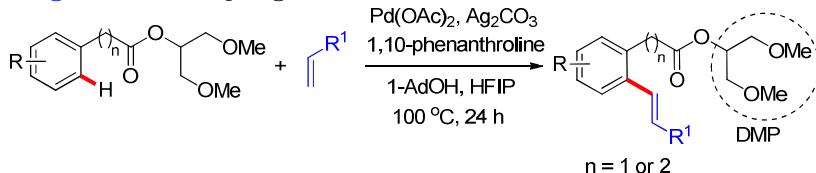


Palladium-Catalyzed *ortho*-Olefination of Phenyl Acetic and Phenyl Propylacetic Esters via C–H Bond Activation

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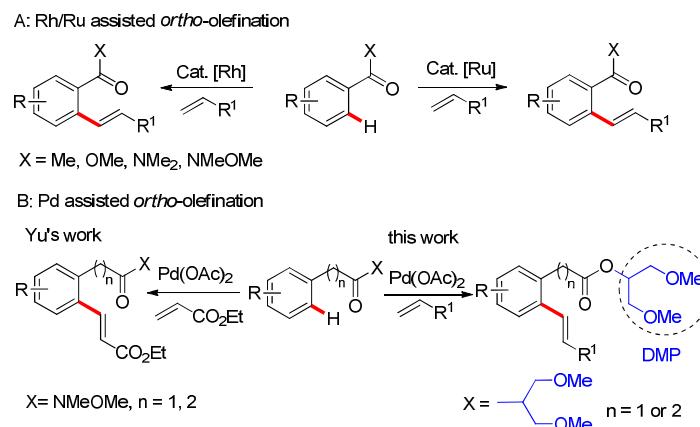
ABSTRACT: A highly regioselective palladium-catalyzed ester-directed *ortho*-olefination of phenyl acetic and propionic esters with olefins via C–H bond activation has been developed. A wide variety of phenyl acetic- and propionic esters were tolerated in this transformation, affording the corresponding olefinated aromatic compounds. The *ortho*-olefination of heterocyclic acetic and propionic esters also took place smoothly giving the products in good yields, thus proving the potential utility of this protocol in synthetic chemistry.

INTRODUCTION

Directing group-assisted C–H functionalization has emerged as a powerful method of synthesis in organic chemistry, with wide application in total synthesis, medicinal chemistry, and material chemistry.¹ From literature, highly regioselective Pd-catalyzed C–H transformation has been accomplished via cyclopalladation using amides,² acids,³ oximes,⁴ and hydroxyls⁵ as directing groups. Although a variety of directing groups have been developed,^{6–9} the ester-assisted oxidative Heck reaction is not well explored (Scheme 1A).¹⁰ In a ground-breaking research, Chang and co-workers first reported that the ester unit can be employed as directing group in the Rh (III)-catalyzed olefination of benzoates.¹¹ In 2012, Ackermann and co-workers also reported a ruthenium (II) complex catalyzed oxidative olefination of arenes using weakly coordinated esters as directing groups.¹² Very recently, Yu and co-workers¹³ described the use of Weinreb amides/esters as effective directing groups and monoprotected amino acid as ligand in the Pd-catalyzed directed *ortho*-C–H olefination of phenylacetic acids derivatives. In spite of these

significant progresses, developing an ester as directing group in assisted *ortho*-C–H transformation of phenylpropionic acid is still desirable. As functional group/directing group, esters are widely available and can be readily converted to amides, alcohols, or carbonyl compounds.^{14–15} These advantages make them better than other reported amide types of directing group which usually need to go through introduction and removal processes.^{16–17} Herein, we report a palladium-catalyzed ester-directed C–H olefination reaction of synthetically useful phenyl acetic¹⁸ and propionic¹⁹ acid derivatives employing 1,10-phenanthroline as ligand (Scheme 1B). Notably, heterocyclic acetic and propionic acids reacted well under mild conditions giving corresponding products in good yields.

Scheme 1. Weakly Coordinated Directing Group-assisted C–H Transformation



RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

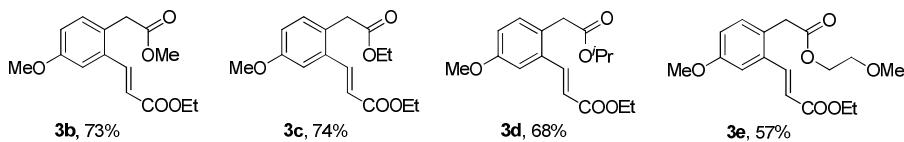
We commenced our studies by exploring the effects of solvents (for detailed information see supporting information), ligands, oxidants, and additives on the palladium-catalyzed regioselective oxidative olefination of phenylacetic ester **1a** with acrylate **2a**. Initially, starting materials **1a** and **2a** were reacted in the presence of Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (2 equiv) in hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) at 100 °C for 24 h. The isolated yield of the desired *ortho*-olefinated product **3a** was 11%. The addition of different additives, such as PivOH, 1-AdOH (1-Adamantane carboxylic acid), PPh₃, pyridine, all gave unsatisfactory yields (Table 1, entries 1–5). Expectedly, the addition of Ac-Gly-OH, which is well known to improve the reactivity of the palladium center in weakly coordinated functional group²⁰ assisted C–H functionalization, greatly improved the yield

of product (entry 6). Other bidentate ligands were also screened, and 1,10-phenanthroline exhibited the best promoting effect, thus affording the highly regioselective product **3a** in 73% yield (entry 7). Also, oxidants such as AgOAc, Ag₂O, O₂/Cu(OAc)₂, O₂/BQ, K₂S₂O₈ were all tested, but still silver carbonate turned out to be the best (entries 8-12). Interestingly, further improvement could be observed when 1-AdOH and 1,10-phenanthroline were both employed in the reaction (entries 13-15). Experiment also showed that no reaction could take place in the absence of palladium catalyst. It is worthy to note that a variety of phenylacetic esters, such as methyl (**1b**), ethyl (**1c**), isopropyl esters (**1d**) and ethyl acrylate **2a** were tested under the optimal reaction condition with all affording the corresponding oxidative Heck-type products (Scheme 2). However, the yields of olefinated compounds obtained from these esters are lower compared with that of substrate **1a**. In addition, better regioselectivity was achieved with ester **1a** as against

Table 1. Optimization Reaction Conditions^a

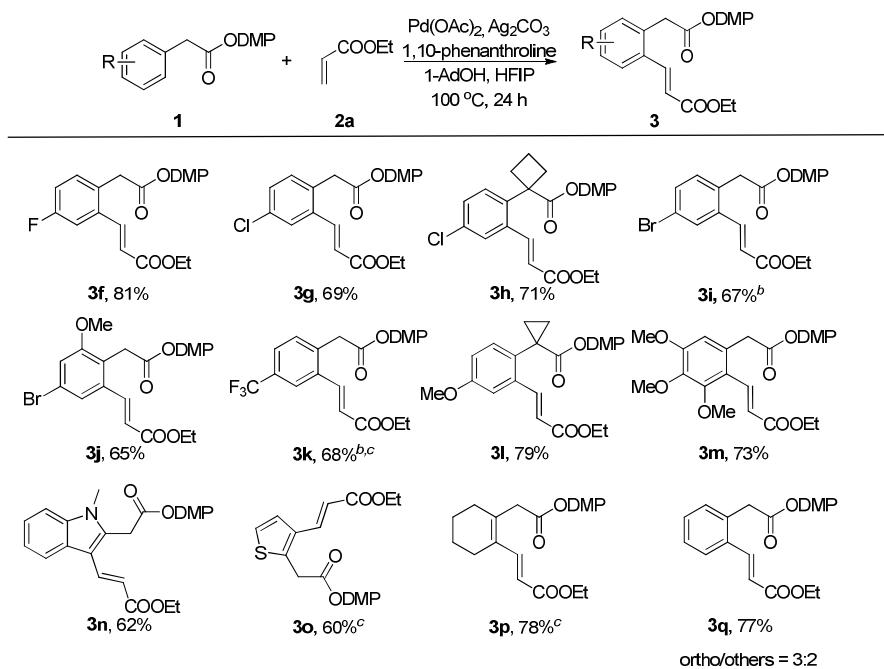
entry	oxidant	additive	yield ^b (%)
1	Ag ₂ CO ₃	-	11
2	Ag ₂ CO ₃	PivOH	33
3	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1-AdOH	45
4	Ag ₂ CO ₃	Ph ₃ P	21
5	Ag ₂ CO ₃	pyridine	4
6	Ag ₂ CO ₃	Ac-Gly-OH	59
7	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1,10-phenanthroline	73
8	AgOAc	1,10-phenanthroline	50
9	Ag ₂ O	1,10-phenanthroline	47
10	O ₂ /BQ	1,10-phenanthroline	9
11	O ₂ /Cu(OAc) ₂	1,10-phenanthroline	34
12	K ₂ S ₂ O ₈	1,10-phenanthroline	11
13 ^c	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1,10-phenanthroline PivOH	79
14 ^c	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1,10-phenanthroline 1-AdOH	86 (82) ^d
15 ^c	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1,10-phenanthroline AcOH	75
16 ^{c,e}	Ag ₂ CO ₃	1,10-phenanthroline 1-AdOH	0

^aReaction conditions: **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %), ligand (10 mol %), oxidant (0.2 mmol), HFIP (0.3 mL), 100 °C, 24 h. ^bLC yield determined using acetophenone as internal standard. ^cwith ligands (10 mol %) respectively. ^dIsolated yield. ^eWithout Pd(OAc)₂. Ac = acetyl, Gly = glycine, BQ = 1,4-benzoquinone.

Scheme 2. Directing Group Optimization Studies

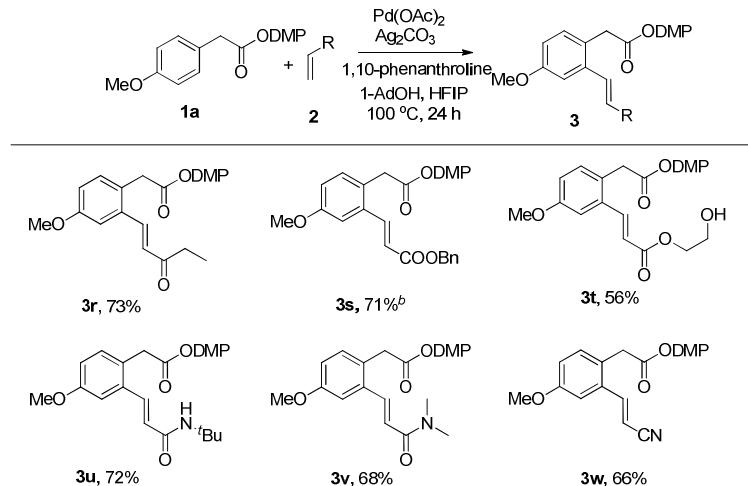
substrates **1b-c**, which were identified by proton NMR spectrum (for detailed information, see supporting information). We speculated that the coordinating ability of the carbonyl group was enhanced by electron rich 1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-ol. Thus, the palladium intermediate could be trapped in the coordination center thereby avoiding the competitive poorly regioselective oxidative Heck reaction.

With an optimized catalytic system in hand, we next explored the scope of palladium-catalyzed ester-directed *ortho*-olefination of phenylacetic esters (Table 2). Various phenylacetic acid esters substituted with electron withdrawing- or donating functional groups were tolerated under slightly modified reaction conditions, giving products in good yield (**3a** and **3f-l**). Interestingly, the substrate bearing sterically hindered 3,4,5-trimethoxy group **1m** underwent the reaction, affording mono-olefinated product **3m** in good yield. Also the presence of strong electron-withdrawing group of trifluoromethyl (**3k**) and bromide (**3i**) reduced reactivity; acceptable yields could be obtained by increasing reaction temperature and time to 110°C and 48 hours respectively. Delightfully, heterocyclic acetic esters also gave mono-olefinated products (**3n**, **3o**) in acceptable synthetic yields. The ester of cyclohexeneacetic acid (**1p**) required a longer period of time to furnish the olefinated product in good yield. To further expand the substrate scope, the unsubstituted ester of phenylacetic acid was tested, and rather disappointingly a mixture of oxidative Heck type mono-olefinated products **3q** (*ortho/others*: 3:2) were generated, thereby limiting the substrate scope of this protocol. We speculated that the optimal reaction condition is propitious to an undirected palladium-catalyzed oxidative olefination, resulting in mixture of olefinated products (see supporting information). However, the presence of a *para*-substituent in arene would inhibit oxidative olefination reaction, thereby favouring the highly regioselective *ortho*-olefination reaction via the assistance of weakly coordinated directing group of ester.²¹

Table 2. Scope of Phenylacetyl Esters^a

^aReaction conditions: **1** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.4 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (10 mol %), 1-AdOH (10 mol %), HFIP (0.5 mL), 100 °C, 24 h. ^b110 °C. ^c48 h.

A series of olefins were also tested and representative data are listed in Table 3. For example, acrylic esters, acrylic amides, acrylic ketone, all afforded the corresponding Heck-type olefinated products, and the yields were in the range of 56 to 77%. When acrylonitrile was used as a

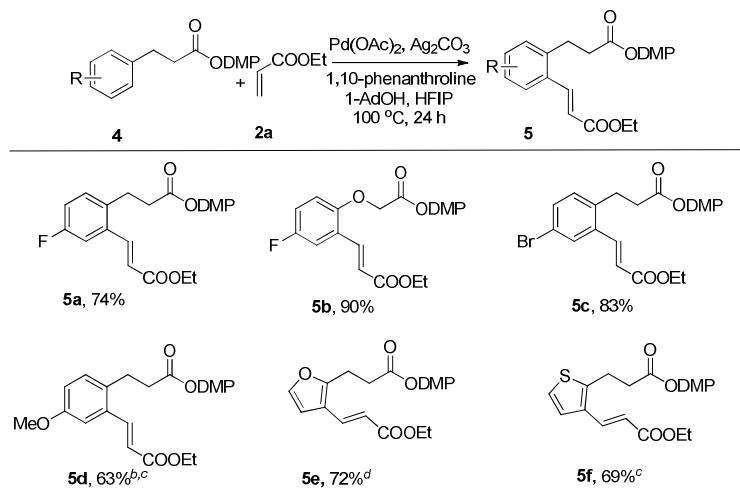
Table 3. Scope of Olefins^a

^aReaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.4 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (10 mol %), 1-AdOH (10 mol %), HFIP (0.5 mL), 100 °C, 24 h. ^b80 °C.

counterpart, the *ortho*-olefinated product (**3w**) was obtained in 66% yield, proving its potential utilization in the construction of useful synthon.

To our delight, our newly developed protocol was also applicable to phenylpropionic acid derivatives (Table 4). Under modified reaction conditions, several *para*-substituted phenylpropionic acids were tested, affording the products in good to excellent yields (**5a-d**). It is worth noting that the diolefinated products were observed in less than 5% yields. We reasoned that the olefinated products would stabilize the palladium catalyst, inhibiting further C–H transformation. The olefination reaction of 3-(2-furyl) propionic acid and 2-thiophenepropionic acid occurred regioselectively at the 3-position, giving mono-olefinated products in 72% and 69% yields respectively (**5e-f**).

Table 4. Scope of Phenylpropionic Acid Derivatives^a

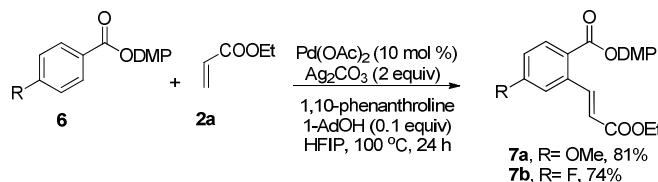


^aReaction conditions: **4** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.4 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (10 mol %), 1-AdOH (10 mol %), HFIP (0.5 mL), 100 °C, 24 h. ^b110 °C. ^c48 h. ^dDark operation.

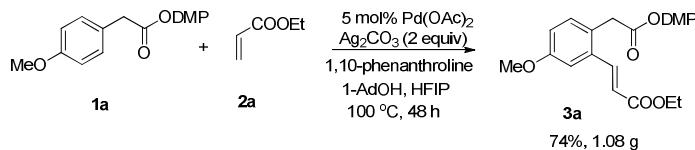
The substrate scope of ester directed *ortho*-olefination reaction could be further extended to benzoic acid derivates.²² For example, substrate **6a** and **6b** was transformed into the corresponding mono-olefinated products in good yield under standard reaction conditon (Scheme 3).

To fulfil synthetic requirements, the newly developed protocol should be easily scaled up in the lab. Indeed, the gram-scale reaction was carried out with 5 mol % Pd(OAc)₂ under an extended period of time (48 hours) to give the product in 74% yield (Scheme 4).

Scheme 3. Scope of Benzoates

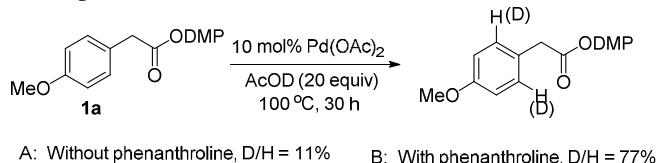


Scheme 4. Gram Scale of Reaction



In an attempt to gain a deep understanding of the role of phenanthroline in this ester directed C–H transformation, **1a** and 20 equivalents of AcOD were treated with and without 1,10-phenanthroline (10 mol %) in the presence of Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %) at 100 °C for 30 h. It turned out that 77% (Scheme 5B) deuteration incorporation occurred with phenanthroline compared with 11% deuteration incorporation (Scheme 5A) without phenanthroline. We hypothesized that phenanthroline could increase the rate of C–H activation or stabilize the palladium intermediate during the catalytic cycle. Although the mechanistic details are still unclear, a plausible mechanism for this reaction based on above data and pioneering reports²³ is proposed in Scheme 6. It is postulated that palladium intermediate **A** is possibly formed through a concerted metalation–deprotonation (CMD) pathway. The subsequent migratory insertion of olefin **2** might generate intermediate **B**, which undergoes β -hydride elimination to give olefin products **3**.

Scheme 5. Deuterium Experiments

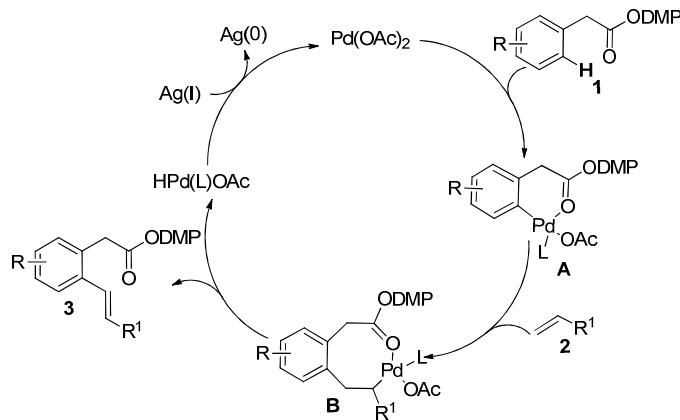


CONCLUSION

In conclusion, we have developed a regioselective palladium–catalyzed ester directed *ortho*-olefination of phenyl acetic and propionic esters with olefins. The new method provides an efficient, economical and practical way to modify aromatic-containing alipatic acids under mild condition. Olefinated heterocyclic acetic and propionic acid esters were also obtained in good yields. The use of ester directing group could find potential

application in other C–H transformations and the study is being undertaken presently in our laboratory.

Scheme 6. Plausible Mechanism



EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

Preparation of directing group (1b–1e). To a solution of 2-(4-methoxyphenyl) acetic acid (1.7 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DCM (50 mL) at 0 °C was added SOCl_2 (2.4 g, 20 mmol, 2.0 equiv) dropwise and stirred for 15 min. To the mixture was added slowly the alcohol (30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and further stirred for 2 hrs at 0 °C. Et_3N (4.4 g, 40 mmol, 4.0 equiv) was then added to the resulting suspension and allowed to stir whilst slowly warming to room temperature over 8 hrs.²⁴ The resultant was concentrated, washed with ether, and filtered through celite, washed again with aqueous NaOH (50 mL), and saturated aqueous NH_4Cl (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the oily products.

Methyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (1b): Colorless oil, 3.02 g, yield 84%, PE/EA= 10:1 (PE = petroleum ether, EA = ethyl acetate). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.20 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.9, 158.3, 129.8, 125.6, 113.5, 54.7, 51.5, 39.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_3$ [M+H]⁺: 181.0865; Found: 181.0866.

Ethyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (1c): Colorless oil, 3.34 g, yield 86%, PE/EA= 10:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.20 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 172.1, 158.8, 130.4, 126.4, 114.1, 60.9, 55.4, 40.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 217.0841; Found: 217.0841.

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2 *Isopropyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (1d)*: Colorless oil, 3.33 g, yield 80%, PE/EA= 10:1. ^1H
3 NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.20 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.04-4.97 (m, 1H),
4 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.0, 158.1,
5 129.7, 125.9, 113.5, 67.6, 54.8, 40.3, 21.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$:
6 231.0997; Found: 231.0986.

7
8 *2-methoxyethyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (1e)*: Colorless oil, 3.72 g, yield 83%, PE/EA= 10:1.
9 ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.19 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.23-4.21 (m,
10 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 3.57-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ :
11 172.0, 158.8, 130.4, 126.1, 114.0, 70.4, 63.9, 59.0, 55.3, 40.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
12 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 247.0946; Found: 247.0940.

13
14 **Preparation of substrates (1a, 1f-1p, 4a-4f, 6a and 6b).**²⁵⁻²⁶ To a solution of DCC (2.1 g, 10
15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DCM (50 mL) at 0 °C was added DMAP (1.5 g, 12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and 2-
16 (4-methoxyphenyl) acetic acid (1.7 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 equiv). To the resulting suspension was then
17 added 1,3-dimethoxy-2-propanol (1.8 g, 15 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The reaction mixture was allowed
18 to stir whilst slowly warming to room temperature over 15 hrs. The reaction was concentrated in
19 vacuo, washed with ether, filtered through celite, washed again with NaOH (aq, 50 mL), washed
20 with saturated NH_4Cl (aq, 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated in vacuo. The
21 crude mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the corresponding
22 products.

23
24 *1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (1a)*: Colorless oil, 2.09 g, yield 83%,
25 PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.19 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H),
26 5.16-5.11 (m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.51 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.31 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR
27 (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.5, 158.7, 130.3, 126.0, 113.9, 71.6, 71.1, 59.2, 55.2, 40.4; HRMS (ESI-
28 TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_5\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 291.1208; Found: 291.1208.

29
30 *1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)acetate (1f)*: Colorless oil, 2.11 g, yield 88%,
31 PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.30-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.02 (t, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.19-
32 5.14 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.54 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.34 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ :
33 171.0, 162.0 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 244$ Hz), 130.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 8.0$ Hz), 129.7 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 3.3$ Hz), 115.3 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} =$

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2 21 Hz), 71.8, 71.1, 59.2, 40.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₃H₁₇FO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 279.1009;
3 Found: 279.1009.
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6 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-chlorophenyl)acetate (Ig):** Colorless oil, 1.99 g, yield 78%,
7 PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.30-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.18-
8 5.13 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ:
9 170.8, 133.0, 132.4, 130.6, 128.6, 71.8, 71.1, 59.2, 40.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
10 C₁₃H₁₇ClO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 295.0713; Found: 295.0707.
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13 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 1-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclobutanecarboxylate (Ih):** Colorless oil, 2.53 g,
14 yield 81%, PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.24 (s, 4H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 3.41 (d, J
15 = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.21 (s, 6H), 2.86-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.07-2.00 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.82
16 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 174.8, 142.1, 132.3, 128.2, 127.8, 71.8, 71.1, 59.1, 52.1,
17 32.2, 16.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₆H₂₁ClO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 335.1026; Found: 335.1025.
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20 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-bromophenyl)acetate (Ii):** Colorless oil, 2.49 g, yield 83%,
21 PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H),
22 5.23-5.18 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.57 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.37 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz,
23 CDCl₃) δ: 170.6, 132.9, 131.6, 131.0, 121.1, 71.8, 71.1, 59.2, 40.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd
24 for C₁₃H₁₇BrO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 339.0208; Found: 339.0215.
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27 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)acetate (Ij):** Colorless oil, 2.51 g, yield
28 76%, PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.00-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 5.12-5.07 (m,
29 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 3.47 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.28 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)
30 δ: 170.8, 158.1, 131.9, 123.4, 122.2, 121.6, 114.0, 71.6, 71.1, 59.1, 55.6, 35.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF)
31 m/z Calcd for C₁₄H₁₉BrO₅Na[M+Na]⁺: 369.0314; Found: 369.0323.
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34 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetate (Ik):** Colorless oil, 2.29 g, yield
35 79%, PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz,
36 2H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 3.50 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.30 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz,
37 CDCl₃) δ: 169.9, 137.5, 129.2, 125.0, 124.9, 124.9, 122.3, 71.5, 70.6, 58.6, 40.5; HRMS (ESI-
38 TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₄H₁₇F₃O₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 329.0977; Found: 329.0980.
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41 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate (Il):** Colorless oil, 2.53
42 g, yield 86%, PE/EA= 8:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J =
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8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.09-5.04 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.45 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.29 (s, 6H), 1.60 (q, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.16 (q, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 174.3, 158.6, 131.7, 131.5, 113.4, 71.9, 71.2, 59.2, 55.3, 28.4, 16.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_5\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 317.1365; Found: 317.1360.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)acetate (1m): Colorless oil, 2.43 g, yield 74%, PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 6.51 (s, 2H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 170.6, 152.7, 136.6, 129.0, 105.8, 73.3, 71.3, 70.6, 60.3, 58.7, 55.6, 41.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_7\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 351.1420; Found: 351.1414.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate (1n): Colorless oil, 2.44 g, yield 84%, PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.67 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.17 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.27-5.22 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 4H), 3.38 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.7, 137.0, 127.9, 127.8, 121.7, 119.1, 119.0, 109.3, 106.7, 71.6, 71.2, 59.2, 32.6, 31.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_4\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 314.1368; Found: 314.1360.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 2-(thiophen-2-yl)acetate (1o): Colorless oil, 1.78 g, yield 73%, PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.20-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 5.19-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 169.5, 134.5, 126.4, 126.3, 124.5, 71.6, 70.5, 58.7, 34.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{SO}_4\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 267.0667; Found: 267.0667.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)acetate (1p): Colorless oil, 2.15 g, yield 89%, PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 5.55 (s, 1H), 5.14-5.09 (m, 1H), 3.51 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 2.96 (s, 2H), 1.98 (s, 4H), 1.62-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.51 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.5, 131.0, 125.7, 71.2, 71.2, 59.2, 43.6, 28.3, 25.3, 22.7, 22.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 265.1416; Found: 265.1408.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoate (4a): Colorless oil, 4.06 g, yield 80%, PE/EA= 8:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.12-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.91-6.87 (m, 2H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 3.43 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.27 (s, 6H), 2.87 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 172.1, 161.4 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 243$ Hz), 136.1 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 3.2$ Hz), 129.7 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$

$J_F = 7.8$ Hz), 115.1 (d, $J_{C-F} = 21$ Hz), 71.2 (d, $J_{C-F} = 12.6$ Hz), 59.0, 35.9, 30.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{14}H_{19}FO_4Na[M+Na]^+$: 293.1165; Found: 293.1158.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 2-(4-fluorophenoxy)acetate (4b): Colorless oil, 4.45 g, yield 87%, PE/EA= 8:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 6.96-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.81 (m, 2H), 5.26-5.23 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.52 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 4H), 3.31 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 168.0, 157.3 (d, $J_{C-F} = 238$ Hz), 153.5 (d, $J_{C-F} = 2.2$ Hz), 115.5 (d, $J_{C-F} = 2.0$ Hz), 115.3 (d, $J_{C-F} = 13.0$ Hz), 71.7, 70.5, 65.4, 58.7; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{13}H_{17}FO_5Na[M+Na]^+$: 295.0958; Found: 295.0963.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoate (4c): Colorless oil, 4.96 g, yield 79%, PE/EA= 8:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.34 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 4H), 3.28 (s, 6H), 2.86 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 172.0, 139.4, 131.4, 130.1, 120.0, 71.3, 71.1, 59.1, 35.5, 30.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{14}H_{19}BrO_4Na [M+Na]^+$: 353.0364; Found: 353.0352.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoate (4d): Colorless oil, 4.31 g, yield 81%, PE/EA= 8:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.12 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.16-5.11 (m 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.50 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.34 (s, 6H), 2.90 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 172.5, 158.1, 132.5, 129.3, 113.9, 71.2, 59.2, 55.3, 36.2, 30.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{15}H_{22}O_5Na[M+Na]^+$: 305.1365; Found: 305.1362.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 3-(furan-2-yl)propanoate (4e): Colorless oil, 3.96 g, yield 82%, PE/EA= 8:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.30 (s, 1H), 6.28-6.26 (m, 1H), 6.03 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.14 (m, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 2.98 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 172.0, 154.1, 141.2, 110.2, 105.3, 71.3, 71.1, 59.2, 32.7, 23.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{12}H_{18}O_5Na[M+Na]^+$: 265.1052; Found: 265.1043.

1,3-dimethoxypalan-2-yl 3-(thiophen-2-yl)propanoate (4f): Colorless oil, 4.39 g, yield 85%, PE/EA= 8:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.09 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.89-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.17-5.12(m, 1H), 3.50 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H), 3.15 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 171.9, 143.0, 126.8, 124.7, 123.5, 71.4,

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3 71.1, 59.2, 36.1, 25.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₂H₁₈SO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 281.0823; Found:
4
5 281.0832.
6

7 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 4-methoxybenzoate (6a):** Colorless oil, 4.00 g, yield 84%, PE/EA= 8:1.
8
9 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.34-5.29 (m,
10 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.35 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 165.8,
11 163.4, 131.8, 122.5, 113.5, 71.6, 71.3, 59.2, 55.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
12 C₁₃H₁₈O₅Na[M+Na]⁺: 277.1052; Found: 277.1045.
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15 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 4-fluorobenzoate (6b):** Colorless oil, 3.75 g, yield 83%, PE/EA= 8:1.
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17 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.01-8.05 (m, 2H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.38-5.33 (m, 1H),
18 3.65 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 3.38 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 165.8 (d, J_{C-F} = 252 Hz),
19 165.1, 132.4 (d, J_{C-F} = 9.3 Hz), 132.1 (d, J_{C-F} = 9.3 Hz), 126.4 (d, J_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 115.5 (d, J_{C-F} =
20 22.0 Hz), 72.1, 71.3, 59.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₂H₁₅FO₄Na[M+Na]⁺: 265.0852;
21 Found: 265.0835.
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24 **General procedure for the synthesis of products (3a-3w, 5a-5f, 7a and 7b).** A mixture of
25 phenylacetate (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2a (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (4.4 mg, 0.1 equiv),
26 Ag₂CO₃ (547.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), 1,10-phenanthroline (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv), adamantine carboxylic
27 acid (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv) and HFIP (0.5 mL) in a 15 mL glass vial (sealed with PTFE cap) was
28 heated at 100 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt, and concentrated in vacuo.
29 The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the
30 corresponding products. Reactions involving **3i**, **3k**, **5d** and **5e** were heated at 110 °C, while **3k**, **3o**,
31 **5d** were reacted for 48 h, **5f** took place under dark.
32
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34 **Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)acrylate (3a):**
35 Colorless oil, 60.0 mg, yield 82%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.92 (d, J = 16.0
36 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H),
37 5.15-5.10 (m, 1H), 4.22 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 3.50 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H),
38 3.30 (s, 6H), 1.29 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 171.2, 167.4, 157.4, 139.7,
39 132.2, 129.7, 126.1, 123.4, 119.0, 111.3, 71.8, 71.1, 60.3, 59.2, 55.6, 40.3, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF)
40 m/z Calcd for C₁₉H₂₆O₇Na[M+Na]⁺: 389.1576; Found: 389.1577.
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Ethyl-3-(5-methoxy-2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)phenyl)acrylate (3b): Colorless oil, 40.6 mg, yield 73%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.99 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 0.07H), 4.30 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 1.37 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.6, 167.0, 157.0, 139.2, 131.7, 129.3, 125.7, 123.0, 118.6, 110.8, 76.9, 76.6, 76.3, 59.9, 55.1, 51.6, 39.6, 38.1, 35.9, 27.4, 13.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_5\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 301.1052; Found: 301.1050.

Ethyl-3-(2-(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)acrylate (3c): Colorless oil, 43.2 mg, yield 74%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.99 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 0.11H), 4.30 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.19 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 1.37 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.29 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.1, 167.0, 157.0, 139.3, 131.7, 129.2, 125.8, 123.0, 118.6, 110.8, 60.4, 59.9, 55.1, 39.9, 13.8, 13.7; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_5\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 315.1208; Found: 315.1213.

Ethyl-3-(2-(2-isopropoxy-2-oxoethyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)acrylate (3d): Colorless oil, 41.6 mg, yield 68%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.00 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 0.1H), 5.08-5.02 (m, 1H), 4.30 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 1.38 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 170.7, 167.0, 156.9, 139.3, 131.6, 129.2, 126.0, 122.9, 118.5, 110.8, 67.8, 59.9, 55.1, 40.2, 21.3, 13.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_5\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 329.1365; Found: 329.1359.

Ethyl-3-(5-methoxy-2-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-2-oxoethyl)phenyl)acrylate (3e): Colorless oil, 36.7 mg, yield 57%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.95 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 0.05H), 4.28-4.22 (m, 4H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.60-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.2, 167.0, 157.0, 139.2, 131.7, 129.3, 125.6, 123.0, 118.6, 110.8, 69.9, 63.5, 59.9, 58.5, 55.1, 39.6, 13.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 345.1314; Found: 345.1314.

Ethyl-3-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-5-fluorophenylacrylate (3f):

Colorless oil, 57.3 mg, yield 81%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.76 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 4.25 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 170.2, 166.3, 160 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 252 Hz), 136.5 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 2.6 Hz), 132.0 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 8.8 Hz), 129.7 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.7 Hz), 129.3 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.1 Hz), 122.0 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 12.1 Hz), 120.6 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 6.5 Hz), 115.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 22.0 Hz), 71.5, 70.6, 60.1, 58.7, 39.9, 13.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{FO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 377.1376; Found: 377.1375.

Ethyl-3-(5-chloro-2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)phenylacrylate (3g):

Colorless oil, 51.1 mg, yield 69%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.05 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.14 (m, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 170.5, 166.5, 140.1, 133.7, 133.1, 132.8, 131.9, 130.2, 128.5, 121.2, 72.0, 71.1, 60.7, 59.2, 40.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 393.1081; Found: 393.1082.

1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 1-(4-chloro-2-(3-ethoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)cyclobutanecarboxylate (3h): Compound 3h, colorless oil, 58.2 mg, yield 71%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.06 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.28 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.24 (s, 6H), 2.89-2.83 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.93-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 174.7, 166.5, 142.8, 140.4, 133.1, 132.4, 129.8, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 72.0, 71.2, 60.7, 59.2, 52.1, 32.3, 16.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{27}\text{ClO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 433.1394; Found: 433.1393.

Ethyl-3-(5-bromo-2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)phenylacrylate (3i):

Colorless oil, 55.5 mg, yield 67%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.01 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.14 (m, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 170.3, 166.4, 142.7, 134.6, 133.8, 133.4, 132.1,

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3 128.6, 123.9, 121.4, 72.0, 71.1, 60.7, 59.2, 40.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
4 C₁₈H₂₃BrO₆Na[M+Na]⁺: 439.0555; Found: 439.0557.
5
6

7 *Ethyl-3-(5-bromo-2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-3-methoxyphenyl)acrylate*
8
9 (3j): Colorless oil, 57.7 mg, yield 65%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.95 (d, J =
10 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 4.24 (q, J =
11 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz,
12 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.5, 166.7, 159.2, 142.3, 129.5, 126.5, 125.3, 123.3, 118.8,
13 115.1, 71.8, 71.1, 60.5, 59.2, 55.9, 35.5, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
14 C₁₉H₂₅BrO₇Na[M+Na]⁺: 469.0658; Found: 469.0657.
15
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17 *Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acrylate*
18 (3k): Colorless oil, 54.9 mg, yield 68%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.91 (d, J =
19 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 15.6 Hz,
20 1H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s,
21 6H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 207.0, 168.0 (d, J_{C-F} = 358 Hz),
22 140.2, 137.1, 135.0, 131.6, 128.9, 126.3, 123.8 (d, J_{C-F} = 4 Hz), 122.5, 72.2, 71.0, 60.8, 59.2, 30.9,
23 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₉H₂₃F₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 427.1344; Found: 427.1344.
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26 *1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 1-(2-(3-ethoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-*
27 *carboxylate (3l)*: Colorless oil, 61.9 mg, yield 79%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ:
28 7.93 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H),
29 6.51 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.08-5.03 (m, 1H), 4.23 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.43 (d, J =
30 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.28 (s, 6H), 1.61 (q, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (q, J = 4.0 Hz,
31 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 173.9, 167.4, 157.3, 139.9, 133.3, 131.7, 131.0, 123.0, 118.8,
32 110.8, 72.0, 71.1, 60.3, 59.2, 55.6, 28.3, 16.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
33 C₂₁H₂₈O₇Na[M+Na]⁺: 415.1733; Found: 415.1732.
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36 *Ethyl-3-(6-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)acrylate*
37 (3m): Colorless oil, 62.2 mg, yield 73%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.67 (d, J =
38 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.19 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H),
39 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 6H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.48 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 3.27 (s, 6H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz,
40 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.1, 167.0, 153.5, 153.0, 141.1, 137.7, 129.3, 121.4, 120.8,
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3 109.6, 71.4, 70.5, 60.3, 60.1, 59.7, 58.6, 55.4, 38.9, 13.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
4 C₂₁H₃₀O₉Na[M+Na]⁺: 449.1788; Found: 449.1782.
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8 **Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)acrylate**

9 (3n): Colorless oil, 46.3 mg, yield 62%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, J =
10 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 16.0 Hz,
11 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.53 (d, J = 4.8 Hz,
12 4H), 3.31 (s, 6H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.8, 167.0, 138.3,
13 132.7, 132.2, 127.6, 124.1, 120.2, 120.2, 119.8, 111.2, 109.5, 71.9, 71.1, 60.7, 59.2, 31.4, 30.9,
14 14.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₂₁H₂₇NO₆Na[M+Na]⁺: 412.1736; Found: 412.1744.
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20 **Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)thiophen-3-yl)acrylate** (3o):

21 Colorless oil, 41.0 mg, yield 60%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.70 (d, J = 15.6
22 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.21-5.16
23 (m, 1H), 4.24 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.55 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 1.32 (t, J =
24 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 169.4, 166.9, 139.3, 138.5, 137.1, 130.9, 128.0,
25 116.6, 72.4, 71.0, 60.5, 59.3, 35.9, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₆H₂₂SO₆Na[M+Na]⁺:
26 365.1035; Found: 365.1036.

27 **Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)acrylate** (3p):

28 Colorless oil, 53.0 mg, yield 78%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.72 (d, J = 15.6
29 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (d, J = 5.2
30 Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H), 2.23 (s, 2H), 2.18 (s, 2H), 1.89-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.69 (s, 2H), 1.65-1.61 (m,
31 3H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.3, 167.6, 141.8, 138.6, 130.6,
32 116.6, 71.7, 71.1, 60.2, 59.2, 39.0, 38.6, 36.4, 31.9, 27.8, 25.5, 22.3, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z
33 Calcd for C₁₈H₂₈O₆Na[M+Na]⁺: 363.1784; Found: 363.1783.

34 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(4-methoxy-2-(3-oxopent-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acetate** (3r): Colorless
35 oil, 51.1 mg, yield 73%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.87 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H),
36 7.47 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H),
37 5.17-5.12 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 2.70 (q, J =
38 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 201.5, 171.2, 157.5, 137.2,
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3 132.4, 129.2, 126.9, 126.2, 123.6, 111.3, 71.8, 71.1, 59.2, 55.6, 40.3, 33.6, 8.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF)
4 m/z Calcd for $C_{19}H_{26}O_6Na[M+Na]^+$: 373.1627; Found: 373.1627.
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7 **Benzyl-3-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)acrylate (3s):**
8 Colorless oil, 60.8 mg, yield 71%, PE/EA= 5:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 8.00 (d, J = 16.4
9 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.37(m, 1H), 7.35-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.25
10 (m, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.86
11 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 171.2,
12 167.3, 157.5, 140.4, 136.3, 132.4, 129.9, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 126.2, 123.4, 118.6, 111.3, 71.8,
13 71.1, 66.2, 59.2, 55.6, 40.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{24}H_{28}O_7Na[M+Na]^+$: 451.1733;
14 Found: 451.1739.
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17 **2-hydroxyethyl 3-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)-**
18 **acrylate (3t):** Colorless oil, 42.8 mg, yield 56%, PE/EA= 5:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.97
19 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d,
20 J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.17-5.12 (m, 1H), 4.4- 4.32 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s,
21 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 5.2Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 171.2,
22 167.8, 157.6, 140.7, 132.5, 129.9, 126.2, 123.2, 118.3, 111.3, 71.8, 71.1, 66.2, 61.4, 59.2, 55.6,
23 40.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $C_{19}H_{26}O_8Na[M+Na]^+$: 405.1525; Found: 405.1524.
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26 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(2-(3-(tert-butylamino)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-4-methoxyphenyl)-**
27 **acetate (3u):** Colorless oil, 56.6 mg, yield 72%, PE/EA= 5:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.78
28 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J =
29 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 5.16-5.11 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 3.51 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H),
30 3.31 (s, 6H), 1.41 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 171.3, 165.8, 157.3, 135.3, 131.3,
31 129.5, 125.9, 124.0, 123.1, 111.2, 71.7, 71.1, 59.2, 55.5, 51.4, 40.3, 28.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z
32 Calcd for $C_{21}H_{31}NO_6Na[M+Na]^+$: 416.2049; Found: 416.2037.
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35 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(2-(dimethylamino)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-4-methoxyphenyl)-**
36 **acetate (3v):** Colorless oil, 49.6 mg, yield 68%, PE/EA= 5:1. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.89
37 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.8
38 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 3.11
39 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 207.0, 171.3, 157.3, 137.7, 131.4, 129.7, 126.0, 124.4,
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3 118.4, 111.3, 71.7, 71.1, 59.2, 55.6, 40.4, 30.9, 29.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
4 C₁₉H₂₇NO₆Na[M+Na]⁺: 388.1736; Found: 388.1726.
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1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(2-(2-cyanovinyl)-4-methoxyphenyl)acetate (**3w**): Colorless oil, 42.1 mg, yield 66%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.60 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.53 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 3.34 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 171.0, 157.3, 146.2, 133.1, 129.6, 126.4, 122.6, 118.9, 111.4, 97.2, 71.8, 71.1, 59.2, 55.7, 40.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₇H₂₁NO₅Na[M+Na]⁺: 342.1317; Found: 342.1312.

Ethyl-03-(2-(3-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-3-oxopropyl)-5-fluorophenyl)acrylate (**5a**): Colorless oil, 54.5 mg, yield 74%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.78 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.00 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 2.96 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 172.0, 166.8, 160 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 251 Hz), 137.2 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 2.5 Hz), 136.6 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.6 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 8.6 Hz), 128.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 122.3 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 11.9 Hz), 120.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 6.7 Hz), 116.1 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 22.0 Hz), 71.4, 71.2, 60.6, 59.2, 38.7, 36.4, 35.8, 30.0, 27.8, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₉H₂₅FO₆Na[M+Na]⁺: 391.1533; Found: 391.1537.

Ethyl-3-(2-(2-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-oxoethoxy)-5-fluorophenyl)acrylate (**5b**): Colorless oil, 66.6 mg, yield 90%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.74 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.33-5.27 (m, 1H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.55 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 167.8, 166.2, 156.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 247 Hz), 153.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 2.2 Hz), 136.4 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 2.5 Hz), 122.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 120.7 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 6.4 Hz), 117.7 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 8.5 Hz), 116.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 24.0 Hz), 113.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 71.8, 70.6, 65.5, 60.2, 58.7, 30.4, 13.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for C₁₈H₂₃FO₇Na[M+Na]⁺: 393.1326; Found: 393.1326.

Ethyl-3-(5-bromo-2-(3-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-3-oxopropyl)phenyl)acrylate (**5c**): Colorless oil, 71.0 mg, yield 83%, PE/EA= 5:1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.00 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.11(m, 1H), 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s, 6H), 2.93(t,

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3 $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ :
4 171.9, 166.4, 144.3, 142.8, 140.2, 133.4, 128.9, 128.2, 127.8, 117.7, 71.2, 60.7, 59.2, 35.4, 30.7,
5 30.3, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{25}\text{BrO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 451.0732; Found: 451.0728.
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10 *Ethyl-3-(2-(3-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-3-oxopropyl)-5-methoxyphenyl)acrylate (5d):*
11 Colorless oil, 47.9 mg, yield 63%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.93 (d, $J = 16.4$
12 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, $J = 16.4$
13 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.10 (m, 1H), 4.24 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.49 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.32
14 (s, 6H), 2.90 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.65(t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101
15 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 172.3, 167.5, 156.9, 140.0, 132.5, 131.3, 128.8, 123.3, 118.8, 111.3, 71.2, 71.2,
16 60.3, 59.2, 55.6, 36.0, 30.0, 14.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_7\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$:
17 403.1733; Found: 403.1722.
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24 *Ethyl-3-(2-(3-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-3-oxopropyl)furan-3-yl)acrylate (5e):* Colorless
25 oil, 49.0 mg, yield 70%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.33 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H),
26 6.48 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 1H),
27 4.21 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.51 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 2.99 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.72 (t, J
28 = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.29 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.7, 167.2, 157.1, 149.8,
29 130.9, 116.0, 114.7, 108.5, 71.2, 59.2, 38.6, 32.3, 27.8, 23.7, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd
30 for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_7$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 341.1600; Found: 341.1600.
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5 *Ethyl-3-(2-(3-((1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl)oxy)-3-oxopropyl)thiophen-3-yl)acrylate (5f):*
6 Colorless oil, 49.1 mg, yield 69%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.66 (d, $J = 15.6$
7 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz,, 1H), 6.08 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.16-5.11
8 (M, 1H), 4.20 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.49 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.31 (s, 6H), 3.12(t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H),
9 2.71 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 171.6, 166.9,
10 146.9, 137.9, 137.2, 131.3, 126.0, 116.0, 71.5, 71.1, 60.4, 59.2, 35.6, 25.6, 14.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF)
11 m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{24}\text{SO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 379.1191; Found: 379.1205.

12 *1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(3-ethoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzoate (7a):* Colorless
13 oil, 57.0 mg, yield 81%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.08-8.05 (m,
14 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.40-5.35 (m,
15 1H), 4.27 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.67 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.39 (s, 6H), 1.34 (t, $J = 7.2$
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2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 167.2, 165.4, 161.7, 139.0, 133.3, 130.7, 123.4, 122.7,
3 120.0, 110.7, 71.9, 71.4, 60.5, 59.3, 55.9, 14.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for
4 $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_7\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 375.1420; Found: 375.1412.

5 **1,3-dimethoxypropan-2-yl 2-(3-ethoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoate (7b):** Colorless oil,
6 50.3 mg, yield 74%, PE/EA= 5:1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.27 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.09-
7 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.42-5.37
8 (m, 1H), 4.28 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.66 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.39 (s, 6H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H);
9 ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 166.0, 164.2, 163.4 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 259$ Hz), 135.6 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 2.4$ Hz),
10 132.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 10.0$ Hz), 130.6 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 4.4$ Hz), 126.4 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 3.2$ Hz), 121.7 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 6.4$
11 Hz), 116.0, 115.8, 71.9, 70.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 8.0$ Hz), 60.3, 58.8 (d, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}} = 6.4$ Hz), 38.2, 35.9, 27.3, 13.8;
12 HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{FO}_6\text{Na}[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 363.1220; Found: 363.1225.

13 **General procedure for the deuterium experiments are represented as follows (Scheme 5A**
14 **and 5B).** A mixture of phenylacetate **1a** (134.0 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), AcOD (610.0 mg, 10
15 mmol, 20 equiv), $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (11.2 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.1 equiv) with and without 1,10-
16 phenanthroline (9.0 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.1 equiv) in a 25 mL glass vial (purged with Ar, sealed with
17 PTFE cap) were heated at 100 °C for 30 h respectively. The reaction mixture was cooled to room
18 temperature, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column
19 chromatography on silica gel to give the corresponding products.

20 **Scheme 5A:** Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.20 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, $J =$
21 8.8 Hz, 1.77H), 5.16-5.11 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 4H), 3.32 (s,
22 6H).

23 **Scheme 5B:** Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.21-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.84 (m,
24 0.46H), 5.16-5.11 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.52 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 4H), 3.33 (s, 6H).

25 **General procedure for synthesis of 3q.**

26 A mixture of **1q** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (4.4 mg, 0.1 equiv),
27 Ag_2CO_3 (547.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), 1,10-phenanthroline (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv), adamantane carboxylic
28 acid (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv) and HFIP (0.5 mL) in a 15 mL glass vial (sealed with PTFE cap) was
29 heated at 100 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt, and concentrated in vacuo.
30 The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the
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2 corresponding product and the isolated yield is 77% yield. The regioselective is 2:3. When the
3 temperature of this reaction is 60 °C, the isolated yield is 71% yield. The *ortho/others* is 3:2.
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6 **General procedure for ortho olefination of ethyl 2-phenylacetate**

7 A mixture of ethyl 2-phenylacetate (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂
8 (4.4 mg, 0.1 equiv), Ag₂CO₃ (547.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), 1,10-phenanthroline (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv),
9 adamantan carboxylic acid (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv) and HFIP (0.5 mL) in a 15 mL glass vial (sealed
10 with PTFE cap) was heated at 100 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt, and
11 concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel
12 to give the corresponding product and the isolated yield is 62%. The *ortho/others* is 1:1.
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15 **General procedure for palladium-catalyzed oxidative olefination**

16 A mixture of toluene (1.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (4.4 mg, 0.1
17 equiv), Ag₂CO₃ (547.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), 1,10-phenanthroline (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv), adamantan
18 carboxylic acid (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv) and HFIP (0.5 mL) in a 15 mL glass vial (sealed with PTFE
19 cap) was heated at 60 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt, and concentrated in
20 vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the
21 corresponding product and the isolated yield is 78%. The *ortho/others* is 1:1.
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24 **General procedure for the synthesis of **3a** use HOAc as solvent.**

25 A mixture of **1a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (4.4 mg, 0.1 equiv),
26 Ag₂CO₃ (547.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), 1,10-phenanthroline (3.6 mg, 0.1 equiv), HOAc (0.5 mL) in a 15
27 mL glass vial (sealed with PTFE cap) was heated at 100 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was
28 cooled to rt, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by column
29 chromatography on silica gel to give the corresponding product and the isolated yield is 55%.
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32 **ASSOCIATED CONTENT**

33 **Supporting Information**

34 Optimization of reaction conditions, and ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for new compounds. This
35 material is available free of charge via the Internet at <http://pubs.acs.org>.
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