This article was downloaded by: [The University Of Melbourne Libraries]

On: 14 September 2014, At: 10:18

Publisher: Taylor & Francis

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street,

London W1T 3JH, UK



Synthetic Communications: An International Journal for Rapid Communication of Synthetic Organic Chemistry

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/lsyc20

A Simple Synthesis of 2',5'-Disubstituted-Spiro [Dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-Thiazolines] by the Reaction of Corresponding 3-(Acridin-9-YI)-Thioureas with Methyl Bromoacetate and Bromoacetonitrile

Juraj Bernát ^a , Igor Chomča ^a , Pavol Kristian ^a & Gundula Voss ^b

To cite this article: Juraj Bernát , Igor Choměa , Pavol Kristian & Gundula Voss (1998) A Simple Synthesis of 2′,5′-Disubstituted-Spiro [Dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4′-Thiazolines] by the Reaction of Corresponding 3-(Acridin-9-YI)-Thioureas with Methyl Bromoacetate and Bromoacetonitrile, Synthetic Communications: An International Journal for Rapid Communication of Synthetic Organic Chemistry, 28:22, 4171-4178, DOI: 10.1080/00397919809458697

To link to this article: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00397919809458697

^a Department of Organic Chemistry , P.J. Šafarik University , SK-041 67, Košice, Slovakia

b Department of Organic Chemistry, Bayreuth University, D-954 47, Bayreuth, Germany Published online: 11 Mar 2009.

PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Taylor & Francis makes every effort to ensure the accuracy of all the information (the "Content") contained in the publications on our platform. However, Taylor & Francis, our agents, and our licensors make no representations or warranties whatsoever as to the accuracy, completeness, or suitability for any purpose of the Content. Any opinions and views expressed in this publication are the opinions and views of the authors, and are not the views of or endorsed by Taylor & Francis. The accuracy of the Content should not be relied upon and should be independently verified with primary sources of information. Taylor and Francis shall not be liable for any losses, actions, claims, proceedings, demands, costs, expenses, damages, and other liabilities whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with, in relation to or arising out of the use of the Content.

This article may be used for research, teaching, and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, redistribution, reselling, loan, sub-licensing, systematic supply, or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden. Terms & Conditions of access and use can be found at http://www.tandfonline.com/page/terms-and-conditions

A SIMPLE SYNTHESIS OF 2',5'-DISUBSTITUTED-SPIRO [DIHYDROACRIDINE 9(10H), 4'-THIAZOLINES] BY THE REACTION OF CORRESPONDING 3-(ACRIDIN-9-YL)-THIOUREAS WITH METHYL BROMOACETATE AND BROMOACETONITRILE

Juraj Bernát, Igor Chomča, Pavol Kristian* and GundulaVoss†

Department of Organic Chemistry, P.J. Šafarik University, SK-041 67 Košice, Slovakia

† Department of Organic Chemistry, Bayreuth University, D-954 47 Bayreuth, Germany

Abstract: A convenient method has been devised for the preparation of the spirodihydro-acridinethiazolines 5a-j by the treatment of thioureas 3a-e with methyl bromoacetate and bromoacetonitrile via non-isolable isothioureas 4a-j and their subsequent cyclization with methanolic sodium methoxide.

Key words: isothiocyanatoacridine, acridinylthiourea, spirodihydroacridinethiazoline

In our previous paper we have reported the synthesis of a new type of spiro heterocycles, 2'-alkoxy and 2'-methylthio-5'-alkyloxycarbonyl-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazolines] by the cyclization of corresponding thiocarbonimidates¹ and dithiocarbamates², with methyl bromoacetate.

In a view of biological activities of thiazolines³ and acridines⁴, the obtained results lead us to prepare other interesting spiro compounds with an expectation, that these would reveal biological activities.

^{*}To whom correspondence should be addressed.

Scheme 1

To extend our previous work, we whish to report a new, simple synthesis of 2'-(dialkyl(aryl)amino)-5'-substituted-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazolines].

In the series of spirodihydroacridinethiazolines **5a-j** there are the alkoxy¹ and alkylthio² substituents in 2'-possition of thiazoline nucleus replaced by an amino group (NRR₁). The starting 3-(acridin-9-yl)-1,1-disubstituted-thioureas **3a-e**, are obtained via the reaction of secondary amines **2a-e** with 9-isothiocyanatoacridine⁵ **1**. On the

reaction of acridinyl thioureas including primary amine residue will be reported elsewhere⁶.

By the treatment of **3a-e** with halogenocarbonyl compounds, namely methyl bromoacetate and bromoacetonitrile in dichloromethane, the non-isolable isothioureas **4a-j** have been obtained, which in alkaline medium subsequently afforded the corresponding spiro compounds **5a-j** (schemel).

Due to the presence of a stereogenic center at the 5'-carbon in the thiazoline ring of the spiroderivatives **5a-j** a non-equivalence of corresponding protons and carbon atoms of both benzene rings in the dihydroacridine skeleton confirms their spiro structure.

EXPERIMENTAL

NMR spectra where recorded on a Tesla BS 587 (80MHz) and Jeol NMR-EX 270 ($^1\text{H-}270.17$ MHz , $^{13}\text{C-}67.94$ MHz) spectrometers. The chemical shift are given in the ppm (δ scale) using tetramethylsilane as internal standard. ^{13}C signal multiplicities were determined from DEPT spectra. Mass spectra were measured on a MAT 8500 EI (70 eV) and microanalysis on a Perkin-Elmer 2400 analyzer. IR spectra were obtained on a Specord 75 IR. The melting points are uncorrected.

General procedure for the preparation of 3-(acridin-9-yl)-1,1-disubstituted-thioureas 3a-e

Amine **2a-e** (1.1 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of 9-isothiocyanato-acridine **1** 0.236g (1 mmol) in ether (30 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until a pale yellow precipitate deposited. This was collected on filter, washed with ether and dried.

3-(Acridin-9-yl)-1,1-dipropyl-thiourea (2a)

M.p.192-197 °C; yield 95%. For $C_{20}H_{23}N_3S$ (337.489) calculated: 71.18% C, 6.87% H, 12.45% N, found: 70.02% C, 6.77% H, 12.31% N. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 10.82 (bs, 1H, NH), 7.87-6.71(m ,8H, AcrH), 4.08 and 3.53 (t, 2H, CH₂), 2.02 and 1.68 (dt, 2H, CH₂), 1.12 and 0.83 (t, 3H, CH₃).

3-(Acridin-9-yl)-1,1-methylphenyl-thiourea (2b)

M.p. 186-191 °C; yield 93%. For $C_{21}H_{17}N_3S$ (343.452) calculated: 73.44% C, 4.99% H, 12.29% N, found: 72.52% C, 4.91% H, 12.11% N. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 10.87 (bs, 1H, NH), 7.87-6.72 (m, 13H, ArH), 4.08 and 3.58 (s, 3H, NCH₃).

3-(acridin-9-yl)-1-morpholino-thiourea (2c)

M.p. 230-235 °C; yield 96%. For $C_{18}H_{17}N_3OS$ (323.418) calculated: 66.85% C, 5.29% H, 12.99% N, found: 66.05% C, 5.20% H, 12.81% N. ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO): 11.35 (bs, 1H, NH), 8.29-7.10 (m, 8H, AcrH), 4.49-3.25 (m, 8H).

3-(acridin-9-yl)-1-piperidino-thiourea (2d)

M.p. 231-236 °C; yield 95%. For $C_{19}H_{19}N_3S$ (321.446) calculated: 70.99% C, 5.96% H, 13.07% N, found: 69.97% C, 5.91% H, 12.98% N. ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO): 11.33 (bs, 1H, NH), 8.24-7.01 (m, 8H, AcrH), 4.50-3.87 and 4.01-3.38 (m, 4H, NCH₂), 1.87-1.13 (m, 6H, CH₂).

3-(acridin-9-yl)-1,1-methylcyclohexyl-thiourea (2e)

M.p. 205-209 °C; yield 92%. For $C_{21}H_{23}N_3S$ (349.499) calculated: 72.17% C, 6.63% H, 12.02% N, found: 71.07% C, 6.57% H, 11.85% N. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 10.87 (bs, 1H, NH), 7.85-6.69 (m, 8H, AcrH), 5.75-5.25 and 4.50-4.01 (m, 1H, NCH), 3.58 and 3.08 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.25-0.98 (m,10H).

General procedure for the preparation of 2'-(dialkyl(aryl)amino)- 5'-substituted-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazolines] 5a-j.

To a suspension of 3-(acridin-9-yl)-1,1-disubstituted-thiourea 3a-e (1mmol) in dichloromethane (20mL) methyl bromoacetate 0.2g (1.3 mmol) and bromoacetonitrile 0.13g (1.11 mmol), resp. was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was intensively stirred at room temperature for 2h until thiourea 3a-e has disappeared (monitored by thin-layer chromathography, eluent benzene-acetone 5:2, UV detection at 336 nm). After evaporation of the solvent a suspension of sodium methoxide (0.13g, 1.31 mmol) in dry methanol (20mL) was added. The stirring was continued for another 20 min and the reaction mixture poured into H₂O.

The precipitated product was collected by filtration, dried and crystallized from chloroform-heptane.

2'-Dipropylamino-5'-methoxycarbonyl-spiro/dihydroacridine 9(10H),

4'-thiazoline] (5a)

M.p. 150-152 °C; yield 85%. For C₂₃H₂₇N₃O₂S (409.552) calculated: 67.45 % C, 6.64% H, 10.26% N, found: 66.26% C, 6.55% H, 10.04% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3433, 1730, 1610 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.71 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.49 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.18 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.49 (q, 2H), 3.14 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 1.77 (dt, 2H), 0.99 (t,3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): 170.3 (C=O), 162.7 (C-2'), 138.8, 137.7 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 124.2, 121.4 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 126.0, 120.6, 120.3, 113.9, 113.1 (d, AcrH), 80.7 (C-9), 64.8 (q, OCH₃), 53.1 (t, NCH₂), 52.0 (d, C-5'), 21.6 (t, CH₂), 11.2 (q, CH₃). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 409 (M⁺, 18), 305(80), 262 (100), 237(64), 220(75).

2'-Dipropylamino-5'-cyano-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazoline] (5b)

M.p. 190-193 °C; yield 85%. For $C_{22}H_{24}N_4S$ (376.525) calculated: 70.18 % C, 6.42% H, 14.88% N, found: 69.16% C, 6.35% H, 14.68% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3435, 1610 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.71 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.49 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.20 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.46 (q, 2H), 1.81 (dt, 2H), 1.00 (t,3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): 160.9 (C-2'), 138.3, 138.0 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 122.5, 121.1 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 129.1, 128.6, 127.1, 125.9, 121.2, 120.8, 114.1, 113.8 (d, AcrH), 117.1 (CN), 80.3 (C-9), 53.3 (t, NCH₂), 50.2 (d, C-5'), 21.6 (t, CH₂), 11.3 (q, CH₃). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 376 (M⁺,14), 306(11), 305(77), 261(14), 260(100).

2'-Methylphenylamino-5'-methoxycarbonyl-spiro [dihydroacridine 9(10H),

4'-thiazoline] (5c)

M.p. 95-97 °C; yield 80%. For C₂₄H₂₁N₃O₂S (415.516) calculated: 69.37 % C, 5.09% H, 10.11% N, found: 68.26% C, 5.05% H, 10.01% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3435, 1730, 1633 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.72 (m, 13H, ArH), 6.50 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.20 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.68 (s, 2H, NCH₃), 3.18 (s, 3H, OCH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): 170.1 (C=O), 162.9 (C-2'), 145.7 (C_{ipso}), 138.7, 137.7 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 123.7, 120.9 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 129.9, 128.4, 128.1, 127.7, 127.6, 127.0, 126.0, 120.8, 120.5, 114.0, 113.2, (d, ArH), 80.8 (C-9), 65.8 (q, OCH₃), 52.1 (d, C-5'), 41.5 (t, NCH₃). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 415 (M⁺, 17), 311(65), 296(96), 234(100), 205(90), 179(16), 155(11).

2'-methylphenylamino-5'-cyano-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazoline] (5d)

M.p. 185-188 °C; yield 75%. For $C_{23}H_{18}N_4S$ (382.488) calculated : 72.22 % C, 4.74% H, 14.65% N, found: 71.06% C, 4.61% H, 14.41% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3435, 1633 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.72 (m, 13H, ArH), 6.40 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.02 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.52 (s, 2H, NCH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): 161.1 (C-2'), 150.6 (C_{ipso}), 138.2, 137.9 (C_{4a} , C_{10a}), 122.4, 120.6 (C_{8a} , C_{9a}), 128.8, 128.5, 128.0, 127.1, 126.3, 125.9, 125.1, 120.6, 120.2, 113.5, 113.3, (d, ArH), 116.8 (CN), 80.6 (C-9), 51.0 (d, C-5'), 41.4 (t, NCH₃). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 382(M⁺, 34), 372(23), 311(100), 296(90), 235(15), 234(57), 205(83), 179(12).

2'-morpholino-5'-methoxycarbonyl-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H),

4'-thiazoline [(5e)

M.p. 238-239 °C; yield 80%. For $C_{21}H_{21}N_{3}O_{3}S$ (395.482) calculated : 63.77 % C, 5.35% H, 10.63% N, found: 62.56% C, 5.25% H, 10.51% N. IR (KBr): 3440, 1730, 1610 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO): 8.95 (bs, 1H, NH), 7.40-6.82 (m, 8H, AcrH), 4.14 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.80 (t, 4H, OCH₂), 3.65 (t, 4H, NCH₂), 3.18 (s, 3H, OCH₃). ¹³C NMR ((CD₃)₂SO): 169.2 (C=O), 163.8 (C-2'), 138.7, 137.6 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 123.5, 120.6 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 128.5, 128.2, 127.5, 125.9, 120.8, 120.5, 114.1, 113.2 (d, AcrH), 80.7 (C-9), 66.5 (t, OCH₂), 65.0 (q, OCH₃), 52.1 (d, C-5'), 49.2 (t,NCH₂) . MS(70ev): m/z(%) 395(M⁺, 38), 291(100), 246(11), 237(74), 219(14), 206(64), 205(100), 179(18), 123(13).

2'-morpholino-5'-cyano-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazoline] (5f)

M.p. 291-293 °C; yield 75%. For $C_{20}H_{18}N_4OS$ (362.455) calculated : 66.27 % C, 5.01% H, 15.46% N, found: 65.76% C, 4.91% H, 15.29% N. IR (KBr): 3435, 1612 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO): 8.95 (bs, 1H, NH), 7.41-6.83 (m, 8H, AcrH), 4.15 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.80 (t, 4H, OCH₂), 3.66 (t, 4H, NCH₂).

2'-piperidino-5'-methoxycarbonyl-spiro [dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazoline] (5g)

M.p. 220-224 °C; yield 75%. For $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_2S$ (393.509) calculated : 67.15 % C, 5.89% H, 10.67% N, found: 66.06% C, 5.79% H, 10.49% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3435, 1730, 1610 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.69 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.47 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.22 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.65 (t, 4H, NCH₂), 3.14 (s,3H,OCH₃), 1.84-1.61 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR

(CDCl₃): 170.2 (C=O), 163.2 (C-2'), 138.7, 137.6 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 124.0, 121.0 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 126.0, 120.6, 120.3, 114.0, 113.1 (d, AcrH), 80.5 (C-9), 64.9 (t, OCH₃), 52.1 (d, C-5'), 50.3 (t, NCH₂), 25.6, 24.5 (t, CH₂). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 393(M⁺, 35), 289(100), 260(13), 237(93), 220(18), 206(89), 179(33).

2'-piperidino-5'-cyano-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H), 4'-thiazoline] (5h)

M.p. 285-2874 °C; yield 75%. For $C_{21}H_{20}N_4S$ (360.483) calculated : 69.97 % C, 5.59% H, 15.54% N, found: 68.76% C, 5.42% H, 15.41% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3436, 1615 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.63-6.66 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.48 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.21 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.66 (t, 4H, NCH₂), 1.85-1.62 (m, 6H).

2'-methylcyclohexylamino-5'-methoxycarbonyl-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H),

4'-thiazoline] (5i)

M.p. 146-149 °C; yield 65%. For $C_{24}H_{27}N_3O_2S$ (421.563) calculated : 68.38 % C, 6.45% H, 9.97% N, found: 67.26% C, 6.39% H, 9.76% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3435, 1730, 1620 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.60-6.70 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.45 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.19 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.87 (dd, 1H, NCH), 3.15 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.14 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.04-1.26 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): 170.2 (C=O), 163.4 (C-2'), 138.8, 137.7 (C_{4a}, C_{10a}), 124.1, 121.1 (C_{8a}, C_{9a}), 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 126.0, 120.6, 120.3, 113.9, 113.1 (d, AcrH), 80.3 (C-9), 77.2 (d, NCH), 64.4 (q, OCH₃), 52.0 (d, C-5'), 32.7 (q, NCH₃), 30.5, 25.6, 25.4 (t, CH₂), 11.2 (q, CH₃). MS(70ev): m/z(%) 421(M⁺, 5), 348(11), 317(36), 237(60), 234(100).

2'-methylcyclohexylamino-5'-cyano-spiro[dihydroacridine 9(10H),

4'-thiazoline] (5j)

M.p. 195-198 °C; yield 72%. For $C_{23}H_{24}N_4S$ (388.536) calculated : 71.10 % C, 6.23% H, 14.42% N, found: 70.98% C, 6.14% H, 14.33% N. IR (CHCl₃): 3440, 1618 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.62-6.69 (m, 8H, AcrH), 6.46 (bs, 1H, NH), 4.19 (s, 1H, H-5'), 3.88 (dd, 1H, NCH), 3.14 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.05-1.27 (m, 10H).

Acknowledgement: This study was supported by the Grant Agency for Science of the Slovak Ministry of Education (Reg. No. 96/5195/553). The autors are indepted to

Mr. Michael Glässner (Zentrale Analytik der Universität Bayreuth) for the mass spectroscopic analyses.

References

- Bernát, J., Kristian, P., Imrich J., Mazagová, D., Černak, J., Bušová, T. and Lipkowski, J. Synth. Commun. 1995, 25, 3973.
- Kristian, P., Bernát, J., Imrich, J., Danihel, I., Suchár, G., Chomča, I., Hočová, S., Bušová, T., Guspanová, J. and Linden, A. Molecules 1996, 1, 191.
- Antonini, I., Polucci, P., Jenkins, T.C., Kelland, L.R., Menta, E., Pescalli, N., Stefanska, B., Mazerski, J. and Martelli, S. J. Med. Chem 1997, 40, 3749.
- Hiremath, S.P., Swamy, K.M.K. and Mruthyunjayaswamy, B.H.M. J. Indian. Chem. Soc. 1992, 69, 87. Chem. Abstr., 1993, 117, 188151m.
- 5. Kristian, P. Chem. zvesti 1961, 15, 164. Chem. Abstr., 1961, 55, 27322a.
- 6. Bernát, J., Chomča, I., Kristian, P., Imrich, J. Chem. Papers, in press.

(Received in the U.S.A. 01 June 1998)