FRIEDEL-CRAFTS REACTION OF 3,6-DIHYDRO-4-METHYL-2H-PYRAN WITH PHENOLS.

A CONVENIENT SYNTHESIS OF A KEY INTERMEDIATE OF ALPHA-TOCOPHEROL

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The Friedel-Crafts reaction of 3,6-dihydro-4-methyl-2H-pyran with 2,3,5-trimethylhydroquinone afforded 3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-2-ethanol in good yield.

In the course of our investigation to utilize 3,6-dihydro-4-methyl-2H-pyran $(\frac{1}{2})^{1}$ as a building block for terpenoid skeleton construction, attention was focused to a convenient synthesis of chroman derivative $(\frac{2}{2})$ which has been shown to be useful not only as a key intermediate of natural alpha-tocopherol²) but also as a raw material of various type of antioxidants.³)

Into a mixture of 2,3,5-trimethylhydroquinone (453 g; 3 mol), powdered anhydrous aluminum chloride (400 g; 3 mol), and 1,2-dichloroethane (3 l), 1 (353 g; 3.6 mol) was added dropwise during 1 h at room temperature. After refluxing for 15 min, the reaction mixture was poured into ice-water and stood overnight. A pale green precipitate thus obtained was filtered off, washed with cold ether, and dried under reduced pressure to obtain 2^4 in 68-71% yields. Extraction of the mother liquor with ether revealed the formation of 3^4 (ca. 10%) and a trace amount of 4^4 as by-products. The use of zinc chloride, ferric chloride or boron

trifluoride etherate, instead of aluminum chloride, afforded 2 in 5, 30, and 81% yields respectively (determined by GC analyses). Similar reactions of 1 with p-chlorophenol or p-cresol gave the corresponding chroman-2-ethanols⁴⁾ in ca. 60% isolated yield. But, in the case of resorcinol or hydroquinone, the yields of chroman-2-ethanols⁴⁾ were no more than 15% owing to the concurrent formation of dialkylated products.

As a convenient and effective method for optical resolution of $\frac{2}{5}$ has recently been established by using diastereomeric diesters of $\frac{2}{5}$, our present process to afford $\frac{2}{5}$ comes to be one of the simplest and practical way to natural alpha-tocopherol and tocotrienol.

References

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