ORIGINAL RESEARCH



Synthesis and characterization of new *s*-triazine bearing benzimidazole and benzothiazole derivatives as anticancer agents

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Abstract Two new series of *s*-triazine derivatives appended with benzimidazole (15a-h) and benzothiazole derivatives (16a-h) are synthesized, and structure-activity relationships on anticancer activity of these 15a-h and **16a-h** were probed. In vitro inhibitory activity against the growth of six cancer cell lines, viz., MCF-7, MDAMB-231, PC-3, DU-145, HT-29 and HGC-27 was evaluated for synthesized analogues. Among the two series of compounds, derivatives containing benzimidazole scaffold were found to be relatively potent over benzothiazole analogues. In accordance with our previous observation, within benzimidazole derivatives, tri-substituted s-triazine derivatives were found to be more potent over di-substituted derivatives irrespective of cell lines. Structure-activity relationships provided useful insights into these classes of compounds and paved the way to design novel analogues with more potency.

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Introduction

Cancer is the most deadly disease, and finding remedies for it is at the forefront of many scientists around the globe. In this context, s-triazine scaffold has attracted the attention of many researchers for its therapeutic potential (Sathiakumar et al., 2011) and ease of functionalization on it (Blotny 2006; Therrien 2010). For example, these compounds possess potent antiprotozoal (Klenke et al., 2001), antimalarial (Manohar et al., 2010; Melato et al., 2008), antiviral (Maga et al., 2011; Mahajan et al., 2009; Maarouf et al., 2012; Xiong et al., 2008; Kalyan et al., 2004; Ludovicia et al., 2001), anticancer (Baindur et al., 2005; Chua et al., 1999; Leftheris et al., 2004; Manohar et al., 2010; Moon et al., 2002; Sun et al., 2010; Zheng et al., 2007), antimicrobial (Bhat et al., 2013; Khan et al., 2013; McKay et al., 2006; Patel et al., 2013, 2012a, b; Raval et al., 2011; Singh et al., 2011; Srinivas et al., 2005, 2006; Desai et al., 2008), antituberculosis (Patel et al., 2013; Sunduru et al., 2010). Recently, the s-triazine derivatives were extensively investigated for anticancer activity with a particular target to mTOR/PI3K pathway (Menear et al., 2009; Peterson et al., 2011, Poulsen et al., 2012; Richard et al., 2010; Tanneeru et al., 2012; Venkatesan et al., 2010; Verheijen et al., 2010; Wurz et al., 2012; Zask et al., 2010; Zhang et al., 2011). Considering the potent bioactivities of compounds possessing an s-triazine core, we became interested to synthesize new s-triazine derivatives as antibacterial and anticancer agents. Recently, we have reported s-triazine analogues appended with substituted benzoxazoles as anticancer agents (Kumar *et al.*, 2013). In continuation to the previous work, we herein report newer *s*-triazine derivatives appended with benzimidazole and benzothiazole derivatives in place of benzoxazole derivatives. Synthesized compounds were screened against six types of cancer cells (MCF-7, MDAMB-231, PC-3, DU-145, HT-29 and HGC-27), and their potential as anticancer agents were assessed. Some of them were found to be more potent than compounds reported in our previous report (Kumar *et al.*, 2013).

Chemistry

Common synthetic strategy was followed to make desired tri-substituted derivatives by sequential nucleophilic replacement of each chlorine atom on cyanuric chloride with: (a) aniline derivatives and benzyl amine; (b) substituted benzimidazoles and substituted benzothiazole; (c) morpholine. Initially, benzimidazole and benzothiazole derivatives (4 and 5; Scheme 1) were prepared in gram quantities according to the published procedure (Chua et al., 1999). Compound 4 was synthesized by condensation reaction between benzene-1,2-diamine (1) and *p*-amino benzoic acid (3) using polyphosphoric acid (PPA) at 200 °C. Similarly, compound 5 was synthesized by condensation of 2-aminobenzenethiol (2) with *p*-amino benzoic acid (3) in acid (PPA) at same temperature polyphosphoric (Scheme 1). Mono-substituted triazine derivatives (10–12 and 14) were prepared as per the recent report (Kumar et al., 2013; Zheng et al., 2007; Hunter et al., 1994; McKay et al., 2006; Maga et al., 2011) involving a nucleophilic substitution reaction between cyanuric chloride (6) and various amines such as aniline (7), *p*-methoxy aniline (8), *p*-fluoro aniline (9) and benzyl amine (13) in the presence of base, diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) (Scheme 2). Milder reaction conditions need to be maintained to get desired monosubstitution on cyanuric chloride. These mono-substituted triazine derivatives were taken further in making di- and trisubstituted triazine derivatives. Second nucleophilic substitution reaction was carried out on mono-substituted triazine derivatives (10-12 and 14) with using benzimidazole (4) and benzothiazole derivatives (5) in the presence of K₂CO₃ and THF at 70-80 °C temperature to get compounds 15a-d and 16a-d (Scheme 3). Tri-substituted triazine derivatives (15e–h) were synthesized by reacting morpholine 17 with di-substituted triazines (15a–d) in the presence of K_2CO_3 and DMF at 100 °C. Similarly, compounds 16e– h were synthesized from 16a–d, respectively (Scheme 4). All the synthesized compounds were purified using silica gel column chromatography and characterized by spectroscopic techniques.

Biology

The anticancer activities of all the synthesized compounds were evaluated by MTT [3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5diphenyl tetrazolium bromide] method using six cancer cell lines, viz., MCF-7, MDAMB-231 (breast cancer), PC-3, DU-145, HT-29 (colon cancer) and HGC-27 (gastric cancer). The effect of compounds on the cell viability for each cell line after exposure to different concentrations is depicted in Fig. 1, and their respective IC_{50} values are presented in Table 1. As discussed above, two series of compounds were synthesized: benzimidazole derivatives and benzothiazole derivatives. Within these two series of compounds, there exist di-substituted (15a-d and 16a-d) and tri-substituted derivatives (15e-h and 16e-h) (di- or tri-substitution w.r.t. cyanuric chloride). The major difference in di- and tri-substituted derivatives is the absence and presence of morpholine ring, respectively, on s-triazine ring. Compounds 15a, 15c, 15e, 15g, 15h and 16d were found to be more potent when screened against MCF-7 cell lines. Among the active compounds, 15e is most potent. Remaining synthesized compounds were inactive. In case of MDMAB-231 cell lines, compound 15e and 15g were found to be more potent with IC₅₀ value of 8.3 ± 1.9 and 10.3 ± 0.2 , respectively. Compounds 15a, 15c, 15f and 15h are moderately active in MDMAB-231 cell lines, whereas remaining compounds (15b, 15d, 16a-h) were inactive. Structure-activity relationships of 15e-h demonstrates that substitution with 'H' and 'F' on aniline group favours activity as both have similar size. But in case of 15f and 15h, 'OCH₃' on aniline and benzylamine group present, respectively, on triazine ring, and this relatively disfavours the activity. When all these 16 compounds were screened against PC-3 cancer cell lines, only compound 15g was active with IC₅₀ value of 13.5 ± 0.5 . Compounds **15f-h** were active (IC₅₀ values: 18.6 ± 0.4 ; 10.7 ± 1.7 ; 20.3 ± 1.6 , respectively) against

Scheme 1 Synthesis of compounds 4–5



Scheme 2 Synthesis of compounds 10–12 and 14



Scheme 3 Synthesis of compounds 15a-d and 16a-d

DU-145 cell lines. In case of HT-29 cancer cell lines, compounds 15e and 15g were found to be more potent and compounds 15a, 15c and 15h are moderately active. In case of HGC-27 cell line, 15a and 15e-h were found to be active and remaining were inactive. Among the screened 16 compounds, benzimidazole derivatives (15a-h) were found to be more potent over benzothiazole (16a-h). The difference between them is -NH- versus -S- group, and this reflected hugely in anticancer activity. Among benzimidazole derivatives (15a-h), tri-substituted derivatives (15e-h) were found to be relatively more potent over di-substituted derivatives (15a–d); the difference lies in the presence and absence of morpholine group. This observation reinforces the previous conclusions presented in recent report from our group (Kumar et al., 2013), indicating the presence of morpholine has significant impact on anticancer activity of these compounds.

Conclusion

In conclusion, two series of *s*-triazine derivatives bearing benzimidazole and benzothiazole were synthesized as anticancer agents. All the synthesized compounds were screened against six cancer cell lines. Among the two series of compounds, derivatives containing benzimidazole scaffold were found to be relatively potent over benzothiazole analogues. This unusual behaviour is a subject of our future work along with molecular mechanistic studies. In accordance with our previous observation, within benzimidazole derivatives, tri-substituted *s*-triazine derivatives were found to be more potent over di-substituted derivatives irrespective of cell lines. Structure–activity relationships in these classes of compounds laid foundations to develop more potent compounds as leads for cancer chemotherapy. Focus of our future work includes synthesis



Scheme 4 Synthesis of compounds 15e-h and 16e-h

of more derivatives of *s*-triazine with benzimidazoles to evaluate their potential anticancer agents.

Experimental section

General procedure for synthesis of di-substituted triazines (15a–d and 16a–d)

To a solution of mono-substituted triazine derivatives 10– 14 (1 mmol) in dry THF was added K_2CO_3 (2.5 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature, 4 or 5 (1 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 24 h at reflux temperature. After completion of the reaction K_2CO_3 was decanted and the THF was removed, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by using silica gel column chromatography to give the desired di-substituted *s*triazines.

N^{2} -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^{4} -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**15a**)

Yield: 85 %; Light red solid; mp 188–190 °C; IR (KBr) ν max: 3853, 3735, 2927, 2360, 1600, 1514, 1430, 1314, 1290, 1188 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.1 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.9 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.6 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.38 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 4H, ArH), 7.1 (m, 3H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 164.5 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.9

(C, s-triazine-C), 163.8 (C, s-triazine-C), 162.4 (C, N=C-NH), 149.9 (C_{Ar}), 143.7 (C_{Ar}), 141.6 (C_{Ar}), 139.7 (C_{Ar}), 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 127.7 (C_{Ar}), 124.8 (C_{Ar}), 124.5 (C_{Ar}), 121.9 (C_{Ar}), 120.1 (C_{Ar}), 119.5 (C_{Ar}), 119.2 (C_{Ar}), 118.9 (C_{Ar}), 110.5 (C_{Ar}); Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 414 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₇O 414.13641 Found: 414.13452.

N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^4 -(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**15b**)

Yield: 89 %; Light red solid; mp 195–197 °C; IR (KBr) ν max: 3390, 3291, 3112, 2925, 1732, 1614, 1575, 1552, 1505, 1476, 1279, 1187, 1109, 1030 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.07 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.9 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.6 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.29 (s, 2H, ArH), 6.90 (s, 2H, ArH), 3.82 (s, 3H, OCH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 163.8 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.3 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.2 (C, *s*-triazine), 160.7 (C, N=C–NH), 157.8 (C_{Ar}), 155.3 (C_{Ar}), 150.7 (C_{Ar}), 139.7 (C_{Ar}), 137.9 (C_{Ar}), 126.5 (C_{Ar}), 123.3 (C_{Ar}), 122.3 (C_{Ar}), 121.5 (C_{Ar}), 119.5 (C_{Ar}), 113.9 (C_{Ar}), 113.0 (C_{Ar}), 54.6 (C, O–CH₃); Mass (ESI–MS): *m/z* 444 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₃H₁₈ClN₇O 444.13341 Found: 444.13252.

N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^4 -(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**15c**)

Yield: 83 %; Light red solid; mp 191–193 °C; IR (KBr) *v* max: 3404, 3270, 3059, 2924, 1609, 1617, 1575, 1506, 1450, 1410, 1314, 1276, 1210, 1157, 1044, 1016 cm⁻¹; ¹H



Fig. 1 Dose response curve of s-triazine derivatives on human cancer cell lines determined by MTT assay after 48-h treatment

NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.43 (brs, 1H, NH), 9.17 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.13 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.04 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.77 (t, J = 8.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.69 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.58 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.31 (m, 2H, ArH),

7.04 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 162.79 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.71 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.5 (C, *s*-triazine), 158.9 (C, N=C–NH), 155.6 (C_{Ar}), 149.6 (C_{Ar}), 136.7 (C_{Ar}), 133.1 (C_{Ar}), 125.8

Table 1 Chemical structures of compounds 13a-h and their inhibitory effects on the growth of human cancer cell lines

X Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z

Compound	x	Y	Z	R1	IC ₅₀ (μM)					
					MCF-7 ^a	MDAMB-231 ^b	PC-3°	DU-145 ^d	HT-29°	HGC-27 ^f
15a	HN	Н	-NH-	CI	12.1 ± 2.6	19.9 ± 0.66	NA	NA	22.2 ± 2.9	11.1 ± 3.8
15b	HN	OCH ₃	-NH-	CI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
15c	HN	Ц	-NH-	CI	15.1 ± 1.3	17.4 ± 0.2	NA	NA	16.0 ± 1.15	NA
15d	HN	Н	-NH- CH ₂ -	CI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16a	S	Н	-NH-	CI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16b	S	OCH ₃	-NH-	CI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16c	S	ц	-NH-	CI	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16d	S	Н	-HN-	CI	14.7 ± 098	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
15e	HN	Н	-NH-	o_z	4.8 ± 0.5	8.3 ± 1.1	NA	NA	9.8 ± 0.4	15.1 ± 0.2
15f	HN	0CH ₃	-HN-	o_z	NA	25.1 ± 0.13	NA	18.6 ± 0.4	11.5 ± 1.6	24.6 ± 0.8
15g	HN	ц	-NH-	o_z	9.5 ± 1.6	10.3 ± 0.2	13.5 ± 0.5	10.7 ± 1.7	8.3 ± 0.77	9.2 ± 0.03
15h	HN	Н	-NH- CH ₂ -	o_z	7.02 ± 3.9	18.6 ± 3.1	NA	20.3 ± 1.6	15.6 ± 2.2	16.7 ± 0.01
l6e	S	Н	-HN-	o_z	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ΥN
16f	S	OCH ₃	-NH-	o_z	NA	NA	NA	AN	NA	NA

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Compound	Х	Υ	Z	\mathbb{R}_1	IC ₅₀ (µM)					
					MCF-7 ^a	MDAMB-231 ^b	PC-3°	DU-145 ^d	HT-29°	HGC-27 ^f
16g	S	ц	-HN-	o_z	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16h	S	Н	-NH- CH ₂ -	oz	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ZSTK474 (Yagu	zh <i>et al.</i> , 200	()			ND**	10.8 ± 0.2	11.7 ± 1.2	0.25 ± 0.06	25.1 ± 1.1	1.11 ± 0.05
* NA—not activ ** ND—not dete ^a MCF-7 (breast	e (compound: rmined cancer ER +	s showing less th .ve), ^b MDA-MB	an 50 % cytotoxicity 231 (TNBC), ^e PC3	' up to 100 μM co (prostate), ^d DU1	ncentration) 45 (prostate), ^e HT 2	9 (colon cancer), ^f HGC-2	27 (gastric cancer)			

N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^4 -benzyl-6chloro-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (15d)

Yield: 92 %; Light red solid; mp 194–196 °C; IR (KBr) ν max: 3854, 3734, 3640, 3367, 3260, 3116, 2926, 2852, 2371, 1610, 1575, 1451, 1410, 1353, 1247, 1192, 1120, 1060 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.1 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.9 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.6 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.38 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 4H, ArH), 7.1 (m, 3H, ArH), 4.5 (m, 2H, Ar–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 168.0 (C, *s*-triazine), 165.5 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.4 (C, *s*-triazine), 151.3 (C, NH–C=N), 139.9 (C_{Ar}), 138.6 (C_{Ar}), 138.0 (C_{Ar}), 128.0 (C_{Ar}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 126.8 (C_{Ar}), 126.6 (C_{Ar}), 126.5 (C_{Ar}), 123.8 (C_{Ar}), 121.7 (C_{Ar}), 119.7 (C_{Ar}), 114.3 (C_{Ar}), 44.0 (C, Ph–CH2–NH–); Mass (ESI–MS): *m*/z 428 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₃H₁₈CIN₇ 428.13850 Found: 428.13700.

N^2 -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^4 -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16a**)

Yield: 88 %; Grey solid; mp 150–152 °C; IR (KBr) *v* max: 3838, 3735, 3392, 3274, 2924, 1601, 1570, 1507, 1496, 1412, 1225, 1181, 988, 966, 836, 802, 756 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.92 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.81 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH) 7.48 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.37 (m, 3H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 165.8 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.8 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.6 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.0 (C, S–C=N), 150.0 (C_{Ar}), 141.8 (C_{Ar}), 141.5 (C_{Ar}), 128.5 (C_{Ar}), 127.7 (C_{Ar}), 125.0 (C_{Ar}), 124.6 (C_{Ar}), 120.6 (C_{Ar}), 120.3 (C_{Ar}), 120.1 (C_{Ar}), 110.6 (C_{Ar}); Mass (ESI–MS): *m/z* 431[M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₂H₁₅ ClN₆S 431.08402 Found: 431.08357.

N^2 -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^4 -(4methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16b**)

Yield: 91 %; Grey solid; mp 156–158 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3854, 3735, 3397 3274, 3060, 2927, 2360, 1601, 1573, 1508, 1411, 1227, 1180, 1034, 829, 755 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.07 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.9 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.6 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.38 (s, 2H, ArH), 6.9 (s, 2H, ArH), 3.8 (s, 3H, OCH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 166.8 (C, *s*-triazine), 166.2 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.3 (C, *s*-triazine), 153.4 (C, S–C=N), 134.0 (C_{Ar}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 125.7 (C_{Ar}), 124.4 (C_{Ar}), 123.4 (C_{Ar}), 123.2 (C_{Ar}), 122.5 (C_{Ar}), 122.1 (C_{Ar}), 121.1 (C_{Ar}), 120.2 (C_{Ar}), 119.9 (C_{Ar}), 113.3 (C_{Ar}), 113.2 (C_{Ar}), 113.1 (C_{Ar}), 54.8 (O–CH₃); Mass

(ESI–MS): *m/z* 460 [M]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₃H₁₇ClN₆OS 461.09458 Found: 461.09507.

N^2 -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-chloro- N^4 -(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16c**)

Yield: 85 %; Grey solid; mp 155–157 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3853, 3393, 3274, 3058, 2924, 1613, 1573, 1505, 1410, 1314, 1227, 1014, 967, 832, 863, 756, 726, 550, 508 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.9 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.6 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.38 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.1 (m, 2H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 166.7 (C, *s*-triazine), 153.4 (C, S–C=N), 140.9 (C_{Ar}), 134.0 (C_{Ar}), 127.4 (C_{Ar}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 125.7 (C_{Ar}), 124.4 (C_{Ar}), 123.1 (C_{Ar}), 122.1 (C_{Ar}), 121.1 (C_{Ar}), 120.4 (C_{Ar}), 120.0 (C_{Ar}), 115.0 (C_{Ar}), 114.7 (C_{Ar}), 114.4 (C_{Ar}); Mass (ESI–MS): *m*/z 449 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₂H₁₄ClFN₆S 449.07460 Found: 449.07486.

N^2 -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^4 -benzyl-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16d**)

Yield: 87 %; Grey solid; mp 222–224 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3839, 3735, 3264, 3217, 3056, 2832, 2780, 1699, 1628, 1578, 1530, 1393, 1240, 1227, 796, 758, 726, 549, 534 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.88 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.73 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.42 t, J = 7.6 1H, ArH), 7.3 (m, 5H, ArH) 7.1 (m, 1H, ArH), 4.5 (m, 2H, Ar–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 165.6 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.4 (C, *s*-triazine), 162.1 (C, *s*-triazine), 150.0 (C, S–C=N), 141.6 (C_{Ar}), 138.7 (C_{Ar}), 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 127.8 (C_{Ar}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 126.8 (C_{Ar}), 125.0 (C_{Ar}), 124.8 (C_{Ar}), 124.6 (C_{Ar}), 119.8 (C_{Ar}), 119.6 (C_{Ar}), 119.4 (C_{Ar}), 119.1 (C_{Ar}), 110.6 (C_{Ar}), 43.9 (C, Ph–CH₂–NH–); Mass (ESI–MS): m/z 445 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₃H₁₇CIN₆S 445.09967 Found: 445.09997.

General procedure for synthesis of tri-substituted triazines (15e-h and 16e-h)

To a solution of di-substituted *s*-triazine derivatives 15a-d and 16a-d (1 mmol) in dry DMF, was added K₂CO₃ (2.5 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min, at room temperature. Morpholine 17 (1 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred at 24 h at reflux temperature. After completion of the reaction K₂CO₃ was decanted and the DMF was removed, water was added and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ concentrated and purified by using silica gel column chromatography to give the desired tri-substituted triazine derivatives in quantitative yields.

 N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-morpholino- N^4 -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (15e)

Yield: 89 %; Light red solid; mp 182–184 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3459, 3284, 3208, 2947, 2860, 1593, 1559, 1483, 1419, 1305, 1274, 1232, 1108, 1027, 804, 737 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 9.58 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.01 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.82 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.74 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.47 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.34 (t, J = 8.0, 7.0 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.10 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 2H, ArH), 3.85 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4H, O-CH₂), 3.77 (t, J = 5.0, 4.0 Hz, 4H, N–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 164.6 (C, s-triazine), 164.1 (C, s-triazine), 164.0 (C, striazine), 151.4 (C, NH-C=N), 143.8 (C_{Ar}), 141.8 (C_{Ar}), 139.9 (C_{Ar}), 134.9 (C_{Ar}), 128.4 (C_{Ar}), 126.8 (C_{Ar}), 123.2 (C_{Ar}), 122.1 (C_{Ar}), 122.0 (C_{Ar}), 121.5 (C_{Ar}), 119.6 (C_{Ar}), 118.4 (CAr), 111.0 (CAr), 66.0 (2C, CH2-O-CH2), 43.4 $(2C, CH_2-N-CH_2);$ Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 465 $[M + H]^+$. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₂₄N₈O 465.21458 Found: 465.21463.

N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^4 -(4methoxyphenyl)-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (15f)

Yield: 92 %; Light red solid; mp 168-170 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3276, 2958, 2922, 2853, 2366, 1541, 1491, 1420, 1239, 1181, 1110, 1023, 805, 744 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d_6): δ 8.47 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.70 (s, 2H, ArH), 7.57 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.49 (brs, 1H, ArH), 7.19 (m, 2H,ArH), 6.87 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 3.83 (s, 4H, O–CH₂), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.75 (s, 3H, N-CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 164.6 (C, s-triazine), 163.8 (C, s-triazine), 163.7 (C, s-triazine), 154.4 (C, NH-C=N), 151.4 (CAr), 141.7 (CAr), 141.6 (CAr), 132.6 (CAr), 126.6 (CAr), 122.8 (CAr), 121.6 (CAr), 121.3 (CAr), 119.3 (CAr), 119.2 (CAr), 113.3 (CAr), 110.7 (CAr), 65.9 (2C, CH₂-O-CH₂), 54.9 (C, O-CH₃), 43.3 (2C, CH₂-N-CH₂); Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 495 $[M + H]^+$. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₂₆N₈O₂ 495.22515 Found: 495.22378.

N^2 -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^4 -(4-fluorophenyl)-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**15g**)

Yield: 84 %; Light red solid; mp 178–180 °C; IR (KBr) ν max: 3422, 3283, 3190, 2964, 2922, 2855, 1609, 1578, 1542, 1498, 1429, 1265, 1210, 1111, 1014, 899, 744 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 12.48 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.99 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.86 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.10 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.90 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 3H, ArH),

7.69 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.48 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.18 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.02 (t, J = 7.8, 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 3.83 (t, 4H, O–CH₂), 3.74 (t, 4H, N–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 164.6 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.8 (C, *s*-triazine), 158.9 (C, *s*-triazine), 151.4 (C, NH–C=N), 143.7 (C_{Ar}), 141.7 (C_{Ar}), 136.1 (C_{Ar}), 134.8 (C_{Ar}), 126.6 (C_{Ar}), 123.1 (C_{Ar}), 121.8 (C_{Ar}), 121.6 (C_{Ar}), 121.3 (C_{Ar}), 119.4 (C_{Ar}), 118.2 (C_{Ar}), 114.8 (C_{Ar}), 114.5 (C_{Ar}), 110.8 (C_{Ar}), 65.9 (2C, CH₂–O–CH₂), 43.3 (2C, CH₂–N–CH₂); Mass (ESI– MS): *m/z* 483 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₂₃FN₈O 483.20516 Found: 483.20503.

N^{2} -(4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^{4} -benzyl-6morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (15h)

Yield: 86 %; Light red solid; mp 166–168 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3297, 2961, 2921, 2855, 1497, 1430, 1275, 1112, 1023, 807, 745 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 8.1 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.7 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.5 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.34 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.18 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.90 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.81 (s, 2H, ArH), 4.5 (m, 2H, Ar-CH₂), 3.83 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 3.75 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3 + DMSO d_6$): δ 164.5 (C, s-triazine), 163.8 (C, s-triazine), 151.5 (C, striazine), 145.3 (C, NH-C=N), 140.1 (C_{Ar}), 127.8 (C_{Ar}), 127.8 (C_{Ar}), 127.1 (C_{Ar}), 126.8 (C_{Ar}), 126.7 (C_{Ar}), 126.6 (C_{Ar}), 126.5 (C_{Ar}), 126.2 (C_{Ar}), 122.5 (C_{Ar}), 121.4 (C_{Ar}), 119.0 (CAr), 65.9 (2C, CH2-O-CH2), 48.4 (C, Ph-CH2-NH-), 43.1 (2C, CH₂-N-CH₂); Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 478 $[M + H]^+$. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₂₆N₈O 479.23023 Found: 479.23049.

N^{2} -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)-6-morpholino- N^{4} -phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16e**)

Yield: 90 %; Grey solid; mp 149–151 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3394, 3296, 2922, 2852, 2365, 2345, 1497, 1410, 1312, 1226, 1178, 1111, 965, 754 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 9.10 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.69 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.13 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.97 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH),7.81 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.59 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.32 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.00 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.85 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4H, O-CH₂), 3.75 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4H, N-CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 164.6 (C, s-triazine), 164.0 (C, s-triazine), 163.9 (C, s-triazine), 151.4 (C, S-C=N), 143.8 (C_{Ar}), 141.7 (C_{Ar}), 139.8 (C_{Ar}), 134.8 (C_{Ar}), 128.3 (C_{Ar}), 126.7 (C_{Ar}), 123.2 (C_{Ar}), 122.0 (C_{Ar}), 121.9 (C_{Ar}), 121.4 (C_{Ar}), 120.1 (C_{Ar}), 118.5 (C_{Ar}), 118.4 (CAr), 110.9 (CAr), 65.9 (2C, CH2-O-CH2), 43.3 $(2C, CH_2-N-CH_2);$ Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 482 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₂₃N₇OS 482.17576 Found: 482.17597.

N²-(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)-N⁴-(4methoxyphenyl)-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16f**)

Yield: 82 %; Grey solid; mp 153–155 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3394, 3310, 3058, 2957, 2899, 2853, 1601, 1496, 1411, 1241, 1179, 1112, 1024, 966, 828, 804 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 9.03 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.54 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.99 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.94 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.60 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.48 (t, J = 7.4, 6.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.38 (t, J = 7.4, 6.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 3.83 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.75 (s, 4H, N–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3 + DMSO d_6$): δ 167.1 (C, s-triazine), 163.7 (C, striazine), 164.6 (C, s-triazine), 153.6 (C, S-C=N), 154.4 (C_{Ar}), 143.2 (C_{Ar}), 134.0 (C_{Ar}), 132.6 (C_{Ar}), 127.3 (C_{Ar}), 126.0 (C_{Ar}), 125.7 (C_{Ar}), 124.5 (C_{Ar}), 122.1 (C_{Ar}), 121.5 (CAr), 119.3 (CAr), 65.9 (2C, CH2-O-CH2), 54.8 (C, O-CH₃), 43.3 (2C, CH₂-N-CH₂); Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 512 $[M + H]^+$. HRMS calcd for $C_{27}H_{25}N_7O_2S$ 512.18632 Found: 512.18488.

N^{2} -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^{4} -(4-fluorophenyl)-6-morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16g**)

Yield: 89 %; Grey solid; mp 152–154 °C; IR (KBr) v max: 3398, 3296, 2922, 2852, 2367, 2345, 1576, 1498, 1409, 1222, 966, 831, 757 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 8.57 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.30 (brs, 1H, NH), 8.12 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.86 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.70 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.64 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.49 (brs, 1H, NH), 7.31 (t, J = 7.3, 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.01 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.85 (s, 4H, O-CH₂), 3.76 (s, 4H, N–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3 + DMSO d_6$): δ 167.0 (C, s-triazine), 164.5 (C, striazine), 163.8 (C, s-triazine), 153.6 (C, S-C=N), 142.8 (C_{Ar}), 134.1 (C_{Ar}), 127.4 (C_{Ar}), 126.2 (C_{Ar}), 126.0 (C_{Ar}), 124.6 (CAr), 122.2 (CAr), 121.6 (CAr), 119.8 (CAr), 119.4 (CAr), 114.7 (CAr), 114.6 (CAr), 114.4 (CAr), 114.3 (CAr), 65.9 (2C, CH₂-O-CH₂), 43.1 (2C, CH₂-N-CH₂); Mass (ESI-MS): m/z 500 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₆H₂₂ FN7OS 500.18342 Found: 500.18108.

 N^{2} -(4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl)- N^{4} -benzyl-6morpholino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine (**16h**)

Yield: 85 %; Grey solid; mp 158–160 °C; IR (KBr) *v* max: 3291, 3186, 3058, 2957, 2920, 2851, 1667, 1575, 1478, 1249, 1176, 1114, 965, 697 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO d₆): δ 8.14 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.78 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.34 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.16 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.85 (s, 2H, ArH), 4.50 (m, 2H, Ar–CH₂), 3.83

(s, 4H, O–CH₂), 3.75 (s, 4H, N–CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO d₆): δ 167.1 (C, *s*-triazine), 165.5 (C, *s*-triazine), 164.6 (C, *s*-triazine), 163.9 (C, S–C=NH), 153.6 (C_{Ar}), 140.2 (C_{Ar}), 134.0 (C_{Ar}), 127.9 (C_{Ar}), 127.4 (C_{Ar}), 127.2 (C_{Ar}), 126.7 (C_{Ar}), 126.3 (C_{Ar}), 126.1 (C_{Ar}), 125.4 (C_{Ar}), 124.7 (C_{Ar}), 121.7, 119.1 (C_{Ar}), 65.9 (2C, CH₂–O–CH₂), 43.2 (2C, CH₂–N–CH₂), 43.0 (C, Ph–CH₂–NH–); Mass (ESI–MS): *m/z* 496 [M + H]⁺. HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₇OS 496.19141 Found: 496.19017.

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