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Synthesis of of sterically encumbered biaryls based on a 'copper(I)-catalyzed arylation/[3+3] cyclocondensation' strategy

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1. Introduction

Sterically encumbered and functionalized biaryls are of considerable pharmacological relevance and are present in various natural products.¹ Examples include simple structures, such as the anti-cancer agent cynandione A (Scheme 1).



Scheme 1. Structure of cynandion A and knipholone.

ABSTRACT

Sterically encumbered biaryls are prepared in two steps by combination of the Cul-proline-catalyzed arylation of acetylacetone with formal [3+3] cyclizations of 1,3-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)-1,3-dienes. In addition, the synthesis of 4,6- and 5,6-diarylsalicylates based on [3+3] cyclizations is reported. © 2010 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

> The substructure of hydroxylated biaryls is also present in naturally occurring flavones (e.g., 2,3-dihydroamentoflavone, bartramiaflavone, robustaflavone, dichamanetin), dibenzofurans (e.g., anastatin A), 3-alkyl-4-arylnaphth-1-ols (e.g., picropodophyllone), naphthalene-type isoquinolines, flavidines, anthraquinones (e.g., knipholone, 6'-0-methylknipholone or (+)-asphodelin), and bixanthenes (e.g., secalonic acid A or globulixanthone E).

> A classic approach to sterically encumbered biaryls is based on reactions of diazonium salts. However, this method is not generally applicable.² Biaryls have been widely prepared by palladium(0)catalyzed cross-coupling reactions.³ Despite their great synthetic utility, the application of these methods to the synthesis of sterically encumbered and functionalized products can be a difficult task. Early methods required the use of toxic reagents, such as Tl compounds.⁴ In recent years, a number of new ligands and reaction conditions have been developed, which allow to prepare sterically encumbered biaryls, such as 2,6-di-, 2,2',6-tri- and 2,2',6,6'-tetrasubstituted biaryls. This includes Suzuki-Miyaura and Stille reactions.⁵ Recently, efficient methods for CH activation have also been reported.⁶ While the palladium-catalyzed C-C coupling reactions nowadays proceed in good and under relatively mild conditions, the most important limitation is related to the synthesis of the required starting materials. In fact, the synthesis of highly

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substituted and functionalized aryl halides, aryl triflates, stannanes, and boronic acids can be a difficult and time-consuming task.

An alternative approach to sterically encumbered and highly functionalized arenes relies on the application of a building block strategy. A number of applications have been reported.⁷ In recent years, we have studied, based on work of Chan et al.,⁸ the synthesis of various arenes by formal [3+3] cyclizations⁹ of 1,3-bis-(trimethylsilyloxy)-1,3-dienes.¹⁰ Recently, we have reported the synthesis of 3-arylsalicylates based on cyclization reactions of 4aryl-1,3-bis(silyloxy)-1,3-butadienes with various 1,3-dielectrophiles.¹¹ We have also reported preliminary findings related to the synthesis of sterically encumbered 5-arylsalicylates by combination of a Cul-proline-catalyzed arylation with [3+3] cyclizations.¹² Herein, we report a comprehensive account related to the scope of this methodology. The sterically encumbered and functionalized biaryls reported herein, 5-arylsalicylates and 4,6-diarylsalicylates, have, to the best of our knowledge, not been previously prepared. Their synthesis by direct palladium-catalyzed coupling reactions would be extremely difficult, because the required salicylate-derived aryl halides or triflates are not readily available.

2. Results and discussion

The Cul–proline-catalyzed arylation¹³ of 1,3-diketones **1a,b** with aryl iodides **2a–e**, following conditions reported by He et al.,¹⁴ afforded the 2-aryl-1,3-diketones **3a–f** in 65–83% yield (Scheme 2, Table 1). The silylation of **3a–f** afforded the 3-silyloxy-2-en-1-ones **4a–f**.



Scheme 2. Synthesis of **4a**–**f**: (i) K_2CO_3 , Cul 10 mol %, L-proline 20 mol %, DMSO, 90 °C, 6–12 h; (ii) Me₃SiCl, NEt₃, C₆H₆, 20 °C, 72 h.

Table 1

Synthesis of	4a–f
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1	2	3,4	\mathbb{R}^1	R ²	R ³	% (3) ^a	% (4) ^a
a	a	a	Me	Н	H	76	90
b	a	b	Et	Н	Н	74	90
a	b	с	Me	Н	Me	82	88
a	с	d	Me	Н	n-Bu	83	85
а	d	e	Me	Н	CO ₂ Et	72	80
a	e	f	Me	CF ₃	Н	65	86

^a Yields of isolated products.

The TiCl₄-mediated formal [3+3] cyclocondensation of 2-aryl-3silyloxy-2-en-1-ones **4a–f** with 1,3-bis(silyloxy)-1,3-dienes **5a–j**, readily available in two steps from the corresponding β -ketoesters,¹⁰ afforded the biaryls **6a–ao** (Scheme 3, Table 2). During the optimization, it proved to be important to carry out the reactions in a highly concentrated solution. The reaction of **4a** with 1,3-bis-(silyloxy)-1,3-butadienes derived from 1,3-diketones (e.g., acetylacetone or benzoylacetone) proved to be unsuccessful. This can be explained by the lower reactivity of dienes derived from 1,3diketones compared to those derived from β -ketoesters. The Cu-catalyzed arylation of Ph(CO)CH₂(CO)CF₃, Ph(CO)CH₂(CO)CH₃, Ph(CO)CH₂(CO)CH₃, Ph(CO)CH₂(CO)Ph, and CF₃(CO)CH₂(CO)CH₃ failed.



Scheme 3. Synthesis of **6a–s**: (i) TiCl₄, CH₂Cl₂, $-78 \degree C \rightarrow 20 \degree C$, 20 h.

abl	e 2			

4	5	6	\mathbb{R}^1	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	% (6) ^a
a	a	a	Me	Н	Н	Me	Н	61
a	b	b	Me	Н	Н	Et	Н	40
a	с	с	Me	Н	Н	CH ₂ Ph	Н	35
a	d	d	Me	Н	Н	Me	Me	48
а	e	e	Me	Н	Н	Me	Et	53
a	f	f	Me	Н	Н	Me	$(CH_2)_2Ph$	38
a	g	g	Me	Н	Н	Me	n-Pent	50
a	h	h	Me	Н	Н	Me	n-Hex	46
а	i	i	Me	Н	Н	Me	$(CH_2)_2$ CH=CH ₂	48
а	i	i	Me	Н	Н	Me	Cl	37
b	a	k	Et	Н	Н	Me	Н	55
b	b	1	Et	Н	Н	Et	Н	43
b	с	m	Et	Н	Н	CH ₂ Ph	Н	36
с	а	n	Me	Н	Me	Me	Н	54
с	b	0	Me	Н	Me	Et	Н	40
с	d	р	Me	Н	Me	Me	Me	41
с	e	q	Me	Н	Me	Me	Et	46
с	f	r	Me	Н	Me	Me	(CH ₂) ₂ Ph	36
с	h	S	Me	Н	Me	Me	n-Hex	42
d	а	t	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	Н	52
d	b	u	Me	Н	n-Bu	Et	Н	45
d	с	v	Me	Н	n-Bu	CH ₂ Ph	Н	38
d	d	w	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	Me	58
d	е	х	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	Et	55
d	f	У	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	$(CH_2)_2Ph$	37
d	h	z	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	nHex	48
d	k	aa	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	<i>n</i> -Non	42
d	1	ab	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	Allyl	55
d	i	ac	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	$(CH_2)_2$ CH=CH ₂	53
d	j	ad	Me	Н	n-Bu	Me	Cl	35
е	а	ae	Me	Н	CO ₂ Et	Me	Н	60
е	b	af	Me	Н	CO ₂ Et	Et	Н	45
e	d	ag	Me	Н	CO ₂ Et	Me	Me	43
е	f	ah	Me	Н	CO ₂ Et	Me	$(CH_2)_2Ph$	35
f	а	ai	Me	CF_3	Н	Me	Н	43
f	b	aj	Me	CF ₃	Н	Et	Н	35
f	m	ak	Me	CF ₃	Н	Et	Me	37
f	e	al	Me	CF ₃	Н	Me	Et	47
f	h	am	Me	CF ₃	Н	Me	n-Hex	43
f	i	an	Me	CF ₃	Н	Me	$(CH_2)_2$	44
							CH=CH ₂	
f	j	ao	Me	CF ₃	Н	Me	Cl	32
^a Is	^a Isolated yields.							

The nature of the aryl group of enones **4** has a small influence on the yield of the cyclization reactions. Relatively low yields were obtained for reactions of trifluoromethyl-substituted enone **4f**. The reactions proved to be successful for enones containing both electron-donating and electron-withdrawing substituents located at the aryl group. The application of the methodology to the synthesis of 2,2',6-tri- and 2,2',6,6'-tetra-substituted biaryls could not be realized because of the failure of the synthesis of the required enones **3**.

The substitution pattern of dienes **5** has a strong influence on the yields. The best yields were obtained for products derived from non-substituted diene 5a, which is derived from methyl acetoacetate. In contrast, the yields of the products prepared from **5c**, which is derived from benzyl acetoacetate, were relatively low. This might be explained by cleavage of the benzyl ester moiety by TiCl₄. Surprisingly, the yields of the products derived from **5b**, derived from ethyl acetoacetate, were generally lower than the yields of the products derived from **5a**. Since both dienes are structurally closely related, this result indicates that the individual quality of the diene and reagents employed also have a strong influence. The dienes electrophiles must be pure (best results were obtained with distilled material). No polymeric impurities or mono-silyl enol ether must be contained in fractions of the dienes employed. The TiCl₄ employed must not be old. In addition, practical problems during the chromatographic purification play an important role. The yields of the products derived from 4-substituted dienes are often slightly lower than the yields of the products derived from 5a. However, no clear trend is observed.

The structures of **6y** and **6ai** were independently confirmed by X-ray crystal structure analyses (Figs. 1 and 2).¹⁵ The two aryl moieties are twisted out of plane. An intramolecular hydrogen bond $O-H\cdots O$ is present in all structures.



Figure 1. Ortep plot of 6y (50% probability level).



Figure 2. Ortep plot of 6ai (50% probability level).

We have earlier reported the synthesis of 6-arylsalicylates by cyclization of 1,3-bis(silyloxy)-1,3-butadienes with 1-aryl-1-silyl-oxy-alk-1-en-3-ones.⁹ 3-Silyloxy-2-en-1-one **7** was prepared by silylation of commercially available dibenzoylmethane. The TiCl₄-mediated cyclization of **7** with **5a,d,k** afforded the novel 4,6-di-arylsalicylates **8a–c** (Scheme 4, Table 3).

The reaction of **9** with triethyl chloroformiate afforded enone **10** (Scheme 5).



Scheme 4. Synthesis of 8a-c: (i)(1) TiCl₄, CH₂Cl₂, $-78 \degree C \rightarrow 20 \degree C$, 20 h; (2) 10% HCl, H₂O.

Table 3 Synthesis of 8a–c

5	8	R ¹	R ²	% (8) ^a
a	a	MeO	Н	40
k	b	Me	Н	41
d	с	MeO	Me	37

^a Yields of isolated products.



Scheme 5. Synthesis of 10.

The TiCl₄-mediated cyclization of **10** with 1,3-bis(silyloxy)-1,3butadienes **5a,d** afforded the novel 5,6-diarylsalicylates **11a,b** (Scheme 6). The structure of **11b** was independently confirmed by X-ray crystal structure analysis (Fig. 3).



Figure 3. Ortep plot of 11b (50% probability level).

In conclusion, a variety of functionalized and sterically encumbered biaryls were prepared by combination of Cul-proline-catalyzed arylations of 1,3-diketones and formal [3+3] cyclization reactions. In addition, we have reported the synthesis of 4,6- and 5,6-diarylsalicylates based on [3+3] cyclizations. The products are not readily available by other methods.

3. Experimental section

3.1. General comments

All solvents were dried by standard methods and all reactions were carried out under an inert atmosphere. For ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra the deuterated solvents indicated were used. Mass spectrometric data (MS) were obtained by electron ionization (EI, 70 eV), chemical ionization (CI, isobutane) or electrospray ionization (ESI). For preparative scale chromatography silica gel 60 (0.063–0.200 mm, 70–230 mesh) was used. The melting points given are uncorrected.

3.2. Typical procedure for the synthesis of 2-aryl-1,3-diones (3a-f)

A DMSO solution (2 mL) of **1a,b** (1.5 mmol), **2a–e** (0.5 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2.0 mmol), Cul (0.05 mmol), L-proline (1.0 mmol) was stirred at 90–120 °C under argon atmosphere for 6–12 h. The cooled solution was poured into 1.0 M HCl and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, heptanes/EtOAc) to afford **3a–f**. All products mainly reside in their enol tautomeric form.

3827

3.2.1. 3-Phenylpentane-2,4-dione (**3a**). Starting with **1a** (7.7 mL, 75.0 mmol), **2a** (2.7 mL, 25.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (13.8 g, 100.0 mmol), Cul (0.47 g, 10 mol%), L-proline (0.57 g, 20 mol%), and 100 mL of DMSO (heating for 6 h at 90 °C), **3a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (3.18 g, 76%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, enol): δ =1.93 (s, 6H, CH₃), 6.99 (br d, 2H, *J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.23–7.34 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =24.3 (CH₃), 114.3 (C, enol form), 125.5 (CH_{Ph}), 127.3 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 134.2 (C_{Ar}), 190.8 (C=O).

3.2.2. 4-Phenylheptane-3,5-dione (**3b**). Starting with **1b** (1.25 mL, 11.25 mmol), **2a** (4.58 mL, 23.81 mmol), K_2CO_3 (6.23 g, 45.08 mmol), Cul (0.257 g, 12 mol %), L-proline (0.324 g, 25 mol %) in 45 mL of DMSO (heating for 8 h at 100 °C), **3b** was obtained as a slightly brownish oil (1.70 g, 74%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, enol): δ =1.01 (t, 6H, *J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 2.11 (q, 4H, *J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 7.16–7.32 (m, 5H, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =9.6 (CH₃), 29.9 (CH₂), 113.9 (C, enol form), 127.4 (CH_{Ar}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.3 (2CH_{Ar}), 136.5 (C_{Ar}), 194.1 (C=O).

3.2.3. 3-*p*-Tolylpentane-2,4-dione (**3c**). Starting with **1a** (7.7 mL, 75.0 mmol), **2b** (5.4 g, 25.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (13.8 g, 100.0 mmol), Cul (0.47 g, 10 mol %), L-proline (0.57 g, 20 mol %) in 100 mL of DMSO (heating for 9 h at 90 °C), **3c** was obtained as a colorless solid (3.86 g, 82%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, enol): δ =1.99 (s, 6H, CH₃), 7.08 (br d, 2H, *J*=7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.17 (br d, 2H, *J*=7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =21.7, 24.2 (CH₃), 114.7 (C, enol form), 129.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 136.2 (C_{Ar}), 191.4 (C=O).

3.2.4. 3-(4-Butylphenyl)pentane-2,4-dione (**3d**). Starting with **1a** (9.4 mL, 92.22 mmol), **2c** (5.1 mL, 30.75 mmol), K₂CO₃ (17.04 g, 123.03 mmol), Cul (0.585 g, 10 mol %), L-proline (0.708 g, 20 mol %) in 123 mL of DMSO (heating for 10 h at 120 °C), **3d** was obtained as a viscous yellowish oil (5.93 g, 83%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, enol): δ =0.88 (t, 3H, *J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.31 (sextet, 2H, *J*=7.2 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, *J*=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.91 (s, 6H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, *J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 6.85 (d, 2H, *J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.11 (d, 2H, *J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.9 (CH₃), 22.4 (CH₂), 24.1 (CH₃), 33.5, 35.3 (CH₂), 115.0 (C, enol form), 128.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 134.0, 142.1 (C_{Ar}), 191.0 (C=O).

3.2.5. *Ethyl* 4-(2,4-*dioxopentan*-3-*yl*)*benzoate* (**3e**). Starting with **1a** (3.9 mL, 38.0 mmol), **2d** (2.1 mL, 12.6 mmol), K₂CO₃ (7.0 g, 50.5 mmol), CuI (0.24 g, 10 mol%), L-proline (0.29 g, 20 mol%) in 50 mL of DMSO heating for 12 h at 120 °C, **3e** was obtained as a white solid (2.26 g, 72%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.41 (t, 3H, *J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.89 (s, 6H, CH₃), 4.38 (q, 2H, *J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 7.26 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}), 8.12 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.3, 24.1 (CH₃), 61.1 (OCH₂), 114.5 (C, enol form), 129.8 (C_{Ar}), 130.0 (2CH_{Ar}), 131.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 141.7 (C_{Ar}), 166.2, 190.6 (C=O).

3.2.6. 3-(3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pentane-2,4-dione (**3f**). Starting with **1a** (7.7 mL, 75.0 mmol), **2e** (3.6 mL, 25.0 mmol), K₂CO₃ (13.8 g, 100.0 mmol), Cul (0.47 g, 10 mol%), L-proline (0.57 g, 20 mol%) in 100 mL of DMSO (heating for 10 h at 90 °C), **3f** was obtained as a brown viscous oil (3.96 g, 65%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.93 (s, 6H, CH₃), 7.20 (br d, 1H, *J*=6.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.28 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.44 (br t, 1H, *J*=6.7, 7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.55 (br d, 1H, *J*=7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =-62.5; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =23.1 (CH₃), 114.5 (C, enol form), 123.0 (*J*_{C,F}=271 Hz, C_{CF3}), 123.4 (*J*_{C,F}=3.6 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 136.5 (*J*_{C,F}=1.6 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 135.5 (C_{Ar}), 190.4 (C=O).

3.3. General procedure for the synthesis of silyl enol ethers (4a–f)

To a stirred benzene solution (2.5 mL per 1.0 mmol of 3a-f) of 3a-f (1.0 equiv) was added triethylamine (1.6 equiv). After stirring

for 2 h, trimethylchlorosilane (1.8 equiv) was added. The solution was stirred for 72 h and, subsequently, the solvent was removed in vacuo and hexane (1.5 mL per 1.0 mmol of starting material) was added to the residue to give a suspension. The latter was filtered under argon atmosphere. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give silyl enol ethers **4a**–**f**, which were used without further purification. Due to the unstable nature of the products, MS and analytical data could not be obtained. All products were obtained as mixtures of *E*/*Z*-isomers.

3.3.1. 3-Phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one (**4a**). Starting with benzene (42.5 mL), **3a** (3.0 g, 17.02 mmol), triethylamine (3.2 mL, 27.2 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (4.5 mL, 30.6 mmol), **4a** was isolated as a yellowish oil (3.80 g, 90%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.21 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 2.00 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃), 6.99 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.23-7.34 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.4 (Si[CH₃]₃), 21.7, 23.7 (CH₃), 114.6 (=C), 125.5 (CH_{Ph}), 127.3 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 134.2 (C_{Ar}), 186.1 (COSi), 191.2 (C=O).

3.3.2. 4-Phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyloxy)hept-4-en-3-one (**4b**). Starting with benzene (18 mL), **3b** (1.46 g, 7.2 mmol), triethylamine (1.36 mL, 11.4 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (1.92 mL, 12.9 mmol), **4b** was isolated as a brownish oil (1.78 g, 90%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.18 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 1.06 (t, 3H, *J*=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 1.11 (t, 3H, *J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 2.14 (q, 2H, *J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 2.56 (q, 2H, *J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 7.16–7.32 (m, 5H, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.3 (Si[CH₃]₃), 9.6, 9.8 (CH₃), 29.2, 30.2 (CH₂), 113.3 (=C), 127.5 (CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 129.4 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.6 (C_{Ar}), 186.8 (COSi), 193.8 (C=O).

3.3.3. 3-*p*-*Tolyl*-4-(*trimethylsilyloxy*)*pent*-3-*en*-2-*one* (**4c**). Starting with benzene (31.5 mL), **3c** (2.4 g, 12.6 mmol), triethylamine (2.4 mL, 20.1 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (3.38 mL, 22.7 mmol), **4c** was isolated as a slight yellowish oil (2.9 g, 88%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.21 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.98 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.08 (br d, 2H, *J*=7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.17 (br d, 2H, *J*=7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.4 (Si[CH₃]₃), 21.5, 23.8, 24.1 (CH₃), 114.7 (=C), 129.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 136.3 (C_{Ar}), 186.3 (COSi), 191.0 (C=O).

3.3.4. 3-(4-Butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one (4d). Starting with benzene (50 mL), 3d (4.4 g, 18.9 mmol), trie-thylamine (3.5 mL, 30.2 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (5.0 mL, 34.2 mmol), 4d was isolated as a yellowish oil (4.8 g, 85%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.21 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 0.88 (t, 3H, *J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.31 (sextet, 2H, *J*=7.2 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, *J*=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.87 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.91 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, *J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 6.85 (d, 2H, *J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.11 (d, 2H, *J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.4 (Si[CH₃]₃), 13.9 (CH₃), 22.4 (CH₂), 23.9, 24.2 (CH₃), 33.5, 35.3 (CH₂), 114.8 (=C), 128.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 134.0, 142.2 (C_{Ar}), 186.4 (COSi), 191.0 (C=O).

3.3.5. *Ethyl* 4-(4-oxo-2-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-2-en-3-yl)-benzoate (**4e**). Starting with benzene (21.1 mL), **3e** (2.1 g, 8.45 mmol), triethylamine (1.6 mL, 13.5 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (2.2 mL, 15.21 mmol), **4e** was isolated as a colorless oil (2.16 g, 80%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.21 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 1.40 (t, 3H, *J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.88 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.36 (q, 2H, *J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 7.26 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}), 8.12 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.4 (Si[CH₃]₃), 14.3, 23.8, 24.2 (CH₃), 61.1 (OCH₂), 114.7 (=C), 129.8 (C_{Ar}), 130.0 (2CH_{Ar}), 131.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 141.8 (C_{Ar}), 166.3 (C=O), 185.9 (COSi), 190.5 (C=O).

3.3.6. 3-(3-(*Trifluoromethyl*)*phenyl*)-4-(*trimethylsilyloxy*)-*pent*-3*en*-2-*one* (**4***f*). Starting with benzene (32.5 mL), **3f** (3.2 g, 13.1 mmol), triethylamine (2.4 mL, 20.9 mmol), and trimethylchlorosilane (3.5 mL, 23.5 mmol), **4f** was isolated as a slight dark brown oil (3.5 g, 86%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.21 (s, 9H, Si[CH₃]₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.97 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.21 (br d, 1H, *J*_{H,H}=6.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.45 (br t, 1H, *J*_{H,H}=6.7, 7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.54 (br d, 1H, *J*_{H,H}=7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =-62.5; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.4 (Si[CH₃]₃), 21.4, 23.6 (CH₃), 114.3 (=C), 122.9 (*J*_{CF}=270 Hz, C_{CF3}), 123.4 (*J*_{CF}=3.6 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 126.8 (*J*_{CF}=3.8 Hz), 128.5 (CH_{Ar}), 130.4 (*J*_{CF}=31.8 Hz, C_{Ar}), 133.6 (*J*_{CF}=1.6 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 135.3 (C_{Ar}), 186.5 (COSi), 191.1 (C=O).

3.4. General procedure for the synthesis of 4-hydroxybiphenyl-3-carboxylates (6a–ao)

To a CH₂Cl₂ solution (2 mL/1.0 mmol of **5**) of **5** (1.0 equiv) was added **4** (1.0 equiv) and subsequently TiCl₄ (1.0 equiv) at -78 °C. The temperature of the solution was allowed to warm to 20 °C for 14 h with stirring. To the solution was added a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate (10 mL) and the organic and the aqueous layers were separated. The latter was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, *n*-heptane/EtOAc) to give product **6**.

3.4.1. *Methyl4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate* (**6a**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5a** (600 mg, 2.30 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4a** (571 mg, 2.30 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.25 mL, 2.30 mmol), **6a** was obtained as a light yellow solid (360 mg, 61%), mp=80-82 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.91 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.76 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.05 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=7.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.31–7.41 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.01 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =20.8, 21.9 (CH₃), 52.1 (OCH₃), 110.8 (C_{Ar}), 116.2 (CH_{Ar}), 126.8 (CH_{Ph}), 128.6 (2CHPh), 129.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 135.2, 138.5, 140.9, 144.0, 161.1 (C_{Ar}), 172.3 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3060, 3004, 2953, 2852 (w), 1655, 1597 (m), 1441 (s), 1356 (m), 1318, 1228 (s), 1092 (m), 990 (w), 881, 810 (m), 701 (s); MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=256 (M⁺, 77), 225 (61), 224 (100), 196 (40), 181 (10), 167 (18), 165 (14), 153 (17), 152 (22); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₆H₁₆O₃ [M]⁺: 256.10940; found: 256.10877.

3.4.2. Ethyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6b**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5b** (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4a** (542 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), **6b** was obtained as a colorless solid (236 mg, 40%), mp=78–79 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.34 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.0 Hz, CH₃), 1.90 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.16 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.36 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.0 Hz, OCH₂), 6.73 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.03 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.28–7.37 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.06 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.2 (CH₃), 20.9, 21.9 (CH₃), 61.5 (OCH₂), 111.0 (C_{Ar}), 116.2 (CH_{Ar}), 126.8 (CH_{Ph}), 128.6 (2CH_{Ph}), 129.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 135.1, 138.6, 140.9, 143.8, 161.1 (C_{Ar}), 171.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3057, 3005, 2983, 2873 (w), 1648 (s), 1597, 1462, 1371, 1315 (m), 1224, 1091 (s), 1008, 857, 802 (m), 707 (s); MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=270 (M⁺, 84), 225 (79), 224 (100), 196 (43), 181 (12), 167 (20), 165 (18), 153 (21), 152 (24); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₇H₁₈O₃ [M]⁺: 270.12505; found: 270.12507.

3.4.3. Benzyl4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6c**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5c** (600 mg, 1.78 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4a** (442 mg, 1.78 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.19 mL, 1.78 mmol), **6c** was obtained as a light yellow solid (207 mg, 35%), mp=59-60 °C. ¹H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.87 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 5.32 (s, 2H, OCH₂), 6.71 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.98-7.34 (m, 10H, 2Ph), 10.97 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =21.2, 21.9 (CH₃), 67.3 (OCH₂), 110.8 (C_{Ar}), 116.2 (CH_{Ar}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ph}

135.2, 137.0, 138.7, 140.8, 144.1, 161.2 (C_{Ar}), 171.6 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3059$, 2964, 1950, 1879, 1726 (w), 1649 (s), 1595, 1495, 1449 (m), 1375, 1311, 1221 (s), 1153 (m), 1089 (s), 1026, 985, 934, 884, 802 (m), 751, 694 (s), 639, 576 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=332 (M⁺, 25), 314 (4), 225 (11), 224 (55), 223 (5), 165 (5), 152 (6), 91 (100), 65 (5); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{22}H_{20}O_3$ [M]⁺: 332.14070; found: 332.14053.

3.4.4. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6d). Starting with 1,3-bis(silvl enol ether) 5d (500 mg, 1.82 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4a (452 mg, 1.82 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.82 mmol), 6d was obtained as a colorless solid (236 mg, 48%), mp=99-101 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.85 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.14 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.85 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.98 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.23–7.35 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.20 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=12.0, 18.8, 20.9 (CH₃), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.2 (CAr), 126.6 (CHPh), 127.5 (CAr), 128.5 (2CHPh), 129.9 (2CHPh), 135.1, 136.9, 141.9, 142.2, 159.0 (C_{Ar}), 172.9 (C=0); IR (KBr, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 3074, 3020, 2926, 2857$ (w), 1652, 1600, 1537, 1403 (m), 1326, 1223 (s), 1141, 1068, 983 (m), 911 (w), 806, 765 (m), 702 (s), 609, 556 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=271 (8), 270 (M⁺, 46), 239 (25), 238 (100), 237 (27), 210 (31), 196 (11), 195 (55), 165 (30), 152 (15), 77 (5); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₇H₁₈O₃ [M]⁺: 270.12505; found: 270.12488.

3.4.5. Methyl 5-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6e). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5e (600 mg, 2.07 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4a (514 mg, 2.07 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.07 mmol), 6e was obtained as a colorless solid (312 mg, 53%), mp=125-126 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.07 (t, 3H, ³/₂=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 1.87 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.07 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.67 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 3.86 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.99 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.22–7.34 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.18 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =12.2, 16.9 (CH₃), 18.8 (CH₂), 19.8 (CH₃), 50.9 (OCH₃), 109.4 (C_{Ar}), 125.5 (CH_{Ph}), 127.3 (C_{Ar}), 127.4 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 134.0, 134.2, 140.4, 140.9, 157.8 (C_{Ar}), 171.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3072(w)$, 2971, 2876, 1650, 1599 (m), 1493 (w), 1435, 1364, 1321 (m), 1221 (s), 1142, 1067, 1001, 952 (m), 853 (w), 808, 705 (s), 650, 580 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=284 (M⁺, 73), 253 (30), 252 (100), 251 (69), 224 (96), 209 (43), 196 (10), 195 (40), 178 (12), 166 (21), 165 (47), 152 (13); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₃ [M]⁺: 284.14070; found: 284.140870.

3.4.6. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-phenethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6f). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5f (500 mg, 1.37 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4a (340 mg, 1.37 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.15 mL, 1.37 mmol), 6f was obtained as a colorless solid (187 mg, 38%), mp=109-111 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ*=1.64 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.63 (t, 2H, ${}^{3}J=5.0$ Hz, CH₂), 2.78 (t, 2H, ${}^{3}J=5.0$ Hz, CH₂), 3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.84 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.03–7.23 (m, 8H, H_{Ar}), 11.17 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =19.3, 22.1 (CH₃), 30.3, 36.3 (CH₂), 53.2 (OCH₃), 111.7 (C_{Ar}), 127.0 (CH_{Ph}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 127.8 (CH_{Ph}), 129.4 (2CH_{Ph}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 129.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 131.0 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.3, 136.8, 143.0, 143.1, 143.7, 160.4 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3081, 3025, 2950, 2865$ (w), 1650, 1596, 1494, 1438 (m), 1325, 1219 (s), 1163, 1082, 1033, 987, 912, 804 (m), 700 (s); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=360 (M⁺, 28), 328 (5), 270 (6), 269 (39), 238 (24), 237 (100), 166 (7), 165 (11); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{24}H_{24}O_3$ [M]⁺: 360.17200; found: 360.17109.

3.4.7. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-pentylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6g**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5g** (700 mg, 2.11 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4a** (524 mg, 2.11 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.23 mL, 2.11 mmol), **6g** was obtained as a light yellow solid (345 mg, 50%), mp=102-104 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.71 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₃), 1.09-1.31 (m, 6H, 3CH₂), 1.75 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.52 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.89 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.13-7.24 (m, 3H, Ph), 11.05 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =15.2, 19.3, 22.0 (CH₃), 23.8, 27.8, 29.9, 33.4 (CH₂), 53.1 (OCH₃), 111.6 (C_{Ar}), 127.7 (CH_{Ph}), 128.4 (C_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 131.0 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.2, 136.3, 142.8, 143.2, 160.2 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2953(m), 2857, 1933 (w), 1702, 1655, 1595, 1438, 1377, 1326 (m), 1213 (s), 1142, 1048, 1003 (m), 903 (w), 839 (s), 772 (m), 702 (s), 627, 579 (w); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=326 (M⁺, 76), 294 (33), 277 (63), 265 (25), 251 (22), 239 (19), 238 (100), 237 (81), 210 (30), 195 (24), 166 (25), 165 (54), 152 (10); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₂₆O₃ [M]⁺: 326.18765; found: 326.18798.

3.4.8. Methyl 5-hexyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6h). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5h (500 mg, 1.45 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4a (360 mg, 1.45 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.16 mL, 1.45 mmol), 6h was obtained as a light yellowish solid (227 mg, 46%), mp=105-107 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.71 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.09–1.34 (m, 8H, 4CH₂), 1.75 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.52 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.89 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.12-7.25 (m, 3H, Ph), 11.06 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =15.3, 19.3, 22.0 (CH₃), 23.8, 27.8, 30.2, 30.9, 32.9 (CH₂), 53.1 (OCH3), 111.5 (CAr), 127.7 (CHPh), 128.4 (CAr), 129.6 (2CHPh), 131.0 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.2, 136.3, 142.7, 143.2, 160.2 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 2955(m)$, 2852 (w), 1652, 1597, 1537, 1405 (m), 1328, 1217 (s), 1141, 1065 (m), 983 (m), 903 (w), 835 (s), 770 (m), 702 (s), 609, 556 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=340 (M⁺, 65), 308 (30), 293 (43), 291 (53), 279 (33), 265 (25), 251 (20), 239 (20), 238 (100), 237 (76), 210 (26), 195 (21), 165 (43), 152 (9); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₂H₂₈O₃ [M]⁺: 340.20330; found: 340.20341.

3.4.9. Methyl5-(but-3-enyl)-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6i). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5i (600 mg, 1.90 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4a (472 mg, 1.90 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.90 mmol), **6i** was obtained as a light yellowish solid (283 mg, 48%), mp=112-114 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.07–2.13 (m, 2H, CH₂), 2.63 (t, 2H, ³J=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.77-4.92 (m, 2H, =CH₂), 5.69-5.83 (m, 1H, =CH), 6.89 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =6.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.11–7.25 (m, 3H, Ph), 11.09 (s, 1H, OH); ${}^{13}C$ NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=19.4, 22.0 (CH₃), 27.4, 34.2 (CH₂), 53.2 (OCH₃), 111.6 (C_{Ar}), 115.6 (=CH₂), 127.7 (CH_{Ph}), 128.6 (C_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ph}), 131.0 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.3, 136.7 (C_{Ar}), 139.9 (=CH), 142.9, 143.1, 160.2 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3057, 2952$ (w), 1708, 1651, 1597, 1493, 1404, 1325 (m), 1215 (s), 1142, 1071, 1000, 908, 763, 763 (m), 701 (s), 609, 555 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=310 (M⁺, 11), 270 (5), 269 (24), 238 (17), 237 (100), 166 (9), 165 (18), 152 (3); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₃ [M]⁺: 310.15635; found: 310.15668.

3.4.10. Methyl 5-chloro-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6***j*). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5***j* (600 mg, 2.03 mmol), 3-phenyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4a** (504 mg, 2.03 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.03 mmol), **6***j* was obtained as a colorless solid (218 mg, 37%), mp=98-99 °C. ¹H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =2.07 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.14 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.97 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 7.06 (d, 2H, ³*J*=6.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.32–7.43 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.40 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =19.4, 20.7 (CH₃), 52.5 (OCH₃), 115.2 (C_{Ar}), 127.4 (CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (C_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ph}), 131.0 (2CH_{Ph}), 136.4, 136.9, 140.6, 141.4, 156.1 (C_{Ar}), 171.9 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3023(m), 2958, 2851, 1731 (w), 1657 (s), 1595, 1493, 1437 (m), 1363 (s), 1285 (m), 1225 (s), 1072, 995 (m), 910 (w), 804 (s), 736 (m), 702 (s), 602, 558 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=292 (M⁺, ³⁷Cl, 8), 290 (M⁺, ³⁵Cl, 22), 260 (36), 259 (25), 258 (100), 167 (9), 166 (7), 165

(17), 152 (13); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{16}H_{15}ClO_3$ [M]⁺: 290.07042; found: 290.07071.

3.4.11. Methyl 2,6-diethyl-4-hydroxybiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6k). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5a (500 mg, 1.91 mmol), 4-phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyloxy)hept-4-en-3-one 4b (528 mg, 1.91 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.21 mL, 1.91 mmol). 6k was obtained as a colorless crystalline solid (298 mg, 55%), mp=88–90 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.84 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 0.93 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 2.13 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 2.57 (q, 2H, ${}^{3}I = 7.4$ Hz, CH₂), 4.36 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.74 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.05 (d, 2H, ³J=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.27-7.35 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 10.92 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=14.4, 15.8 (CH₃), 25.7, 27.9 (CH₂), 52.1 (OCH₃), 109.9 (CAr), 114.7 (CHAr), 126.7 (CHPh), 128.1 (2CHPh), 130.1 (2CHPh), 134.3, 140.1, 144.8, 150.1, 161.5 (C_{Ar}), 172.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3058$ (w), 2975 (m), 2874 (w), 1650, 1596 (m), 1487 (w), 1430, 1369, 1315, 1245 (m), 1214 (s), 1174, 1088, 1035, 967, 883, 810, 766 (m), 705 (s), 643, 574 (m); EIMS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=284 (M⁺, 27), 253 (21), 252 (100), 209 (18), 195 (4), 181 (5), 166 (8), 165 (14), 152 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₃ [M]⁺: 284.14070; found: 284.14064.

3.4.12. Ethyl 2,6-diethyl-4-hydroxybiphenyl-3-carboxylate (61). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5b (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), 4-phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyloxy)hept-4-en-3-one 4b (603 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), 61 was obtained as a colorless crystalline solid (280 mg, 43%), mp=102-103 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ =0.86 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 0.93 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 1.33 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 2.12 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 2.60 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 4.36 (q, 2H, ${}^{3}J=7.2$ Hz, OCH₂), 6.73 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.05 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J=7.8$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.24–7.35 (m, 3H, H_{Ar}), 11.04 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=13.9, 14.5, 15.9 (CH₃), 25.7, 27.5 (CH₂), 61.5 (OCH₂), 110.0 (C_{Ar}), 114.7 (CH_{Ar}), 126.7 (CH_{Ph}), 128.1 (2CH_{Ph}), 130.1 (2CH_{Ph}), 134.2, 140.1, 144.8, 150.0, 161.6 (C_{Ar}), 171.6 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3055(w)$, 2974, 2873, 1644, 1594 (m), 1488 (w), 1439, 1371, 1311 (m), 1215 (s), 1088, 1012, 956, 874, 808 (m), 708 (s), 651, 573 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=298 (M⁺, 24), 253 (22), 252 (100), 209 (15), 195 (4), 166 (7), 165 (13),152 (6); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₉H₂₂O₃ [M]⁺: 298.15635; found: 298.15641.

3.4.13. Benzyl 2,6-diethyl-4-hydroxybiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6m). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5c (600 mg, 1.78 mmol), 4-phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyloxy)hept-4-en-3-one 4b (492 mg, 1.78 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.19 mL, 1.78 mmol), 6m was obtained as a colorless crystalline solid (231 mg, 36%), mp=65–66 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.72 (t, 3H, ³J=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 0.89 (t, 3H, ³J=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 2.09 (q, 2H, ³J=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 2.54 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 5.29 (s, 2H, OCH₂), 6.72 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.99–7.31 (m, 10H, 2Ph), 10.93 (s, 1H, OH); 13 C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.5, 16.0 (CH₃), 25.6, 27.5 (CH₂), 67.6 (OCH₂), 109.9 (C_{Ar}), 114.7 (CH_{Ar}), 126.7 (CH_{Ph}), 128.1 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.6 (2CH_{Ph}), 128.7 (CH_{Ph}), 128.8 (2CH_{Ph}), 130.1 (2CH_{Ph}), 134.3, 134.9, 140.1, 144.9, 150.2, 161.7 (C_{Ar}), 171.4 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} =$ 3027(w), 2965, 2878 (m), 1705 (w), 1644 (s), 1594, 1494, 1439, 1378 (m), 1311 (s), 1254 (m), 1212 (s), 1174, 1087, 1035, 959, 880, 807 (m), 748, 705 (s), 654, 573 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z(%)=361 (10), 360 (M⁺, 46), 342 (11), 269 (22), 253 (26), 252 (100), 251 (31), 165 (6), 152 (4), 91 (82), 29 (5); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₄H₂₂O₃ [M]⁺: 360.17200; found: 360.17292.

3.4.14. *Methyl* 4-hydroxy-2,4',6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6n**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5a** (600 mg, 2.30 mmol), 3p-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4c** (603 mg, 2.30 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.25 mL, 2.30 mmol), **6n** was obtained as white solid (335 mg, 54%), mp=112–114 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.98 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.42 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.96 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.79 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.97 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=8.1 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.21 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=8.1 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.01 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =20.8, 21.2, 21.9 (CH₃), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.7 (C_{Ar}), 116.1 (CH_{Ar}), 129.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 136.2, 137.7, 138.6, 144.2, 160.9 (C_{Ar}), 172.2 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3048, 2952, 1808 (w), 1708, 1664, 1605, 1512, 1438, 1351, 1319 (m), 1222 (s), 1156 (s), 1090 (m), 994, 899, 805, 733, 654, 564 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=270 (M⁺, 36), 239 (23), 238 (100), 210 (12), 209 (5), 165 (14), 152 (9); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{17}H_{18}O_3$ [M]⁺: 270.12505; found: 270.12516.

3.4.15. Ethyl 4-hydroxy-2,4',6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**60**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5b** (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), 3p-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4c** (572 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), **60** was obtained as a white solid (248 mg, 40%), mp=117-119 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.38 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.40 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 6.76 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.95 (brd, 2H, ³*J*=8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.18 (brd, 2H, ³*J*=8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.07 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.2, 20.9, 21.2, 21.9 (CH₃), 61.4 (OCH₂), 111.0 (C_{Ar}), 116.2 (CH_{Ar}), 129.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 136.2, 137.9, 138.7, 144.0, 161.0 (C_{Ar}), 171.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3049, 2919, 2860 (w), 1645, 1595, 1514, 1463, 1392 (m), 1314 (s), 1224 (m), 1103 (w), 1061, 994, 920 (m), 813 (s), 723, 653, 551 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=284 (M⁺, 30), 239 (24), 238 (100), 210 (13), 195 (6), 165 (14), 152 (8); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₃ [M]⁺: 284.14070; found: 284.14118.

3.4.16. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,4',5,6-tetramethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6p). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether), 5d (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), 3p-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4c (572 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), 6p was obtained as a white solid $(254 \text{ mg}, 41\%), \text{mp}=143-145 \circ \text{C}.$ ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta = 1.89 (\text{s}, 1.35 \text{ mg})$ 3H, CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.39 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.93 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.92 (br d, 2H, ${}^{3}I$ =7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.21 (br d, 2H, ${}^{3}I$ =7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.28 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =12.0, 18.8, 20.9, 21.2 (CH₃), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.2, 122.2 (C_{Ar}), 129.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 134.8, 135.2, 136.1, 138.8, 142.4, 158.9 (C_{Ar}), 172.9 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3012, 2953, 2864, 1711$ (w), 1651, 1597, 1514, 1404 (m), 1327 (s), 1294 (m), 1222 (s), 1141, 1060, 987, 919, 857 (m), 804 (s), 736, 698, 551 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=284 (M⁺, 42), 253 (23), 252 (100), 251 (16), 237 (15), 224 (22), 210 (9), 209 (43), 181 (13), 166 (13), 165 (25), 152 (5), 126 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₃ [M]⁺: 284.14070; found: 284.14063.

3.4.17. Methyl 5-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,4',6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6q). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5e (600 mg, 2.07 mmol), 3-p-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4c (543 mg, 2.07 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.07 mmol), 6q was obtained as a white solid (284 mg, 46%), mp=137-138 $^{\circ}$ C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.96 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₃), 1.77 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.22 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.56 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.78 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.03 (br d, 2H, $^{3}J=7.8$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.05 (s, 1H, OH); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.2, 17.9 (CH₃), 19.8 (CH₂), 20.8, 21.2 (CH₃), 51.9 (OCH₃), 110.4, 128.2 (C_{Ar}), 129.1 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.0, 135.3, 136.0, 138.8, 141.6, 158.7 (C_{Ar}), 172.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3009$ (w), 2953 (m), 2873 (w), 1650, 1597, 1514, 1434, 1358, 1290 (m), 1221 (s), 1141, 1066, 987 (m), 855 (w), 807 (s), 695 (m), 590 (w), 529 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=298 (M⁺, 87), 267 (30), 266 (100), 265 (55), 251 (85), 238 (80), 223 (44), 209 (42), 195 (11), 179 (22), 165 (34); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₉H₂₂O₃ [M]⁺: 298.15635; found: 298.15990.

3.4.18. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,4',6-trimethyl-5-phenethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6r**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5f** (600 mg, 1.64 mmol), 3-p-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4c** (430 mg, 1.64 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.18 mL, 1.64 mmol), **6r** was obtained as a white solid (221 mg, 36%), mp=122-124 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.72 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.96 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.23 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.66 (t, 2H, ³*J*=5.0 Hz, CH₂), 2.79 (t, 2H, ³*J*=5.0 Hz, CH₂), 3.76 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.79 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.04 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.16 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =19.3, 22.1, 22.4 (CH₃), 30.4, 36.3 (CH₂), 53.2 (OCH₃), 111.6 (C_{Ar}), 127.0 (CH_{Ar}), 127.1

 $\begin{array}{l} ({\sf C}_{\sf Ar}), \ 129.4 \ (2{\sf CH}_{\sf Ar}), \ 129.6 \ (2{\sf CH}_{\sf Ar}), \ 129.7 \ (2{\sf CH}_{\sf Ar}), \ 130.4 \ (2{\sf CH}_{\sf Ar}), \\ 136.2, \ 137.0, \ 137.3, \ 140.0, \ 143.2, \ 143.8, \ 160.2 \ ({\sf C}_{\sf Ar}), \ 174.0 \ ({\sf C}{=\!0}); \ {\sf IR} \\ ({\sf KBr}, {\sf cm}^{-1}); \ \bar{\nu} \ = \ 3025, \ 2947, \ 2862, \ 1699 \ ({\sf w}), \ 1650, \ 1600, \ 1513, \ 1440, \\ 1406 \ ({\sf m}), \ 1325, \ 1225 \ ({\sf s}), \ 1145, \ 1085, \ 990, \ 920, \ 872 \ ({\sf m}), \ 807 \ ({\sf s}), \ 753, \\ 698 \ ({\sf m}), \ 632 \ ({\sf w}), \ 549 \ ({\sf m}); \ {\sf MS} \ ({\sf EI}, \ 70 \ {\sf eV}): \ m/z \ ({\%}) = \ 374 \ ({\sf M}^+, \ 29), \ 342 \\ (5), \ 283 \ (28), \ 252 \ (22), \ 251 \ (100), \ 180 \ (5), \ 165 \ (9), \ 91 \ (4); \ {\sf HRMS} \ ({\sf EI}): \\ {\sf calcd for} \ C_{25}H_{26}O_3 \ [{\sf M}]^+: \ 374.18765; \ found: \ 374.18782. \end{array}$

3.4.19. Methyl 5-hexyl-4-hydroxy-2,4',6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carbox*ylate* (6s). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5h (600 mg, 1.74 mmol), 3-*p*-tolyl-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4c (457 mg, 1.74 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.19 mL, 1.74 mmol), 6s was obtained as white solid (259 mg, 42%), mp=105-107 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.71 (t, 3H, ³J=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.09–1.34 (m, 8H, 4CH₂), 1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.23 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.51 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.77 (br d, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.03 (br d, 2H, ³J=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.03 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=15.3, 19.4, 22.0, 22.5 (CH₃), 23.8, 27.9, 30.2, 30.9, 32.9 (CH₂), 51.1 (OCH₃), 111.5, 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 130.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 132.1 (2CH_{Ar}), 136.1, 136.5, 138.3, 140.1, 143.0, 160.0 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2953$, 2855, 1933 (w), 1702, 1655, 1593 (m), 1513 (w), 1437, 1378, 1325 (m), 1216 (s), 1141 (m), 1051, 987 (m), 902 (w), 841 (s), 765, 696 (m), 628, 557 (w); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=354 (M⁺, 45), 322 (19), 307 (53), 305 (37), 293 (24), 279 (21), 253 (26), 252 (100), 251 (61), 224 (19), 209 (31), 207 (56), 165 (11); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₃H₃₀O₃ [M]⁺: 354.21895; found: 354.21973.

3.4.20. Methyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carbox*vlate* (6t). Starting with 1.3-bis(silvl enol ether) 5a (600 mg. 2.30 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one 4d (700 mg, 2.30 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.25 mL, 2.30 mmol), 6t was obtained as a colorless solid (373 mg, 52%), mp=66-68 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.87 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 1.32 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.57 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.7 Hz, CH₂), 1.88 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.11 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 3.86 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.69 $(s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.88 (d, 2H, {}^{3}J=8.1 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.14 (d, 2H, {}^{3}J=8.1 Hz, H_{Ar}),$ 10.91 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.0, 20.8, 21.9 (CH₃), 22.4, 33.5, 35.4 (CH₂), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.7 (C_{Ar}), 116.1 (CH_{Ar}), 128.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.2, 137.9, 138.7, 141.3, 144.3, 160.9 (C_{Ar}), 172.3 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2953$, 2856, 1730 (w), 1657 (s), 1599, 1512, 1437, 1376, 1318 (m), 1220 (s), 1113, 1061, 993, 858, 803, 736 (m), 653 (w), 575 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=312 (M⁺, 24), 281 (25), 280 (100), 237 (12), 209 (11), 166 (5), 165 (12), 152 (3); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₄O₃ [M]⁺: 312.17200; found: 312.17167.

3.4.21. Ethyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6u). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5b (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4**d (664 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), 6u was obtained as a colorless solid (320 mg, 45%), mp=73-75 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.88–0.98 (m, 6H, 2CH₃), 1.34 (sextet, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =7.2 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.89 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.59 (t, 2H, ³J=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 4.41 (q, 2H, ³J=7.2 Hz, OCH₂), 6.71 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.90 (d, 2H, ³J=8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.14 (d, 2H, $^{3}J=8.0$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.01 (s, 1H, OH); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta=13.9$, 14.1, 20.9, 21.9 (CH₃), 22.4, 33.5, 35.3 (CH₂), 61.4 (OCH₂), 110.9 (C_{Ar}), 116.0 (CH_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 138.7, 141.2, 142.1, 144.1, 160.9 (C_{Ar}), 171.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2956$, 2858, 1809 (w), 1708 (m), 1654 (s), 1574 (m), 1510 (w), 1462, 1395 (m), 1314, 1221 (s), 1178, 1091, 1012 (m), 931 (w), 859, 802, 737, 653, 573 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=326 (M⁺, 24), 281 (26), 280 (100), 252 (4), 237 (10), 209 (10), 166 (4), 165 (9), 152 (3); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₂₆O₃ [M]⁺: 326.18765; found: 326.18752.

3.4.22. Benzyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6v**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5c** (500 mg, 1.45 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one 4d (442 mg, 1.45 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.16 mL, 1.45 mmol), 6v was obtained as a yellowish solid (215 mg, 38%), mp=64-66 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.89 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 1.31 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.57 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.89 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.57 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 5.33 (s, 2H, OCH₂), 6.70 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 6.91–7.33 (m, 9H, H_{Ar}), 10.93 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR $(75 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: $\delta = 13.9, 21.2, 21.9 (\text{CH}_3), 22.4, 33.5, 35.3 (\text{CH}_2), 67.3$ (OCH₂), 110.6 (C_{Ar}), 116.1 (CH_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 128.5 (CH_{Ar}), 128.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.2, 137.8, 138.8, 141.3, 142.1, 144.4, 161.0 (C_{Ar}), 171.6 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3032$, 2955, 2857, 1760 (w), 1709 (m), 1655 (s), 1573 (m), 1498 (w), 1416, 1344,1289 (m), 1216, 1156 (s), 1088, 1028, 947, 835, 737, 653, 570 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=388 (M⁺, 54), 346 (25), 282 (41), 281 (28), 280 (100), 254 (18), 237 (13), 208 (68), 165 (16), 133 (35); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{26}H_{27}O_3$ [M–H]⁺: 387.19657; found: 387.19655.

3.4.23. Methyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6w). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5d (500 mg, 1.82 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one 4d (554 mg, 1.82 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.82 mmol), 6w was obtained as a colorless solid (344 mg, 58%), mp=68-70 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=0.88 (t, 3H, ³J=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 1.32 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.84 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.13 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 3.85 (s, 2H, OCH₃), 6.87 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J=8.2$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.13 (d, 2H, 3 J=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.21 (s, 1H, OH); 13 C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =12.0, 13.9, 18.7, 20.8 (CH₃), 22.4, 33.6, 35.3 (CH₂), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.2, 122.1 (CAr), 128.4 (2CHAr), 129.6 (2CHAr), 134.9, 135.2, 138.9, 141.1, 142.2, 159.8 (C_{Ar}), 172.9 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3038(w)$, 2955 (m), 2860, 1689 (w), 1649, 1597, 1511, 1431 (m), 1326, 1219 (s), 1141, 1097, 1029 (m), 940 (w), 860 (m), 805 (s), 748, 708, 653, 594, 547 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=326 (M⁺, 31), 295 (25), 294 (100), 293 (8), 266 (6), 251 (21), 237 (14), 223 (10), 209 (10), 179 (7), 165 (13), 152 (2); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₂₆O₃ [M]⁺: 326.18765; found: 326.18774.

3.4.24. Methyl 4'-butyl-5-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3carboxylate (6x). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5e (600 mg, 2.07 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one 4d (630 mg, 2.07 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.07 mmol), 6x was obtained as a colorless solid (387 mg, 55%), mp=81-83 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=0.88 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 1.05 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 1.31 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, ³J=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.87 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.05 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 2.66 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 3.85 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 6.88 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.12 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.15 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.2, 13.9, 18.0 (CH₃), 19.8 (CH₂), 20.9 (CH₃), 22.4, 33.5, 35.4 (CH₂), 51.9 (OCH₃), 110.4, 128.2 (C_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 135.4, 139.0, 141.0, 141.7, 158.7 (C_{Ar}), 172.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2955(m)$, 2871, 1730 (w), 1653 (s), 1593 (m), 1512 (w), 1438, 1376, 1320 (m), 1212 (s), 1141, 1065, 987, 808, 756, 705, 649, 578 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=340 (M⁺, 54), 309 (30), 308 (74), 307 (17), 281 (10), 280 (40), 265 (28), 252 (17), 251 (100), 237 (15), 179 (16), 165 (16); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₂H₂₈O₃ [M]⁺: 340.20330; found: 340.20332.

3.4.25. Methyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-phenethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6**y). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5f** (500 mg, 1.37 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4d** (417 mg, 1.37 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.15 mL, 1.37 mmol), **6y** was obtained as a colorless solid (211 mg, 37%), mp=69–71 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.87 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.32 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, CH₂), 1.78 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.07 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.58 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 2.74 (t, 2H, ³*J*=4.8 Hz, CH₂), 2.92 (t, 2H, ³*J*=4.8 Hz, CH₂), 3.87 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.86 (d, 2H, ³*J*=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.11–7.23 (m, 7H, H_{Ar}), 11.24 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.0, 18.1, 20.9 (CH₃), 22.4, 29.1, 33.6, 35.1, 35.3 (CH₂), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.4 (C_{Ar}), 125.7 (CH_{Ar}), 125.9 (C_{Ar}), 128.2 (2CH_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 128.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 135.8, 138.9, 141.1, 142.0, 142.6, 159.0 (C_{Ar}), 172.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3024(w), 2951 (m), 2859 (w), 1707, 1650, 1599, 1512, 1452, 1405, 1354,1293 (m), 1220 (s), 1160, 1083, 1029, 949, 870, 804, 743 (m), 696 (s), 614, 567 (m); EIMS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=416 (M⁺, 24), 385 (16), 325 (42), 283 (28), 252 (35), 251 (100), 237 (10), 180 (19), 165 (11), 152 (12), 91 (8); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₈H₃₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 417.24242; found: 417.24261.

3.4.26. Methyl 4'-butyl-5-hexyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3carboxylate (6z). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5h (600 mg, 1.74 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one **4d** (530 mg, 1.74 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.19 mL, 1.74 mmol), **6z** was obtained as a yellowish solid (331 mg, 48%), mp=84–85 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.71 (t, 3H, ³J=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 0.78 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₃), 1.09–1.59 (m, 12H, 6CH₂), 1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.47-2.52 (m, 4H, 2CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.78 (d, 2H, ³*J*=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.02 (d, 2H, ³*J*=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.04 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ*=15.2, 15.3, 19.4, 22.1 (CH₃), 23.6, 23.8, 27.9, 30.2, 30.9, 32.9, 34.7, 36.5 (CH₂), 53.0 (OCH₃), 111.5, 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.2, 136.3, 140.3, 142.2, 143.0, 160.0 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2953$, 2855 (m), 1933 (w), 1703 (m), 1654 (s), 1593 (m), 1512 (w), 1438, 1377, 1325 (m), 1213 (s), 1141, 1057, 987 (m), 901 (w), 840, 752, 696, 651, 578 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=396 (M⁺, 42), 365 (25), 335 (35), 294 (100), 293 (54), 251 (18), 237 (29), 209 (19), 165 (11); HRMS (EI); calcd for C₂₆H₃₇O₃ [M+H]⁺: 397.27372; found: 397.27411.

3.4.27. Methyl 4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-nonylbiphenyl-3carboxylate (6aa). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5k (600 mg, 1.55 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one **4d** (472 mg, 1.55 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.17 mL, 1.55 mmol), **6aa** was obtained as a yellowish solid (285 mg, 42%), mp=66–68 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.69 (t, 3H, ³J=6.7 Hz, CH₃), 0.78 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.09–1.58 (m, 18H, 9CH₂), 1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.45-2.53 (m, 4H, 2CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.78 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.03 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.03 (s, 1H, OH); ${}^{13}C$ NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=15.2, 15.3, 19.4, 22.1 (CH₃), 22.8, 23.6, 23.7, 27.8, 30.2, 30.5, 30.7, 30.8, 31.1, 34.8, 36.6 (CH₂), 53.1 (OCH₃), 111.5, 128.2 (C_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 136.2, 136.5, 140.2, 142.2, 143.0, 160.0 (C_{Ar}), 174.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2953, 2853$ (m), 1731 (w), 1654 (s), 1593 (m), 1512 (w), 1438 (m), 1325, 1212 (s), 1140, 1058, 987 (m), 887 (w), 807, 752, 651, 578 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): $m/z(\%) = 438(M^+, 38), 406(22), 391(30), 389(32), 349(56), 335(51),$ 295 (20), 294 (100), 293 (50), 251 (14), 237 (22), 209 (15), 165 (15); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₉H₄₂O₃ [M]⁺: 438.64583; found: 438.64927.

3.4.28. *Methyl* 5-*allyl*-4'-*butyl*-4-*hydroxy*-2,6-*dimethylbiphenyl*-3*carboxylate* (**6ab**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5I** (600 mg, 1.99 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one **4d** (606 mg, 1.99 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.21 mL, 1.99 mmol), **6ab** was obtained as a yellowish solid (386 mg, 55%), mp=74–76 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.78 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.18 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.45 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 1.75 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.47 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 3.32 (d, 2H, ³*J*=5.7 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.76–4.98 (m, 2H, =CH₂), 5.72– 5.85 (m, 1H, =CH), 6.78 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.1 Hz, H_Ar), 7.03 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.1 Hz, H_Ar), 11.09 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =15.1, 19.4, 22.1 (CH₃), 23.5, 30.8, 34.7, 36.5 (CH₂), 53.2 (OCH₃), 111.7 (C_{Ar}), 115.7 (=CH₂), 124.8 (C_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.2, 136.4 (C_{Ar}), 137.0 (=CH), 140.0, 142.3, 143.8, 159.9 (C_{Ar}), 173.9 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2955, 2926 (m), 2856 (w), 1656, 1595 (m), 1512 (w), 1438, 1325, 1287 (m), 1219 (s), 1139, 1059, 993, 911, 833, 750, 654, 565 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=353 (19), 352 (M⁺, 88), 320 (88), 305 (65), 292 (100), 263 (48), 249 (61), 235 (35), 203 (32), 179 (25), 165 (10), 152 (11), 129 (31); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₃H₂₈O₃ [M]⁺: 352.20330; found: 352.20362.

3.4.29. Methyl 5-(but-3-envl)-4'-butyl-4-hydroxy-2.6-dimethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6ac**). Starting with 1.3-bis(silvl enol ether) **5i** (500 mg, 1.58 mmol), 3-(4-butvlphenvl)-4-(trimethylsilvloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4d (481 mg, 1.58 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.17 mL, 1.58 mmol), **6ac** was obtained as a yellowish solid (306 mg, 53%), mp=76-78 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.79 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.20 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.44 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.10-2.13 (m, 2H, CH₂), 2.46 (t, 2H, ³J=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 2.62 (t, 2H, ³J=7.6 Hz, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.77-4.92 (m, 2H, =CH₂), 5.69-5.83 (m, 1H, =CH), 6.78 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.02 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.0 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.07 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=13.9, 18.3, 20.9 (CH₃), 22.4, 26.2, 33.0, 33.6, 35.3 (CH₂), 52.0 (OCH₃), 110.4 (C_{Ar}), 114.4 (=CH₂), 126.0 (C_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.6 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 135.7 (C_{Ar}), 138.8 (=CH), 139.0, 141.1, 142.1, 158.9 (C_{Ar}), 172.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2954(m)$, 2858, 2667, 1786 (w), 1710, 1655, 1606 (m), 1511 (w), 1438, 1377, 1324, 1286 (m), 1216 (s), 1157, 1058, 991, 906, 807 (m), 751, 700 (s), 634 (w), 576 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=367 (33), 366 (M⁺, 100), 335 (25), 333 (12), 305 (9), 293 (24), 277 (11), 249 (11), 235 (29), 203 (10), 179 (9), 165 (9), 152 (6), 115 (9); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₄H₃₀O₃ [M]⁺: 366.21895; found: 366.21880.

3.4.30. Methyl 4'-butyl-5-chloro-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3*carboxylate* (**6ad**). Starting with 1.3-bis(silvl enol ether) **5i** (600 mg. 2.06 mmol), 3-(4-butylphenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2one 4d (627 mg, 2.06 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.06 mmol), 6ad was obtained as a light yellowish solid (250 mg, 35%), mp=71-73 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =0.96 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.40 (sextet, 2H, ³*J*=7.3 Hz, CH₂), 1.64 (quintet, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 2.09 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.65 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.4 Hz, CH₂), 3.98 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 6.97 (d, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.24 (d, 2H, ³*J*=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.37 (s, 1H, OH); 13 C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.9, 19.6, 20.7 (CH₃), 22.4, 33.5, 35.3 (CH₂), 52.4 (OCH₃), 112.1, 120.2 (C_{Ar}), 128.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.4 (2CH_{Ar}), 135.6, 139.5, 137.7, 141.6, 142.1, 156.0 (C_{Ar}), 172.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3412(w)$, 2955 (m), 2858, 2671, 2551, 1807 (w), 1706, 1666, 1605 (m), 1553 (w), 1416, 1353, 1285 (m), 1217 (s), 1157, 1102, 1001, 899, 805, 750, 697, 571 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=348 (M⁺, ³⁷Cl, 7), 346 (M⁺, ³⁵Cl, 23), 316 (38), 315 (24), 314 (100), 271 (17), 243 (6), 237 (10), 166 (3), 165 (9), 152 (3); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₃ClO₃ [M]⁺: 346.13302; found: 346.13295.

3.4.31. 4'-Ethyl 3-methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate (Gae). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5a (500 mg, 1.91 mmol), ethyl 4-(4-oxo-2-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-2-en-3yl)benzoate 4e (612 mg, 1.91 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.21 mL, 1.91 mmol), **6ae** was obtained as colorless solid (376 mg, 60%), mp=86-87 $^{\circ}$ C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.42 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.0 Hz, CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.95 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.41 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.0 Hz, OCH₂), 6.78 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.18 (d, 2H, ³J=8.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 8.12 (d, 2H, $^{3}J=8.5$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.05 (s, 1H, OH); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.3, 20.7, 21.7 (CH₃), 52.0 (OCH₃), 61.0 (OCH₂), 110.9 (C_{Ar}), 116.4 (CH_{Ar}), 129.1 (C_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 134.0, 138.1, 143.3, 145.8, 161.2 (C_{Ar}), 166.4, 172.0 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2981$, 2954, 1712 (w), 1659, 1607, 1440, 1351, 1321 (m), 1269 (s), 1175 (m), 1099 (s), 993, 907, 804 (m), 727 (s), 647 (m), 564 (w); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=328 (M⁺, 25), 297 (23), 296 (100), 268 (11), 165 (11), 152 (11); HRMS (EI): calcd for $C_{19}H_{20}O_5$ [M]⁺: 328.13053; found: 328.13047.

3.4.32. Diethyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbiphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate (**6af**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5b** (500 mg, 1.82 mmol),

ethyl 4-(4-oxo-2-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-2-en-3-yl)benzoate **4e** (583 mg, 1.82 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.82 mmol), **6af** was obtained as colorless solid (280 mg, 45%), mp=87-88 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.38 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.43 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.19 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.38 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 4.44 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 6.78 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.17 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}), 8.12 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.4 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.11 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =14.0, 14.2, 20.7, 21.6 (CH₃), 60.8, 61.4 (OCH₂), 110.9 (C_{Ar}), 116.2 (CH_{Ar}), 128.9 (C_{Ar}), 129.7 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.8 (2CH_{Ar}), 133.9, 138.0, 143.0, 145.7, 161.2 (C_{Ar}), 166.3, 171.5 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2987, 2937, 1717 (w), 1651, 1598 (m), 1513 (w), 1443, 1371, 1313, 1271 (m), 1226 (s), 1178 (m), 1091 (s), 1019 (m), 964 (w), 856, 801 (m), 711 (s), 647, 597, 561 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%)=342 (M⁺, 23), 297 (29), 296 (100), 268 (10), 165 (9), 152 (9); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₅ [M]⁺: 342.14618; found: 342.14621.

3.4.33. 4'-Ethyl 3-methyl 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trimethylbiphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate (6ag). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5d (600 mg, 2.18 mmol), ethyl 4-(4-oxo-2-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-2en-3-yl)benzoate 4e (698 mg, 2.18 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.24 mL, 2.18 mmol), 6ag was obtained as colorless solid (320 mg, 43%), mp=98-100 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.42 (t, 3H, ³J=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.89 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.11 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.94 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.41 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 7.16 (d, 2H, ³*J*=8.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 8.09 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =8.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.36 (s, 1H, OH); ${}^{13}C$ NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =12.0, 14.4, 18.7, 20.8 (CH₃), 52.1 (OCH₃), 61.0 (OCH₂), 110.3, 122.5, 129.0 (CAr), 129.8 (2CHAr), 130.1 (2CHAr), 133.8, 134.7, 141.6, 147.0, 159.3 (C_{Ar}), 166.6, 172.7 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 2954, 2871$ (w), 1714 (s), 1650, 1608 (m), 1565, 1504 (w), 1435, 1358, 1307, 1258 (m), 1220 (s), 1142 (m), 1096 (s), 1026, 968, 871 (m), 802, 714 (s), 644, 580 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=342 (M⁺, 23), 311 (29), 310 (100), 309 (10), 265 (10), 267 (21), 237 (13), 209 (17), 195 (10), 166 (10), 165 (21), 152 (6), 132 (9); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₅ [M]⁺: 342.14618; found: 342.14631.

3.4.34. 4'-Ethyl 3-methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-phenethylbiphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate (6ah). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5f (500 mg, 1.37 mmol), ethyl 4-(4-oxo-2-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-2-en-3-yl)benzoate 4e (439 mg, 1.37 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.15 mL, 1.37 mmol), 6ah was obtained as colorless solid (207 mg, 35%), mp=100-102 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.42 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.80 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.83 (t, 2H, ³*J*=5.0 Hz, CH₂), 3.00 (t, 2H, ³J=5.0 Hz, CH₂), 3.95 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.40 (q, 2H, ³J=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 7.17– 7.30 (m, 7H, H_{Ar}), 8.09 (d, 2H, ³J=8.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.39 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=14.4, 18.1, 20.9 (CH₃), 29.1, 35.1 (CH₂), 52.2 (OCH₃), 61.0 (OCH₂), 110.5 (C_{Ar}), 125.8 (CH_{Ph}), 126.2 (C_{Ar}), 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 128.5 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.0 (2CH_{Ar}), 129.9 (2CH_{Ar}), 130.0 (2CH_{Ar}), 134.1, 135.3, 141.4, 142.4, 147.0, 159.5 (C_{Ar}), 166.6, 172.7 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3054, 2952, 2871 (w), 1711, 1645 (m), 1562 (w), 1495, 1437, 1363, 1268 (m), 1219 (s), 1143 (m), 1093 (s), 1022, 969, 877, 807, 753 (m), 699 (s), 628, 566 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=432 (M⁺, 8), 385 (19), 384 (31), 383 (100), 355 (15), 309 (42), 266 (26), 251 (49), 207 (31), 179 (18), 178 (19), 165 (23), 91 (56), 29 (35); HRMS (ESI-TOF): calcd for C₂₇H₂₉O₅ [M+H]⁺: 433.20095; found: 433.20142.

3.4.35. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)-biphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6ai**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5a** (600 mg, 2.30 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4f** (727 mg, 2.30 mmol), and TiCl4 (0.25 mL, 2.30 mmol), **6ai** was obtained as white solid (320 mg, 43%), mp=104-105 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.95 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.79 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br d, 1H, ³J_{H,H}=7.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.37 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.55 (br t, 1H, ³J_{H,H}=7.5, 7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.62 (br d, 1H, ³J_{H,H}=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.06 (s, 1H, OH); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =-62.5; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =20.9, 21.9 (CH₃), 52.2 (OCH₃), 110.9 (C_{Ar}), 116.6, 123.7 (³J_{CF}=3.4 Hz) (CH_{Ar}), 124.1 $({}^{1}J_{C,F}=271.3 \text{ Hz}, C_{CF3})$, 126.5 $({}^{3}J_{C,F}=3.8 \text{ Hz})$, 129.1 (CH_{Ar}), 130.6 $({}^{2}J_{C,F}=31.6 \text{ Hz}, C_{Ar})$, 133.4 $({}^{4}J_{C,F}=1.6 \text{ Hz}, CH_{Ar})$, 133.5, 138.5, 141.7, 143.7, 161.4 (C_{Ar}), 172.2 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3013$, 2955 (w), 1651, 1597, 1444, 1357 (m), 1306 (s), 1229 (m), 1157 (s), 1108 (m), 1072 (s), 1008, 944, 860 (m), 804, 708 (s), 656, 578 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (\%)=324 (M⁺, 28), 293 (24), 292 (100), 264 (18), 167 (7), 165 (11), 152 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₇H₁₆F₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 325.10461; found: 325.10479.

3.4.36. Ethyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)-biphenyl-3-carboxylate (6aj). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5b (500 mg, 1.82 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4f (576 mg, 1.82 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.82 mmol), 6aj was obtained as white solid (215 mg, 35%), mp=88–89 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.40 (t, 3H, ³J=7.1 Hz, CH₃), 1.93 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.19 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.43 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, OCH₂), 6.79 (s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.28 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.36 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.53 (br t, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.5, 7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.60 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.14 (s, 1H, OH): ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -62.5$; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 14.1$, 20.9, 21.9 (CH₃), 61.7 (OCH₂), 111.1 (C_{Ar}), 116.6, 123.7 (³J_{C,F}=3.6 Hz) (CH_{Ar}), 124.1 $({}^{1}J_{C,F}=271.8 \text{ Hz}, C_{CF3})$, 126.6 $({}^{3}J_{C,F}=3.6 \text{ Hz})$, 129.7 (CH_{Ar}) , 130.6 $({}^{2}J_{C,F}=32.4 \text{ Hz}, C_{Ar})$, 133.3 $({}^{4}J_{C,F}=1.5 \text{ Hz}, CH_{Ar})$, 133.5, 138.6, 141.7, 143.5, 161.5 (C_{Ar}), 171.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm^{-1}): $\tilde{\nu} = 3071$, 2985, 2872 (w), 1650, 1595, 1467, 1400, 1349 (m), 1304, 1228, 1166, 1114 (s), 1065, 1007, 928, 874 (m), 804 (s), 761 (m), 709 (s), 655, 578 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=338 (M⁺, 26), 293 (26), 292 (100), 264 (14), 263 (5), 167 (5), 165 (8), 152 (4); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₈H₁₇F₃O₃ [M]⁺: 338.11243; found: 338.11236.

3.4.37. Methyl ethyl 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-trimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)*biphenyl-3-carboxylate* (**6ak**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5m (600 mg, 2.07 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4f (655 mg, 2.07 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.22 mL, 2.07 mmol), **6ak** was obtained as white solid (270 mg, 37%), mp=100-102 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.32 (t, 3H, ³J=7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.82 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.35 (q, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ =7.2 Hz, OCH₂), 7.20 (br d, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.4 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.45 (br t, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.4, 7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.53 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.33 (s, 1H, OH); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -62.5$; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 11.9$, 14.1, 18.7, 20.9 (CH₃), 61.6 (OCH₂), 110.6, 122.6 (C_{Ar}), 123.5 (³J_{C,F}=3.5 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 124.1 $({}^{1}J_{C,F}=270.7 \text{ Hz}, C_{CF3}), 126.7 ({}^{3}J_{C,F}=4.0 \text{ Hz}), 129.0 (CH_{Ar}), 130.9$ $({}^{2}J_{C,F}=31.9 \text{ Hz})$, 133.2 (C_{Ar}), 133.4 (${}^{4}J_{C,F}=1.6 \text{ Hz}$, CH_{Ar}), 135.0, 141.6, 142.7, 159.4 (C_{Ar}), 172.2 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3018$, 2925, 2854 (w), 1642, 1596, 1492, 1435, 1379, 1332, 1220, 1160 (m), 1114, 1074 (s), 1030, 928, 869 (m), 802, 710 (s), 648, 580 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=352 (M⁺, 31), 307 (29), 306 (100), 305 (61), 278 (26), 264 (9), 263 (34), 235 (9), 209 (5), 166 (7), 165 (11), 152 (3); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₉H₁₉F₃O₃ [M]⁺: 352.12808; found: 352.12847.

3.4.38. Methyl 5-ethyl-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6al**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5e** (500 mg, 1.73 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4f** (547 mg, 1.73 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.19 mL, 1.73 mmol), **6al** was obtained as white solid (286 mg, 47%), mp=113-115 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.06 (t, 3H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₃), 1.84 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.67 (q, 2H, ³*J*=7.5 Hz, CH₂), 3.87 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 7.21 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.6 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.46 (br t, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.9, 7.6 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.53 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.9 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.22 (s, 1H, OH); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =-62.5; ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.2, 17.9 (CH₃), 19.7 (CH₂), 20.8 (CH₃), 52.1 (OCH₃), 110.1, 123.5 (³*J*_{C,F}=4.0 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 124.1 (¹*J*_{C,F}=270.6 Hz, C_{CF3}), 126.6 (³*J*_{C,F}=3.3 Hz), 128.7 (C_{Ar}), 129.0 (CH_{Ar}), 130.9 (²*J*_{C,F}=32.1 Hz), 133.3 (C_{Ar}), 133.4 (⁴*J*_{C,F}=1.1 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 135.1, 141.0, 142.7, 159.3 (C_{Ar}), 172.6 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3064$ (w), 2954 (m), 2852 (w), 1650, 1596 (m), 1490 (w), 1439, 1360 (m), 1308, 1220 (s), 1159 (m), 1108 (s), 1036, 965 (m), 855 (w), 806 (s), 710, 651, 577 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=353 (9), 352 (M⁺, 42), 321 (26), 320 (100), 293 (10), 292 (59), 277 (29), 263 (10), 179 (6),178 (6), 165 (14), 152 (4); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₉H₁₉F₃O₃ [M]⁺: 352.12808; found: 352.12838.

3.4.39. Methyl 4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-5-phenethylbiphenyl-3-carboxylate (6am). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5h (500 mg, 1.45 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4f (458 mg, 1.45 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.16 mL, 1.45 mmol), 6am was obtained as a light yellowish solid (254 mg, 43%), mp=96-97 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=0.71 (t, 3H, ³J=7.0 Hz, CH₃), 1.08-1.33 (m, 8H, 4CH₂), 1.73 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.92 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.52 (t, 2H, ${}^{3}J=6.9$ Hz, CH₂), 3.76 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 7.21 (br d, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}=7.5$ Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.46 (br t, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.8, 7.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.54 (br d, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{\text{H,H}}$ =7.8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.10 (s, 1H, OH); ${}^{19}\text{F}$ NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -62.5$; ¹³C NMR (62 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 15.3$, 19.4, 22.1 (CH₃), 23.8, 27.8, 30.2, 30.9, 33.0 (CH₂), 53.0 (OCH₃), 111.7 (C_{Ar}), 124.7 (³J_{C,F}=3.8 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 125.6 (¹*J*_{CF}=270.8 Hz, C_{CF3}), 127.8 (³*J*_{CF}=3.8 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 128.8 (C_{Ar}), 130.2 (CH_{Ar}), 132.5 (²*J*_{CF}=32.3 Hz), 134.5 (C_{Ar}), 134.6 (⁴*J*_{CF}=1.5 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 136.3, 142.4, 144.0, 160.6 (C_{Ar}), 173.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} =$ 2955, 2857, 1933 (w), 1703, 1656, 1592, 1490, 1437, 1317, 1215 (m), 1123, 1071 (s), 1002, 958, 903, 805 (m), 704 (s), 652, 579 (m); MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=409 (11), 408 (M⁺, 48), 376 (18), 361 (45), 359 (41), 347 (24), 333 (20), 319 (20), 306 (100), 305 (94), 278 (16), 263 (14), 165 (11); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₃H₂₇F₃O₃ [M]⁺: 408.19068; found: 408.19096.

3.4.40. Methyl 5-(but-3-enyl)-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-3-carboxylate (Gan). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) 5i (600 mg, 1.90 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one 4f (601 mg, 1.90 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.20 mL, 1.90 mmol), **6an** was obtained as light yellowish solid (316 mg, 44%), mp=86-87 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.84 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.20 (br q, 2H, ³*J*=6.7 Hz, CH₂), 2.74 (t, 2H, ³*J*=7.7 Hz, CH₂), 3.87 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.88-5.03 (m, 2H, =CH₂), 5.79-5.93 (m, 1H, =CH), 7.21 (br d, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.47 (br t, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.5, 7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.53 (br d, 1H, ${}^{3}J_{H,H}$ =7.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.24 (s, 1H, OH); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -62.5$; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=18.3, 20.9 (CH₃), 26.2, 32.9 (CH₂), 52.1 (OCH₃), 110.6 (C_{Ar}), 114.5 (=CH₂), 123.5 (³*J*_{C,F}=3.8 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 124.1 (¹*J*_{C,F}=271.2 Hz, C_{CF3}), 126.5 (C_{Ar}), 126.7 (${}^{3}J_{CF}$ =3.8 Hz), 129.0 (CH_{Ar}), 131.0 (${}^{2}J_{CF}$ =31.8 Hz), 133.4 (C_{Ar}), 133.5 (⁴*J*_{C,F}=3.2 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 135.1 (C_{Ar}), 138.6 (=CH), 141.3, 142.7, 159.5 (C_{Ar}), 172.6 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3075, 3075, 2953, 1731$ (w), 1655, 1591, 1439 (m), 1317 (s), 1214 (m), 1122 (s), 1071, 1001 (m), 908 (s), 849, 806, 758, 708, 652 (m), 588 (w); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): *m*/*z* (%)=378 (M⁺, 8), 338 (5), 337 (25), 307 (3), 306 (19), 305 (100), 277 (4), 234 (2), 233 (4), 209 (3), 165 (9), 152 (2); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₂₁F₃O₃ [M]⁺: 378.14373; found: 378.14378.

3.4.41. *Methyl* 5-chloro-4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-3-carboxylate (**6ao**). Starting with 1,3-bis(silyl enol ether) **5j** (500 mg, 1.69 mmol), 3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-(trimethylsilyloxy)pent-3-en-2-one **4f** (535 mg, 1.69 mmol), and TiCl₄ (0.18 mL, 1.69 mmol), **6ao** was obtained as light yellowish crystalline solid (194 mg, 32%), mp=92-94 °C. ¹H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.97 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.90 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 7.21 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=6.7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.29 (br s, 1H, H_{Ar}), 7.45 (br t, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=6.7, 7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.54 (br d, 1H, ³*J*_{H,H}=7.2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 11.38 (s, 1H, OH); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =-62.5; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =18.5, 19.7 (CH₃), 51.5 (OCH₃), 113.0 (C_{Ar}), 122.9 (¹*J*_{C,F}=271.1 Hz, C_{CF3}), 123.4 (³*J*_{C,F}=3.6 Hz), 126.8 (³*J*_{C,F}=3.8 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 128.4 (CH_{Ar}), 130.3 (²*J*_{C,F}=31.9 Hz), 132.9 (C_{Ar}), 133.6 (⁴*J*_{C,F}=1.6 Hz, CH_{Ar}), 135.3, 140.1, 140.5, 155.6 (C_{Ar}), 170.8 (C=O); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3066, 2961, 2852 (w), 1650, 1587, 1490, 1403, 1303, 1224, 1175 (m), 1120, 1069 (s),1009, 904 (m), 806, 702 (s), 649, 544 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=360 (M⁺, ³⁷Cl, 6), 358 (M⁺, ³⁵Cl, 25), 328 (36), 327 (27), 326 (100), 235 (6), 165 (13), 153 (4), 152 (2); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₇H₁₄ClF₃O₃ [M]⁺:358.05781; found: 358.05738.

3.4.42. *Methyl* 5'-hydroxy-[1,1';3',1"]terphenyl-4'-carboxylate (**8a**). Starting with **7** (430 mg, 1.65 mmol), **5a** (444 mg, 1.5 mmol), TiCl₄ (0.2 mL, 1.65 mmol), and CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL), **8a** was isolated as a highly viscous colorless oil (201 mg, 40%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =3.40 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.96–7.54 (m, 12H, ArH), 10.75 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =52.1 (OCH₃), 111.1, 115.1, 122.0, 127.3 (ArCH), 127.6, 128.0, 128.5 (2C, ArCH), 128.9 (ArCH), 129.3 (2C, ArCH), 139.7, 143.2, 145.8, 146.8, 162.3 (ArCH), 171.7 (C); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3426(m), 3083 (w), 3054 (m), 3025 (m), 2947 (m), 1664 (s), 1597 (m), 1553 (m), 1491 (w), 1437 (s), 1386 (s), 1354 (m), 1319 (s), 1256 (s), 1230 (s), 1198 (m), 1142 (s), 1014 (m), 776 (m), 767 (m), 702 (s); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%): 304 (40), 273 (23), 272 (M⁺, 100), 245 (9), 244 (38), 216 (11), 215 (54), 213 (8), 202 (3), 189 (3), 152 (5), 139 (3), 122 (6), 113 (4), 107 (16), 94 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₁₆O₃ [M⁺]: 304.10940; found 304.109762.

3.4.43. 1-(5'-Hydroxy-[1,1';3',1'']terphenyl-4'-yl)-ethanone(**8b**). Starting with **7** (403 mg, 1.65 mmol), **5k** (444 mg, 1.5 mmol), TiCl₄ (0.2 mL, 1.65 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL), **8b** was isolated as a highly viscous colorless oil (194 mg, 41%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.80 (s, 3H, CH₃), 6.79–7.93 (m, 12H, ArH), 11.87 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =28.6 (CH₃), 114.1, 116.3, 118.8, 120.3, 122.4 (ArCH), 126.2 (2C, ArCH), 127.7 (ArCH), 127.9 (2C, ArCH), 131.4, 134.5, 138.2, 142.2, 144.3 145.6, 160.8, 184.7 (ArCH), 205.6 (C); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3425(m), 3086 (w), 3054 (m), 3025 (m), 2946 (m), 1665 (s), 1596 (m), 1554 (m), 1492 (w), 1437 (s), 1386 (s), 1354 (m), 1319 (s), 1230 (s), 1198 (m), 1142 (s), 1014 (m), 776 (m), 767 (m), 702 (s); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): *m/z* (%): 288 (M⁺, 100), 245 (9), 244 (38), 216 (11), 215 (54), 213 (8), 202 (3), 189 (3), 152 (5), 139 (3), 122 (6), 113 (4), 107 (16), 94 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₁₆O₂ [M⁺]: 288.10632; found 288.105768.

3.4.44. Methyl 5'-hydroxy-6'-methyl-[1,1';3',1"]terphenyl-4'-carboxylate (8c). Starting with 7 (453 mg, 1.65 mmol), 5d (444 mg, 1.5 mmol), TiCl₄ (0.2 mL, 1.65 mmol), and CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL), 8c was isolated as a highly viscous colorless oil (223 mg, 37%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ=2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.39 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.66−7.29 (m, 11H, ArH), 11.05 (s, 1H, OH); 13 C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =13.7 (CH₃), 52.1 (OCH₃), 110.4, 123.7, 124.2, 127.1, 127.6 (ArCH), 127.9, 128.0, 128.5 (2C, ArCH), 141.2, 141.9, 143.3, 145.3, 144.5, 147.5, 160.6 (ArCH), 172.3 (C); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3426(m)$, 3087 (w), 3052 (m), 3028 (m), 2947 (m), 1664 (s), 1597 (m), 1556 (m), 1493 (w), 1437 (s), 1386 (s), 1359 (m), 1320 (s), 1256 (s), 1230 (s), 1198 (m), 1143 (s), 1014 (m), 776 (m), 767 (m), 702 (s); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%): 318 (M⁺, 100), 300 (20), 288 (4), 276 (3), 245 (9), 244 (38), 216 (11), 215 (54), 213 (8), 202 (9), 189 (7), 152 (3), 139 (9), 122 (8), 113 (6), 107 (16), 94 (7); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₁₈O₃ [M⁺]: 318.10654; found 318.10976.

3.5. Synthesis of 3-ethoxy-1,2-diphenylprop-2-en-1-one (10)

Deoxybenzoin (2.0 g, 10.2 mmol) was added to a mixture of triethyl orthoformate (2.5 mL) and acetic anhydride (2.5 mL) and the mixture was heated under reflux for 8 h. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified by chromatography (silica gel, *n*-heptane/EtOAc) to give **10** as a pale green oil (1.28 g, 50%, 92:8 mixture of geometric isomers, only NMR data of the major isomer are listed). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =1.23 (t, ³*J*=7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 3.97 (q, ³*J*=7.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 7.13–7.32 (m, 10H, CH_{Ar}), 7.54–7.55 (br s, 1H, CH); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ =15.4 (CH₃), 70.9 (OCH₂), 121.2 (C), 127.0, 127.9, 128.1, 129.3, 130.1, 131.3 (CH_{Ar}), 133.9,

139.7 (C_{Ar}), 160.8 (CH), 195.9 (CO); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3434$ (w), 3056 (w), 2978 (w), 2930 (w), 2895 (w), 1725 (w), 1627 (w), 1656 (m), 1614 (m), 1596 (m), 1495 (w), 1445 (m), 1381 (w), 1299 (m), 1277 (m), 1224 (s), 1175 (m), 1143 (m), 1082 (m), 1014 (m), 909 (m), 836 (m), 798 (w), 763 (m), 763 (m), 694 (s), 663 (m), 643 (m), 606 (w); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=253 (19), 252 ([M]⁺, 100), 224 (13), 223 (61), 178 (10), 167 (13), 165 (20), 146 (12), 105 (61), 102 (10), 77 (38); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₁₇H₁₇O₂ ([M+H]⁺): 253.1223; found: 253.1224.

3.6. Synthesis of 11a,b

The reactions were carried out following the procedure given for the synthesis of **6**.

3.6.1. Methyl 5,6-diphenylsalicylate (11a). Starting with 10 (0.378 g, 1.5 mmol) and 5a (0.429 g, 1.65 mmol), 11a was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, n-heptane/EtOAc) as a pale yellowish solid (0.319 g, 70%), mp=119-121 °C.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =3.32 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.83–6.90 (m, 4H, CH_{Ar}), 7.00–7.10 (m, 7H, CH_{Ar}), 7.35 (d, ³J=8.9 Hz, 1H, CH_{Ar}), 10.32 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ =52.0 (OCH₃), 113.5 (C_{Ar}), 116.6, 126.0, 126.3, 127.1, 127.5, 129.7, 129.9 (CH_{Ar}), 134.0 (C_{Ar}), 135.9 (CHAr), 140.6, 140.9, 142.1 (CAr), 160.5 (COH), 171.7 (CO); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3052(w)$, 2922 (w), 2851 (w), 1814 (w), 1738 (w), 1664 (s), 1590 (m), 1493 (m), 1435 (s), 1317 (s), 1259 (m), 1216 (s), 1141 (m), 1094 (m), 1073 (m), 1024 (w), 960 (m), 901 (m), 847 (m), 813 (m), 748 (s), 720 (m), 695 (s), 640 (m), 598 (m), 576 (m), 547 (m); GC-MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=304 ([M]⁺, 34), 273 (21), 272 (100), 244 (10), 215 (40), 107 (12); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₀H₁₇O₃ ([M+H]⁺): 305.1172; found: 305.1175.

3.6.2. Methyl 3-methyl-5,6-diphenylsalicylate (11b). Starting with 10 (0.378 g, 1.5 mmol) and 5d (0.453 g, 1.65 mmol), 11b was isolated after chromatography (silica gel, *n*-heptane/EtOAc) as a white solid $(0.382 \text{ g}, 80\%), \text{mp}=150-152 \circ \text{C}.$ ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta=2.20$ (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.22 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.72–6.80 (m, 4H, CH_{Ar}), 6.88–6.97 (m, 6H, CH_{Ar}), 7.14 (s, 1H, CH_{Ar}), 10.47 (s, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ=15.9 (CH₃), 51.7 (OCH₃), 112.7, 125.6 (C_{Ar}), 125.9, 126.1, 127.1, 127.5, 129.7, 129.9 (CHAr), 133.3 (CAr), 136.9 (CHAr), 139.5, 140.9, 141.1 (C_{Ar}), 158.4 (COH), 172.0 (CO); IR (neat, cm⁻¹): $\tilde{\nu} = 3071(w), 3021(w), 2920(m), 2851(w), 1665(m), 1653(m),$ 1607 (w), 1568 (w), 1492 (w), 1436 (m), 1404 (m), 1377 (m), 1338 (m), 1301 (m), 1237 (m), 1209 (m), 1156 (m), 1070 (m), 1014 (m), 984 (m), 917 (w), 902 (m), 884 (w), 842 (w), 811 (m), 772 (m), 757 (s), 698 (s), 645 (m), 613 (m), 563 (m); GC–MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%)=319 (9), 318 ([M]⁺, 38), 287 (23), 286 (100), 285 (41), 257 (12), 229 (13), 228 (14), 215 (14); HRMS (EI): calcd for C₂₁H₁₉O₃ ([M+H]⁺): 319.1329: found: 319.1329.

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