

## A Facile Preparative Method of C-Nucleosides

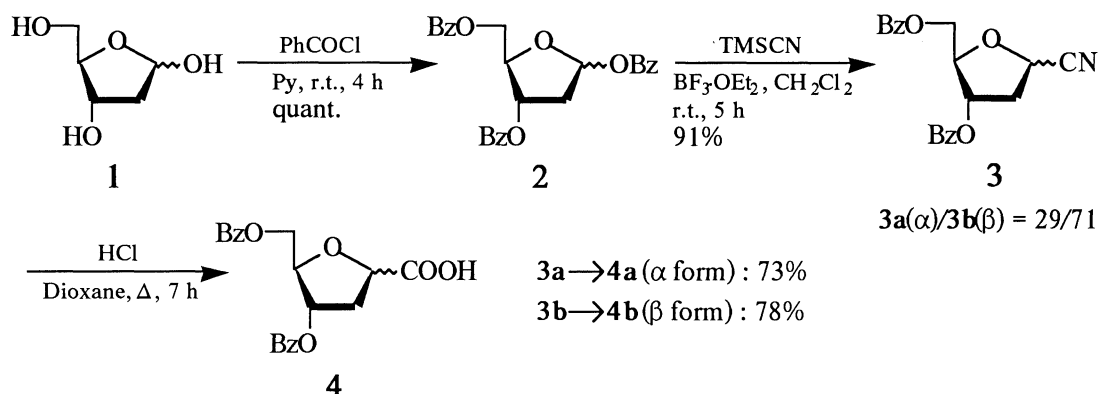
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Facile and general preparative method of C-nucleosides has been achieved via 4 steps starting from 2-deoxy-D-ribose. The essential step in this method is the use of radical coupling reaction of 2-deoxy-D-ribofuranosyl radical derivative and some heteroaromatic bases.

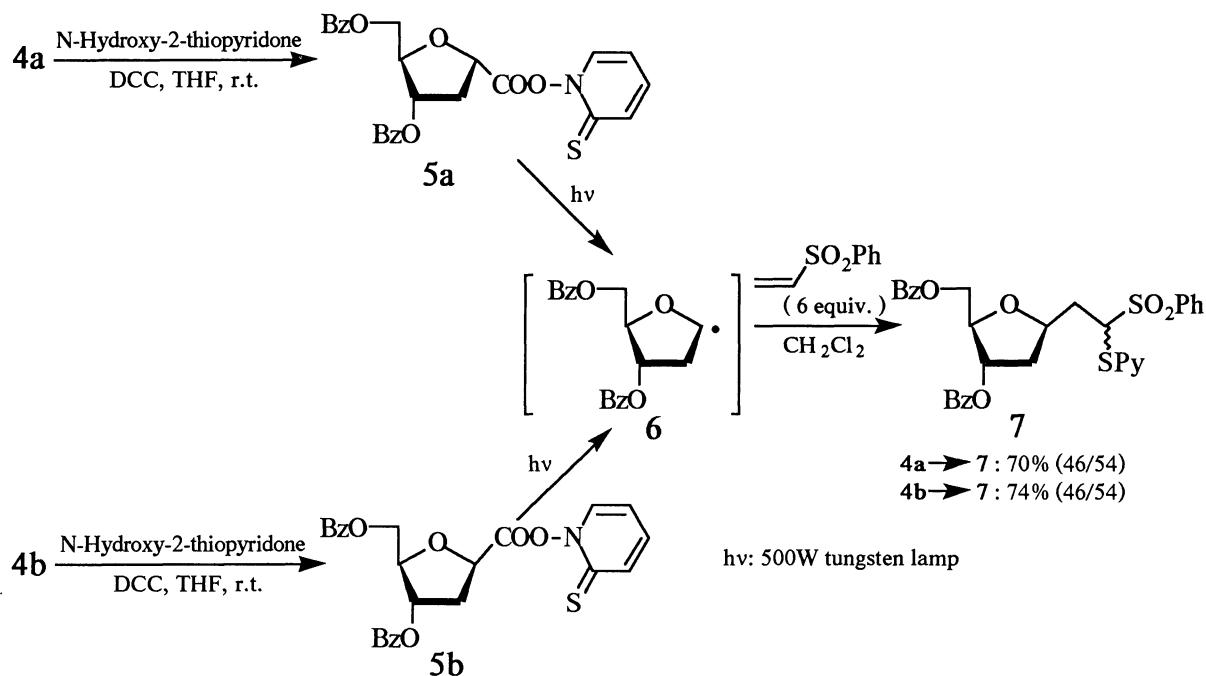
Study on nucleosides has become very attractive and important due to their high antitumor or antiviral activities.<sup>1)</sup> Especially natural C-nucleosides such as showdomycin, pyrazomycin, oxazinomycin, formycin, and pyrrolosine, are well known to have potent antimicrobial and antitumor activities.<sup>2)</sup> Therefore, the studies on the preparation of new type C-nucleosides have been extensively carried out.<sup>3)</sup> However, the preparation of these C-nucleosides with previous known methods requires many steps and has much limitation to prepare many types of C-nucleosides.

As a part of our study to develop the new preparative method of C-nucleosides with radical coupling reaction of anomeric radical and heteroaromatic bases,<sup>4)</sup> here we report a facile preparative method of C-nucleosides from 2-deoxy-D-ribose by utilizing Barton's decarboxylative radical reaction.<sup>5)</sup> The previous procedure<sup>4)</sup> as a preliminary study required many steps to get C-nucleosides and the final deprotection was almost disappointing because the yield of free C-nucleoside was extremely low and many undesired products were formed. Here, the starting material **4a** and **4b** could be obtained from 2-deoxy-D-ribose **1** in high yields as shown in Scheme 1.<sup>6)</sup> The key step is the use of trimethylsilyl cyanide (TMSCN) to get cyanide derivatives **3a** and **3b**, which could be easily separated by column chromatography on silica gel.



Scheme 1.

In order to examine the nucleophilic reactivity of anomeric radical **6** to electron deficient olefinic compounds (Scheme 2),<sup>6)</sup> both thiohydroxamic acid esters **5a** and **5b**, which were prepared from **4a** and **4b** respectively, were treated with phenyl vinyl sulfone under irradiation with tungsten lamp to give the same product **7** (only  $\beta$  form) in the same diastereomeric ratios and in good yields, respectively. This result suggests that the anomeric



Scheme 2.

radical **6** is formed from both **5a** and **5b** in good yield under these conditions. Using the same procedure, the thiohydroxamic acid ester **5** was irradiated in the presence of heteroaromatic bases to get the corresponding C-nucleosides **8** in moderate yields as shown in Table 1.<sup>6)</sup> The by-products were the corresponding decarboxylated compound **9** (10-30%) and 2, 2'-dipyridyl disulfide (20-66%), respectively. Especially, the yield of compound **9** increased when the benzothiazole and 5-(2-acetoxyethyl)-4-methylthiazole were used as heteroaromatic bases. The stereoselectivity depends on the used heteroaromatic bases. Thus, the major product with lepidine was  $\beta$  form. While,  $\alpha$  form was major product with methyl nicotinate, methyl isonicotinate, benzothiazole, and pyrimidine.<sup>7)</sup> The yields of **8** slightly depends on the reaction temperature as shown with lepidine. Thus the yields in Table 1 are shown under the best reaction conditions. While, the stereoselectivities with some heteroaromatic bases did not change in the range of 0 °C to 50 °C. Once **8** is obtained, it can be easily deprotected to give **10** in high yield.<sup>6)</sup> This method could be also applied to D-ribose by the same procedure, though the yield of radical coupling reaction with heteroaromatic base was low.

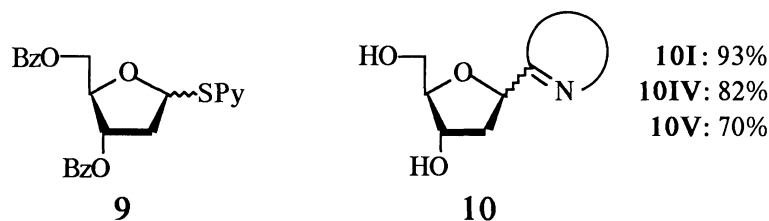
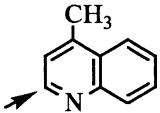
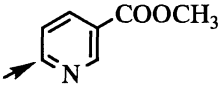
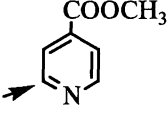
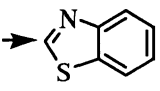
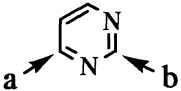
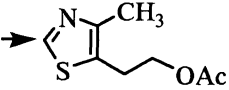


Table 1. Reaction with Heteroaromatic Bases

| $4a \longrightarrow [5a] \xrightarrow[\text{hv, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 \text{ or } \text{CHCl}_3]{\text{N}^+\text{H}^-\text{X}^- \text{ (7 equiv.)}} \text{BzO} \begin{array}{c} \diagup \text{O} \diagdown \\ \text{C} \quad \text{C} \\ \diagdown \text{N} \quad \diagup \end{array} \text{BzO} \quad \mathbf{8}$ <p style="text-align: center;">HX = Camphorsulfonic Acid</p> |           |                                            |             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Base                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Temp / °C | <b>8</b> Yield / % <sup>a)</sup>           | Ratio (α/β) |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ice bath  | 54 ( <b>8I</b> )                           | 14/86       |
| "                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 15-20     | 60                                         | "           |
| "                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 30-33     | 70                                         | "           |
| "                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 40-43     | 69                                         | "           |
| "                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 50-55     | 59                                         | "           |
| " b)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 30-33     | 66                                         | 7/93        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ice bath  | 45 ( <b>8II</b> )                          | α only      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 10-15     | 45 ( <b>8III</b> )                         | α only      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ice bath  | 26 ( <b>8IV</b> )                          | α only      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 32-37     | 56<br>( <b>8Va</b> : <b>8Vb</b> = 71 : 29) | α only      |
| " b)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 33-37     | 40<br>( <b>8Va</b> : <b>8Vb</b> = 71 : 29) | α only      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 34-37     | 30 ( <b>8VI</b> )                          | α only      |

a) Isolated yield. b) **4b** was used.  $\rightarrow$  : C-C bond forming position

In conclusion, the key step in this procedure for the synthesis of C-nucleosides consists in radical coupling reaction of ribofuranosyl radical **6** and some heteroaromatic bases. Thus, this procedure has the great advantages such as the short synthetic route for C-nucleosides from 2-deoxy-D-ribose (4 steps), easy deprotection, and applicable to various heteroaromatic bases in principle. Further investigation on this radical coupling reaction and the biological activity of these obtained C-nucleosides are undergoing in this laboratory.

## References

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- 6) All these new compounds gave satisfactory spectroscopic and microanalytical data, and the structures were determined by both COSY and NOESY measurements.
- 7) The similar stereoselectivities for major products were also supported by MOPAC calculation roughly as below. MOPAC;  $\Delta\Delta G^\circ$ . ( $\beta$ - $\alpha$ ): **8I**, -0.635 kcal/mol; **8II**, 1.090 kcal/mol; **8III**, 1.194 kcal/mol; **8IV**, 0.384 kcal/mol.

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