CH_2CI_2 Molecular weight: 84.93 g/mol CAS-No.: 75-09-2 EC-No.: 200-838-9

Hazardous components

| Component | Classification | Concentration |
|--------------------|---|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 6 | |
| | Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Carc. 2; STOT SE 3; STOT RE 2; H315, H319, H335, H336, H351, H373, H373 | <= 100 % |

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| General advice | |
|---|--|
| Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. | |
| If inhaled | |
| If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician. | |
| In case of skin contact | |
| Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. | |
| In case of eye contact | |
| Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. | |
| If swallowed | |
| Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician. | |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Heat sensitive.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

| Component | CAS-No. | Value | Control parameters | Basis | |
|--|---------|--|--|---|--|
| | Remarks | Potential Occu | pational Carcinog | en See Appendix A | |
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | TWA | 50.000000 ppm | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) | |
| | | Central Nervou | us System impairr | nent Carboxyhemoglobinemia | |
| | | Substances for section) Confir | r which there is a med animal carci | Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® nogen with unknown relevance to humans | |
| | | TWA 50 ppm l | JSA. ACGIH Thre | shold Limit Values (TLV) | |
| _< | | Central Nervous System impairment Carboxyhemoglobinemia Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans | | | |
| | | Substance liste | ed; for more inforr | nation see OSHA document 1910.1052 | |
| | | Substance listed; for more information see OSHA document 1910.1052 | | | |
| | | See Table Z-2 | C. | | |
| Cr. | | PEL 25.000000 OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens | | | |
| (MC), Chemical Abstracts S construction and shipyard er compound with chemical for | | | al Abstracts Serviond shipyard emplon chemical formula | to all occupational exposures to methylene chloride ce Registry Number 75-092, in general industry, byment. Methylene chloride (MC) means an organic a, CH2Cl2. Its Chemical Abstracts Service Registry r weight is 84.9 g/mole OSHA specifically regulated | |

| Component | CAS-No. | Value | Control parameters | Basis |
|-----------|---------|---|---|---|
| - CT | | STEL | 125.000000 ppm | OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens |
| Chein | | 1910.1052 This section applies to all occupational exposures to methylene chlorid (MC), Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number 75-092, in general industry, construction and shipyard employment. Methylene chloride (MC) means an organic ompound with chemical formula, CH2Cl2. Its Chemical Abstracts Service Registr Number is 75-09-2. Its molecular weight is 84.9 g/mole OSHA specifically regulate carcinogen | | te Registry Number 75-092, in general industry, syment. Methylene chloride (MC) means an organic a. CH2Cl2. Its Chemical Abstracts Service Registry |
| | | PEL 25 ppm 87 California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107) | | |
| | | see section 5202 | | |
| | | STEL | California permissible exposure limits for changema (California permissible exposure limits for changema) | |
| | | see section 5202 | | |

Biological occupational exposure limits

| Component | CAS-No. | Parameters | | Biological specimen | Basis |
|--------------------|---------|--|--|---------------------|--|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | Dichlorometh ane | | | ACGIH -Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) |
| | Remarks | End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases) | | | |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

| Eye/face protection | Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Skin protection | Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Splash contact Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 148 min Material tested:Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario. |
| Body Protection | Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. |
| Respiratory protection | Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). |
| Control of environmen tal exposure | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Form: liquid Colour: colourless |
|------------------------------|--|
| Odour | No data available |
| Odour Threshold | No data available |
| pH | No data available |
| Melting point/freezing point | Melting point/range: -97 °C (-143 °F) - lit. |

| 1 30 11 70 1 4 11 70 | 00 0 00 (400 0 00) |
|--|---|
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 39.8 °C (103.6 °F) - lit. |
| Flash point | No data available |
| Evaporation rate | 0.71 |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Upper explosion limit: 19 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 12 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | 470.9 hPa (353.2 mmHg) at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F) |
| Vapour density | 2.93 - (Air = 1.0) |
| Relative density | 1.325 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| Water solubility | slightly soluble |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | log Pow: 1.25 |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 556.1 °C (1,033.0 °F) 662.0 °C (1,223.6 °F) |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| Viscosity | No data available |
| Explosive properties | No data available |
| Oxidizing properties | No data available |

9.2 Other safety information

Relative vapour density: 2.93 - (Air = 1.0)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Contains the following stabiliser(s):

2-Methyl-2-butene (0.005 %)

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkali metals, Aluminum, Strong oxidizing agents, Bases, Amines, Magnesium, Strong acids and strong bases, Vinyl compounds

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 2,000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 52,000 mg/m3 LD50 Dermal - Rat - > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin. - 24 h

(Draize Test)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes. - 24 h

(Draize Test)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Rat

DNA damage

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity - Rat - Inhalation

Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria. Endocrine: Tumors.

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Suspected human carcinogens

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Methylene chloride)

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure

Inhalation - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Central nervous system Oral - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Liver, Blood

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: PA8050000

Dichloromethane is metabolized in the body producing carbon monoxide which increases and sustains carboxyhemoglobin levels in the blood, reducing the oxygen-carrying capacity of the blood., Acts as a simple asphyxiant by displacing air., anesthetic effects, Difficulty in breathing, Headache, Dizziness, Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause:, defatting, Dermatitis, Contact with eyes can cause:, Redness, Blurred vision, Provokes tears., Effects due to ingestion and include:, Gastrointe Bulance and decomposition. Paresthesia., Drowsiness, Convulsions, Conjunctivitis., Pulmonary edema. Effects may be delayed., Irregular breathing., Stomach/intestinal disorders, Nausea, Vomiting, Increased liver enzymes., Weakness, Heavy or prolonged skin exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material., Abdominal pain
To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly

investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

| | LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 193.00 mg/l - 96 h NOEC - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - 130 mg/l - 96 h |
|---|--|
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,682.00 mg/l - 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae | No data available |
| Toxicity to bacteria | No data available |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Biodegradability | Result: < 26 % - Not readily biodegradable. |
|------------------|---|

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6 Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 1593 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Dichloromethane

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 1000 lbs

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 1593 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A

Proper shipping name: DICHLOROMETHANE

IATA

UN number: 1593 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Dichloromethane

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

| Component | CAS-No. | Revision Date |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 2007-07-01 |

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

| Component | CAS-No. | Revision Date |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 2007-07-01 |

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

| Component | CAS-No. | Revision Date |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 2007-07-01 |

New Jersey Right To Know Components

| Component | CAS-No. | Revision Date |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 2007-07-01 |

California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

| Component | CAS-No. | Revision Date |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 2007-09-28 |

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Carc. Carcinogenicity

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 May cause cancer.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

STOT RE Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 0

Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity Hazard: 0