

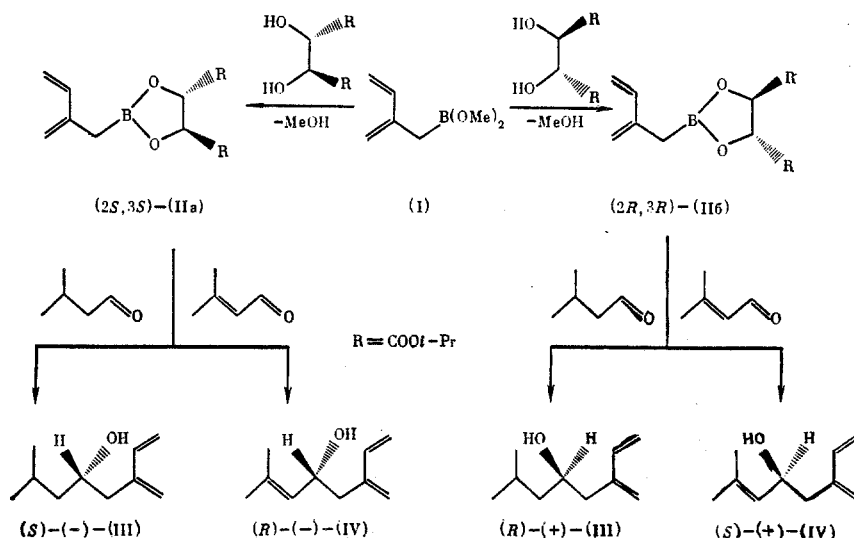
# ENANTIOMERIC PAIRS OF IPSENOL AND IPSDIENOL USING ASYMMETRIC ISOPRENYLBORYLATION

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One of the methods for the preparation of ( $\pm$ )-ipsenol and ( $\pm$ )-ipsdienol is the isoprenylborylation of isovaleraldehyde and  $\beta,\beta$ -dimethylacrolein [1].

We have synthesized the enantiomer parts of ipsenol (III) and ipsdienol (IV) with 46-63% optical purity using chiral isoprenylborylating reagents, namely, (2S,3S)- and (2R,3R)-diisopropyltartrates of isoprenylboric acid (IIa) and (IIb). The latter are readily obtained by the transesterification of dimethoxyisoprenylborane [I, bp 55-60°C (30 mm)] by (2S,3S)-(-)- ([ $\alpha$ ] from -16 to -17°) or (2R,3R)-(+)-diisopropyltartrate ([ $\alpha$ ] from +16 to +17°).



A solution of an equimolar amount of aldehyde (~1 g) in 10 ml abs. toluene was added to a solution of borane (IIa) or (IIb) (~1 g) in 10 ml abs. toluene at -75°C. The mixture was maintained for 1 h at -75°C and slowly warmed to 20°C. Toluene was removed in vacuum and the viscous residue consisting of a borate ester, was dissolved in ether and hydrolyzed at 0°C by a 1.5-fold excess of 3 N aq. NaOH. The ethereal layer was separated off and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was removed. The residue of crude (III) or (IV) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using 9:1 and 4:1 pentane-ether as the eluent, respectively. (S)-(-)-(III) was obtained in 90% yield,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4680, [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> -8.3° (25°C) (c 1, EtOH). The optical purity of this product was 48%. (R)-(+)-(III) was obtained in 86% yield,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4680, [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> +8.08° (25°C) (c 1, EtOH). The optical purity of this product was 46%. (S)-(+)-(IV) was obtained in 85% yield,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4900, [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> +6.3° (20°C) (c 1, MeOH). The optical purity of this product was 63%. (R)-(-)-(IV) was obtained in 84% yield,  $n_D^{20}$  1.4900, [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> -5.8° (20°C) (c 1, MeOH). The optical purity of this product was 58% [2, 3].

The structures of (I)-(IV) were supported by spectral data.

## LITERATURE CITED

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