Accepted Manuscript

 Submission Date:
 2020-11-04

 Accepted Date:
 2020-12-14

 Publication Date:
 2020-12-14

Synthesis

Oxidative C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone with Carboxylic Acids under Iodine Catalysis

Xiao-Yu Zhou, Xia Chen.

Affiliations below.

DOI: 10.1055/a-1336-5720

Please cite this article as: Zhou X-Y, Chen X. Oxidative C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone with Carboxylic Acids under Iodine Catalysis. Synthesis 2020. doi: 10.1055/a-1336-5720

Conflict of Interest: The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

This study was supported by the Foundation of Guizhou Educational Committee, qianjiaohe KY zi [2019] 081, the Natural Science Foundation of Guizhou Province, qiankehejichu [2018] number 1141

Abstract:

Iodine catalyzed oxidative C(sp3)-H acyloxylation of acetone with carboxylic acids has been developed. The method employs an iodide as catalyst and sodium chlorite as oxidant. Substituted benzoic acids, naphthoic acids and hetero-aromatic carboxylic acids can be used, and 2-oxopropyl carboxylates are obtained with good to excellent yields.

Corresponding Author:

Xiao-Yu Zhou, Liupanshui Normal University, School of Chemistry and Materials Engineering, Minghu Road, 553004 Liupanshui, China, zhouxiaoyu20062006@126.com, xyzhou@live.cn

Affiliations:

Xiao-Yu Zhou, Liupanshui Normal University, School of Chemistry and Materials Engineering, Liupanshui, China Xia Chen, Liupanshui Normal University, School of Chemistry and Materials Engineering, Liupanshui, China

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Oxidative C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone with Carboxylic Acids under Iodine Catalysis

Xiao-Yu Zhou* Xia Chen

School of Chemistry and Materials Engineering, Liupanshui Normal University, Liupanshui, 553004, China

* Xiao-Yu Zhou e-mail_zhouxiaoyu20062006@126.com



Received: Accepted: Published online: DOI:

Abstract lodine catalyzed oxidative C(sp³)-H acyloxylation of acetone with carboxylic acids has been developed. The method employs an iodide as catalyst and sodium chlorite as oxidant. Substituted benzoic acids, naphthoic acids and hetero-aromatic carboxylic acids can be used, and 2-oxopropyl carboxylates are obtained with good to excellent yields.

Key words iodine; oxidative C-H functionalization; acetone; carboxylic acids; carboxylates

Halogen chemistry has aroused the interest of many chemists including halogen bond^[1] and hypervalent iodine compounds.^[2] Iodine shows different properties and reactivity from the light maingroup elements. In contrast to heavy metals, iodine and its salts are able to be used as environmentally benign and relatively inexpensive reagents or catalysts.

Iodine donors mediated cyclization of 2-alkynyl-1-methylene azide aromatics,^[3] envnes^[4], enamines^[5], anilines with methyl ketones,^[6] aryl methyl ketoxime acetates with triethylamineand,^[7] aryl methylketones with 4-hydroxycoumarins,[8] and C-C/C-O bondforming of 1,3-dienes with malonate esters^[9] had been developed for the synthesis of valuable cyclic products. Not only that, many cyclization also had been conducted by iodine catalyst to give good results, such as domino Michael addition-intramolecular cyclization,[10] dehydrative-cycloisomerization of pent-4-yne-1,2diols,[11] C-N and C-C bonds formation,[12] Nazarov or iso-Nazarov cyclization,^[13] hydroamination^[14] or deamination^[15] of styrene, ring opening of 1-aryltetrahydro-β-carbolines,^[16] intramolecular carbonyl-olefin metathesis.^[17] In multi-component cascade systems, iodine catalyzed cyclization for the synthesis of benzothiazoles,^[18] pyrazolones,^[19] 2-phenylnaphtho[2,1-d]selenazoles^[20] were reported as well.

Iodine, an effective catalyst, was widely applied to the functionalization of cyclic compounds. It showed good catalytic

activity in sulfenylation of indoles^[21] and pyrazolones,^[22] selenylation of 2*H*-indazole,^[23] C-3 benzylation^[24] and consecutive diazenylation/amination^[25] of indoles, diazenylation of *N*-heterocyclic compounds,^[26] C-N bond-forming of heterocyclic thiols and thiones,^[27] arylation of substituted 1,4-naphthoquinones,^[28] rearrangement of 3-aminoindazoles.^[29] Iodine catalyzed system was a good choice for oxidative transformation. For instance, iodine-catalyzed oxidative annulation,^[30] functionalization of aliphatic C-H bonds,^[31] oxidative dehydrogenation coupling of amines,^[32] deprotective oxidation to access α , β -unsaturated ketones and aldehydes^[33] and convergent aerobic dehydro-aromatization^[34] were realized successfully.

Carboxylate is a common structural motif in natural products, pharmaceuticals and fine chemicals.^[35] Few protocols have been developed for the synthesis of 2-oxopropyl carboxylates,^[36] and the iodine catalyzed or mediated systems have been unfolded.^[37] In which, iodine catalyzed (with TBHP or K₂S₂O₈ as oxidant) and 1,2-dibromoethane/KI mediated acyloxylation of ketones had been developed (**Scheme 1**). The approaches that allow for the direct and efficient preparation of 2-oxopropyl carboxylates from readily available precursors will be highly desired.^[38] However, the simple and convenient catalysis system is necessary to be explored for the synthesis of 2-oxopropyl carboxylates. Herein, an iodine catalyzed oxidative C-H functionalization of acetone with carboxylic acids to 2-oxopropyl carboxylates was developed with simple reaction conditions.

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved



At the outset, we envisaged that iodine catalyst could play an important role in C-H functionalization of acetone. For a proof of the concept, we commenced our study for the oxidative functionalization of benzoic acid (1a) and acetone (2) with iodine (5.0 mol%) as catalyst in the presence of K₂S₂O₈, hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2), air or oxygen (O_2) at 100 °C. But the results were far from satisfaction (Table 1, entries 1-3). Pleasingly, the product 2-oxopropyl benzoate (3aa) was isolated with 39% yield in acetone when tert-butyl peroxide (TBHP, 3.0 equiv) was chosen as oxidant (entry 4). The higher yields were obtained when NaIO4 and NaClO2 were used as oxidant (entries 5 and 6). Subsequently, the chloride, bromide and iodide were tested (entries 8-13); among which, KI gave the same result (entry 14). With KI (10.0 mol%) as catalyst, the oxidants were optimized again (entries 15-19) and >99% yields were observed with 1.0 equivalent of NaIO₄ or NaClO₂. Moreover, the decreased temperature led to lower yield (86%, entry 20). In view of the molar mass of oxidant, we preferred the optimized reaction conditions: KI (10.0 mol%)/NaClO₂ (1.0 equiv)/100 °C.

Table 1 Conditions ontimization ^g				
Ph O H + H Cat. (x mol%) Oxidant (y equiv) Acetone. 100 °C Ph O J 3aa				
entry	Cat. (x)	Oxidant (y)	Yield (%) ^b	
1	I ₂ (5.0)	K ₂ S ₂ O ₈ (1.0)		
2	I ₂ (5.0)	H ₂ O ₂ (3.0)	trace	
3	I ₂ (5.0)	Air or O ₂ (1 atm)	trace	
4	I ₂ (5.0)	TBHP (3.0)	39	
5	I ₂ (5.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)	>99	
6	I ₂ (5.0)	NaClO ₂ (1.0)	99	
7		NaIO ₄ (1.0)		
8	NaCl (10.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)		
9	ZnCl ₂ (10.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)	68	
10	CuCl (10.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)	trace	
11	CuBr (10.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)	30	
12	Cul (10.0)	NaIO ₄ (1.0)	trace	
13	Znl ₂ (10.0)	NalO ₄ (1.0)	71	
14	KI (10.0)	NalO ₄ (1.0)	>99	
15	KI (10.0)	K ₂ S ₂ O ₈ (1.0)		
16	KI (10.0)	NaClO ₂ (1.0)	>99	
17	KI (10.0)	TBHP (3.0)	82	
18	KI (10.0)	H ₂ O ₂ (3.0)	77	
19	KI (10.0)	Air or O ₂ (1 atm)		
20 ^d	KI (10.0)	NaClO ₂ (1.0)	86	

^aReaction conditions: **1a** (61 mg, 0.50 mmol), cat. (x mol%), oxidant (y equiv), acetone (3.0 mL), 100 °C, 24 h. ^bIsolated yield. ^cCarried out at 80 °C.

Under the optimized reaction conditions detailed in entry 16 of Table 1, a variety of carboxylic acids were subjected to the KI catalyzed oxidative functionalization of acetone, as shown in Scheme 2. For the substrates with different substituent, alkyl, alkoxyl, hydroxyl, chloro, bromo, nitro or phenyl groups on the 2-, 3- or 5- of benzoic acid, the good to excellent isolated yields (74->99% yields) of 3aa-3az were attained. For 2,3-, 2,4- 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4- or 3,5-dichloro substituted benzoic acids, 83%-93% yields of the corresponding 2-oxopropyl benzoates (3ba-3bf) were obtained. Similarly, the expected products 3bg, 3bh and **3bi** were prepared in 76%, 56% and 83% yields, respectively, from their precursors. The reactions of hetero-aryl carboxylic acids also furnished the products 3bj-3bq in 61%-93% yields. The reaction was conducted in pentan-2-one, hexan-2-one, pentan-3-one, cyclohexanone, cyclopentanone and acetophenone. Very little mixed products were observed. The low reactivity and selectivity might be caused by various C-H active sites of other ketones.



Scheme 2 Screen on the scope of carboxylic acids^a

In order to investigate the mechanism of iodine catalyzed C-H functionalization of acetone with carboxylic acids, the control experiments had been carried out, as shown in **Scheme 3**. When sodium benzoate **4** was used to replace carboxylic acid **1**, only 18% **3aa** was isolated (equation 1). This result indicated that the reaction might be enhanced under acidic condition. Iodine (1.0 equiv) was put into the reaction system without other oxidants and 87% **3aa** was obtained (equation 2); however, the reaction was inhibited by AgOAc (1.05 equiv, equation 3). It was further confirmed that element iodine was the active catalyst.

Accepted Manuscript



According to the above results and iodine catalyzed dehydrogenation of ketones and aldehydes,^{29b} the mechanism had been proposed. (**Scheme 4**). We assumed the process could be initialized by electrophilic substitution of acetone with iodine to afford **5** with the promotion of carboxylic acid. Then nucleophilic substitution of iodoacetone with benzoic acid could occur to provide the product **3**. Then the active catalyst iodine was regenerated by oxidation of NaClO₂ or NaIO₄.



In summary, iodine catalyzed oxidative C-H functionalization of acetone with carboxylic acids has been successfully achieved with good to excellent yields. The present study provides an efficient route to prepare 2-oxopropyl carboxylates. The principle will provide a strategy for the functionalization of C-H bonds and further study is in process.

All reagents and solvents were of pure analytical grade. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on HSGF254 silica gel, pre-coated on glass-backed plates coated with 0.2 mm silica and revealed with either a UV lamp ($\lambda_{max} = 254$ nm). The products were purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel 200-300 mesh. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 600 MHz spectrometer (¹H 600 MHz, ¹³C 151 MHz) using CDCl₃ as the solvent with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as the internal standard at room temperature. Chemical shifts are in δ (ppm) relative to TMS. The coupling constants (*J*) are in Hz.

The Typical Procedure for the synthesis of 3aa-3bq:

A mixture of aryl carboxylic acid **1** (0.50 mmol), KI (8.3 mg, 0.05 mmol, 10.0 mol%) and NaClO₂ (45 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in

acetone (3 mL) was added into a Schlenk flask (25 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. After the reaction was finished, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 10:1 to 3:1) to provide 2-oxopropyl carboxylates **3**.

2-oxopropyl benzoate (3aa)

Yield: 99%, 88.2 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60–7.57 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.44 (m, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 165.8, 133.5, 129.9, 129.2, 128.5, 68.7, 26.2; IR (neat) 3058, 2935, 1729, 1273, 1114, 908, 711 cm⁻ ¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀O₃Na: 201.0528 [M+Na]⁺; found: 201.0534.

2-oxopropyl 2-methylbenzoate (3ab)

Yield: 75%, 72.2 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.42$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.41 (m, 1H), 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 166.6, 140.7, 132.5, 131.8, 130.9, 128.6, 125.8, 68.6, 26.2, 21.7; IR (neat) 3053, 2939, 1731, 1270, 1112, 905, 714 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 215.0689.

2-oxopropyl 2-hydroxybenzoate (3ac)

Yield: 76%, 73.7 mg, white solid, m.p. $85-87 \circ C$; $R_f 0.39$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.44 (s, 1H), 7.94 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54–7.47 (m, 1H), 7.05–6.99 (m, 1H), 6.96–6.90 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 169.2, 161.8, 136.3, 130.1, 119.4, 117.7, 111.7, 68.7, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3231, 3060, 2931, 1727, 1270, 1116, 909, 704 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀O₄Na: 217.0477 [M+Na]⁺; found: 217.0473.

2-oxopropyl 2-methoxybenzoate (3ad)

Yield: 87%, 90.1 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92–7.85 (m, 1H), 7.52–7.43 (m, 1H), 6.99–6.94 (m, 2H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.4, 165.2, 159.6, 134.2, 132.0, 120.2, 118.7, 112.1, 68.6, 55.9, 26.3; IR (neat) 3065, 2937, 1736, 1276, 1235, 1114, 903, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]*; found: 231.0630.

2-oxopropyl 2-chlorobenzoate (3ae)

Yield: 86%, 91.2 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.37 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98–7.91 (m, 1H), 7.50–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.29 (m, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 164.7, 134.0, 133.1, 131.9, 131.2, 128.9, 126.7, 68.9, 26.2; IR (neat) 3060, 2931, 1727, 1271, 1119, 1084, 907, 714 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]⁺; found: 235.0143.

2-oxopropyl 2-bromobenzoate (3af)

Yield: 87%, 111.6 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.38 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40–7.31 (m, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.2, 165.2, 134.5, 133.1, 131.8, 130.9, 127.3, 122.0, 69.0, 26.2; IR (neat) 3056, 2933, 1728, 1270, 1113, 1068, 907, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na]+; found: 278.9639.

2-oxopropyl 2-nitrobenzoate (3ag)

Yield: 92%, 102.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.33 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73–7.65 (m, 2H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.7, 164.7, 148.0, 133.17, 132.21, 130.3, 126.7, 124.0, 69.5, 26.2; IR (neat) 3062, 2930, 1728, 1541, 1274, 1116, 910, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉O₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]+; found: 246.0383.

2-oxopropyl 3-methylbenzoate (3ah)

Yield: 86%, 82.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.46 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99–7.83 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.31 (m, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 166.0, 138.3, 134.2, 130.4, 129.1, 128.4, 127.0, 68.7, 26.2, 21.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2936, 1726, 1278, 1117, 906, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 215.0689.

2-oxopropyl 3-methoxybenzoate (3ai)

Yield: 88%, 91.6 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.42 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72–7.65 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.33 (m, 1H), 7.15–7.09 (m, 1H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 165.7, 159.6, 130.5, 129.5, 122.2, 119.9, 114.3, 68.8, 55.4, 26.1; IR (neat) 3053, 2937, 1725, 1276, 1120, 907, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]+; found: 231.0637.

2-oxopropyl 3-acetylbenzoate (3aj)

Yield: 87%, 95.5 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.57 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 8.28–8.08 (m, 2H), 7.54–7.51 (m, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 197.0, 165.0, 137.3, 134.1, 132.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.0, 68.9, 26.6, 26.1; IR (neat) 3056, 2931, 1742, 1724, 1278, 1110, 909, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₄Na: 243.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.0630.

2-oxopropyl 3-chlorobenzoate (3ak)

Yield: 88%, 93.1 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.37$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.01–7.96 (m, 1H), 7.58–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 164.7, 134.7, 133.5, 130.9, 129.9, 129.9, 128.0, 68.9, 26.1; IR (neat) 3060, 2935, 1728, 1279, 1082, 1117, 907, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]*; found: 235.0131.

2-oxopropyl 3-bromobenzoate (3al)

Yield: 85%, 109.3 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.02–7.99 (m, 1H), 7.71–7.70 m, 1H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 164.5, 136.4, 132.8, 131.1, 130.1, 128.5, 122.5, 68.9, 26.1; IR (neat) 3058, 2934, 1726, 1274, 1115, 1077, 907, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na]*; found: 278.9638.

2-oxopropyl 3-nitrobenzoate (3am)

Yield: >99%, 111.3 mg, white solid, m.p. $101-103 \circ C$; R_f 0.37 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.8 9 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.39 (m, 2H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 163.8, 148.3, 135.5, 131.0, 129.8, 127.8, 124.8, 69.2, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3059, 2934, 1729, 1352, 1272, 1113, 906, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉NO₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]*; found: 246.0388.

2-oxopropyl 4-methylbenzoate (3an)

Yield: 90%, 85.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.42 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 144.3, 129.9, 129.2, 126.4, 68.6, 26.2, 21.7; IR (neat) 3058, 2930, 1730, 1275, 1118, 907, 795, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]*; found: 215.0697.

2-oxopropyl 4-ethylbenzoate (3ao)

Yield: 92%, 94.5 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31–7.26 (m, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.71 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 150.4, 130.0, 128.0, 126.7, 68.6, 29.0, 26.2, 15.2; IR (neat) 3059, 2937, 1730, 1276, 1113, 908, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₃Na: 229.0841 [M+Na]⁺; found: 229.0828.

2-oxopropyl 4-propylbenzoate (3ap)

Yield: 95%, 104.1 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.41 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.65 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 3H), 1.70–1.63 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 148.9, 129.9, 128.6, 126.7, 68.6, 38.1, 26.2, 24.2, 13.7; IR (neat) 3062, 2939, 1725, 1271, 1115, 908, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₆O₃Na: 243.0997 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.1011.

2-oxopropyl 4-isopropylbenzoate (3aq)

Yield: 87%, 95.6 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 3.00–2.96 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 155.0, 130.1, 126.8, 126.6, 68.6, 34.3, 26.2, 23.7; IR (neat) 3064, 2932, 1733, 1268, 1126, 916, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₆O₃Na: 243.0997 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.1008.

2-oxopropyl 4-butylbenzoate (3ar)

Yield: 96%, 112.1 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.41 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.69–2.64 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.64–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.39–1.32 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 149.1, 129.9, 128.6, 126.6, 68.6, 35.7, 33.2, 26.2, 22.3, 13.9; IR (neat) 3062, 2940, 1725, 1278, 1123, 917, 705 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₃Na: 257.1154 [M+Na]⁺; found: 257.1137.

2-oxopropyl 4-(tert-butyl)benzoate (3as)

Yield: 74%, 86.2 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.38 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 157.2, 129.8, 126.4, 125.5, 68.6, 35.1, 31.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3052, 2931, 1724, 1275, 1124, 923, 715 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₃Na: 257.1154 [M+Na]⁺; found: 257.1170.

2-oxopropyl 4-pentylbenzoate (3at)

Yield: 93%, 115.7 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.41 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.28–2.19 (m, 3H), 1.68–1.61 (m, 2H), 1.37–1.30 (m, 4H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9,

Accepted Manuscript

149.2, 130.0, 128.6, 126.6, 68.6, 36.0, 31.4, 30.8, 26.2, 22.5, 14.0; IR (neat) 3057, 2932, 1728, 1276, 1120, 918, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{15}H_{20}O_3Na$: 271.1310 [M+Na]+; found: 271.1327.

2-oxopropyl [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylate (3au)

Yield: 82%, 103.7 mg, white solid, m.p. 56–58 °C; R_f 0.31 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21–8.18 (m, 2H), 7.73–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.66 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 165.8, 146.2, 139.9, 130.5, 129.0, 128.3, 127.9, 127.3, 127.2, 68.8, 26.3; IR (KBr) 3060, 2941, 1728, 1269, 1108, 914, 707 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₆H₁₄O₃Na: 277.0841 [M+Na]⁺; found: 277.0832.

2-oxopropyl 4-methoxybenzoate (3av)

Yield: >99%, 103.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.42 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.3, 165.6, 163.8, 132.0, 121.5, 113.8, 68.6, 55.5, 26.2; IR (neat) 3059, 2931, 1732, 1276, 1110, 913, 707 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 231.0621.

2-oxopropyl 4-acetylbenzoate (3aw)

Yield: 83%, 91.2 mg, white solid, m.p. $81-83 \circ C$; $R_f 0.30$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 197.5, 165.0, 140.6, 132.9, 130.1, 128.3, 68.9, 26.9, 26.2; IR (KBr) 3057, 2931, 1736, 1721, 1271, 1112, 913, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₄Na: 243.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.0649.

2-oxopropyl 4-chlorobenzoate (3ax)

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

Yield: 95% (24 h), 100.5 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.40 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 165.0, 139.9, 131.3, 128.9, 127.7, 68.8, 26.1; IR (neat) 3057, 2938, 1728, 1274, 1115, 1082, 910, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₇ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]+; found: 235.0145.

2-oxopropyl 4-bromobenzoate (3ay)

Yield: 97%, 124.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.31 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.58 (m, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 165.1, 131.9, 131.4, 128.7, 128.1, 68.8, 26.2; IR (neat) 3056, 2937, 1728, 1272, 1111, 1073, 910, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na]+; found: 278.9626.

2-oxopropyl 4-nitrobenzoate (3az)

Yield: 91%, 101.6 mg, white solid, m.p. 87-89 °C; R_f 0.43 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32–8.26 (m, 4H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.3, 164.0, 150.8, 134.6, 131.1, 123.6, 69.2, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3062, 2937, 1721, 1361, 1270, 1107, 912, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉N0₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]⁺; found: 246.0360.

2-oxopropyl 2,3-dichlorobenzoate (3ba)

Yield: 88%, 109.0 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.33 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.91

(s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.4, 134.7, 133.6, 131.9, 131.7, 129.6, 127.3, 69.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3064, 2931, 1727, 1273, 1107, 1088, 917, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]+; found: 268.9761.

2-oxopropyl 2,4-dichlorobenzoate (3bb)

Yield: 90%, 111.4 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.32 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.32 (m, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 163.8, 138.9, 135.3, 133.0, 131.1, 127.2, 127.1, 69.0, 26.2; IR (neat) 3065, 2940, 1733, 1279, 1122, 1087, 915, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{10}H_8Cl_2O_3Na: 268.9748$ [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9765.

2-oxopropyl 2,5-dichlorobenzoate (3bc)

Yield: 89%, 109.3 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.37 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45–7.40 (m, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 163.5, 133.1, 132.7, 132.5, 132.4, 131.7, 130.1, 69.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3064, 2936, 1730, 1275, 1116, 1089, 910, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9732.

2-oxopropyl 2,6-dichlorobenzoate (3bd)

Yield: 85%, 104.3 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.30 (m, 3H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 164.1, 132.5, 132.1, 131.4, 128.0, 69.5, 26.6; IR (neat) 3061, 2937, 1731, 1274, 1115, 1087, 912, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{10}H_8Cl_2O_3Na: 268.9748$ [M+Na]+; found: 268.9735.

2-oxopropyl 3,4-dichlorobenzoate (3be)

Yield: 93%, 115.1 mg, white solid, m.p. 59–61 °C; R_f 0.38 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.0, 138.1, 133.1, 131.8, 130.7, 129.0, 128.9, 69.0, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3057, 2939, 1730, 1275, 1114, 1081, 912, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]*; found: 268.9730.

2-oxopropyl 3,5-dichlorobenzoate (3bf)

Yield: 83%, 102.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 63–65 °C; R_f 0.45 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (s, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.5, 163.6, 135.4, 133.3, 132.0, 128.3, 69.1, 26.1; IR (KBr) IR (neat) 3056, 2937, 1728, 1272, 1113, 1082, 907, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]+; found: 268.9762.

2-oxopropyl 1-naphthoate (3bg)

Yield: 76%, 86.3 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.36$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.98 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57–7.51 (m, 2H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 166.7, 133.9, 133.8, 130.7, 128.6, 128.0, 126.4, 126.1, 125.8, 124.6, 68.8, 26.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2935, 1728, 1272, 1108, 906, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂O₃Na: 251.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 251.0671.

2-oxopropyl 4-methyl-1-naphthoate (3bh)

Yield: 56%, 67.3 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.38 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* =

7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.64–7.59 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 166.7, 141.1, 132.9, 131.5, 130.6, 127.6, 126.3, 126.2, 125.6, 124.5, 124.3, 68.7, 26.3, 20.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2934, 1731, 1278, 1109, 909, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄O₃Na: 265.0841 [M+Na]⁺; found: 265.0828.

2-oxopropyl 2-naphthoate (3bi)

Yield: 83%, 94.8 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.34 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.11 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.93–7.88 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.54 (m, 2H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 166.0, 135.8, 132.5, 131.6, 129.5, 128.6, 128.4, 127.8, 126.8, 126.4, 125.3, 68.9, 26.3; IR (neat) 3060, 2934, 1734, 1275, 1109, 914, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂O₃Na: 251.0684 [M+Na]*; found: 251.0695.

2-oxopropyl 1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (3bj)

Yield: 61%, 50.7 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.40 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.11–6.98 (m, 2H), 6.30 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.5, 160.3, 124.0, 121.5, 116.5, 110.7, 68.2, 26.2; IR (neat) 2974, 2937, 1713, 1605, 1466, 1374, 1273, 1151, 1087, 1055, 979, 852, 756, 736 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₈H₉NO₃Na: 190.0480 [M+Na]⁺; found: 190.0463.

2-oxopropyl furan-2-carboxylate (3bk)

Yield: 77%, 64.7 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.71$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65–7.58 (m, 1H), 7.29–7.25 (m, 1H), 6.56–6.51 (m, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 157.7, 146.9, 143.7, 119.1, 112.1, 68.3, 26.1; IR (neat) 3058, 2935, 1729, 1273, 1114, 908, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_8H_8O_4Na$: 191.0320 [M+Na]+; found: 191.0333.

2-oxopropyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (3bl)

Yield: 93%, 85.5 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.76 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (dd, *J* = 3.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.7, 161.4, 134.4, 133.3, 132.4, 128.0, 68.7, 26.2; IR (neat) 3050, 2941, 1727, 1278, 1123, 916, 718 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₈H₈O₃SNa: 207.0092 [M+Na]*; found: 207.0109.

2-oxopropyl 1H-indole-2-carboxylate (3bm)

Yield: 69%, 75.2 mg, white solid, m.p. $107-109 \circ C$; $R_f 0.32$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.98 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO) δ 202.3, 161.0, 138.0, 127.2, 126.9, 125.4, 122.6, 120.8, 113.1, 108.9, 69.0, 26.4; IR (KBr) 2980, 2934, 1715, 1611, 1452, 1380, 1295, 1279, 1058, 975, 735 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₁NO₃Na: 240.0637 [M+Na]⁺; found: 240.0625.

2-oxopropyl benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3bn)

Yield: 67%, 73.4 mg, light yellow oil; R_f 0.46 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 158.7, 156.0, 144.5, 128.1, 126.8, 124.0, 123.0, 115.1, 112.4, 68.7, 26.1; IR (neat) 3048, 2924, 1725, 1270, 1118,

921, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{12}H_{10}O_4Na$: 241.0477 [M+Na]⁺; found: 241.0470.

2-oxopropyl benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate (3bo)

Yield: 93%, 109.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 76–78 °C; R_f 0.47 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51–7.42 (m, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.4, 162.0, 142.5, 138.6, 132.2, 131.6, 127.3, 125.7, 125.1, 122.8, 69.0, 26.2; IR (KBr) 2978, 2931, 1740, 1718, 1604, 1465, 1372, 1298, 1273, 1155, 1090, 908, 737 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀O₃SNa: 257.0248 [M+Na]*; found: 257.0235.

2-oxopropyl picolinate (3bp)

Yield: 66%, 58.8 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.26 (1:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.83–8.75 (m, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.89–7.86 (m, 1H), 7.58–7.47 (m, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.4, 150.0, 147.1, 137.2, 127.4, 125.6, 69.3, 26.1; IR (neat) 3064, 2930, 1735, 1278, 1120, 980, 720 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₉H₉NO₃Na: 202.0480 [M+Na]⁺; found: 202.0457.

2-oxopropyl quinoline-2-carboxylate (3bq)

Yield: 80%, 91.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.37$ (1:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85–7.77 (m, 1H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 164.7, 147.6, 147.1, 137.4, 130.8, 130.4, 129.5, 128.9, 127.6, 121.3, 69.5, 26.1; IR (neat) 3061, 2938, 1735, 1276, 1124, 978, 721 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₁NO₃Na: 252.0637 [M+Na]⁺; found: 252.0656.

Acknowledgment

The work was supported by the Foundation of Guizhou Educational Committee (Grant No. qianjiaohe KY zi [2019] 081) and the Natural Science Foundation of Guizhou Province (Grant No. qiankehejichu [2018] number 1141)

Supporting Information

YES (this text will be updated with links prior to publication)

Primary Data

NO (this text will be deleted prior to publication)

References and Notes

- (a) Cavallo, G.; Metrangolo, P.; Milani, R.; Pilati, T.; Priimagi, A.; Resnati, G.; Giancarlo Terraneo, G. *Chem. Rev.* **2016**, *116*, 2478. (b) Heinen, F.; Engelage, E.; Dreger, A.; Weiss, R.; Huber, S. M. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2018**, *57*, 3830. (c) Heinen, F.; Engelage, E.; Cramer, C. J.; Huber, S. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2020**, *142*, 8633.
- (2) (a) Wirth, T. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2005, 44, 3656. (b) Dohi, T.; Ito, M.; Morimoto, K.; Iwata, M.; Kita, Y. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2008, 47, 1301. (c) Dohi, T.; Maruyama, A.; Takenaga, N.; Senami, K.; Minamitsuji, Y.; Fujioka, H.; Caemmerer, S. B.; Kita, Y. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2008, 47, 3787. (d) Yoshimura, A.; Zhdankin, V. V. Chem. Rev. 2016, 116, 3328. (e) Muñiz, K. Acc. Chem. Res. 2018, 51, 1507. (f) Duhamel, T.; Stein, C. J.; Martínez, C.; Reiher, M.; Muñiz, K. ACS Catal. 2018, 8, 3918. (g) Xing, B.; Ni, C.; Hu, J. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2018, 57, 9896.
- (3) Fischer, D.; Tomeba, H.; Pahadi, N. K.; Patil, N. T.; Huo, Z.; Yamamoto, Y. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 130, 15720.

- (4) (a) Crone, B.; Kirsch, S. F.; Umland, K.-D. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.
 2010, 49, 4661. (b) Liu, B.; Cheng, J.; Li, Y.; Li, J.-H. Chem. Commun.
 2019, 55, 667.
- (5) He, Z.; Li, H.; Li, Z. J. Org. Chem. **2010**, 75, 4636.
- (6) Zhang, J.; Wu, X.; Gao, Q.; Geng, X.; Zhao, P.; Wu, Y.-D.; Wu, A. Org. Lett. 2017, 19, 408.
- (7) Gao, Q.; Yan, H.; Wu, M.; Sun, J.; Yan, X.; Wu, A. Org. Biomol. Chem. 2018, 16, 2342.
- (8) Cai, Q.; Zhuang, S.; Yang, M.; Peng, N.; Liu, Y.; Wu, A. *Tetrahedron* 2019, 75, 130756.
- Takeda, M.; Maejima, S.; Yamaguchi, E.; Itoh, A. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2019**, *60*, 151284.
- (10) Yin, G.; Fan, L.; Ren, T.; Zheng, C.; Tao, Q.; Wu, A.; She, N. Org. Biomol. Chem. 2012, 10, 8877
- (11) Rao, H. S. P.; Satish, V.; Kanniyappan, S.; Kumari, P. *Tetrahedron* 2018, 74, 6047.
- (12) Mani, G. S.; Rao, A. V. S.; Tangella, Y.; Sunkari, S.; Sultana, F.; Namballa, H. K.; Shankaraiah, N.; Kamal, A. *New J. Chem.* **2018**, *42*, 15820.
- (13) (a) Marsili, L.A.; Pergomet, J. L.; Gandon, V.; Riveira, M. J. Org. Lett.
 2018, 20, 7298. (b) Koenig, J. J.; Arndt, T.; Gildemeister, N.; Neudorfl, J.-M.; Breugst, M. J. Org. Chem. 2019, 84, 7587.
- (14) Siddaraju, Y.; Prabhu, K. R. *ACS Omega* **2018**, *3*, 4908.
- (15) Liu, L.; Sun, Q.; Yan, Z.; Liang, X.; Zha, Z.; Yang, Y.; Wang, Z. Green Chem. 2018, 20, 3927.
- (16) Chauhan, J.; Luthra, T.; Sen, S. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2018**, 4776.
- Tran, U. P. N.; Oss, G.; Breugst, M.; Detmar, E.; Pace, D. P.; Liyanto, K.; Nguyen, T. V. ACS Catal. 2019, 9, 912.
- (18) (a) Liu, Y.; Yuan, X.; Guo, X.; Zhang, X.; Chen, B. *Tetrahedron* 2018, 74, 6057. (b) Singh, M.; Awasthi, P.; Singh, V. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* 2020, 1023.
- (19) Zheng, Y.-Y.; Feng, K.-X.; Xia, A.-B.; Liu, J.; Tang, C.-K.; Zhou, Z.-Y.; Xu, D.-Q. RSC Adv. 2019, 9, 9770.
- (20) Chen, W.; Zhu, X.; Wang, F.; Yang, Y.; Deng, G.; Liang, Y. J. Org. Chem. 2020, 85, 3349.
- (21) (a) Yang, F.-L.; Tian, S.-K. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2013, 52, 4929. (b)
 Pandey, A. K.; Chand, S.; Singh, R.; Kumar, S.; Singh, K. N. ACS Omega
 2020, 5, 7627.
- (22) Tanimoto, K.; Ohkado, R.; Iida, H. J. Org. Chem. 2019, 84, 14980.
- (23) Dey, A.; Hajra, A. J. Org. Chem. **2019**, *84*, 14904.
- (24) Bhattacharjee, P.; Bora, U. ACS Omega 2019, 4, 11770.

- (25) Sar, S.; Tripathi, A.; Dubey, K. D.; Sen, S. J. Org. Chem. 2020, 85, 3748.
- (26) Barak, D. S.; Dighe, S. U.; Avasthi, I.; Batra, S. J. Org. Chem. 2018, 83, 3537.
- (27) Siddaraju, Y.; Prabhu, K. R. J. Org. Chem. **2018**, 83, 11145.
- (28) Sar, S.; Chauhan, J.; Sen, S. *ACS Omega* **2020**, *5*, 4213.
- (29) Ren, J.; Yan, X.; Cui, X.; Pi, C.; Wu, Y.; Cui, X. Green Chem. 2020, 22, 265.
- (30) Leng, J.; Meng, J.; Luo, X.; Deng, W.-P. *Tetrahedron* **2018**, *74*, 6993.
- (31) (a) Gao, Q.; Wu, X.; Liu, S.; Wu, A. Org. Lett. 2014, 16, 1732. (b) Wu, X.; Gao, Q.; Liu, S.; Wu, A. Org. Lett. 2014, 16, 2888. (c) Liu, S.; Gao, Q.; Wu, X.; Zhang, J.; Ding, K.; Wu, A. Org. Biomol. Chem. 2015, 13, 2239. (d) Zheng, K.; Zhuang, S.; Shu, W.; Wu, Y.; Yang, C.; Wu, A. Chem. Commun. 2018, 54, 11897. (e) Bosnidou, A. E.; Muniz, K. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2019, 58, 7485. (f) Debnath, S.; Das, T.; Gayen, S.; Ghosh, T.; Maiti, D. K. ACS Omega 2019, 4, 20410.
- (32) Liu, S.; Qi, Z.; Zhang, Z.; Qian, B. *Org. Lett.* **2019**, *21*, 7722.
- (33) (a) Xue, Y.; Yan, Y.; Jiang, K.; Chen, W.; Yang, L. *RSC Adv.* 2020, 10, 14720. (b) Cao, Y.; Liu, L.; Huang, T.; Chen, T. *New J. Chem.* 2020, 44, 8697.
- (34) Tuo, X.; Chen, S.; Jiang, P.; Ni, P.; Wang, X.; Deng, G.-J. *RSC Adv.* **2020**, *10*, 8348.
- (35) (a) Kuwano, R. Synthesis 2009, 1049. (b) Adly, F. G. Catalysts 2017,
 7, 347. (c) Ali, M. R.; Kumar, S.; Shalmali, N.; Afzal, O.; Azim, S.;
 Chanana, D.; Alam, O.; Paudel, Y. N.; Sharma, M.; Bawa, S. Mini-Rew.
 Med. Chem. 2019, 19, 410.
- (36) (a) Štěpnička, P.; Demel, J.; Čejka, J. J. Mol. Catal. A-Chem. 2004, 224, 161. (b) Kumar, C. S. C.; Kwong, H. C.; Mah, S. H.; Chia, T. S.; Loh, W.-S.; Quah, C. K.; Lim, G. K.; Chandraju, S.; Fun, H.-K. Molecules 2015, 20, 18827. (c) Kulkarni, M. G.; Shaikh, Y. B.; Borhade, A. S.; Chavhan, S. W.; Dhondge, A. P.; Gaikwad, D. D.; Desai, M. P.; Birhade, D. R.; Dhatrak, N. R. Tetrahedron Lett. 2013, 54, 2293.
- (37) (a) Uyanik, M.; Suzuki, D.; Yasui, T.; Ishihara, K. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 5331. (b) Wu, Y.-D.; Huang, B.; Zhang, Y.-X.; Wang, X.-X.; Dai, J.-J.; Xu, J.; Xu, H.-J. Org. Biomol. Chem. 2016, 14, 5936. (c) Kumar, P. S.; Ravikumar, B.; Ashalu, K. C.; Reddy, K. R. Tetrahedron Lett. 2018, 59, 33. (d) Wang, X.; Li, G.; Yang, Y.; Jiang, J.; Feng, Z.; Zhang, P. Chinese Chem. Lett. 2020, 31, 711.
 (38) Ramazani, A.; Ahmadi, Y.; Karimi, Z.; Rezaei, A. J. Heterocyclic Chem.
 -) Ramazani, A.; Ahmadi, Y.; Karimi, Z.; Rezaei, A. *J. Heterocyclic Chem.* **2012**, *49*, 1447.

Accepted Manuscript

Supporting Information

Oxidative C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone with Carboxylic Acids under Iodine Catalysis

Xiao-Yu Zhou* and Xia Chen

School of Chemistry and Materials Engineering, Liupanshui Normal University, Liupanshui, 553004, China

zhouxiaoyu20062006@126.com (X.-Y. Zhou)

Table of Contents

1. General and Materials	S1
2. The Typical Procedure for Jodine Catalyzed C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone	
3 Conv of NMR for the 2-Ovonronvl Carboxylates	S16-101
s. Copy of Mini for the 2-Oxopropy Carbox facts.	

1. General and Materials.

All reagents and solvents were of pure analytical grade. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on HSGF254 silica gel, pre-coated on glass-backed plates coated with 0.2 mm silica and revealed with either a UV lamp ($\lambda_{max} = 254$ nm). The products were purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel 200-300 mesh. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 600 MHz spectrometer (¹H 600 MHz, ¹³C 151 MHz) using CDC₁₅ as the solvent with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as the internal standard at room temperature. Chemical shifts are in δ (ppm) relative to TMS. The coupling constants (*J*) are in Hz.

2. The Typical Procedure for Iodine Catalyzed C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone

Copyrighted

Karolinska

ъ.

Downloaded



The Typical Procedure for Iodine Catalyzed C-H Acyloxylation of Acetone: A mixture of aryl carboxylic acid 1 (0.50 mmol), KI (8.3 mg, 0.05 mmol, 10.0 mol%) and NaClO₂ (45 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in acetone (3 mL) was added into a Schlenk flask (25 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. After the reaction was finished, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 10:1 to 3:1) to provide 2-oxopropyl carboxylates **3**.



2-oxopropyl benzoate (3aa): Yield: 99%, 88.2 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60–7.57 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.44 (m, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 165.8, 133.5, 129.9, 129.2, 128.5, 68.7, 26.2; IR (neat) 3058, 2935, 1729, 1273, 1114, 908, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{10}H_{10}O_3Na: 201.0528$ [M+Na]⁺; found: 201.0534.



2-oxopropyl 2-methylbenzoate (3ab): Yield: 75%, 72.2 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.42 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.41 (m, 1H), 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 166.6, 140.7, 132.5, 131.8, 130.9, 128.6, 125.8, 68.6, 26.2, 21.7; IR (neat) 3053, 2939, 1731, 1270, 1112, 905, 714 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 215.0689.

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 2-hydroxybenzoate (3ac): Yield: 76%, 73.7 mg, white solid, m.p. 85–87 °C; $R_f 0.39$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.44 (s, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54–7.47 (m, 1H), 7.05–6.99 (m, 1H), 6.96–6.90 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 169.2, 161.8, 136.3, 130.1, 119.4, 117.7, 111.7, 68.7, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3231, 3060, 2931, 1727, 1270, 1116, 909, 704 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀O₄Na: 217.0477 [M+Na]⁺; found: 217.0473.



2-oxopropyl 2-methoxybenzoate (3ad): Yield: 87%, 90.1 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.36 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92–7.85 (m, 1H), 7.52–7.43 (m, 1H), 6.99–6.94 (m, 2H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.4, 165.2, 159.6, 134.2, 132.0, 120.2, 118.7, 112.1, 68.6, 55.9, 26.3; IR (neat) 3065, 2937, 1736, 1276, 1235, 1114, 903, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 231.0630.



2-oxopropyl 2-chlorobenzoate (3ae): Yield: 86%, 91.2 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.37 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98–7.91 (m, 1H), 7.50–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.29 (m, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 164.7, 134.0, 133.1, 131.9, 131.2, 128.9, 126.7, 68.9, 26.2; IR (neat) 3060, 2931, 1727, 1271, 1119, 1084, 907, 714 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]⁺; found: 235.0143.



2-oxopropyl 2-bromobenzoate (3af): Yield: 87%, 111.6 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.38$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40–7.31 (m, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.2, 165.2, 134.5, 133.1, 131.8, 130.9, 127.3, 122.0, 69.0, 26.2; IR (neat) 3056, 2933, 1728, 1270, 1113, 1068, 907, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na¹⁺; found: 278.9639.



2-oxopropyl 2-nitrobenzoate (3ag): Yield: 92%, 102.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.33$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73–7.65 (m, 2H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.7, 164.7, 148.0, 133.17, 132.21, 130.3, 126.7, 124.0, 69.5, 26.2; IR (neat) 3062, 2930, 1728, 1541, 1274, 1116, 910, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉O₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]⁺; found: 246.0383.



2-oxopropyl 3-methylbenzoate (3ah): Yield: 86%, 82.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.46$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99–7.83 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.31 (m, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 166.0, 138.3, 134.2, 130.4, 129.1, 128.4, 127.0, 68.7, 26.2, 21.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2936, 1726, 1278, 1117, 906, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 215.0689.



2-oxopropyl 3-methoxybenzoate (3ai): Yield: 88%, 91.6 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.42$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72–7.65 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.33 (m, 1H), 7.15–7.09 (m, 1H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 165.7, 159.6, 130.5, 129.5, 122.2, 119.9, 114.3, 68.8, 55.4, 26.1; IR (neat) 3053, 2937, 1725, 1276, 1120, 907, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 231.0637.



2-oxopropyl 3-acetylbenzoate (3aj): Yield: 87%, 95.5 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.36$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.57 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 8.28-8.08 (m, 2H), 7.54–7.51 (m, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 197.0, 165.0, 137.3, 134.1, 132.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.0, 68.9, 26.6, 26.1; IR (neat) 3056, 2931, 1742, 1724, 1278, 1110, 909, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₄Na: 243.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.0630.



2-oxopropyl 3-chlorobenzoate (3ak): Yield: 88%, 93.1 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.37 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.01–7.96 (m, 1H), 7.58–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 164.7, 134.7, 133.5, 130.9, 129.9, 129.9, 128.0, 68.9, 26.1; IR (neat) 3060, 2935, 1728, 1279, 1082, 1117, 907, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]⁺; found: 235.0131.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 3-bromobenzoate (3al): Yield: 85%, 109.3 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.36$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21 (t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.02–7.99 (m, 1H), 7.71–7.70 m, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 164.5, 136.4, 132.8, 131.1, 130.1, 128.5, 122.5, 68.9, 26.1; IR (neat) 3058, 2934, 1726, 1274, 1115, 1077, 907, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 278.9638.



2-oxopropyl 3-nitrobenzoate (3am): Yield: >99%, 111.3 mg, white solid, m.p. 101–103 °C; $R_f 0.37$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.45–8.39 (m, 2H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 163.8, 148.3, 135.5, 131.0, 129.8, 127.8, 124.8, 69.2, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3059, 2934, 1729, 1352, 1272, 1113, 906, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉NO₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]⁺; found: 246.0388.



2-oxopropyl 4-methylbenzoate (3an): Yield: 90%, 85.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.42$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 144.3, 129.9, 129.2, 126.4, 68.6, 26.2, 21.7; IR (neat) 3058, 2930, 1730, 1275, 1118, 907, 795, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₃Na: 215.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 215.0697.



2-oxopropyl 4-ethylbenzoate (3ao): Yield: 92%, 94.5 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.36$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31–7.26 (m, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.71 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 150.4, 130.0, 128.0, 126.7, 68.6, 29.0, 26.2, 15.2; IR (neat) 3059, 2937, 1730, 1276, 1113, 908, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄O₃Na: 229.0841 [M+Na]⁺: found: 229.0828.

pr 0

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 4-propylbenzoate (3ap): Yield: 95%, 104.1 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 3H), 1.70–1.63 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 148.9, 129.9, 128.6, 126.7, 68.6, 38.1, 26.2, 24.2, 13.7; IR (neat) 3062, 2939, 1725, 1271, 1115, 908, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₆O₃Na: 243.0997 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.1011.



2-oxopropyl 4-isopropylbenzoate (3aq): Yield: 87%, 95.6 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 3.00–2.96 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 155.0, 130.1, 126.8, 126.6, 68.6, 34.3, 26.2, 23.7; IR (neat) 3064, 2932, 1733, 1268, 1126, 916, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₆O₃Na: 243.0997 [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.1008.



2-oxopropyl 4-butylbenzoate (3ar): Yield: 96%, 112.1 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.41$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.69–2.64 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.64–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.39–1.32 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 149.1, 129.9, 128.6, 126.6, 68.6, 35.7, 33.2, 26.2, 22.3, 13.9; IR (neat) 3062, 2940, 1725, 1278, 1123, 917, 705 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₃Na: 257.1154 [M+Na]⁺; found: 257.1137.



2-oxopropyl 4-(*tert*-butyl)benzoate (3as): Yield: 74%, 86.2 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.38$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 157.2, 129.8, 126.4, 125.5, 68.6, 35.1, 31.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3052, 2931, 1724, 1275, 1124, 923, 715 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₃Na: 257.1154 [M+Na]⁺; found: 257.1170.



2-oxopropyl 4-pentylbenzoate (3at): Yield: 93%, 115.7 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.41 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.28–2.19 (m, 3H), 1.68–1.61 (m, 2H), 1.37–1.30 (m, 4H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 165.9, 149.2, 130.0, 128.6, 126.6, 68.6, 36.0, 31.4, 30.8, 26.2, 22.5, 14.0; IR (neat) 3057, 2932, 1728, 1276, 1120, 918, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₅H₂₀O₃Na: 271.1310 [M+Na]⁺; found: 271.1327.



2-oxopropyl [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylate (3au): Yield: 82%, 103.7 mg, white solid, m.p. 56–58 °C; R_f 0.31 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21–8.18 (m, 2H), 7.73–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.66 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 165.8, 146.2, 139.9, 130.5, 129.0, 128.3, 127.9, 127.3, 127.2, 68.8, 26.3; IR (KBr) 3060, 2941, 1728, 1269, 1108, 914, 707 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₆H₁₄O₃Na: 277.0841 [M+Na]⁺; found: 277.0832.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 4-methoxybenzoate (3av): Yield: >99%, 103.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.42$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.3, 165.6, 163.8, 132.0, 121.5, 113.8, 68.6, 55.5, 26.2; IR (neat) 3059, 2931, 1732, 1276, 1110, 913, 707 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₄Na: 231.0633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 231.0621.



2-oxopropyl 4-acetylbenzoate (3aw): Yield: 83%, 91.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 81–83 °C; $R_f 0.30$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 197.5, 165.0, 140.6, 132.9, 130.1, 128.3, 68.9, 26.9, 26.2; IR (KBr) 3057, 2931, 1736, 1721, 1271, 1112, 913, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}O_4Na: 243.0633$ [M+Na]⁺; found: 243.0649.



2-oxopropyl 4-chlorobenzoate (3ax): Yield: 95% (24 h), 100.5 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.40$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 165.0, 139.9, 131.3, 128.9, 127.7, 68.8, 26.1; IR (neat) 3057, 2938, 1728, 1274, 1115, 1082, 910, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₇ClO₃Na: 235.0138 [M+Na]⁺; found: 235.0145.



2-oxopropyl 4-bromobenzoate (3ay): Yield: 97%, 124.9 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.31 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.58 (m, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 165.1, 131.9, 131.4, 128.7, 128.1, 68.8, 26.2; IR (neat) 3056, 2937, 1728, 1272, 1111, 1073, 910, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉BrO₃Na: 278.9633 [M+Na]⁺; found: 278.9626.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 4-nitrobenzoate (3az): Yield: 91%, 101.6 mg, white solid, m.p. 87–89 °C; R_f 0.43 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32–8.26 (m, 4H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.3, 164.0, 150.8, 134.6, 131.1, 123.6, 69.2, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3062, 2937, 1721, 1361, 1270, 1107, 912, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₉NO₅Na: 246.0378 [M+Na]⁺; found: 246.0360.

2-oxopropyl 2,3-dichlorobenzoate (3ba): Yield: 88%, 109.0 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.33$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.4, 134.7, 133.6, 131.9, 131.7, 129.6, 127.3, 69.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3064, 2931, 1727, 1273, 1107, 1088, 917, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9761.



2-oxopropyl 2,4-dichlorobenzoate (3bb): Yield: 90%, 111.4 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.32$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.32 (m, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 163.8, 138.9, 135.3, 133.0, 131.1, 127.2, 127.1, 69.0, 26.2; IR (neat) 3065, 2940, 1733, 1279, 1122, 1087, 915, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9765.



his article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 2,5-dichlorobenzoate (3bc): Yield: 89%, 109.3 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.37$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45–7.40 (m, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 163.5, 133.1, 132.7, 132.5, 132.4, 131.7, 130.1, 69.1, 26.2; IR (neat) 3064, 2936, 1730, 1275, 1116, 1089, 910, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9732.



2-0xopropyl 2,6-dichlorobenzoate (3bd): Yield: 85%, 104.3 mg, colorless oil; R₁0.36 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.30 (m, 3H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 164.1, 132.5, 132.1, 131.4, 128.0, 69.5, 26.6; IR (neat) 3061, 2937, 1731, 1274, 1115, 1087, 912, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9735.



2-oxopropyl 3,4-dichlorobenzoate (3be): Yield: 93%, 115.1 mg, white solid, m.p. 59–61 °C; R_f 0.38 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.0, 138.1, 133.1, 131.8, 130.7, 129.0, 128.9, 69.0, 26.1; IR (KBr) 3057, 2939, 1730, 1275, 1114, 1081, 912, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9730.



2-oxopropyl 3,5-dichlorobenzoate (3bf): Yield: 83%, 102.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 63–65 °C; R_f 0.45 (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (s, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.5, 163.6, 135.4, 133.3, 132.0, 128.3, 69.1, 26.1; IR (KBr) IR (neat) 3056, 2937, 1728, 1272, 1113, 1082, 907, 710 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₀H₈Cl₂O₃Na: 268.9748 [M+Na]⁺; found: 268.9762.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 1-naphthoate (3bg): Yield: 76%, 86.3 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.36$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.98 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57–7.51 (m, 2H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.8, 166.7, 133.9, 133.8, 130.7, 128.6, 128.0, 126.4, 126.1, 125.8, 124.6, 68.8, 26.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2935, 1728, 1272, 1108, 906, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂O₃Na: 251.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 251.0671.



2-oxopropyl 4-methyl-1-naphthoate (3bh): Yield: 56%, 67.3 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.38$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.64–7.59 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 166.7, 141.1, 132.9, 131.5, 130.6, 127.6, 126.3, 126.2, 125.6, 124.5, 124.3, 68.7, 26.3, 20.2; IR (neat) 3057, 2934, 1731, 1278, 1109, 909, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄O₃Na: 265.0841 [M+Na]⁺; found: 265.0828.



2-oxopropyl 2-naphthoate (3bi): Yield: 83%, 94.8 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.34$ (5:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.11 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.93–7.88 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.54 (m, 2H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 166.0, 135.8, 132.5, 131.6, 129.5, 128.6, 128.4, 127.8, 126.8, 126.4, 125.3, 68.9, 26.3; IR (neat) 3060, 2934, 1734, 1275, 1109, 914, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Caicd for C₁₄H₁₂O₃Na: 251.0684 [M+Na]⁺; found: 251.0695.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved

2-oxopropyl 1*H***-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (3bj):** Yield: 61%, 50.7 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.40 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.11-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.30 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.5, 160.3, 124.0, 121.5, 116.5, 110.7, 68.2, 26.2; IR (neat) 2974, 2937, 1713,

1605, 1466, 1374, 1273, 1151, 1087, 1055, 979, 852, 756, 736 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₈H₉NO₃Na: 190.0480 [M+Na]⁺; found: 190.0463.



2-oxopropyl furan-2-carboxylate (3bk): Yield: 77%, 64.7 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.71 (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65–7.58 (m, 1H), 7.29–7.25 (m, 1H), 6.56–6.51 (m, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 157.7, 146.9, 143.7, 119.1, 112.1, 68.3, 26.1; IR (neat) 3058, 2935, 1729, 1273, 1114, 908, 711 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₈H₈O₄Na: 191.0320 [M+Na]⁺; found: 191.0333.

Copyrighted

Karolinska

Downloaded by:



2-oxopropyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (3bl): Yield: 93%, 85.5 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.76$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (dd, J = 3.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 4.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.7, 161.4, 134.4, 133.3, 132.4, 128.0, 68.7, 26.2; IR (neat) 3050, 2941, 1727, 1278, 1123, 916, 718 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₈H₈O₃SNa: 207.0092 [M+Na]⁺; found: 207.0109.



2-oxopropyl 1H-indole-2-carboxylate (3bm): Yield: 69%, 75.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 107–109 °C; $R_f 0.32$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.98 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO) δ 202.3, 161.0, 138.0, 127.2, 126.9, 125.4, 122.6, 120.8, 113.1, 108.9, 69.0, 26.4; IR (KBr) 2980, 2934, 1715, 1611, 1452, 1380, 1295, 1279, 1058, 975, 735 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₁NO₃Na: 240.0637 [M+Na]⁺; found: 240.0625.



2-oxopropyl benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3bn): Yield: 67%, 73.4 mg, light yellow oil; $R_f 0.46$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 158.7, 156.0, 144.5, 128.1, 126.8, 124.0, 123.0, 115.1, 112.4, 68.7, 26.1; IR (neat) 3048, 2924, 1725, 1270, 1118, 921, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀O₄Na: 241.0477 [M+Na]⁺; found: 241.0470.



2-oxopropyl benzo[*b*]thiophene-2-carboxylate (3bo): Yield: 93%, 109.2 mg, white solid, m.p. 76–78 °C; $R_f 0.47$ (2:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51–7.42 (m, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.4, 162.0, 142.5, 138.6, 132.2, 131.6, 127.3, 125.7, 125.1, 122.8, 69.0, 26.2; IR (KBr) 2978, 2931, 1740, 1718, 1604, 1465, 1372, 1298, 1273, 1155, 1090, 908, 737 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀O₃SNa: 257.0248 [M+Na]⁺; found: 257.0235.



2-oxopropyl picolinate (3bp): Yield: 66%, 58.8 mg, colorless oil; R_f 0.26 (1:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.83–8.75 (m, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.89–7.86 (m, 1H), 7.58–7.47 (m, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 164.4, 150.0, 147.1, 137.2, 127.4, 125.6, 69.3, 26.1; IR (neat) 3064, 2930, 1735, 1278, 1120, 980, 720 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₉H₉NO₃Na: 202.0480 [M+Na]⁺; found: 202.0457.



2-oxopropyl quinoline-2-carboxylate (3bq): Yield: 80%, 91.9 mg, colorless oil; $R_f 0.37$ (1:1 *n*-hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.33 (dd, J = 8.4, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 8.23 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85–7.77 (m, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 11.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 164.7, 147.6, 147.1, 137.4, 130.8, 130.4, 129.5, 128.9, 127.6, 121.3, 69.5, 26.1; IR (neat) 3061, 2938, 1735, 1276, 1124, 978, 721 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) Calcd for C₁₃H₁₁NO₃Na: 252.0637 [M+Na]⁺; found: 252.0656.

Accepted Manuscript

3. Copy of NMR for the 2-Oxopropyl Carboxylates









¹H NMR of 3ab













This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

¹³C NMR of 3ac



¹H NMR of 3ad

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.





¹³C NMR of 3ae



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.



¹H NMR of 3af



¹³C NMR of 3af



This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.










¹³C NMR of 3ah





¹H NMR of 3ai





¹H NMR of 3aj









¹³C NMR of 3ak









¹H NMR of 3am











Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.









-0.5





Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.



















¹H NMR of 3au

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

¹³C NMR of 3au







¹H NMR of 3av





¹H NMR of 3aw




















Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.

















Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.















¹³C NMR of 3bf



¹H NMR of 3bg



¹³C NMR of 3bg





¹H NMR of 3bh

This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

¹³C NMR of 3bh







¹³C NMR of 3bi







¹H NMR of 3bj

















¹³C NMR of 3bm





¹H NMR of 3bn





¹H NMR of 3bo

Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.












This article is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

Downloaded by: Karolinska Institutet. Copyrighted material.