

# Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: <a href="http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gpss20">http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gpss20</a>

# SYNTHESIS AND CHEMISTRY OF SOME NEW 2-MERCAPTOIMIDAZOLE DERIVATIVES OF POSSIBLE ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY

M. A. Salama<sup>a</sup> & L. A. Almotabacani<sup>b</sup> <sup>a</sup> National Research Center, Dokki, Cairo, Egypt <sup>b</sup> Girls College of Education, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia Published online: 11 Aug 2010.

To cite this article: M. A. Salama & L. A. Almotabacani (2004) SYNTHESIS AND CHEMISTRY OF SOME NEW 2-MERCAPTOIMIDAZOLE DERIVATIVES OF POSSIBLE ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY, Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 179:2, 305-319, DOI: <u>10.1080/10426500490262315</u>

To link to this article: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426500490262315</u>

# PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Taylor & Francis makes every effort to ensure the accuracy of all the information (the "Content") contained in the publications on our platform. However, Taylor & Francis, our agents, and our licensors make no representations or warranties whatsoever as to the accuracy, completeness, or suitability for any purpose of the Content. Any opinions and views expressed in this publication are the opinions and views of the authors, and are not the views of or endorsed by Taylor & Francis. The accuracy of the Content should not be relied upon and should be independently verified with primary sources of information. Taylor and Francis shall not be liable for any losses, actions, claims, proceedings, demands, costs, expenses, damages, and other liabilities whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with, in relation to or arising out of the use of the Content.

This article may be used for research, teaching, and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, redistribution, reselling, loan, sub-licensing, systematic supply, or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden. Terms & Conditions of access and use can be found at <a href="http://www.tandfonline.com/page/terms-and-conditions">http://www.tandfonline.com/page/terms-and-conditions</a>



#### SYNTHESIS AND CHEMISTRY OF SOME NEW 2-MERCAPTOIMIDAZOLE DERIVATIVES OF POSSIBLE ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY

M. A. Salama<sup>a</sup> and L. A. Almotabacani<sup>b</sup> National Research Center, Dokki, Cairo, Egypt;<sup>a</sup> and Girls College of Education, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia<sup>b</sup>

(Received April 21, 2003; accepted August 4, 2003)

4,5-Diaryl-2,3-dihydro-2-mercaptoimidazoles (**2a-e**) were synthesized. They reacted with chloroacetic acid in gl. acetic acid/ $Ac_2O$  in presence of anhyd. sodium acetate afforded 5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones (**3a-d**). Also these compounds were prepared by the action of chloroacetyl chloride on compounds (2)in pyridine. Compounds (**3a-d**) on condensation with aromatic aldehydes yield 2-arylmethylene-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1b]-thiazol-3-ones (**4a–q**). The latter compounds were prepared directly by the reaction of (2) with chloroacetic acid and the aromatic aldehydes. Compounds (3a-d) coupled with aryldiazonium salts in pyridine to give 2-arylhydrazono-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo-[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones (**5a-r**). Also compounds (**2**) when reacted with 2 or 3-bromopropionic acid afford 2,3-di-hydro-5,6-diaryl-2-methy-(6a-d) and 2,3-di-hydro-6,7-diaryl limidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones imidazo-[2,1-b]-1,3-thiazin-4-ones (7a-d), respectively. Compounds (3, 6, and 7) have been cleaved by aromatic amines to give the corresponding 2-(4',5'-diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thioacetanilide (8a-f), 2-(2',3'-dihydro-4',5'-diaryl imidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide (9a-c), 3-(2',3'-dihydro-4',5'-diaryl-imidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide and (10a-d) respectively. All the prepared compounds show considerable antimicrobial activity against bacteria, yeast, and fungi.

Keywords: 4,5-Diaryl-2-mercaptoimidazole derivatives

The chemistry of imidazole derivatives has received considerable attention due to their biological activities.<sup>1-7</sup> Accordingly, we have undertaken the preparation of some new related derivatives for biological evaluation.

Address correspondence to M. A. Salama, National Research Center, Dokki, Cairo, Giza, Arab Republic of Egypt. E-mail: wagihhan@hotmail.com

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

Synthesis of new compounds were achieved by fusion of diaryl benzoin<sup>8,9</sup> with thiourea at 200°C to give 2,3-dihydro-4,5-diaryl-2-mercaptoimidazoles (2). The IR spectra of compounds (2) showed absorption bands arounds 3470-3080 cm<sup>-1</sup>. (cf. Table II). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (2a) [DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>] led to the following assignments: the 2NH protons as two broad singlets at  $\delta = 9.36$  and 9.26 (br., 2H, 2NH) and the aromatic protons as a multiplet (m, 8H, ArH's) (cf. Table II).

Compounds (2) were reacted with chlororacetic acid in acetic acid/acetic anhydride in the presence of anhydrous sodium acetate to produce 5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3-ones (3); also compounds (3) were prepared by the action of chloroacetyl chloride on compounds (2) in presence of pyridine. The IR spectra of compounds (3) showed the carbonyl absorption bands around 1700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound (3a) [in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>] showed a methylene group as a singlet, (2H) at 3.25 ppm and the aromatic protons as a multiplet centred in the  $\delta = 7.40$ -8.60 (m, 8H, ArH's) (cf. Table II).

The formulation of the cyclised products as (3) is favored over the isomeric structures (3).<sup>10</sup>

Compounds (3) were condensed with aromatic aldehydes in acetic acid/acetic anhydride mixture in the presence of anhydrous sodium acetate to produce 2-arylmethylene-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1b]-thiazol-3-ones (4a-q). The latter compounds were prepared directly from (2) by the action of chloroacetic acid, aromatic aldehyde and sodium acetate in acetic acid/acetic anhydride mixture. The reaction product was found to be identical in all aspects (m.p., mixed m.p., and IR) with (4). The IR spectra of compounds (4) showed carbonyl absorption around 1685–1700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. This shift to lower frequency is due to the conjugation with the exocyclic double bond. The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of (4a) [DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>] revealed the disappearance of the singlet at  $\delta = 3.25$  (compared with that of 3a) belonging to the activated methylene group, besides the appearance of the expected signals at  $\delta = 7.0$ –8.60 ppm region (13H) for the aromatic protons and the benzylic proton (cf. Table II).

Compounds (3) coupled with aryldiazonium salts in the presence of pyridine to give 2-arylhydrazono-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-b]-thiazol-3-ones (5). The presence of a peak at 2.70 and 3.70 pp in <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra, and the absence of NH-groups in compounds (5n) and (5o) indicate that their coupling products exist in solution in the azo-form<sup>11</sup> (cf. Table II).

307

		Yield	Mol. form.	m.p. °C	% Analysis (calcd./foun			ound)
Comp.	Ar/Ar1	(%)	(mol. wt.)	Solvent	С	Н	Ν	s
2a	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	95	$\mathrm{C_{13}H_{10}N_{4}S}$	149	64.41	3.93	22.04	12.59
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N		(254)	AcOH	61.82	3.90	22.00	12.35
2b	p-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	98	$\mathrm{C}_{13}\mathrm{H}_{10}\mathrm{N}_4\mathrm{S}$	215	61.41	3.93	21.04	12.59
	p-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N		(254)	DMF	62.50	3.97	21.90	12.72
2c	$p-C_6H_4F/$	98	$\mathrm{C_{13}H_{10}F_2N_2S}$	150	62.50	3.47	9.72	11.11
	$p-C_6H_4F$		(288)	AcOH	62.30	3.43	9.70	11.00
2d	o-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	96	$C_{13}H_{11}FN_2S$	200	66.66	4.07	10.37	11.85
	$C_6H_5$	07	(270)	AcOH	66.16	4.00	10.00	12.02
<b>2e</b>	$o-C_4H_3S/$	97	$C_{11}H_8N_2S_3$ (264)	95 AcOH	$50.00 \\ 49.83$	$3.03 \\ 3.00$	$\begin{array}{c} 10.60\\ 10.60 \end{array}$	$36.36 \\ 36.24$
3a	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	87	$C_{15}H_{10}N_4OS$	143	49.85 61.22	$3.00 \\ 3.40$	10.00	10.88
Ja	$o-C_5H_4N$	01	(294)	AcOH	60.95	3.40 3.42	19.04	10.88
3b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	87	$C_{17}H_{10}F_2N_2OS$	108	62.19	3.42 3.04	8.53	9.75
50	$p-C_6H_4F$	01	(328)	EtOH/AcOH	62.19	3.04 3.04	8.52	9.75
3c	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	85	$C_{17}H_{11}FN_2OS$	90	65.80	3.54	9.03	10.32
50	$C_6H_5$	00	(310)	EtOH	65.55	3.24	9.03	10.36
3d	o-C4H3S/	81	$C_{13}H_8N_2OS_3$	240	51.31	2.63	9.21	31.57
ou	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S	01	(304)	AcOH	51.01	2.00 2.43	9.21	31.57
4a	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	73	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> OS	160	63.38	3.12	13.44	7.68
	$o - C_5 H_4 N$ ,		(416.5)	AcOH	63.05	3.12	13.43	7.65
	X = 4-Cl		()					
<b>4b</b>	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	69	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{16}\mathrm{N}_4\mathrm{O}_2\mathrm{S}$	280	66.99	3.88	13.59	7.76
	$o$ - $C_5H_4N$ ,		(412)	AcOH	67.24	3.90	13.59	7.54
	X = 4-OMe							
<b>4c</b>	$o-C_5H_4N/$	56	$C_{22}H_{13}N_5O_3S$	192	61.82	3.04	16.39	7.49
	$o-C_5H_4N$ ,		(427)	Benzene/pet.	61.69	2.98	16.21	7.49
	$X = 2-NO_2$			ether $40-60^{\circ}C$				
<b>4d</b>	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	75	$C_{22}H_{13}N_5O_3S$	172	61.82	3.04	16.39	7.49
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N,		(427)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	61.69	2.98	16.21	7.49
	$X = 4-NO_2$			ether $40-60^{\circ}C$				
<b>4e</b>	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	85	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{13}\mathrm{ClF}_{2}\mathrm{N}_{2}\mathrm{OS}$	170	63.92	2.88	6.21	7.10
	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(450.5)	AcOH	63.70	2.80	6.20	7.10
	X = 4-Cl							
<b>4f</b>	$p-C_6H_4F/$	76	$C_{25}H_{16}F_2N_2O_2S$	150	76.26	3.58	6.27	7.17
	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(446)	EtOH	76.00	3.50	6.27	7.15
	X = 4-OMe		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~					
4g	$p-C_6H_4F/$	71	$C_{24}H_{13}F_2N_3O_3S$	110	62.47	2.81	9.11	6.94
	$p-C_6H_4F$ ,		(461)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	62.47	2.97	9.11	6.82
4	$X = 2 - NO_2$	07	O H ENOC	ether 40–60°C	CO 47	0.01	0.11	0.04
4h	$p-C_6H_4F/$	87	$C_{24}H_{13}F_2N_3O_3S$	235 CHCL /rest	62.47	2.81	9.11	6.94
	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F, X = 4-NO <sub>2</sub>		(461)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	62.47	2.60	9.00	6.72
<b>4i</b>	$X = 4-NO_2$ p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	80	$C_{24}H_{13}BrF_2N_2OS$	etner 40–60°C 158	58.19	2.62	5.65	6.46
41	$p-C_6H_4F_7$ $p-C_6H_4F_7$	80	(494.9)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	58.19 57.87	2.62 2.42	5.65	$6.40 \\ 6.73$
	p-C <sub>6</sub> 11 <sub>4</sub> F, X = 4-Br		(404.0)	ether 40–60°C	51.01	4.44	0.00	0.75
<b>4</b> j	$C_6H_5/$	87	$C_{24}H_{14}ClFN_2OS$	160	66.58	3.23	6.47	7.39
-5	$o-C_6H_4F_7$	51	(432.5)	AcOH	66.92	3.43	6.47	7.35
	X = 4-Cl		(102.0)		50.04	0.10	0.17	1.50
4k	$C_6H_5/$	75	$C_{25}H_{17}FN_2O_2S$	140	70.09	3.97	6.54	7.47
	$o-C_6H_4F_7$		(428)	EtOH	70.00	3.90	6.54	7.32
	X = 4-OMe		,					
					(0		,	

TABLE I Physical Data of Compounds 2-10

		Yield	Mol. form.	m.p. °C	% Ar	% Analysis (calcd./four		
Comp.	Ar/Ar1	(%)	(mol. wt.)	Solvent	С	Н	Ν	S
<b>41</b>	$C_6H_5/$	78	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{FN}_{3}\mathrm{O}_{3}\mathrm{S}$	120	65.01	3.16	9.48	7.22
	$o-C_6H_4F,$ X = 2-NO <sub>2</sub>		(443)	MeOH	64.98	3.03	9.24	7.22
4m	$X = 2-NO_2$ $C_6H_5/$	81	$C_{24}H_{14}FN_3O_3S$	132	65.01	3.16	9.48	7.22
	o-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(443)	MeOH	65.01	2.98	9.41	7.00
4	$X = 4 - NO_2$	79	C II CIN OS	100	50.97	0 57	C FC	00 50
4n	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/ o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S	73	$C_{20}H_{11}ClN_2OS_3$ (426.5)	190 DMF	$56.27 \\ 56.22$	$2.57 \\ 2.32$	$6.56 \\ 6.56$	$22.50 \\ 22.00$
	X = 4-Cl		(12010)	20111	00.22	2.02	0.00	22.00
<b>4o</b>	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	77	$C_{21}H_{14}N_2O_2S_3\\$	245	59.71	3.31	6.63	22.74
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S, X = 4-OMe		(422)	DMF	59.21	2.28	6.92	22.93
4p	a = 4-OMe o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	79	$C_{20}H_{11}N_3O_3S_3$	212	54.91	2.51	9.61	21.96
r	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,		(437)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	54.82	2.32	9.64	22.34
	$X = 2-NO_2$		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	ether $40-60^{\circ}C$				
<b>4</b> q	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/ o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,	82	$C_{20}H_{11}N_3O_3S_3$ (437)	182 CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	$54.91 \\ 54.91$	$2.51 \\ 2.45$	$9.61 \\ 9.48$	$21.96 \\ 22.73$
	$X = 4 - NO_2$		(437)	ether 40–60°C	54.51	2.40	9.40	44.10
5a	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	63	$\mathrm{C}_{21}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{ClN}_6\mathrm{O}_3\mathrm{S}$	230	63.31	3.51	21.10	8.04
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N,		(398)	AcOH	63.00	3.50	21.00	8.31
5b	X = H o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	87	$\mathrm{C}_{21}\mathrm{H}_{13}\mathrm{N}_{7}\mathrm{O}_{3}\mathrm{S}$	118	56.88	2.93	22.12	7.22
30	$o-C_5H_4N$ ,	01	(443)	AcOH	56.42	2.93 2.81	22.12 22.44	7.57
	$X = 4-NO_2$							
5c	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	79	$C_{21}H_{13}N_7O_3S$	110	56.88	2.93	22.12	7.22
	$o-C_5H_4N,$ $X = 2-NO_2$		(443)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	56.71	2.92	22.19	7.24
5d	$A = 2-NO_2$ $o-C_5H_4N/$	85	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>13</sub> BrN <sub>6</sub> OS	117	52.84	2.72	17.61	6.71
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N,		(476.9)	AcOH	52.95	2.77	17.94	6.79
_	X = 4-Br		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~					
5e	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/ o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N,	75	$C_{21}H_{13}ClN_6OS$ (432.5)	276 AcOH	$58.26 \\ 58.62$	$3.00 \\ 3.10$	$19.42 \\ 19.71$	7.39 7.75
	X = 4-Cl		(452.5)	Aton	56.02	5.10	13.71	1.10
<b>5f</b>	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	76	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{F}_{2}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{OS}$	108	63.88	3.24	12.96	7.40
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(432)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	63.95	3.31	13.24	7.76
5g	X = H $o-C_5H_4F/$	89	$C_{23}H_{13}F_2N_5OS$	ether 40–60°C 98	57.86	2.72	14.67	6.70
	$o - C_5 H_4 F$ ,	00	(477)	MeOH	57.79	2.72	14.61	6.92
	$X=4\text{-}NO_2$							
5h	$o-C_5H_4F/$	81	$C_{23}H_{13}F_2N_5OS$	110 M-OU	57.86	2.72	14.67	6.70
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F, X = 2-NO <sub>2</sub>		(477)	MeOH	57.52	2.70	14.65	6.96
<b>5</b> i	$o-C_5H_4F/$	93	$C_{23}H_{13}F_2BrN_4OS$	128	54.02	2.54	10.96	6.26
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(510.9)	MeOH	53.87	2.78	10.89	6.54
5;	X = 4-Br	79	Cas Har FN OS	112	66 66	3.62	19 59	7.72
5j	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/ o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ,	19	$C_{23}H_{15}FN_4OS$ (414)	AcOH	$66.66 \\ 66.61$	$3.62 \\ 3.62$	$13.52 \\ 13.27$	7.72
	X = H		/					
5k	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	86	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{FN}_5\mathrm{O}_3\mathrm{S}$	190	60.13	3.05	15.25	6.97
	$C_5H_5$ , X = 4-NO <sub>2</sub>		(459)	Benzene/pet. ether 40–60°C	59.86	3.00	15.25	6.81
	$X = 4-NO_2$			etner 40–60°C	(0	<i>,</i> .	7	

TABLE I Physical Data of Compounds 2-10 (Continued)

		Yield	Mol. form.	m.p. °C	% Analysis (calcd./found			ound)
Comp.	Ar/Ar1	(%)	(mol. wt.)	Solvent	С	Η	Ν	s
51	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	83	$C_{23}H_{14}FN_5O_3S$	190	60.13	3.05	15.25	6.97
	$C_5H_5$ ,		(459)	Benzene/pet.	60.34	3.22	15.18	6.99
	$X = 2-NO_2$			ether $40-60^{\circ}C$				
5m	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	90	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{BrFN}_{4}\mathrm{O}_{3}\mathrm{S}$	147	55.99	2.84	11.36	6.49
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ,		(492.9)	MeOH	56.17	2.89	11.36	6.75
	X = 4-Br							
<b>5n</b>	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	65	$\mathrm{C}_{19}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_4\mathrm{OS}_3$	156	55.88	2.94	13.72	23.52
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,		(408)	Benzene/pet.	55.62	2.92	13.72	23.20
-	X = H	50	a u N o a	ether 40–60°C	50.00	0.40		01.10
50	$o-C_4H_3S/$	73	$C_{19}H_{11}N_5O_3S_3$	163	50.33	2.42	15.54	21.19
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,		(453)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	50.31	2.42	15.43	21.25
<b>F</b>	$X = 4 - NO_2$		C II N O S	ether 40–60°C	50.99	0.40	15 54	01 10
5p	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/ o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,	77	$C_{19}H_{11}N_5O_3S_3$ (453)	108 CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	$50.33 \\ 50.48$	$2.42 \\ 2.51$	$15.54 \\ 15.45$	$21.19 \\ 21.23$
	$X = 2 - NO_2$		(400)	ether 40–60°C	30.40	2.51	15.45	21.20
5q	$A = 2-NO_2$ o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	81	$C_{19}H_{11}BrN_4OS_3$	175	46.82	2.25	11.50	19.71
ЪЧ	$o-C_4H_3S$ ,	01	(486.9)	Benzene/pet.	46.75	2.25 2.25	11.30 11.35	19.71
	X = 4-Br		(400.0)	ether 40–60°C	40.10	2.20	11.00	10.00
5r	$o-C_4H_3S/$	67	$C_{19}H_{11}CIN_4OS_3$	128	51.52	2.48	12.65	21.69
01	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S,	0.	(442.5)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet.	51.80	2.34	12.63	21.87
	X = 4-Cl		()	ether 40–60°C				
6a	$o-C_5H_4N/$	65	$C_{16}H_{12}N_4OS$	132	62.33	3.89	18.18	10.38
	$o-C_5H_4N$		(308)	Pyridine	62.17	3.85	18.16	10.71
6b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	91	$C_{18}H_{12}F_2N_2OS$	140	63.15	3.50	8.18	9.35
	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F		(342)	AcOH	63.11	3.51	8.24	9.30
6c	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	89	$C_{18}H_{13}FN_2OS$	83	66.66	4.01	8.64	9.87
	$C_6H_5$		(324)	EtOH	66.94	3.97	8.51	10.13
6d	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	76	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{10}\mathrm{N}_{2}\mathrm{OS}_{3}$	145	52.83	3.14	8.80	30.18
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S		(318)	$CHCl_3$	52.94	3.21	8.78	30.00
7a	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	57	$C_{16}H_{12}N_4OS$	118	62.33	3.89	18.18	10.38
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N		(308)	Pyridine	62.00	3.71	18.20	10.87
7b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	82	$C_{18}H_{12}F_2N_2OS$	95	63.15	3.50	8.18	9.35
_	$p-C_6H_4F$	= (	(342)	AcOH	63.00	3.71	8.42	9.31
7c	<i>p</i> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	74	$C_{18}H_{13}FN_2OS$	97 Evolu	66.66	4.01	8.64	9.87
7.1	$C_6H_5$	<u>co</u>	(324) C II N OS	EtOH	66.96	3.89	8.51	9.91
7d	$o-C_4H_3S/$	69	$C_{14}H_{10}N_2OS_3$	152 CHCL (not	52.83 52.71	$3.14 \\ 3.31$	$8.80 \\ 8.71$	$30.18 \\ 30.43$
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S		(318)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	04.71	0.01	0.11	JU.4J
8a	$o-C_5H_4N/$	89	$C_{21}H_{17}N_5OS$	128	65.11	4.39	18.08	8.26
0a	$o-C_5H_4N$	00	(387)	EtOH	64.86	4.35	18.00	8.20 8.45
8b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	98	$C_{23}H_{17}F_2N_3OS$	95	65.55	4.03	9.97	7.60
0.0	$p-C_6H_4F$	00	(421)	AcOH	65.50	3.85	9.72	7.50
8c	$p - C_6 H_4 F/$	92	$C_{23}H_{16}F_2N_4O_3S$	172	59.22	3.43	12.01	6.86
	p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F,		(466)	MeOH	59.00	3.41	12.37	6.89
	$4-NO_2$							
8d	$p-C_6H_4F/$	93	$C_{23}H_{18}FN_3OS$	105	68.48	4.46	10.42	7.94
	$C_6H_5$		(403)	EtOH	68.91	4.53	10.41	8.12
8e	$p-C_6H_4F/$	88	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{17}\mathrm{FN}_4\mathrm{O}_3\mathrm{S}$	178	61.60	3.79	12.50	7.14
	$C_6H_{5,}4-NO_2$		(448)	AcOH	61.42	3.71	12.30	7.14

 TABLE I Physical Data of Compounds 2-10 (Continued)

		Yield	Mol. form.	m.p. °C	% Analysis (calcd.			und)
Comp.	Ar/Ar <sub>1</sub>	(%)	(mol. wt.)	Solvent	С	Н	Ν	s
8f	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S/	91	$\mathrm{C}_{19}\mathrm{H}_{15}\mathrm{N}_{3}\mathrm{OS}_{3}$	135	57.43	3.77	10.57	24.18
	$o\text{-}\mathrm{C}_{4}\mathrm{H}_{3}\mathrm{S}$		(397)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	57.00	3.72	10.23	24.58
9a	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N/	92	$C_{22}H_{19}N_5OS$	122	65.83	4.73	17.45	7.98
	$o\text{-}\mathrm{C}_{5}\mathrm{H}_{4}\mathrm{N}$		(401)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	65.55	4.71	17.09	7.67
9b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	98	$C_{24}H_{19}F_2N_3OS$	98	66.20	4.36	9.65	7.35
	$p-C_6H_4F$		(435)	AcOH	66.00	4.32	9.63	7.35
9c	$o-C_6H_4F/$	97	$C_{24}H_{20}FN_3OS$	92	69.06	4.79	10.07	7.67
	$C_6H_5$		(417)	Benzene/pet. ether 40–60°C	69.04	4.78	10.00	7.83
10a	$o-C_5H_4N/$	89	$C_{22}H_{19}N_5OS$	210	65.83	4.73	17.45	7.98
	o-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N		(401)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	65.92	4.71	17.61	7.92
10b	$p-C_6H_4F/$	97	$C_{24}H_{19}F_2N_3OS$	110	66.20	4.36	9.65	7.35
	$p-C_6H_4F$		(435)	AcOH	66.08	4.31	9.25	7.11
10c	o-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F/	93	$C_{24}H_{20}FN_3OS$	148	69.06	4.79	10.07	7.67
	$C_6H_5$		(417)	Benzene/pet. ether 40–60°C	69.00	4.45	9.73	7.15
10d	$o-C_4H_3S/$	95	$C_{20}H_{17}N_3OS_3$	135	58.39	4.13	10.21	23.35
	o-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S		(411)	CHCl <sub>3</sub> /pet. ether 40–60°C	58.80	4.13	10.25	22.87

**TABLE I** Physical Data of Compounds 2-10 (Continued)

Compounds (2) was reacted with 2- or 3-bromopropanoic acid in refluxing acetic acid/acetic anhydride mixture to produce 5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydro-2-methylimidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3-ones (6) and 6,7-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-*b*]-1,3-thiazin-4-ones (7) respectively. The IR spectra of compounds (6) showed absorption around 1710–1750 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=O) and the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound (6a) [DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>] showed the following peaks in  $\delta$  ppm: a doublet at  $\delta$  1.8 (3H) for the methyl group, quartet at  $\delta$  2.3 (1H) for (CH) of the thiazole ring and a multiplet at  $\delta$  7.30–8.70 region (8H) for the aromatic protons (cf. Table II).

The IR spectra of compounds (7) showed absorption band at  $1700 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=O) and the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound (7a) [DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + CDCl<sub>3</sub>] showed the following assignments in  $\delta$  ppm, a multiplet centered at  $\delta = 2.60-3.40$  (4H, thiazin protons) and at  $\delta$  7.30–8.70 (m, 8H, Ar's) (cf. Table II).

Compounds (**3**, **6**, and **7**) have been cleaved by aniline to give the corresponding 2-(4',5'-diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thioacetanilide (**8**), 2-(4',5'-diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide (**9**), and 3-(4',5'-diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide derivatives (**10**) respectively. Compounds (**8**, **9**, and **10**) showed correct values in elemental analyses as well as the expect IR peaks. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR [DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>]

Comp.	IR		<sup>1</sup> H-NMR
No.	$\nu  [\mathrm{cm}^{-1}]$	Solvent	$[\delta \text{ ppm}]$
2a	3160, 3470 (br., NH), 1260 (C=S)	$\mathbf{A}^{a}$	9.36–9.56 (br., 2H, 2NH); 7.2–9.0 (m, 8H, ArH's)
2b	3150 (br., NH), 1220 (C=S)	Α	3.3 (br., 1H, NH), 5.6 (br., 1H, NH); 7.0–8.6 (m, 8H, ArH's)
2c	3080, 3120 (br., NH), 1260 (C <del>=</del> S)	А	4.2 (s, 1H, NH), 5.9 (s, 1H, NH); 6.65–8.20 (m, 8H, ArH's)
2d	3100 (br., NH), 1220 (C=S)	А	43.10 (br., 1H, NH), 6.8–8.4 (m, 9H, ArH's); 12.4 (br., 1H, NH)
<b>2e</b>	3080 (br., NH), 1220 (C=S)	А	3.3 (br., 2H, 2NH); 6.60–8.00 (m, 6H, Ar'H)
3a	1710 (C=O), 2925 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	А	$3.25 (s, 2H, CH_2); 7.4-8.6 (m, 8H, ArH's)$
3b	1700 (C=O), 2920 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	Α	$3.75 (s, 2H, CH_2); 7.0-7.75 (m, 8H, ArH's)$
3c	1700 (C=O), 2930 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	Α	$3.50 (s, 2H, CH_2); 7.1-8.3 (m, 9H, ArH's)$
3d	1700 (C=O), 2920 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	Α	$3.5 (s, 2H, CH_2)$ ; $6.9-8.3 (m, 6H, thiophene protons)$
<b>4a</b>	1700 (C=O)	Α	7.0–8.6 (m, 13H, Ar's and benzilic proton)
4b	1675 (C=O), 2910 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	А	3.8 (s, 3H, OCH <sub>3</sub> ); 7.06–9.1 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4c</b>	1690 (C=O)	Α	7.4–8.6 (m, 13H, ArH's and and benzilic proton)
<b>4d</b>	1685 (C=O)	А	7.8–8.7 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4e</b>	1700 (C=O)	$\mathbf{B}^{b}$	6.8–8.0 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4f</b>	1700 (C=O), 2920 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	А	3.3 (s, 3H, OCH <sub>3</sub> ); 7.1–7.9 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
4g	1740 (C=O)	Α	6.9–8.2 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4h</b>	1740 (C=O)	В	7.0–8.4 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4i</b>	1680 (C=O)	в	7.1–8.0 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
4j	1730 (C=O)	Α	6.9–8.2 (m, 13H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
4k	1700 (C=O), 2940 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	Α	3.8 (s, 3H, OCH <sub>3</sub> ); 7.00–8.0 (m, 14H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>41</b>	1740 (C=O)	Α	7.2–8.4 (m, 14H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4m</b>	1730 (C=O)	Α	6.09–8.0 (m, 14H, ArH's and benzilic proton)
<b>4n</b>	1690 (C=O)	В	6.9–8.0 (m, 11H, ArH's, thiophene protons and benzilic proton)
<b>4o</b>	1690 (C=O), 2920 (OCH <sub>3</sub> )	А	$3.9 (s, 3H, OCH_3)$ ; 7.00–7.9 (m, 11H, ArH's, thiophene protns and benzilic proton)
4p	1685 (C=O)	А	7.1–8.2 (m, 11H, ArH's, thiophene protns and benzilic proton)
<b>4</b> q	1690 (C=O)	В	6.8–7.9 (m, 11H, ArH's, thiophene protns and benzilic proton)
5a	1690 (C=O), 3100 (br., NH)	Α	7.0–8.5 (m, 13H, ArH's); 9.4 (s, 1H, NH)
			(Continued on next page)

TABLE II IR and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR Spectral Data of Compounds 3-10

Comp.	IR		<sup>1</sup> H-NMR
No.	$\nu  [\mathrm{cm}^{-1}]$	Solvent	$[\delta \text{ ppm}]$
5b	1680 (C=O), 3250 (br., NH)	А	$6.69.0\ (m,\ 12H,\ ArH's);\ 10.04\ (s,\ 1H,\ NH)$
5c	1680 (C=O), 3150 (br., NH)	А	6.69.4~(m,~12H,~ArH's);~11.8~(s,~1H,~NH)
5d	1680 (C=O), 3280 (br., NH)	А	3.31 (s, 1H, NH); 6.6-8.7 (m, 12H, ArH's)
<b>5</b> e	1685 (C=O), 3230 (br., NH)	А	$6.88.2\ (m,\ 12H,\ ArH's);\ 10.4\ (s,\ 1H,\ NH)$
<b>5f</b>	1680 (br., C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	А	3.39 (br., 1H, NH); 6.6–7.8 (m, 13H, ArH's)
5g	1700 (br., C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	А	3.2 (br., 1H, NH); 6.8–8.7 (m, 12H, ArH's)
5h	1710 (br., C=O), 3060 (br., NH)	Α	3.3 (br., 1H, NH); 6.6–8.0 (m, 12H, ArH's)
<b>5</b> i	1680 (br., C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	А	3.2 (br., 1H, NH); 6.9–7.8 (m, 12H, ArH's); 9.4 (s, 1H, NH)
5j	1700 (br., C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	А	2.3 (br., 1H, NH); 6.8–7.8 (m, 14H, ArH's)
5k	1700 (br., C=O), 3100 (br., NH)	В	2.3 (br., 1H, NH); 6.6–7.8 (m, 13H, ArH's)
51	1700 (br., C=O), 3080 (br., NH)	В	2.3 (br., 1H, NH); 6.5–8.0 (m, 13H, ArH's)
5m	1680 (br., C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	А	3.5 (br., 1H, NH); 6.6–7.8 (m, 13H, ArH's)
5n	1700 (br., C=O)	А	2.7 (s, 1H, CH); 6.2–8.0 (m, 11H, ArH's and thiophene protons)
50	1700 (br., C=O)	А	3.4 (s, 1H, CH); 6.8–8.5 (m, 10H, ArH's and thiophene protons)
5p	1700 (br., C=O), 3090 (br., NH)	В	3.85 (br., 1H, NH); 6.8–8.5 (m, 10H, ArH's and thiophene protons)
5q	1650 (br., C=O), 3100 (br., NH)	В	6.7–8.0 (m, 10H, ArH's and thio-phene protons); 8.7 (br., 1H, NH)
5r	1685 (C=O), 3150 (br., NH).	А	3.5 (br., 1H, NH); 6.7–8.9 (m, 10H, ArH's and thiophene protons)
6a	1710 (C=O), 2910 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	В	1.8 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.3 (q, 1H, CH); 7.3–8.7 (m, 8H, ArH's)
6b	1750 (C=O), 2930 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	А	1.5 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.3 (q, 1H, CH); 6.6–8.4 (m, 8H, ArH's)
6c	1710 (C=O), 2920 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	Α	1.7 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.3 (q, 1H, CH); 6.6–8.2 (m, 9H, ArH's)
6d	1710 (C=O), 2920 (CH <sub>3</sub> )	Α	1.7 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.4 (q, 1H, CH); 6.8–8.2 (m, 6H, thiophene protones)
7a	1700 (C=O)	A+B	2.6–3.4 (m, 4H, thiazine protons); 7.3–8.7 (m, 8H, ArH's)
7b	1700 (C=O)	В	3.9–4.5 (m, 4H, thiazine protons); 6.9–7.3 (m, 8H, ArH's) (Continued on next page)

**TABLE II** IR and <sup>1</sup> H-NMR Spectral Data of Compounds 3-10 (Continued)

Comp.	IR		<sup>1</sup> H-NMR
No.	$\nu  [\mathrm{cm}^{-1}]$	Solvent	[δ ppm]
7e	1700 (C=O)	В	1.8–3.3 (m, 4H, thiazine protons); 6.6–8.1 (m, 9H, ArH's)
7d	1700 (C=O)	В	2.75 (m, 2H, thiazine protons); 6.5–8.0 (m, 6H, ArH's)
8a	1700 (C=O), 3040 (NH), 3400 (NH), 2920 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	А	1.8 (s, 1H, NH); 3.2 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ); 6.4–8.8 (m, 13H, ArH's); 10.6 (s, 1H, NH)
8b	1680 (C=O), 3090 (br., NH), 2916 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	В	$\begin{array}{l} 3.6 \ ({\rm s}, \ 1{\rm H}, \ N{\rm H}); \ 3.8 \ ({\rm s}, \ 2{\rm H}, \ C{\rm H}_2); \\ 6.7{-}8.4 \ ({\rm m}, \ 13{\rm H}, \ Ar{\rm H}'{\rm s}); \ 10.7 \ ({\rm s}, \ 1{\rm H}, \ N{\rm H}) \end{array}$
8c	1680 (C=O), 3280 (NH), 2920 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	А	3.4 (s, 1H, NH); 3.9 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ); 6.9–8.2 (m, 12H, ArH's); 10.5 (s, 1H, NH)
8d	$\begin{array}{c} 1680 \; (C\!=\!\!0), \; 3060 \\ (NH), \; 3390 \; (br., \\ NH), \; 2915 \; (CH_2) \end{array}$	В	3.5 (s, 1H, NH); 4.0 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ); 6.8–8.0 (m, 14H, ArH's); 10.2 (s, 1H, NH)
8e	1680 (C=O), 3100 (NH), 3280 (NH), 2920 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	A	2.5 (s, 1H, NH); 3.35 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ); 7.2–8.2 (m, 13H, ArH's); 10.5 (s, 1H, NH)
8f	1670 (C=O), 3080 (NH), 3350 (NH), 2915 (CH <sub>2</sub> )	В	1.4 (s, 1H, NH); 1.9 (s, 1H, NH); 4.3 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ); 5.0–8.0 (m, 11H, ArH's and thiophene protons)
9a	1630 (C=O), 3060 (br., NH), 3400 (br., OH)	А	1.2 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.9 (s, 1H, NH); 3.5 (q, 1H, CH); 7.0–8.2 (m, 13H, ArH's); 8.7 (s, 1H, NH)
9b	1740 (C=O), 3050 (br., NH)	В	1.6 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.6 (s, 1H, NH); 4.2 (q, 1H, CH); 6.8–7.5 (m, 13H, ArH's); 8.1 (s, 1H, NH)
9c	1740 (C=O), 3060 (br., OH)	В	1.5 (d, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ); 2.15 (s, 1H, NH); 4.25 (q, 1H, CH); 6.7–7.8 (m, 14H, ArH's); 8.2 (s, 1H, NH)
10a	1690 (C=O), 3060 (br., NH), 3400 (br., OH)	А	1.3 (s, 1H, NH); 2.5–3.6 (m, 4H, 2CH <sub>2</sub> ); 6.5–7.8 (m, 13H, ArH's); 8.7 (s, 1H, NH)
10b	1700 (C=O), 3040 (br., NH), 3400 (br., OH)	В	$\begin{array}{l} 1.25~(s,~1H,~NH);~2.1{-}3.0~(m,~4H,~2CH_2);\\ 6.7{-}8.0~(m,~13H,~ArH's);~8.4~(s,~1H,~NH) \end{array}$
10c	1715 (C=O), 3060 (br., NH), 3400 (br., OH)	В	$1.4~(\rm s,1H,NH);3.2{-}3.9~(m,4H,2CH_2);\\6.7{-}7.8~(m,14H,ArH's);9.0~(\rm s,1H,NH)$
10d	1680 (C=O), 3040 (br., NH), 3400 (br., OH)	А	$\begin{array}{l} 1.4 \ (s, 1H, NH); \ 3.0{-}3.7 \ (m, 4H, 2CH_2); \\ 6.8{-}7.8 \ (m, 11H, ArH's); \ 8.0 \ (s, 1H, NH) \end{array}$

**TABLE II** IR and <sup>1</sup> H-NMR Spectral Data of Compounds 3–10 (Continued)

 ${}^{a}A = DMSO-d_{6}.$  ${}^{b}B = CDCl_{3}.$ 

of compound (**8a**) as an example, showed signals at  $\delta$  1.80 ppm (s, 1H, NH),  $\delta$  3.20 ppm (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>),  $\delta$  6.40-8.80 ppm (m, 13H, ArH's), and  $\delta$  10.60 ppm (s, 1H, NH) (cf. Table II).

The structures of the new compounds were established by chemical analysis, mass spectra, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and IR spectra. Physical data of compounds (**2–20**) are given in (Table I and II).

#### **Antimicrobial Activity**

The antimicrobial activity of the compounds considered was tested on *Bacillus subtilis*, *Staphylocoucus aureus*, *Escherichia Coli*, *Proteus mirabilis*, *Candida albicans*, and *Aspergillus niger*. The biological activity was determined according to the cup plate method.<sup>12</sup> The sensitivity of microorganisms to the compound is identified in the following manner:

(++++) = highly sensitive (inhibition zone > 15 mm);
(+++) = fairly sensitive (inhibition zone > 12 mm);
(++) = slightly sensitive (inhibition zone > 9 mm);
(+) = very slightly sensitive (inhibition zone > 6 mm).

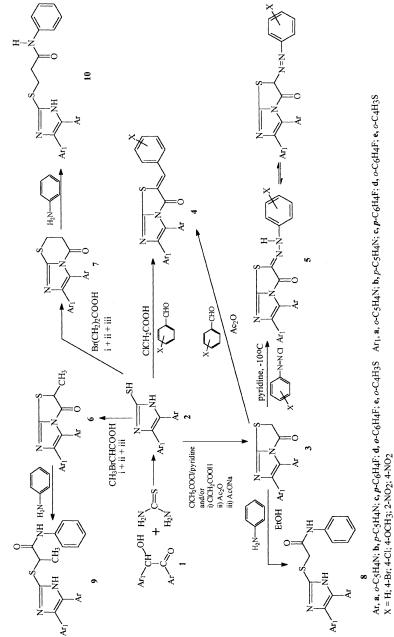
It could be mentioned that, the most determined effect is brought about by compounds **4i**, **4o**, **4f**, **4r**, **5d**, **5i**, **5j**, **5k**, **5o**, **5p**, **5r**, **7d**, **9a**, and **10d** (Table III).

#### EXPERIMENTAL

All melting points uncorrected. The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 1H, Gemini 200 Spectrometer (National Research Centre, Egypt) and chemical shifts were expressed as  $\delta$ -value against TMS as internal standard. The IR spectra (KBr) were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 1430 Spectrometer (Cairo Univesity). The mass spectra were recorded on Finnigan SSQ 7000 Spectrometer. Microanalytical data performed by the Microanalytical Center at the Faculty of Science, Cairo University.

#### 4,5-Diaryl-2,3-dihydro-2-mercaptoimidazoles 2a-e

Compounds **2** were prepared from disubstituted benzoin<sup>13-15</sup> derivatives, by fusion with thiourea at  $200^{\circ}$ C.<sup>10</sup> Physical data, IR, and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra (Tables I and II).





315

#### 5,6-Diaryl-2,3-dihydro-2-mercaptoimidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3-ones 3a–d

#### Method A

A mixture of compounds **2** (0.01 mmol) and chloroacetic acid (0.01 mmol) and 2 g of fused anhyd. Sodium acetate in 15 mL of acetic acid and 7 mL of acetic anhydride was refluxed for 3 h and left to cool. The reaction mixture was poured onto water. The solid obtained was filtered off and crystallized from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

#### Method B

Chloroacetyl chloride (0.01 mmol), was added gradually while stirring to a cooled solution of compound 2 (0.01 mmol) in 30 mL pyridine. The reaction mixture was left while cooling for 1 h, then poured into cold water, filtered and crystallised from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

#### 2-Arylmethylene-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones 4a-q

#### Method A

A mixture of compound 3(0.01 mmol), aromatic aldehyde (0.01 mmol)in a mixture of glacial acetic acid (20 mL) and acetic anhydride (10 mL)in the presence of anhydrous sodium acetate was refluxed for 2 h. After cooling, water was added and the precipitate was filered off and crystallized from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

#### Method B

A mixture of compounds  $\mathbf{2}$  (0.01 mmol), chloroacetic acid (0.01 mmol), aromatic aldehyde and 2 g of anhydrous sodium acetate in a mixture of 20 mL acetic acid/10 mL acetic anhydride was refluxed for 1 h. It was cooled and then poured onto water. The solid obtained was filtered off and crystallized from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

#### 2-Arylhydrazono-5,6-diaryl-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones 5a-r

The aromatic amine (0.01 mmol) was dissolved in 3 mL of conc. HCl acid and 2 mL of water, cooled to  $-10^{\circ}$ C and treated with 0.07 g of sodium nitrile in 3 mL of water. The diazotized amine was added gradually while stirring to cold solution of compound **3** (0.01 mmol) in 15 mL of pyridine. The reaction mixture was cooled for 30 min. The product was filtered off and crystallized from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

Comp.	B. subtilis	S. aureus	E. coli	P. mirabilis	C. allbicans	A. niger
Control <sup>a</sup>	++++	+++++	+++	+++	++	++
1c	+	+	_	_	+	+
2d	+	+	_	_	+	+
3a	++	++	+	+	++	++
3b	+	+	-	_	+	+
3c	+	+	_	_	+	+
4a	++	++	++	++	++	++
<b>4d</b>	++	++	++	++	++	++
<b>4e</b>	++	++	+	+	++	++
<b>4f</b>	+	+	+	+	++	++
4g	++	++	+	+	+	+
<b>4h</b>	++	++	+	+	++	++
<b>4i</b>	++	++	+	+	+	+
4j	+++	+++	+	+	++	++
4k	++	++	+	+	++	++
40	+++	+++	+	+	+	+
4p	++	++	+	+	+	+
<b>4q</b>	+	+	+	+	+++	+++
4r	+	+	+	+	+++	+++
5d	++	++	++	++	+++	+++
5f	++	++	+	+	++	++
5g	++	++	+	+	++	++
5h	++	++	+	+	+	+
5i	+++	+++	+	+	+++	+++
5j	++	++	+	+	+++	+++
5k	++	++	++	+++	+++	+++
51 5	++	++	+	+	++	++
5n 50	++	++ ++	+	+	+	+
5о 5р	++		++	++ +	+++	+++
эр 5q	+	+ +	+ +	+ +	+++	+++
5q 5r	+ +++	+ +++	++	++	+++ +++	+++ +++
6a	++	++	++	++	++	++
6b	+	+	_	-	+	+
6c	++	++	+	+	+	+
7a	++	++	++	++	++	++
7b	+	+	_	_	+	+
7c	+	+	_	_	+	+
7d	++	++	+	+	+++	+++
8b	++	++	++	++	++	++
8c	+	+	_	_	+	+
8d	+	+	_	_	+	+
8e	+	+	_	_	+	+
8f	+	+	+	+	+	+
9a	+++	+++	++	++	+++	+++
9b	+	+	_	_	+	+
10a	+	+	-	_	+	+
10d	++	++	+	+	+++	+++

**TABLE III** Antimicrobial Screening for the Selected Compounds Against Bacteria, Yeast and Fungi

<sup>a</sup>Control Ampicillin.

#### 5,6-Diaryl-2,3-dihydro-2-methylimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones 6a-d

Compounds **6** were prepared by the same method used for compounds **3**, but by using 2-bromopropionic acid instead of chloroacetic acid (Tables I and II).

### 6,7-Diaryl-1,3-thiazino[3,2-a]imidazol-4-ones 7a-d

Compounds **7** were prepared by the same method use for compounds **3** but by using 3-bromopropionic acid instead of chloroacetic acid (Tables I and II).

#### 2(4′,5′-diaryl-2′,3′-dihydroimidazo-2′-yl thio)acetanilide Derivatives 8a–f

Compounds **3** (0.005 mmol) and (0.006 mmol) of the aromatic amine were refluxed in 15 mL of ethanol for 2 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool then poured into water. The solid product formed was collected, washed with little ethanol and crystallized from the proper solvent (Tables I and II).

#### 2-(4',5'-Diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide Derivatives 9a-c

Compounds  ${\bf 9}$  were prepared by the same method used for compounds  ${\bf 8}$  (Tables I and II).

#### 3-(4',5'-Diaryl-2',3'-dihydroimidazol-2'-yl)thiopropionamide 10a-d

Compounds 10 were prepared by the same method used for compounds 8 (Table I and II).

# REFERENCES

- H. Zimmer, B. H. Gross, E. H. Gerlach, K. Fry, A. C. Pronery, and H. Schemark, J. Org. Chem., 24, 1667 (1959).
- [2] S. N. Dehuri and A. Nayak, J. Indian Chem. Soc., 59(10), 1170 (1982); C. A., 99, 179345y (1983).
- [3] K. Hoffmann, *Imidazole and Its Derivatives* (Intersience Publisher, Inc., New York, 1953), part 1, pp. 61–63.

- [4] M. M. Stanley and E. B. Astwood, Endocarcinology, 41, 66 (1947).
- [5] L. Katz, J Am. Chem. Soc., 73, 4007 (1951).
- [6] L. Kataz, J Am. Chem. Soc., 75, 712 (1953).
- [7] M. A. Salama, N. M. Yousif, and A. G. Hammam, Phosphorus and Sulfur, 35, 83 (1988).
- [8] G. Kjellin and J. Sandstrom, Acta Chem. Scand., 23, 2879 (1969).
- [9] J. Sandstrom and G. Kjellin, Ger. Offen. I, 954, 012 (1970); C. A., 73, 25379 (1970).
- [10] A. Mustafa, M. I. Ali, A. S. Amin, and A. G. Hammam, J. Prakt. Chem., 314, 785 (1972).
- [11] M. I. Ali, M. A. F. El-Kaschef, and A. G. Hammam, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 20, 128 (1975).
- [12] A. A. Abou-Zeid and Y. M. Shehata, Indian J. Pharmacy, 31(3), 72 (1969).
- [13] C. A. Buehler, J. W. Addleburg, and D. M. Gleen, J. Org. Chem., 20, 1350 (1955); C. A., 50, 9414 (1956).
- [14] B. S. Furniss, A. J. Hannaford, V. Rogers, P. W. Smith, and A. R. Tatchel, Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry (Longman Group Limited, London, 1978), 4th ed., p. 805.
- [15] Z. C. Samuel and P. L. Herman, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 70, 4248 (1948).