

Kinetic acidity of iminium ions. 2-Alkynyl- and 2,5-dialkynyl-pyrrolidines via the iminium ion route to azomethine ylides

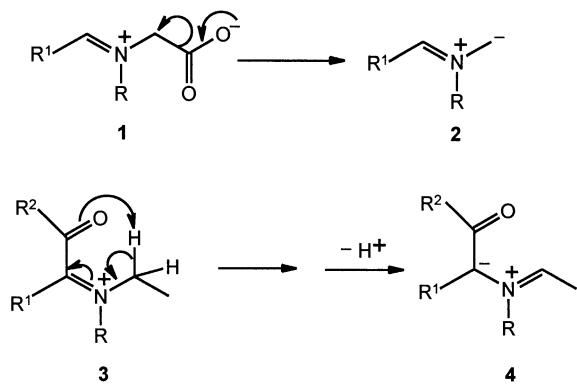
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Abstract—Condensation of carboxaldehydes with appropriate secondary propargylamines furnishes iminium ions which undergo regioselective deprotonation at the propargylic methylene group to generate azomethine ylides. Interception of the latter by *N*-methyl or *N*-phenyl maleimide furnishes 2- and 2,5-dialkynyl-pyrrolidines. © 2002 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

We have developed several variants of the iminium ion route to azomethine ylides involving either condensation of aldehydes and ketones with acyclic or cyclic α -amino acids¹ or condensation of α -dicarbonyl compounds (or carbonylimines) with secondary amines.² In the former case the iminium ion intermediate generates the azomethine ylide by decarboxylation **1**→**2** whilst in the later case deprotonation occurs either via a 1,5-H shift **3**→**4** or by interaction of an external base (Scheme 1).



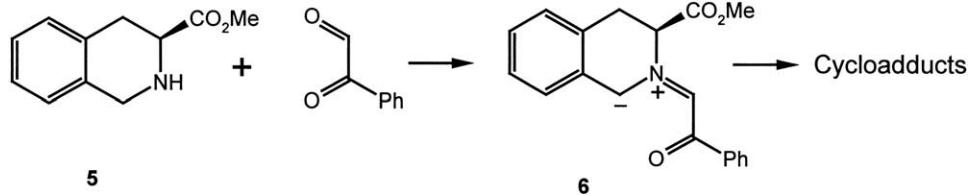
Scheme 1.

Whilst exploring aspects of **3**→**4** in which the R substituent contained benzylic α -protons we observed synthetically useful regiospecific azomethine ylide formation involving deprotonation at the site bearing the less acidic protons, e.g. **5**→**6**, i.e. the regioselectivity of azomethine ylide formation was controlled by kinetic acidity and, moreover, the chiral centre in **5** was not racemised (Scheme 2).³

We now report further synthetically useful examples where kinetic acidity controls the regioselectivity of azomethine ylide formation involving imines of secondary propargylamines.

1. Secondary propargylamines as azomethine ylide precursors

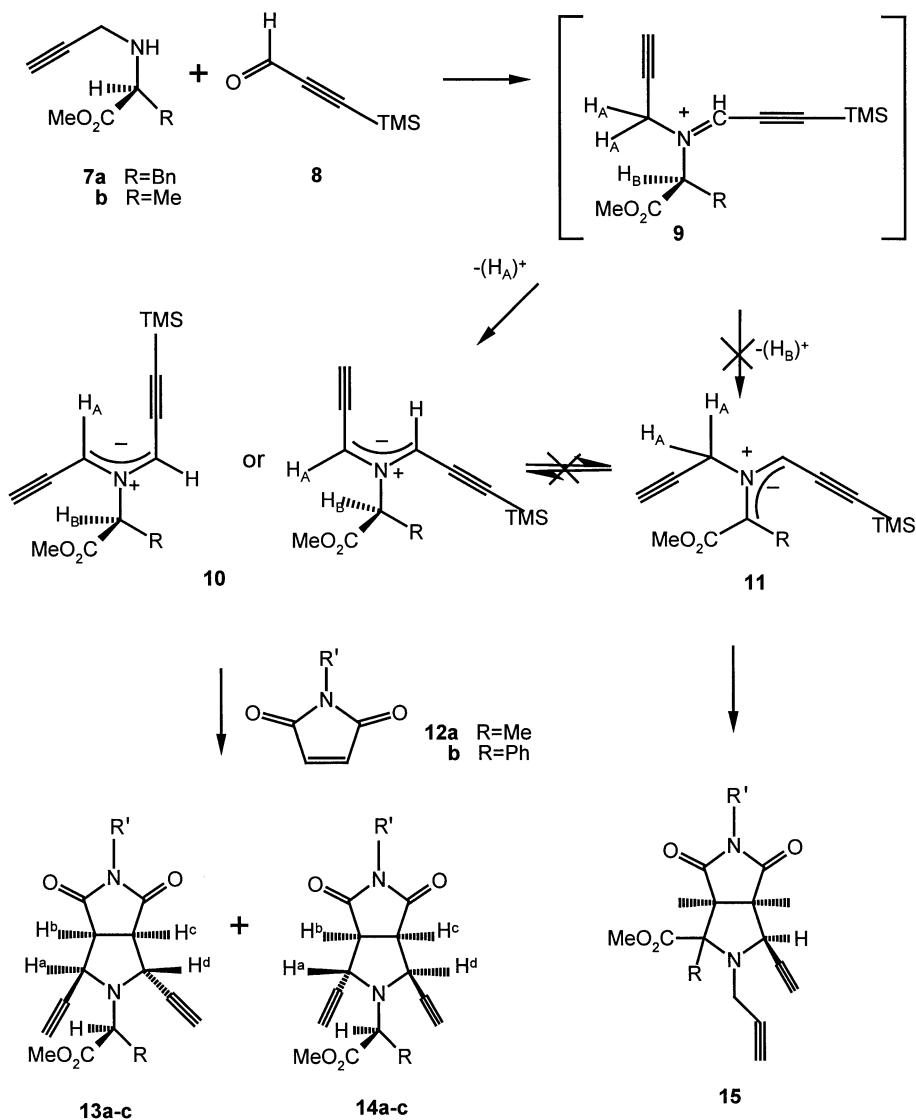
Several related series of azomethine ylides have been generated *in situ* by condensation of secondary propargylamines with carboxaldehydes. In the first series the chiral propargylamines **7a**, **b** derived from *S*-amino esters and **7c** derived from the *R*-amino ester were reacted (toluene, 100°C, 24 h) with (trimethylsilyl) propynal **8** and *N*-methyl- or *N*-phenyl-maleimide **12a**, **b** (Scheme 3). The initial mixture of four diastereomers simplified to two, **13**



Scheme 2.

Keywords: iminium ions; azomethine ylide; 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition; regioselective deprotonation.

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**Scheme 3.**

and **14**, on removal (TBAF, rt, 1 h) of the TMS group and then were separated by flash column chromatography on silica (Table 1).

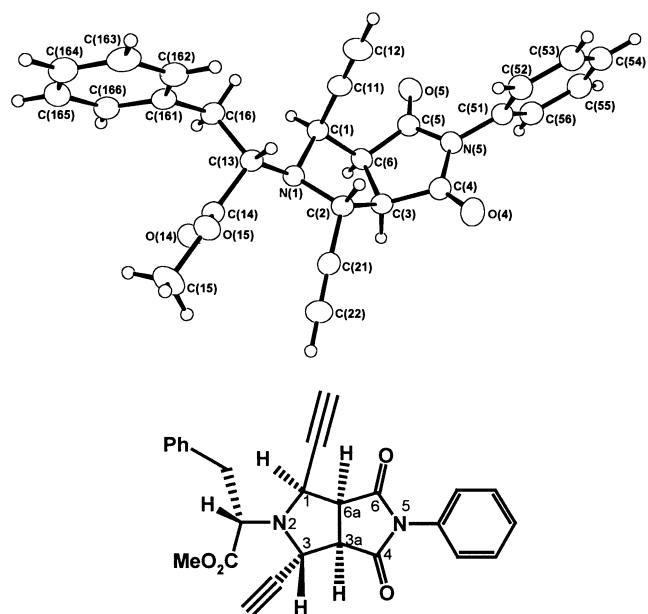
The stereochemistry of the cycloadducts was established from n.O.e. data and confirmed in some cases by X-ray crystal structures. Typical n.O.e. enhancements for vicinal *cis*-protons were 10.3–12.0% whilst for vicinal *trans*-protons enhancements were 4.3–7.4% (see Section 2).

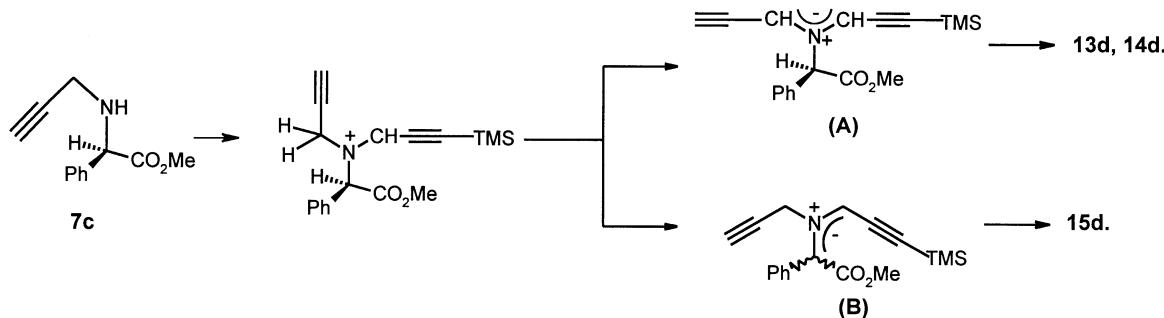
The X-ray crystal structure of **13b** is shown in Fig. 1. Based on the known absolute configuration of **7b**, this established the configuration of the new chiral centres in **13b** as $C_1(R)$,

Table 1.

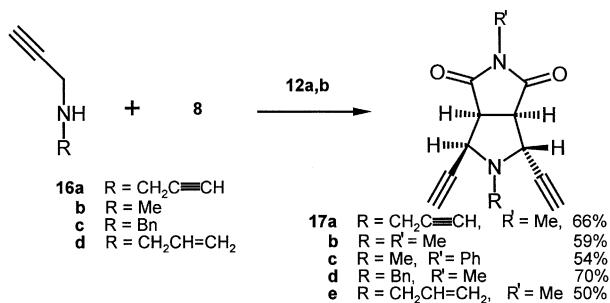
	R	R'	Ratio (13/14)	Yield (%)
a	Bn	Me	64:36	66
b	Bn	Ph	60:40	50
c	Me	Me	75:25	54
d	Ph	Me	67:33	42 ^a

^a Product comprises a 47:23:30 mixture of **13d**, **14d** and **15d**.

**Figure 1.** The X-ray crystal structure of **13b**.



Scheme 4.



Scheme 5.

$\text{C}_3(R)$, $\text{C}_{3a}(R)$, $\text{C}_{6a}(S)$ (see numbering on formula in Fig. 1). The absolute configurations of **13a–d** and **14a–d** are assigned by analogy with **13b**.

It is clear from the cycloadduct structures that the products arise from removal of one of the H_A protons of the intermediate iminium ion **9**. Moreover since the cycloadducts **13a–d** and **14a–d** are optically active we can rule out equilibria involving azomethine ylide **11** which would arise from removal of the H_B proton in **9**. Additionally we have previously shown that the highly reactive maleimide dipolarophiles trap the azomethine ylide(s) formed under kinetic control.⁴ However, in the case of the *N*-propargyl phenylglycine ester **7c** the reaction affords a 47:23:30 mixture of **13d**, **14d** and **15d** (Scheme 4). Thus in this case there is competitive formation of the corresponding azomethine ylides **10** and **11**. However, since both **13d** [$(\alpha)_D=+16$] and **14d** [$(\alpha)_D=+6$] are optically active, equilibration of azomethine ylides **A** and **B** (Scheme 4) is ruled out. The stereochemistry of the cycloadducts implicates the *anti*-dipole **10a** and/or **10b** and an *endo*-transition state for the cycloaddition.

When achiral secondary propargylamines **16a–c** were reacted (toluene, 100°C, 24 h) with **8** and **12a, b** followed by removal of the TMS group (TBAF, rt, 1 h) single cycloadducts **17a–d** were obtained in 50–70% yield (Scheme 5).

Cycloadducts **17a–d** again arise from *anti*-dipole **10a** and/or **10b** via an *endo*-transition state. In the case of the iminium ion **18** derived from **16d** none of the alternative cycloadduct derived from azomethine ylide **19**, requiring deprotonation at the allylic methylene group, was observed (Scheme 6).

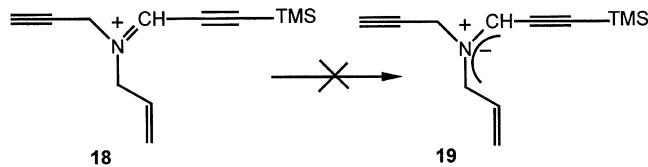
An analogous series of reactions was carried out between **16a–d**, aryl/heteroaryl aldehydes **20** and dipolarophiles **12a, b**. In all cases the products (Table 2) comprised 1:1 mixtures of diastereomers **21** and **22**.

The 1:1 mixtures of **21** and **22** were separated by flash chromatography on silica and the stereochemistry of **21a–q** and **22a–q** was assigned from n.O.e. data and coupling constants and confirmed in the case of one pair of isomers, **21n** and **22n** by X-ray crystal structures (Fig. 2).

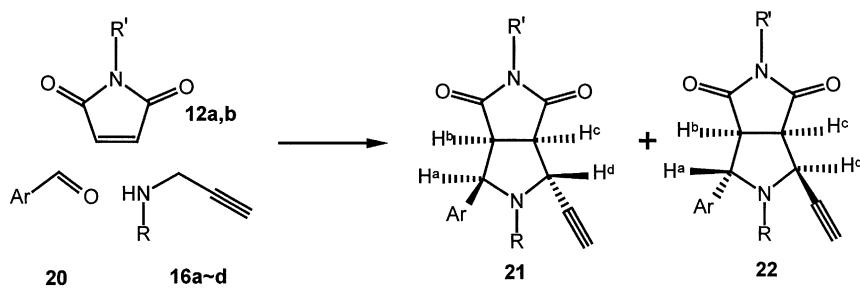
Typical n.O.e. enhancements for the *cis*-vicinal protons in **21a–q** and **22a–q** were 6.6–12.0% whilst for *trans*-vicinal protons the enhancements were 1.7–5.6%. Isomers **21** and **22** can be distinguished by the coupling constants J_{HaHb} and J_{HcHd} (Scheme 7). Thus J_{HaHb} is 8.7–9.2 Hz and J_{HcHd} is 0 Hz for **21a–q** whilst J_{HaHb} is 3.5–6.5 Hz and J_{HcHd} is 7.9–8.4 Hz for **22a–q**.

2. Experimental

Melting points were determined on a Reichert hot-stage apparatus and are uncorrected. ^1H Nuclear magnetic resonance spectra were recorded at 300 MHz on a Bruker DPX 300 instrument, at 250 MHz on a Bruker AC 250 instrument or at 500 MHz on a Bruker DRX 500 instrument. Deutero-chloroform was used as solvent unless otherwise stated, and chemical shifts are given in parts per million (δ) downfield from tetramethylsilane. ^1H spectra are referenced to tetramethylsilane or residual protonated solvent. Assignments of ^1H signals were made with the aid of 2D COSY spectra where necessary. Microanalyses were obtained using a Carlo Erba Elemental Analyser MOD 1106 instrument.



Scheme 6.

Table 2. Reaction of **16a–d**, **20** and **12a, b** to give cycloadducts **21a–q** and **22a–q**

	R	Ar	R'	Yield (%) ^{a,b}
a	$\text{CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$	2-Thienyl	Me	59
b	$\text{CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$	2-Thiazolyl	Me	88
c	$\text{CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$	Ph	Me	67
d	$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$	2-Thienyl	Me	61
e	$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$	Ph	Me	50
f	Me	2-Furyl	Me	85
g	Me	2-Thienyl	Me	58
h	Me	2-Thiazolyl	Me	80
i	Me	Ph	Me	62
j	Me	2-Pyridyl	Me	53
k	Me	6-Me-2-pyridyl	Me	56
l	Me	4-MeOC ₆ H ₄	Me	46
m	Me	2-Furyl	Ph	44
n	Me	2-Thienyl	Ph	43
o	Me	2-Thiazolyl	Ph	76
p	Me	Ph	Ph	55
q	Me	6-Me-2-pyridyl	Ph	52

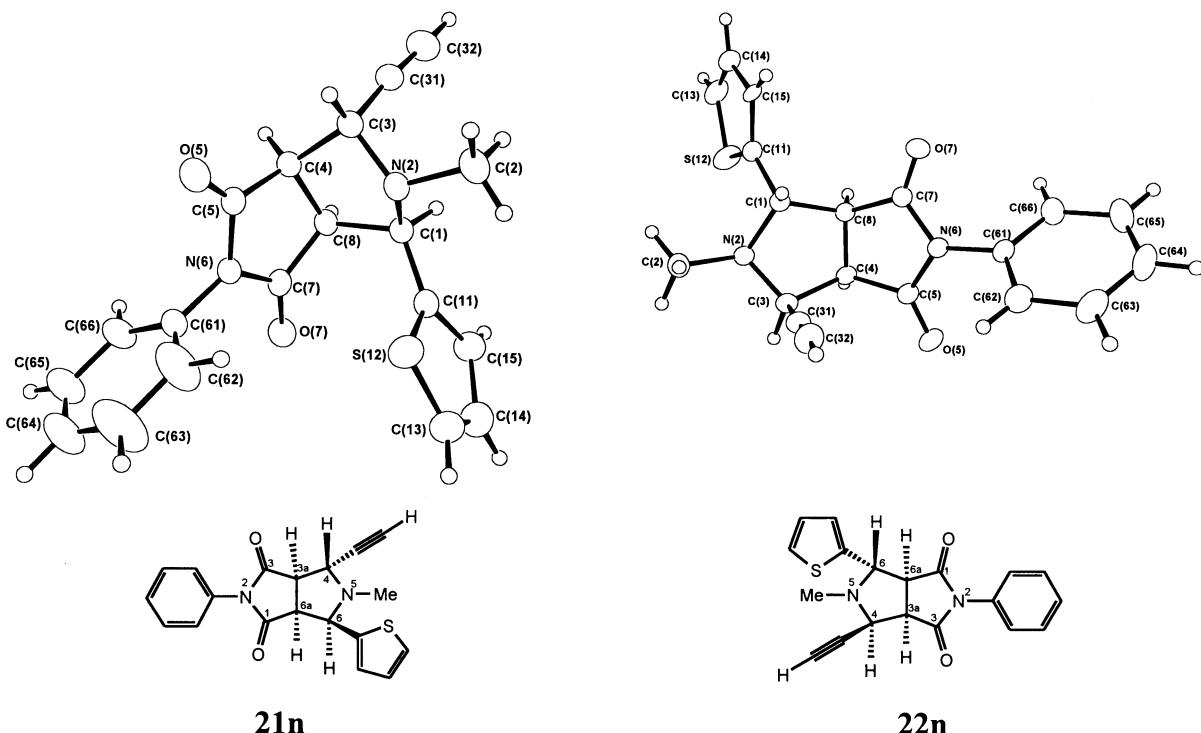
All reaction carried out in toluene at 100°C (bath temperature) for 24 h.

^a Isolated yields.

^b All reaction afforded 1:1 mixtures of diastereomers **21** and **22**.

Infrared spectra were recorded as nujol mulls on a Nicolet FTIR spectrophotometer. Mass spectra were recorded on a VG-AutoSpec using electron impact (EI) at 70 eV or fast atom bombardment (FAB), as specified. Flash column chro-

matography was performed on silica gel 60 (Merk 230–400 mesh). Ether refers to diethyl ether and petroleum ether refers to the fraction with boiling point 40–60°C. All reagents and solvents were purified according to literature procedures.⁵

**Figure 2.** The X-ray crystal structures of **21n** and **22n**.

2.1. General method for the preparation of chiral secondary amines **7a–c**

Propargyl bromide (10.5 mmol) was added to a solution of the α -amino acid ester hydrochloride (10 mmol) and potassium carbonate (21 mmol) in dry DMF (or acetone) at room temperature under N_2 . The mixture was stirred for 1–3 d, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue partitioned between water (50 ml) and DCM (30 ml). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM (2×30 ml). The organic phases were combined, dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give secondary amines **7a–c**.

2.1.1. Methyl N-(2-propynyl)-S-phenylalaninate **7a**

This compound is prepared by the general procedure from *S*-phenylalaninate methyl ester hydrochloride (2.16 g, 10 mmol), propargyl bromide (1.56 g, 80% in toluene solution, 10.5 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.9 g, 21 mmol) in dry DMF (100 ml) for 3 d. Flash column chromatography eluting with 3:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded **7a** (1.79 g, 82%) as a pale yellow liquid. *Bp* 206°C/0.3 mm (Kugelrohr distillation). $[\alpha]_D^{25}=+16.0$ (1.0, $CHCl_3$). (Found: C, 71.9, H, 6.9, N, 6.6, $C_{13}H_{15}NO_2$ requires: C, 71.85, H, 6.95, N, 6.45%); δ 1.68 (br, 1H, NH), 2.18 (t, 1H, $J=2.4$ Hz, $C\equiv CH$), 2.95 (dd, 1H, $J=6.2$ and 13.6 Hz, Ar CHH), 3.03 (dd, 1H, $J=7.3$ and 13.6 Hz, Ar CHH), 3.36 and 3.44 (2×dd, 2×1H, $J=2.4$ and 17.0 Hz, NCH₂), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.76 (dd, 1H, $J=6.3$ and 7.2 Hz, NCHCO₂Me) and 7.18–7.33 (m, 5H, ArH); δ (¹³C): 37.2, 39.8, 52.2, 61.5, 72.2, 81.6, 127.3, 128.9, 129.6, 137.3 and 174.7; *m/z* (%): 217 (M^+ , 2), 162 (100), 158 (8), 91 (82) and 77 (10); ν_{max} : 3284, 2948, 1734 and 1446 cm^{-1} .

2.1.2. Methyl N-(2-propynyl)-S-alaninate **7b**

This compound is prepared by the general procedure from *S*-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride (1.396 g, 10 mmol), propargyl bromide (1.56 g, 10.5 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.9 g, 21 mmol) in dry DMF for 3 d. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded the product **7b** (324 mg, 23%) as a pale yellow gum. $[\alpha]_D^{25}=-62.0$ (1.0, $CHCl_3$). (Found: C, 59.4, H, 7.75, N, 9.6, $C_7H_{11}NO_2$ requires: C, 59.55, H, 7.85, N, 9.9%); δ 1.33 (d, $J=7.0$ Hz, 3H, NCHMe), 2.23 (t, $J=2.5$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv CH$), 3.44 (dd, $J=2.5$ and 6.7 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 3.56 (q, $J=7.0$ Hz, 1H, NCH) and 3.74 (s, 3H, CO₂Me); *m/z* (%): (FAB) 140 (M^+-1 , 25), 126 (100), 120 (21), 115 (10) and 109 (10).

2.1.3. Methyl N-(2-propynyl)-R-phenylglycinate **7c**

This compound is prepared by the general procedure from *R*-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (3.025 g, 15 mmol), propargyl bromide (1.78 g, 15 mmol) and potassium carbonate (4.354 g, 31.5 mmol) in dry DMF (100 ml) for 62 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 2:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded the product **7c** (2.537 g, 83%) as a pale yellow gum. $[\alpha]_D^{25}=-110.0$ (1.0, $CHCl_3$). (Found: C, 70.75, H, 6.25, N, 6.6, $C_{12}H_{13}NO_2$ requires: C,

70.9, H, 6.45, N, 6.9%); δ 2.11 (bs, 1H, NH), 2.26 (t, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv CH$), 3.27 and 3.47 (2×dd, $J=2.4$ and 17.2 Hz, 2×H, NCH₂), 3.70 (s, 3H, Me), 4.64 (s, 1H NCH) and 7.31–7.42 (m, 5H, ArH); *m/z* (%): (FAB) 204 (M^++1 , 67), 188 (7), 159 (9), 144 (48), 131 (13), 121 (17), 109 (32), 97 (58), 83 (63) and 69 (100).

2.2. General method for the preparation of cycloadducts **13a–d**, **14a–d** and **17a–e**

Secondary amine **7a–c** (1.5 mmol) or **16a–d** (1.5 mmol) were added to a solution of 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8**⁶ (1.5 mmol) and dipolarophile **12** (1.8 mmol) in toluene (5 ml). The mixture was stirred and heated at 100°C under N_2 for 24 h. The solvent was then removed under reduced pressure, THF (5 ml) and TBAF (Tetra-*n*-butylammonium fluoride, 1 M soln in THF; 3 ml) added and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 1 h when EtOAc (50 ml) was added. The mixture was washed with water (3×30 ml), the organic phase collected, dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the cycloadducts.

2.2.1. Methyl (2S)-2-[*(1R,3R,3aR,6aS)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl]-3-phenylpropanoate **13a and methyl (2S)-2-[*(1S,3S,3aR,6aS)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl]-4-phenyl-propanoate **14a**.****

Chiral amine **7a** (434 mg, 2 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (252 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (222 mg, 2 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1.8:1 mixture of **13a** and **14a** eluting with 1:3 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded two diastereoisomers **13a** (208 mg, 29%) and **14a** (87 mg, 12%).

Major isomer **13a.** Colourless plates from ether mp 79–81°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25}=+165$ (1.0, $CHCl_3$). (Found: C, 69.3, H, 5.45, N, 7.85, $C_{21}H_{20}N_2O_4$ requires: C, 69.2, H, 5.55, N, 7.7%); δ (500 Hz): 2.52 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv CH$), 2.61 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv CH$), 2.99 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.07 (dd, $J=9.9$ and 12.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.28 (dd, $J=5.9$ and 12.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.31 (dd, $J=1.8$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.44 (t, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.50 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.75 (dd, $J=5.9$ and 9.9 Hz, 1H, NCHCO₂Me), 4.34 (t, $J=1.8$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.40 (dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^a), 7.14–7.16 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.20 (m, 1H, ArH) and 7.24–7.27 (m, 2H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 364 (M^+ , 2), 305 (3), 273 (100), 188 (6) and 91 (19). ν_{max} : 3273, 1707 and 1431 cm^{-1} .

n.O.e. (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) of **13a:**

Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
	H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
H ^a	–	11.1	3.3	–
H ^b	9.6	–	3.5	–
H ^c	2.9	2.6	–	6.5
H ^d	–	–	8.3	–

Minor isomer 14a. Colourless prisms from ether, mp 110–120°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -250$ (1.0, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 69.05, H, 5.65, N, 7.8. C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₄ requires: C, 69.2, H, 5.55, N, 7.7%). δ (500 MHz): 2.39 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.55 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.73 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.91 (dd, $J=10.5$ and 14.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.18 (dd, $J=5.8$ and 14.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.20 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 7.8 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.27 (dd, $J=7.8$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.69 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.26 (dd, $J=5.8$ and 10.5 Hz, 1H, NCHCO₂Me), 4.47 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 2.1 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.49 (dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 7.08–7.09 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.14 (m, 1H, ArH) and 7.19–7.23 (m, 2H, ArH). m/z (%): 364 (M⁺, 2), 305 (3), 273 (100), 188 (5) and 91 (23). ν_{max} : 3262, 1700 and 1439 cm⁻¹.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **14a**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)		
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c
	H ^a	—	4.6	8.0
	H ^b	5.6	—	—
	H ^c	15.46	—	—

2.2.2. Methyl (2S)-2-[(1*R*,3*R*,3*aR*,6*aS*)-1,3-diethynyl-4,6-dioxo-5-phenylhexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-3-phenylpropanoate **13b** and methyl (2S)-2-[(1*S*,3*S*,3*aR*,6*aS*)-1,3-diethynyl-4,6-dioxo-5-phenylhexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-4-phenyl-propanoate **14b**.

Chiral amine **7a** (434 mg, 2 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (252 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (346 mg, 2 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1.5:1 mixture of **13b** and **14b** eluting with 1:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded the separated isomers **13b** and **14b** (428 mg, 50%).

Major isomer 13b. Colourless rods from methanol mp 129–131°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +136$ (1.0, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 73.0, H, 5.1, N, 6.5, C₂₆H₂₂N₂O₄ requires: C, 73.25, H, 5.2, N, 6.55%). δ (500 MHz): 2.54 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.64 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.11 (dd, $J=10$ and 13.0 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.33 (dd, $J=5.7$ and 13.0 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.50 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.51 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.61 (t, $J=8.3$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.83 (dd, $J=5.7$ and 10 Hz, 1H, NCHCO₂Me), 4.46 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.53 (dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^a), 7.17–7.28 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.40 (m, 1H, ArH) and 7.46–7.49 (m, 2H, ArH). m/z (%): 426 (M⁺, 2), 367 (18), 335 (99) and 91 (100).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **13b**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)		
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c
	H ^a	—	11.7	—
	H ^b	11.5	—	1.4
	H ^c	—	—	4.3

Minor isomer 14b. Evaporation of the mother liquors and purification of the residue by chromatography over Kiesel-gel eluting with 1:1 v/v ether–petroleum ether afforded **14b** which crystallised from ether as colourless needles. Mp 156–158°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -156$ (1.0, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 73.05, H, 5.15, N, 6.6. C₂₆H₂₂N₂O₄ requires: C, 73.25, H, 5.2, N, 6.55%). δ (500 MHz): 2.43 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.54 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.94 (dd, $J=10.2$ and 14.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.23 (dd, $J=5.7$ and 14.9 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.42 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.47 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 8.4 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.31 (dd, $J=5.7$ and 10.2 Hz, 1H, NCHCO₂Me), 4.63 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.4 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.65 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 2.0 Hz, 1H, H^a), 6.93–6.95 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.04–7.12 (m, 5H, ArH) and 7.36–7.42 (m, 3H, ArH). m/z (%): 426 (M⁺, 3), 367 (55), 335 (100) and 91 (63). ν_{max} : 3266, 1715, 1495 and 1382 cm⁻¹.

2.2.3. Methyl (2S)-2-[(1*R*,3*R*,3*aR*,6*aS*)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-propanoate **13c and methyl (2S)-2-[(1*S*,3*S*,3*aR*,6*aS*)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-propanoate **14c**.** Chiral amine **7b** (141 mg, 1 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (126 mg, 1 mmol), and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (133 mg, 1.2 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 3:1 mixture of **13c** and **14c** eluting with 1:3 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded **13c** (102 mg) and a mixture of **13c** and **14c** (55 mg) in 54% combined yield.

Major isomer 13c. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 117–118°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -266$ (1.09, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 62.65, H, 5.55, N, 9.65, C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₄ requires: C, 62.5, H, 5.6, N, 9.7%). δ (500 Hz) 1.36 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 3H, NCHMe), 2.38 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.55 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.00 (s, 3H, NMe), 3.30 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 7.9 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.41 (dd, $J=7.9$ and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.67 (s, 3H, CO₂Me), 3.98 (q, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H, CHCO₂Me), 4.44 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 4.57 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^a). m/z (%): (FAB) 289 (M⁺, 69), 263 (15), 229 (100), 144 (7), 118 (9) and 80 (5).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **13c**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
	H ^a	—	11.59	—	—
	H ^b	12.95	—	3.87	—
	H ^c	—	3.53	—	4.85
	H ^d	—	—	4.57	—

Minor isomer 14c. Colourless plates from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 134–136°C. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +99$ (1.04, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 62.45, H, 5.7, N, 9.85, C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₄ requires: C, 62.5, H, 5.6, N, 9.7%). δ (300 Hz) 1.43 (d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 3H, NCHMe), 2.47 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.54 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.02 (s, 3H, NMe), 3.32 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.45 (t, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.55 (q, $J=6.9$ Hz, 1H, NCHMe), 3.67 (s, 3H, CO₂Me), 4.19

(dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 4.39 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^a). m/z (%): 287 (M−1, <1), 229 (100), 201 (11), 144 (9), 91 (5) and 80 (8).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **14c**:

Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
	H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
H ^a	—	4.37	—	—
H ^b	4.32	—	2.94	—
H ^c	—	5.43	—	10.83
H ^d	—	—	10.77	—

2.2.4. Methyl (2*R*)-[(1*R*,3*R*,3*aR*,6*a**S*)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-*p*yrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-phenyl)ethanoate **13d** and methyl (2*R*)-[(1*S*,3*S*,3*a**R*,6*a**S*)-1,3-diethynyl-5-methyl-4,6-dioxohexahydro-*p*yrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl]-phenyl)ethanoate **14d**.**

The chiral amine **7c** (203 mg, 1 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (120 mg, 1 mmol), and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (133 mg, 1.2 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded a 2:1:1.3 mixture of three distereoisomers **13d**, **14d** and **15d** (147 mg, 42%).

Stereoisomer 13d. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 163–165°C [α]_D²⁵=+16 (1.0, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 68.85, H, 5.2, N, 7.8. C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₄ requires: C, 68.55, H, 5.20, N, 8.00%). δ (500 Hz) (C₆D₆) 1.74 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.09 (d, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.48 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^c), 2.61 (s, 3H, NMe), 2.69 (t, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.22 (s, 3H, CO₂Me), 3.96 (dd, $J=2.4$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.29 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.51 (s, 1H, PhCH) and 6.99–7.63 (m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): 351 (M+1, 100), 291 (38), 201 (6), 149 (8) and 121 (11).

Stereoisomer 14d. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 114–116°C [α]_D²⁵=+6 (1.0, CHCl₃). (Found: C, 68.3, H, 5.3, N, 8.05. C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₄ requires: C, 68.55, H, 5.20, N, 8.00%). δ (500 Hz) (C₆D₆) 1.85 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 1.86 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.60 (s, 3H, NMe), 2.67 (dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.4 Hz, 1H, H^b), 2.76 (t, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.19 (s, 3H, CO₂Me), 4.35 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.4 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.69 (t, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.73 (s, 1H, PhCH) and 7.00–7.53 (m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): 351 (M+1, 68), 325 (11), 291 (100), 206 (16) and 167 (6).

Stereoisomer 15d. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 119–121°C. (Found: C, 68.65, H, 5.25, N, 7.85. C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₄ requires: C, 68.55, H, 5.20, N, 8.00%). δ 2.25 (t, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.54 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.03 (s, 3H, Me), 3.30 (d, $J=10.5$ Hz, 1H, COCH), 3.55 (dd, $J=7.5$ and 10.5 Hz, 1H, COCH), 3.67 (dd, $J=2.5$ and 18.1 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.68 (s, 3H, Me), 4.06 (dd, $J=2.5$ and 18.1 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 4.31 (dd, $J=2.1$ and 7.5 Hz, 1H, NCH), and 7.31–7.53

(m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): 351 (M+1, 75), 325 (10), 291 (100) and 206 (6).

2.2.5. (±)(3*aR*,4*R*,6*R*,6*a**S*)-4,6-Diethynyl-2-methyl-5-(2-propynyl)tetrahydro-*p*yrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*a**H*)-dione **17a**.**

N,N-Di(2-propynyl)amine **16a** (186 mg, 2 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl) propynal **8** (252 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (267 mg, 2.4 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded a single stereoisomer **17a** (317 mg, 66%) which crystallised as colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 157–158°C. (Found: C, 70.05, H, 5.10, N, 11.70, C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₂, requires: C, 70.00, H, 5.05, N, 11.65%). δ (500 Hz) 2.24 (t, $J=2.6$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.50 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.57 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.02 (s, 3H, Me), 3.24 (dd, $J=2.6$ and 16 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.35 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.42 (t, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.81 (dd, $J=2.6$ and 16 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.87 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^a) and 4.52 (t, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d). m/z (%): 239 (M−1, 13), 182 (5), 154 (100), 129 (56), 116 (7), 102 (23), 90 (87), 77 (17), 63 (65), 56 (9), 51 (23) and 39 (55).

2.2.6. (±)(3*aR*,4*R*,6*R*,6*a**S*)-4,6-Diethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-tetrahydro-*p*yrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*a**H*)-dione **17b**.**

N-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (189 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded a single stereoisomer **17b** (190 mg, 59%) which crystallised as colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 138–139°C. (Found: C, 66.65, H, 5.7, N, 13.2, C₁₂H₁₂N₂O₂, requires: C, 66.65, H, 5.6, N, 12.95%). δ (300 Hz) δ 2.44 (s, 3H, Me), 2.48 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.55 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.02 (s, 3H, Me), 3.32 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.40 (t, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.75 (dd, $J=2.3$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^a) and 4.20 (dd, $J=1.0$ and 2.1 Hz, 1H, H^d). m/z (%): 215 (M−1, 16), 130 (34), 105 (100), 90 (19), 77 (21), 66 (63), 56 (14), 51 (31) and 39 (36). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 2853, 2953, 1696, 1460, 1377 and 3280.

2.2.7. (±)(3*aR*,4*R*,6*R*,6*a**S*)-4,6-Diethynyl-5-methyl-2-phenyltetrahydro-*p*yrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*a**H*)-dione **17c**.**

N-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal **8** (189 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether afforded a single stereoisomer **17c** (149 mg, 54%) which crystallised as colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 118–119°C. (Found: C, 73.3, H, 5.1, N, 10.1, C₁₇H₁₄N₂O₂, requires: C, 73.35, H, 5.1, N, 10.05%). δ 2.48 (s, 3H, Me), 2.50 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.56 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.50 (dd, $J=1.1$ and 7.9 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.55 (t, $J=7.9$ Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.86 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 7.9 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.29 (d, $J=1.1$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.26–7.50 (m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): (FAB) 279 (M+1, 100), 253 (14), 154 (15), 136 (11), 130 (7), 105 (14) and 77 (8). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 1710, 2953, 2853, 1204, 1455, 1731, 1393, 3293 and 3207.

2.2.8. (\pm)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-5-Benzyl-4,6-diethynyl-2-methyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 17d. *N*-Benzyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16c (291 mg, 2 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal 8 (253 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (267 mg, 2.4 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 2:3 v/v petroleum ethyl-ether afforded 17d (408 mg, 70%) which crystallised as colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 129–131°C. (Found: C, 73.65, H, 5.6, N, 9.9. C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₂, requires: C, 73.95, H, 5.50, N, 9.60%). δ (500 Hz) 2.49 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.57 (d, *J*=2.3 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.03 (s, 3H, Me), 3.30 (dd, *J*=2.0 and 8.0 Hz 1H, H^c), 3.42 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.47 (d, *J*=13 Hz, 1H, PhCHH), 3.95 (dd, *J*=2.3 and 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.00 (t, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.27 (d, *J*=13 Hz, 1H, PhCHH) and 7.23–7.31 (m, 5H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 293 (M+1, 100), 267 (9), 181 (9) and 91 (34).

2.2.9. (\pm)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4,6-Diethynyl-2-methyl-5-vinyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 17e. *N*-Allyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16d (240 mg, 2 mmol), 3-(trimethylsilyl)propynal 8 (253 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (267 mg, 2.4 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) for 24 h. Flash column chromatography eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ethyl-ether afforded 17e (239 mg, 50%) which crystallised as colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 144–146°C. (Found: C, 69.1, H, 5.85, N, 11.75. C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₂, requires: C, 69.4, H, 5.8, N, 11.55%). δ (500 Hz) 2.46 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.54 (d, *J*=2.3 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.99 (dd, *J*=7.8 and 13.2 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.01 (s, 3H, Me), 3.32 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.39 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.69 (dd, *J*=4.3 and 13.2 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.85 (dd, *J*=2.3 and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.25 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 1H, H^d), 5.16 (ddt, *J*=0.8, 1.8 and 10.1 Hz, 1H, C=CHH), 5.27 (dtd, *J*=0.8, 1.8 and *J*=17.1 Hz, 1H, C=CHH) and 5.73–5.81 (m, 1H, HC=CH₂). *m/z* (%): 241 (M−1, 36), 215 (12), 184 (7), 156 (55), 142 (13), 131 (89), 104 (19), 90 (100), 77 (28), 63 (51), 51 (25) and 39 (60).

2.3. General method for the preparation of cycloadducts 21a–q and 22a–q

The achiral secondary amine 16a–d (1.5 mmol) was added to a solution of aldehyde 20 (1.5 mmol) and dipolarophile 12a, b (1.8 mmol) in toluene (5 ml). The mixture was stirred and heated at 100°C under N₂ for 24 h. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give the cycloadducts 21a–q and 22a–q.

2.3.1. (\pm)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2-methyl-5-(2-propynyl)-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 21a and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-5-(2-propynyl)-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 22a. *N,N*-Di(2-propynyl)amine 16a (140 mg, 1.5 mmol), thiophene-2-carboxy-aldehyde 20a (168 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of 21a and 22a eluting with 5:2

v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21a and 22a (262 mg, 59% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21a. Colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 144–146°C. (Found: C, 64.25, H, 4.6, N, 9.2, S, 10.7. C₁₆H₁₄N₂O₂S requires: C, 64.4, H, 4.75, N, 9.4, S, 10.75%). δ (300 Hz): 2.23 (t, *J*=2.6 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.52 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.95 (s, 3H, Me), 3.19 (dd, *J*=2.6 and 16.1 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.39 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.42 (dd, *J*=2.6 and 16.1 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.53 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 9.0 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.42 (d, *J*=9.0 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.80 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 6.99–7.30 (m, 3H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 299 (M+1, 100), 273 (13), 215 (51), 187 (11) and 148 (12).

Stereoisomer 22a. Colourless plates from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 131–132°C. (Found: C, 64.6, H, 5.0, N, 9.50, S, 10.8. C₁₆H₁₄N₂O₂S requires: C, 64.4, H, 4.75, N, 9.4, S, 10.75%). δ 2.23 (t, *J*=2.5 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.49 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.02 (s, 3H, Me), 3.15 (dd, *J*=2.5 and 16 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.36 (dd, *J*=5.5 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.43 (dd, *J*=2.5 and 16 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.74 (dd, *J*=8.1 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.38 (d, *J*=5.5 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.65 (dd, *J*=2.1 and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^d), 7.00 (dd, *J*=3.5 and 5.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.14 (dd, *J*=0.6 and 3.5 Hz, 1H, ArH) and 7.32 (dd, *J*=0.6 and 5.1 Hz, 1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 299 (M+1, 100), 289 (6), 273 (13), 215 (30), 187 (11), 148 (11), 121 (6), 107 (8), 89 (8) and 77 (9).

2.3.2. (\pm)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2-methyl-5-(2-propynyl)-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 21b and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-5-(2-propynyl)-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 22b. *N,N*-Di(2-propynyl)amine 16a (140 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-thiazole carboxaldehyde 20b (170 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of 21b and 22b eluting with 1:3 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21b and 22b (368 mg, 80% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21b. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 164–165°C. (Found: C, 60.25, H, 4.55, N, 14.3, S, 10.65. C₁₅H₁₃N₃O₂S, requires: C, 60.2, H, 4.4, N, 14.05, S, 10.7%). δ 2.26 (t, *J*=2.5 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.56 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.93 (s, 3H, Me), 3.32 and 3.43 (2×dd, *J*=2.5 and 16.1 Hz, 2×1H, NCH₂), 3.46 (d, *J*=8.1, 1H, H^c), 3.73 (dd, *J*=8.1 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.64 (d, *J*=9.1 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.82 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.38 and 7.81 (2×d, *J*=3.3 Hz, 2×1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 300 (M⁺+1, 100), 274 (5), 215 (35) and 130 (6).

Stereoisomer 22b. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 157–159°C. (Found: C, 60.25, H, 4.65, N, 14.1, S, 10.7. C₁₅H₁₃N₃O₂S requires: C, 60.2, H, 4.4, N, 14.05, S, 10.7%). δ 2.20 (t, *J*=2.5 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.53 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.06 (s, 3H, Me), 3.15 (dd, *J*=2.5 and 16.5 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.56 (dd, *J*=2.6 and 8.4 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.62 (dd, *J*=2.5 and 16.5 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.78 (t, *J*=8.4, 1H, H^c), 4.49 (dd, *J*=2.2 and

8.4 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.88 (d, *J*=2.6 Hz, 1H, H^a) and 7.37 and 7.81 (2×d, *J*=3.2 Hz, 2×1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 300 (M⁺+1, 100), 289 (5), 274 (6), 215 (23), 154 (9) and 136 (10).

2.3.3. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2-methyl-6-phenyl-5-(2-propynyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21c and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-6-phenyl-5-(2-propynyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22c. *N,N*-Di(2-propynyl) amine 16a (140 mg, 1.5 mmol) benzaldehyde 20c (159 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of 21c and 22c eluting with 2:1 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21c and 22c (296 mg, 67% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21c. Colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 129–131°C. (Found: C, 74.05, H, 5.55, N, 9.65. C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₂ requires: C, 73.95, H, 5.50, N, 9.60%). δ 2.22 (t, *J*=2.4 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.52 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.91 (s, 3H, Me), 3.13 and 3.21 (2×d, *J*=2.4 Hz, 2×1H, NCH₂), 3.40 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.52 (dd, *J*=7.8 and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.08 (d, *J*=8.9 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.84 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.19–7.46 (m, 5H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 293 (M+1, 100), 267 (17), 215 (10), 206 (7), 181 (9), 142 (13) and 115 (8).

Stereoisomers 22c. Colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 150–151°C. (Found: C, 73.90, H, 5.60, N, 9.50. C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₂ requires: C, 73.95, H, 5.50, N, 9.60%). δ 2.22 (t, *J*=2.3 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.48 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.01 (s, 3H, Me), 3.19 (dd, *J*=2.3 and 6.0 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 3.25 (dd, *J*=6.5 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.75 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.88 (d, *J*=6.5 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.81 (dd, *J*=2.0 and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.31–7.46 (m, 5H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 291 (M−1, 29), 253 (12), 215 (21), 206 (12), 181 (19), 167 (5), 150 (7), 142 (65), 130 (80), 115 (100), 103 (13), 91 (25), 77 (26), 63 (22), 51 (22) and 39 (48).

2.3.4. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-5-Allyl-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21d and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-5-allyl-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22d. *N*-Allyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)-amine 16d (240 mg, 2 mmol), thiophene-2-carboxyaldehyde 20a (224 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (267 mg, 2.4 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of 21d and 22d eluting with 2:1 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21d and 22d (305 mg, 61% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21d. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 105–107°C. (Found: C, 63.95, H, 5.55, N, 9.40, S, 10.55. C₁₆H₁₆N₂O₂S requires: C, 64.0, H, 5.35, N, 9.35, S, 10.65%). δ (¹H) 2.47 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.93 (s, 3H, Me), 3.00 (dd, *J*=7.1 and 12.4 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.26 (dd, *J*=7.1 and 12.4 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.36 (d, *J*=7.7 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.50 (dd, *J*=7.7 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.47 (d, *J*=9.1 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.50 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 5.13 (dd, *J*=1.6 and 10.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.23 (dd, *J*=1.6 and 17.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.68–5.80 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂)

and 6.98–7.26 (m, 3H, ArH); δ (¹³C): 25.58 (Me), 49.74 and 51.05 (2×COCH), 51.61 (NCH₂), 53.73 and 63.53 (2×NCH), 76.39 (C≡CH), 78.29 (C≡CH), 118.33 (CH=CH₂), 126.29, 126.96 and 127.39 (3×ArC), 134.54 (CH=CH₂) and 175.70 and 176.99 (2×C=O); *m/z* (%): 323 (M+23, 100).

Stereoisomers 22d. Colourless plates from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 97–99°C. (Found: C, 63.95, H, 5.5, N, 9.6, S, 10.5. C₁₆H₁₆N₂O₂S requires: C, 64.0, H, 5.35, N, 9.35, S, 10.65%). δ (¹H) 2.45 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.00 (s, 3H, Me), 3.01 (d, *J*=11 Hz, 1H, NCHH), 3.25 (m, 1H, NCHH), 3.31 (dd, *J*=5.7 and 8.8 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.69 (dd, *J*=8.1 and 8.8 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.32 (d, *J*=5.7 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.42 (dd, *J*=2.0 and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^d), 5.13 (d, *J*=10.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.27 (d, *J*=17 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.68–5.81 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂), 6.98 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.12 (m, 1H, ArH) and 7.28 (m, 1H, ArH); δ (¹³C): 29.17 (Me), 48.51 and 54.01 (2×COCH), 51.36 (NCH₂), 54.04 and 62.95 (2×NCH), 76.37 (C≡CH), 78.00 (C≡CH), 118.75 (CH=CH₂), 126.15, 127.02 and 127.37 (3×ArC), 134.44 (CH=CH₂), 144.41, 175.0 and 177.0 (2×C=O); *m/z* (%): 323 (M+23, 100).

2.3.5. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-5-Allyl-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-6-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21e and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-5-allyl-4-ethynyl-2-methyl-6-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22e. *N*-Allyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)-amine 16d (240 mg, 2 mmol), benzaldehyde 20c (212 mg, 2 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (267 mg, 2.4 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of 21e and 22e eluting with 2:1 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21e and 22e (298 mg, 50% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21e. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 118–120°C. (Found: C, 73.4, H, 6.25, N, 9.65, C₁₈H₁₈N₂O₂ requires: C, 73.45, H, 6.15, N, 9.50%). δ (¹H) 2.47 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.90 (s, 3H, Me), 2.93–3.12 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 3.37 (d, *J*=7.7 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.50 (dd, *J*=7.7 and 9.0 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.15 (d, *J*=9.0 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.55 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 5.12 (d, *J*=10.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.22 (d, *J*=17.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.69–5.75 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂) and 7.19–7.36 (m, 5H, ArH); *m/z* (%): 293 (M−1, 57), 253 (8), 217 (28), 208 (15), 183 (35), 142 (100), 115 (52), 104 (16), 91 (21), 77 (17) and 66 (9).

Stereoisomer 22e. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 104–106°C. (Found: C, 73.45, H, 6.05, N, 9.45, C₁₈H₁₈N₂O₂ requires: C, 73.45, H, 6.15, N, 9.50%). δ (¹H) 2.44 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.00 (s, 3H, Me), 3.02–3.12 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 3.21 (dd, *J*=6.5 and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.68 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.92 (d, *J*=6.5 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.50 (dd, *J*=2.0 and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 5.12 (dd, *J*=1.1 and 10.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.23 (dd, *J*=1.1 and 17.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CHH), 5.66–5.80 (m, 1H, CH=CH₂) and 7.28–7.47 (m, 5H, ArH); *m/z* (%): 295 (M+1, 100), 208 (12), 193 (11), 142 (37) and 133 (11).

2.3.6. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-6-(2-furyl)-2,5-dimethyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-

dione 21f and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-6-(2-furyl)-2,5-dimethyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 22f *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-furaldehyde **20d** (144 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of **21f** and **22f** eluting with 2:3 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21f** and **22f** (330 mg, 85% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21f. Colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 134–136°C. (Found: C, 65.05, H, 5.45, N, 11.0. C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₃ requires: C, 65.10, H, 5.45, N, 10.85%). δ 2.22 (s, 3H, Me), 2.49 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.98 (s, 3H, Me), 3.36 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.47 (dd, *J*=7.8 and 8.7 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.09 (d, *J*=8.7 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.41 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.30 (d, *J*=2.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.36 (dd, *J*=1.8 and 3.2 Hz, 1H, ArH) and 7.40 (d, *J*=1.8 Hz, 1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 257 (M⁺–1, 11), 172 (8), 147 (100), 132 (28), 118 (44), 108 (30), 91 (8), 78 (18), 66 (13), 51 (18) and 42 (28). *v*_{max} (nujol): 2923, 2853, 2953, 1698, 1455, and 3231.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **21f**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
	H ^a	–	8.12	–	–
	H ^b	8.20	–	2.97	–
	H ^c	–	1.07	–	3.46
	H ^d	–	–	3.24	–

Stereoisomer 22f. Colourless plates from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 114–116°C. (Found: C, 64.95, H, 5.5, N, 10.80. C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₃ requires: C, 65.10, H, 5.45, N, 10.85%). δ 2.23 (s, 3H, Me), 2.48 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.03 (s, 3H, Me), 3.49 (dd, *J*=3.9 and 8.5 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.70 (t, *J*=8.5 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.15 (dd, *J*=2.2 and 8.5 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.21 (d, *J*=3.9 Hz, 1H, H^a), 6.35 (dd, *J*=0.8 and 3.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.37 (dd, *J*=1.8 and 3.2 Hz, 1H, ArH) and 7.42 (d, *J*=1.0 Hz, 1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): (FAB) 259 (M⁺+1, 100%). *v*_{max} (nujol): 1698, 2923, 1702, 2951, 2853, 1682 and 3281.

2.3.7. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 21g and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 22g. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl) amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), thiophene-2-carboxyaldehyde **20a** (159 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography of the 1:1 mixture of **21g** and **22g** eluting with 1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ethyl ether afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21g** and **22g** (238 mg, 58% combined yield).

Stereoisomer 21g. Colourless plates from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 126–128°C. (Found: C, 61.1, H, 5.2, N, 10.5, S, 11.5. C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₂S requires: C, 61.3, H, 5.15, N,

10.2, S, 11.7%). δ 2.29 (s, 3H, Me), 2.48 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.93 (s, 3H, Me), 3.35 (d, *J*=7.7 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.49 (dd, *J*=7.7 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.34 (d, *J*=9.1 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.43 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, H^d) 6.98–7.04 (m, 2H, ArH) and 7.27–7.28 (m, 1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 275 (M⁺–1, 100%). *v*_{max} (nujol): 3271, 2923, 2853, 2954, 1696, 1460, 1378 and 716.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **21g**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	ArH
	H ^a	–	9.21	–	3.29
	H ^b	7.93	–	3.71	–
	H ^c	3.56	3.27	–	–
	H ^d	–	–	3.25	–

Stereoisomer 22g. Colourless prisms from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 134–136°C. (Found: C, 61.2, H, 5.1, N, 10.05, S, 11.5. C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₂S requires: C, 61.3, H, 5.15, N, 10.2, S, 11.7%). δ 2.27 (s, 3H, Me), 2.46 (d, *J*=2.1 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 3.01 (s, 3H, Me), 3.32 (dd, *J*=5.5 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.71 (dd, *J*=8.0 and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.25 (d, *J*=5.5 Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.32 (dd, *J*=2.1 and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d) 6.99 (dd, *J*=3.5 and 5.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.10–7.11 (m, 1H, ArH) and 7.27–7.31 (m, 1H, ArH). *m/z* (%): 274 (M⁺, 20), 188 (9), 163 (100), 148 (32), 135 (6), 124 (46), 115 (6), 106 (14), 97 (18), 91 (12), 82 (8), 77 (13), 69 (8), 63 (18), 58 (8), 51 (12) and 42 (35). *v*_{max} (nujol): 3271, 2923, 2853, 2953, 1696, 1460 and 716.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of **22g**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
	H ^a	–	1.71	0.91	–
	H ^b	1.57	–	6.24	–
	H ^c	–	7.25	–	6.52
	H ^d	–	–	6.71	–

2.3.8. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 21h and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3a*H*)-dione 22h. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl) amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-thiazole carboxaldehyde **20b** (170 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide **12a** (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:4 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21h** and **22h** (329 mg, 80% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21h. Colourless needles from CH₂Cl₂/ether/petroleum ether, mp 139–141°C. (Found: C, 56.7, H, 4.6, N, 15.5, S, 11.75. C₁₃H₁₃N₃O₂S requires: C, 56.7, H, 4.75, N, 15.25, S, 11.65%). δ 2.37 (s, 3H, Me), 2.53 (d, *J*=1.9 Hz, 1H, C≡CH), 2.92 (s, 3H, Me), 3.42 (d, *J*=7.8 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.69 (dd, *J*=7.8 and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.46 (d, *J*=1.9 Hz, 1H,

H^d), 4.55 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H, H^a) and 7.35 and 7.80 (2 \times d, $J=3.2$ Hz, 2 \times 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 276 ($M^+ + 1$, 100). ν_{max} (nujol): 1688, 1706, 1698, 2934, 2855, 2957, 1121, 1280 and 3264.

Stereoisomer 22h. Colourless prisms from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 126–128°C. (Found: C, 56.6, H, 4.7, N, 15.15. $C_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$, requires: C, 56.7, H, 4.75, N, 15.25, S, 11.65%). δ 2.31 (s, 3H, Me), 2.50 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.04 (s, 3H, Me), 3.54 (dd, $J=3.5$ and 8.6 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.76 (dd, $J=8.2$ and 8.6 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.30 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.57 (d, $J=3.5$ Hz, 1H, H^a) and 7.35 and 7.82 (2 \times d, $J=3.3$ Hz, 2 \times 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 276 ($M^+ + 1$, 95) and 191 (100). ν_{max} (nujol): 1694, 1698, 1702, 1781, 3291, 2924, 3112 and 2851.

2.3.9. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21i and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22i. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16b (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), benzaldehyde 20c (159 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (3:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21i and 22i (251 mg, 62% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21i. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 137–139°C. (Found: C, 71.65, H, 6.15, N, 10.5. $C_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 71.65, H, 6.0, N, 10.45%). δ 2.19 (s, 3H, Me), 2.48 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.90 (s, 3H, Me), 3.36 (d, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.49 (dd, $J=7.7$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.02 (d, $J=8.9$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.46 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.18–7.36 (m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): 268 (M , 36), 191 (25), 182 (14), 167 (7), 157 (100), 142 (22), 128 (11), 115 (83), 106 (34), 91 (33), 82 (7), 77 (56), 63 (36), 58 (13), 51 (44) and 42 (62). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 1694, 2853, 3231, 1441 and 698.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of 21i:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H^a	H^b	H^c	H^d
	H^a	—	8.38	—	—
	H^b	7.26	—	3.91	—
	H^c	—	3.58	—	3.84
	H^d	—	—	3.00	—

Stereoisomer 22i. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 132.5–134.5°C. (Found: C, 71.55, H, 6.1, N, 10.65. $C_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 71.65, H, 6.0, N, 10.45%). δ 2.19 (s, 3H, Me), 2.45 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.01 (s, 3H, Me), 3.23 (dd, $J=6.4$ and 9.3 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.72 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 9.3 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.82 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.41 (dd, $J=2.1$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.29–7.45 (m, 5H, ArH). m/z (%): 267 ($M - 1$, 39), 191 (29), 182 (18), 167 (8), 157 (100), 142 (22), 128 (9), 118 (56), 106 (24), 91 (22), 77 (25), 63 (16), 51 (18) and 42 (31).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of 22i:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H^a	H^b	H^c	H^d
	H^a	—	2.59	—	1.04
	H^b	1.75	—	7.85	—
	H^c	—	9.01	—	8.78
	H^d	—	—	8.05	—

2.3.10. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(2-pyridinyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21j and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(2-pyridinyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22j. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16b (107 mg, 1.5 mmol), pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde 20e (161 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21j and 22j (214 mg, 53% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21j. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 137–139°C. (Found: C, 66.7, H, 5.65, N, 15.9. $C_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 66.90, H, 5.60, N, 15.6%). δ 2.25 (s, 3H, Me), 2.50 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.92 (s, 3H, Me), 3.41 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.63 (dd, $J=7.8$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.21 (d, $J=8.9$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.48 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 7.19–7.27 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.68 (dt, $J=1.8$ and 7.7 Hz, 1H, ArH) and 8.61–8.63 (m, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 268 ($M^+ - 1$, 56), 254 (30), 240 (26), 211 (8), 191 (45), 183 (45), 169 (39), 157 (79), 143 (63), 131 (32), 117 (62), 106 (100), 92 (40), 78 (82), 63 (40), 56 (15), 51 (61) and 39 (48). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 1689, 2853, 2955, 1441, 1285 and 3256.

Stereoisomer 22j. Colourless plates from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 132–134°C. (Found: C, 66.7, H, 5.75, N, 15.85. $C_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 66.90, H, 5.60, N, 15.6). δ 2.21 (s, 3H, Me), 2.48 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, $C\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.03 (s, 3H, Me), 3.66 (dd, $J=5.1$ and 9.0 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.84 (dd, $J=8.1$ and 9.0 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.07 (d, $J=5.1$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.42 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^d), 7.24–7.29 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.35 (d, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.71 (dt, $J=1.8$ and 7.7 Hz, 1H, ArH), and 8.66–8.68 (m, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 270 ($M + 1$, 100), 244 (6), 191 (8) and 157 (5). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 2853, 2954, 1696, 1460, 716, 1378 and 3271.

2.3.11. (±)(3a*R*,4*R*,6*R*,6a*S*)-4-Ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 21k and (3a*R*,4*S*,6*S*,6a*S*)-4-ethynyl-2,5-dimethyl-6-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole-1,3(2*H*,3*aH*)-dione 22k. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16b (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 6-methyl-2-pyridine-carboxaldehyde 20f (182 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:4 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21k and 22k (330 mg, 56% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21k. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 153–155°C. (Found: C, 67.9, H, 6.0, N, 14.6. $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$, requires: C, 67.85, H, 6.05, N, 14.85). δ 2.24 (s, 3H, Me), 2.47 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.57 and 2.92 (2 \times s, 2 \times 3H, 2 \times Me), 3.39 (d, $J=7.9$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.63 (dd, $J=7.9$ and 8.8 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.18 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.46 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.97 and 7.08 (2 \times d, $J=7.7$ Hz, 2 \times 1H, ArH) and 7.54 (t, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 284 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$, 100%). ν_{max} (nujol): 1698, 1288, 1439, 1593, 2923 and 3243.

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of 21k:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H^a	H^b	H^c	H^d
	H^a	—	8.70	—	—
	H^b	9.08	—	6.84	—
	H^c	—	5.61	—	3.24
	H^d	—	—	3.15	—

Stereoisomer 22k. Colourless needles from preparative HPLC, mp 134–136°C. (Found: C, 67.8, H, 6.0, N, 15.15. $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$, requires: C, 67.85, H, 6.05, N, 14.85). δ 2.20 (s, 3H, Me), 2.46 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.56 and 3.03 (2 \times s, 2 \times 3H, 2 \times Me), 3.72 (dd, $J=4.7$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.83 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.07 (d, $J=4.7$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.43 (dd, $J=2.2$ and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H^d), 7.11 (dd, $J=3.6$ and 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH) and 7.58 (t, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 283 ($\text{M}^+ + 69$), 268 (44), 255 (25), 225 (7), 211 (5), 197 (38), 191 (58), 183 (33), 171 (50), 157 (72), 145 (51), 131 (58), 118 (14), 106 (100), 92 (41), 77 (32), 65 (55), 51 (21) and 39 (50). ν_{max} (nujol): 2923, 1699, 2361, 668, 2343, 2853 and 2954.

2.3.12. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-dimethyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 21l and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-dimethyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22l. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16b (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 4-methoxybenzaldehyde 20g (204 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-methylmaleimide 12a (200 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21l and 22l (205 mg, 46% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21l. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 189–191°C. (Found: C, 68.25, H, 6.2, N, 9.6. $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: C, 68.45, H, 6.1, N, 9.4%). δ 2.16 (s, 3H, Me), 2.47 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.91 (s, 3H, Me), 3.34 (d, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.44 (dd, $J=7.7$ and 8.8 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.80 (s, 3H, Me), 3.97 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.44 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.87 (d, $J=8.9$ Hz, 2H, ArH) and 7.09 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 2H, ArH). m/z (%): 297 ($\text{M} - 1$, 23), 212 (7), 187 (100), 172 (66), 157 (9), 148 (50), 131 (10), 115 (11), 106 (14), 91 (9), 77 (15), 63 (11), 51 (9) and 42 (25).

Stereoisomer 22l. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 177–179°C. (Found: C, 68.55, H,

6.05, N, 9.3. $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: C, 68.45, H, 6.1, N, 9.4%). δ 2.17 (s, 3H, Me), 2.44 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.00 (s, 3H, Me), 3.20 (dd, $J=6.5$ and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.70 (dd, $J=8.1$ and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.76 (d, $J=6.5$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 3.82 (s, 3H, Me), 4.39 (dd, $J=2.1$ and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.91 and 7.33 (2 \times dd, $J=2.1$ and 6.7 Hz, 2 \times 2H, ArH). m/z (%): 297 ($\text{M} - 1$, 13), 212 (5), 187 (100), 172 (76), 157 (8), 148 (41), 133 (6), 121 (8), 115 (11), 105 (9), 91 (8), 77 (13), 63 (10), 51 (8) and 42 (14). ν_{max} (nujol): 1703, 3267, 1694, 1249, 1515, 2847, 2953 and 2903.

2.3.13. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-6-(2-furyl)-5-methyl-2-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 21m and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-6-(2-furyl)-5-methyl-2-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22m. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine 16b (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-furaldehyde 20d (144 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide 12b (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers 21m and 22m (212 mg, 44% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21m. Colourless plates from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 136–138°C. (Found: C, 71.05, H, 4.95, N, 8.70. $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: C, 71.25, H, 5.05, N, 8.75%). δ 2.27 (s, 3H, Me), 2.50 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.52 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.61 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 8.8 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.20 (d, $J=8.8$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.50 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.36 (d, $J=1.2$ Hz, 2H, ArH) and 7.27–7.47 (m, 6H, ArH). m/z (%): 320 ($\text{M}^+ + 11$), 173 (9), 147 (100), 132 (24), 118 (36), 108 (24), 91 (16), 77 (18), 64 (13), 51 (16) and 42 (24).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of 21m:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H^a	H^b	H^c	H^d
	H^a	—	11.72	—	—
	H^b	12.24	—	3.36	—
	H^c	—	3.53	—	6.41
	H^d	—	—	4.80	—

Stereoisomer 22m. Colourless plates from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 139–141°C. (Found: C, 71.25, H, 5.2, N, 8.80. $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ requires: C, 71.25, H, 5.05, N, 8.75%). δ 2.28 (s, 3H, Me), 2.55 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.69 (dd, $J=4.48$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.86 (dd, $J=8.2$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.26 (d, $J=4.48$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.31 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^d), 6.39 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 2H, ArH) and 7.31–7.50 (m, 6H, ArH). m/z (%): 321 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$, 100), 295 (12), 253 (40), 172 (7), and 147 (42).

2.3.14. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-5-methyl-2-phenyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 21n and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-5-methyl-2-phenyl-6-(2-thienyl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22n. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl) amine 16b

(104 mg, 1.5 mmol), thiophene-2-carboxyaldehyde **20a** (168 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21n** and **22n** (218 mg, 43% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21n. Colourless prism from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 151–152°C. (Found: C, 67.8, H, 4.95, N, 8.25, S, 9.3. $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: C, 67.85, H, 4.8, N, 8.35, S, 9.55%). δ 2.36 (s, 3H, Me), 2.51 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.54 (d, $J=7.9$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.64 (dd, $J=7.9$ and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.45 (d, $J=9.1$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.54 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 6.98–7.43 (m, 8H, ArH). m/z (%): 337 (M^++1 , 100), 311 (16), 253 (65), 188 (16), 163 (58) and 148 (5).

Stereoisomer 22n. Colourless prisms from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 156–158°C. (Found: C, 67.7, H, 4.95, N, 8.4, S, 9.5. $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: C, 67.85, H, 4.8, N, 8.35, S, 9.55%). δ 2.34 (s, 3H, Me), 2.57 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.50 (dd, $J=5.8$ and 9.4 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.86 (dd, $J=8.1$ and 9.4 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.35 (d, $J=5.8$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.47 (dd, $J=2.1$ and 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 6.98–7.50 (m, 8H, ArH). m/z (%): 337 (M^++1 , 100), 311 (7), 253 (28), 188 (6) and 163 (19).

2.3.15. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-5-methyl-2-phenyl-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3-(2H,3aH)-dione 21o and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-5-methyl-2-phenyl-6-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)tetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22o. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-thiazole carboxaldehyde **20b** (170 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:1 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21o** and **22o** (384 mg, 76% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21o. Colourless prisms from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 179–182°C. (Found: C, 64.05, H, 4.5, N, 12.75, S, 9.45. $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: C, 64.10, H, 4.5, N, 12.45, S, 9.5%). δ 2.43 (s, 3H, Me), 2.55 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.61 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.85 (dd, $J=8.1$ and 9.2 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.57 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.66 (d, $J=9.2$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 7.23–7.46 (m, 6H, ArH) and 7.81 (d, $J=3.3$ Hz, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 338 (M^++1 , 19), 253 (7), 181 (15), 91 (100) and 73 (17).

Stereoisomer 22o. Colourless plates from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 146–149°C. (Found: C, 63.85, H, 4.55, N, 12.7, S, 9.6. $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ requires: C, 64.10, H, 4.50, N, 12.45, S, 9.50%). δ 2.38 (s, 3H, Me), 2.57 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.72 (dd, $J=4.0$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.93 (dd, $J=8.2$ and 8.9 Hz, 1H, H^c), 4.43 (dd, $J=2.1$ and 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^d), 4.64 (d, $J=4.0$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 7.32–7.51 (m, 6H, ArH) and 7.84 (d, $J=3.2$ Hz, 1H, ArH). m/z (%): 338 (M^++1 , 100), 312 (6), 253 (37), 189 (7), 165 (6), 136 (13), 106 (13) and 77 (7).

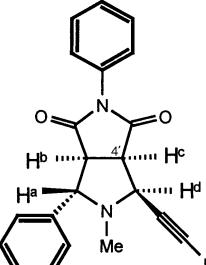
2.3.16. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-5-methyl-2,6-di-

phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 21p and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-5-methyl-2,6-diphenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22p. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), benzaldehyde **20c** (159 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two separated stereoisomers **21p** and **22p** (182 mg, 55% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio.

Stereoisomer 21p. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 155–157°C. (Found: C, 76.1, H, 5.6, N, 8.45. $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 76.35, H, 5.5, N, 8.5%). δ 2.26 (s, 3H, Me), 2.51 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.54 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.63 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 9.0 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.13 (d, $J=9.0$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.57 (d, $J=2.1$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.17–7.44 (m, 10H, ArH). m/z (%): 330 (M^+ , 47), 253 (15), 182 (21), 173 (9), 157 (100), 142 (19), 129 (10), 115 (45), 106 (20), 91 (28), 77 (25), 64 (16), 51 (17) and 42 (23).

Stereoisomer 22p. Colourless needles from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 148–150°C. (Found: C, 76.1, H, 5.55, N, 8.6. $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 76.35, H, 5.5, N, 8.5%). δ 2.23 (s, 3H, Me), 2.56 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 3.36 (dd, $J=6.4$ and 9.5 Hz, 1H, H^b), 3.80 (dd, $J=7.9$ and 9.5 Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.93 (d, $J=6.4$ Hz, 1H, H^a), 4.50 (dd, $J=2.0$ and 7.9 Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.16–7.47 (m, 10H, ArH). m/z (%): 331 (M^++1 , 100).

n.O.e. (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of **22p**:

	Proton irradiated	Enhancement (%)			
		H ^a	H ^b	H ^c	H ^d
	H ^a	–	2.17	–	–
	H ^b	1.81	–	9.06	–
	H ^c	–	11.15	–	10.64
	H ^d	–	–	9.64	–

2.3.17. (±)(3aR,4R,6R,6aS)-4-Ethynyl-5-methyl-6-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 21q and (3aR,4S,6S,6aS)-4-ethynyl-5-methyl-6-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-phenyltetrahydropyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,3(2H,3aH)-dione 22q. *N*-Methyl-*N*-(2-propynyl)amine **16b** (104 mg, 1.5 mmol), 6-methyl-2-pyridine-carboxaldehyde **20f** (182 mg, 1.5 mmol) and *N*-phenylmaleimide **12b** (312 mg, 1.8 mmol) were reacted by the general procedure in toluene (5 ml) over 24 h. Flash column chromatography (1:2 v/v petroleum ether–ether) afforded the two stereoisomers **21q** and **22q** (271 mg, 52% combined yield) in a 1:1 ratio. But we only got pure stereoisomer **21q**: colourless plates from CH_2Cl_2 /ether/petroleum ether, mp 145–147°C. (Found: C, 72.75, H, 5.5, N, 12.45. $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ requires: C, 73.05, H, 5.55, N, 12.15%). δ 2.30 (s, 3H, Me), 2.50 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$), 2.56 (s, 3H, Me), 3.57 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H, H^c), 3.80 (dd, $J=8.0$ and 9.1 Hz, 1H, H^b), 4.31 (d, $J=9.1$ Hz,

1H, H^a), 4.56 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H, H^d) and 7.06–7.58 (m, 8H, ArH). m/z (%): 346 (M^++1 , 100), 320 (6), 253 (6), 197 (6), 171 (6), 147 (6) and 106 (6).

2.4. Single-crystal X-ray diffraction analysis of 13b, 21n and 22n

\alpha辐射($\lambda=0.71073 \text{ \AA}$)和混合的1°区域探测器 ω -和 ϕ -扫描。所有三个结构都是通过直接方法解决的，使用SHELXS-86⁷并使用全矩阵最小二乘法(基于 F^2)使用SHELXL-97。⁸在所有三个精炼中使用的加权方案是 $w=[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(xP)^2+yP]^{-1}$ 其中 $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$ 。在所有情况下，所有非氢原子都以各向异性位移参数精炼，而氢原子则被约束到预测位置，使用骑行模型，自由旋转。13b和21n的精炼包括一个各向同性吸收参数 x ，使得 $F_c' = kF_c[1+0.001xF_c^2\lambda^3]^{-1/4}$ ，其中 k 是整体缩放因子。给出的残差 wR_2 和 R_1 ，如以下所示： $wR_2=(\sum[w(F_o^2-F_c^2)^2]/\sum[wF_o^2]^2)^{1/2}$ 且 $R_1=\sum|F_o|-|F_c|/\sum|F_o|$ 。

Crystal data for 13b. $C_{26}H_{22}N_2O_4$, $0.57\times0.15\times0.06 \text{ mm}^3$, $M=426.46$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1$, $a=8.0283(4)$, $b=6.2164(4)$, $c=22.798(2) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta=96.810(4)^\circ$, $U=1129.74(12) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z=2$, $D_c=1.254 \text{ mg m}^{-3}$, $\mu=0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, $F(000)=448$, $T=150 \text{ K}$.

Data collection. $6.8 < 2\theta < 52.0^\circ$, 9815 data collected 3805 of which were unique [$R_{int}=0.084$]。There 3503 reflections with $F_o>4.0\sigma(F_o)$ 。

Structure refinement. Number of parameters=291, isotropic extinction parameter, $x=0.09(2)$, goodness of fit, $s=1.089$; weighting parameters x , $y=0.0327$, 0.4211; $wR_2=0.1273$, $R_1=0.0531$ 。

Crystal data for 21n. $C_{19}H_{16}N_2O_2S$, $0.40\times0.17\times0.10 \text{ mm}^3$, $M=336.40$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$, $a=13.4799(7)$, $b=5.7298(1)$, $c=21.7238(10) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta=92.748(2)^\circ$, $U=1672.13(12) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z=4$, $D_c=1.34 \text{ mg m}^{-3}$, $\mu=0.21 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, $F(000)=704$, $T=150 \text{ K}$.

Data collection. $6.6 < 2\theta < 52.0^\circ$, 11484 data collected 3270 of which were unique [$R_{int}=0.045$]。There 2621 reflections with $F_o>4.0\sigma(F_o)$ 。

Structure refinement. Number of parameters=219, isotropic extinction parameter, $x=0.012(2)$, goodness of fit, $s=1.025$; weighting parameters x , $y=0.0494$, 0.9388; $wR_2=0.1274$, $R_1=0.0481$ 。

Crystal data for 22n. $C_{19}H_{16}N_2O_2S$, $0.60\times0.40\times0.27 \text{ mm}^3$, $M=336.40$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$, $a=12.9113(4)$, $b=12.1233(3)$, $c=10.9650(3) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta=93.231(2)^\circ$, $U=1713.60(8) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z=4$, $D_c=1.30 \text{ mg m}^{-3}$, $\mu=0.20 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, $F(000)=704$, $T=150 \text{ K}$.

Data collection. $6.7 < 2\theta < 52.0^\circ$, 17028 data collected 3335 of which were unique [$R_{int}=0.054$]。There 2954 reflections with $F_o>4.0\sigma(F_o)$ 。

Structure refinement. Number of parameters=219, goodness of fit, $s=1.032$; weighting parameters x , $y=0.0847$, 1.4702; $wR_2=0.1567$, $R_1=0.0532$ 。

晶学数据(排除结构因子)在本文中发表，已存放在剑桥晶学数据中心作为补充出版物，CCDC 172752(化合物13b), CCDC 172753(化合物21n)和CCDC 172754(化合物22n)。数据副本可免费申请，地址：剑桥Union Road, CB2 1EZ, UK [fax: +44(0)-1223-336033或e-mail: deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk]。

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