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Selective Arylmethylation, Arylmethenylation and Aroylation of Mono- and Tetra-p-Cyano-methylcalix[4]arene¹

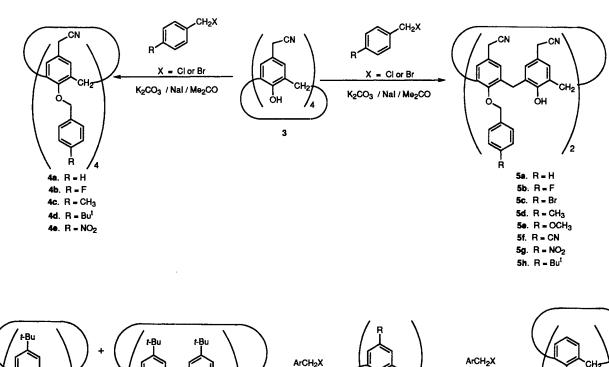
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Tetra-p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (3) is selectively converted to its tetrabenzyl ethers 4 (1,3-alternate conformer) and 1,3-dibenzyl ethers 5 (cone conformer) by reaction with benzyl halides in the presence of variable amounts of potassium carbonate. Mono-pcyanomethylcalix[4]arene (6) gives exclusively the cone conformer of the 1,3-disubstituted product 7 (benzyl moiety attached to the unsubstituted rings). Aroylation of 6 in the presence of sodium hydride gives tetrasubstituted product 9, whereas with aluminum chloride it produces an easily separable mixture of 1,3-disubstituted compounds 10 and 11. Surprisingly, no regioselectivity is achieved using 1-methylimidazole as the base. On the other hand, 6 reacts with 4-bromobenzenesulfonyl chloride under the same reaction conditions to produce the cone conformer of the tetrasubstituted product 12. Reactions of 6 with benzyl halides or benzaldehydes using sodium hydride as a base give the fully benzylated compounds 8 or the benzal derivatives 13, respectively.

p-tert-Butylcalix[4]arene, 2,3 easily prepared in good yield by a one-pot reaction of p-tert-butylphenol and formal-dehyde, 4 can be converted to p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (3) in a four-step sequence. 5 Compound 3 and its monosubstituted analog 6^6 are useful precursors to carboxylic acids and amines and can also undergo benzylation 7 and

arylmethenylation⁸ at the carbons α to the cyano groups. The present work extends these investigations and includes studies of the di- and tetra-O-benzylation of 3 and 6, the di- and tetra-O-aroylation of 6, and the arylmethenylation of 6.

Reactions of p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (3) with benzyl halides in the presence of a 50-fold excess of potassium carbonate yields tetra-O-benzylated products $4\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{e}$ in the 1,3-alternate conformation. Increasing the quantity of potassium carbonate (50–100 equiv) reduces the necessary reaction time except in the case of p-nitrobenzyl halide in which case product decomposition occurs. The 1,3-dibenzyl ethers $5\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h}$ were obtained by using only 2–3 equivalents of potassium carbonate with 2.3 equivalents of benzyl halide, carrying out the reaction at room temperature for shorter times to give 60-85% of the desired product along with the starting material which is easily recovered by column chromatography. The rates of these reactions are dependent on the p-substituent of the benzylating agent, electron-withdrawing groups such



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as nitro facilitating the reaction and electron-releasing groups such as alkyl and methoxyl slowing it down. Benzyl bromides react more rapidly than benzyl chlorides, and in the latter case it is advisable to add sodium iodide to the reaction mixture.

In contrast to the tetracyanomethyl compound 3, the monocyanomethyl compound 6 presents the possibility of regioisomeric 1,3-di-O-substitution. Treatment of 6 with various benzyl halides in the presence of potassium carbonate yields 1,3-diethers 7 in which both benzyl moieties are attached to p-H-phenolic residues, indicating that in the calix[4]arene the p K_a of p-H-phenol rings is lower than that of p-cyanomethylphenol rings. When p-H-calix[4]arene (2) is benzylated in the presence of a large

excess of potassium carbonate under the condition used for the preparation of 4 (either at room temperature or reflux), it gives the tetrasubstituted products 15a and 15b in the 1,3-alternate conformation. On the other hand, p-tert-butylcalix[4]arene (1) under the same conditions gives a mixture of 1,3-di- and tetrasubstituted products 17 and 16 in a 1:1 ratio at room temperature. Thus, the reactivity sequence for O-benzylation in the calix[4]arenes appears to be p-H-phenol > p-cyanomethylphenol > p-tert-butylphenol.

In esterification reactions 6 behaves like 1 and 2.9 Thus, benzoyl chloride in the presence of 1-methylimidazole as a base gives a mixture of products, while sodium hydride gives the tetrasubstituted product 9 in the 1,3-alternate

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conformation. When aluminum chloride in dimethyl-formamide/dichloromethane is used, a mixture of 10 (major product) and 11 (minor product) in the cone conformations is produced. Treatment of 6 with p-bromobenzenesulfonyl chloride in the presence of sodium hydride produces the tetrasubstituted product 12 which, surprisingly, is in the cone conformation.

In arylmethylation⁷ and arylmethenylation⁸ reactions 6 behaves like 3, *viz*. treatment with benzyl halides introduces arylmethyl groups onto the carbons α to the cyano groups to produce 8, and treatment with benzaldehydes introduces arylmethenyl groups at these same positions to produce 13.

Structures for the various products were established on the basis of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy, taking advantage of the characteristic patterns arising from the ArCH₂Ar methylenes in the proton spectrum^{3a} and the position of the resonance in the carbon spectrum. 10 For example, the tetrabenzyl ethers 4a-d show a ¹H NMR singlet at $\delta = 3.55 \pm 0.04$ and a ¹³C resonance at $\delta = 37$, commensurate with a 1,3-alternate conformation. The 1,3-dibenzyl ethers 5a-h, on the other hand, show a pair of doublets in the $\delta = 3.27-3.43$ and 4.20-4.25 region of the ¹H NMR spectrum and a singlet at ca. $\delta = 31$ in the ¹³C NMR spectrum commensurate with a cone conformation. Similar, but more complex, patterns are observed for the benzyl ethers obtained from 6 where, because of the lower symmetry of the molecules, the ArCH₂Ar methylenes can give rise to four doublets in the ¹H NMR spectrum. Due to accidental overlap, however, fewer lines are sometimes observed as in the case of dibenzyl ether 7a which shows only three doublets (ratio 2:1:1). In the arylmethylated products 8a-d the ArCH₂Ar methylenes appear as four well-resolved doublets, and the ArCH₂O protons appear as two sharp singlets and a well-resolved pair of doublets. The diastereomeric ArCH₂[CN] protons appear as an accidental singlet in 8a and a well-resolved pair of doublets in 8b-d. The ¹³C NMR spectra of **8a-d** are commensurate with a cone conformation.

Unless otherwise noted, starting materials were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. THF was always freshly distilled from Na-benzophenone, and DMF and MeCN were stored over 3 Å and 4 Å Linde molecular sieves for at least 10 d. Flash chromatography was carried out with J. T. Baker 40 μm silica gel, and colum chromatography with Aldrich 70-230 mesh, 60 Å silica gel. TLC was performed on 250 μ m silica gel plates, and preparative TLC on 1000 µm silica gel plates containing a fluorescent indicator. Melting points are uncorrected and were taken in sealed and evacuated melting point capillary tubes on a MEL-Temp apparatus (Laboratory Devices, Cambridge, MA) using a 500°C thermometer calibrated against a thermocouple. The ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian XL-300 spectrometer, and the chemical shifts are reported as δ values with units of ppm. ¹H NMR spectra are referenced to TMS at 0.00 ppm as an internal standard and recorded at r.t., and ¹³C NMR spectra are referenced to either CDCl₃ (77.00 ppm), DMSO-d₆ (40.0 ppm) or to TMS (0.00 ppm) and also recorded at r.t. Microanalytical samples were dried for at least 72 h at 111 °C (toluene) or at 140 °C (xylene) at 1-2 mm, and the analyses were carried out by Desert Laboratories, Tucson, AZ. A half molecule of water was retained in some of the analytical samples even after prolonged drying, affecting the elemental analysis.11

Tetrabenzyl Ethers 4, 14 and 15 (1,3-Alternate Conformers); General Procedure:

Anhydrous, finely powdered K₂CO₃ (6.90 g, 50 mmol, 50 equiv) and NaI (0.5 g) were suspended in anhydr. acetone (100 mL) in a 250 mL round-bottomed flask and treated portionwise with 1 mmol of one of the following calixarenes: p-tert-butylcalix[4]arene (1) (0.64 g), calix[4]arene (2) (0.42 g), tetra-p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (3) (0.58 g), or mono-p-cyanomethylcalix[4] arene (6) (0.46 g). The reaction mixture was stirred in an atmosphere of N₂ for 10 min, and a solution of benzyl halide (15-20 equiv) in acetone (10 mL) was added slowly from a dropping funnel. The mixture was allowed to stir under reflux or at r.t., filtered, and the residue throughly washed with anhydr. acetone (100 mL). The combined acetone filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and poured into hexane or Et₂O (150 mL) to give a white to light yellow precipitate (in some cases a semisolid which was extracted with CH₂Cl₂) which was removed by filtration and washed with hexane. The product was stirred with MeOH (3 × 100 mL) for 30 min to remove unreacted benzyl halide, filtered and purified by column chromatography using CHCl₃ or CH₂Cl₂. An analytical sample was obtained by crystallization from CHCl₃ or CH₂Cl₂ either alone or in combination with hexane followed by stirring with anhydr. MeOH to remove solvent of crystallization, affording pure products 4a-e, 14 and **15a−b**. The physical and spectroscopic data are given in the Table.

1,3-Dibenzyl Ethers 5a-h (Cone Conformers); General Procedure:

To a suspension of anhydr. freshly powdered K_2CO_3 (0.30 g, 2.3 mmol, 2.3 equiv) and NaI (0.3 g) in anhydr. acetone (100 mL) in a 250 mL round-bottomed flask was added p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (3) (0.58 g, 1 mmol). The mixture was stirred in an atmosphere of N_2 for 10 min, and a solution of benzyl halide (2.3 equiv) in acetone (5 mL) was added slowly from a dropping funnel. The mixture was allowed to stir in a tightly sealed flask at r.t. and worked up according to the procedure described above to afford a mixture of the desired product and starting material. The product was separated by column chromatography via elution with CHCl₃ or CH₂Cl₂. The starting material was recovered by eluting with acetone or MeCN. An analytical sample was obtained by crystallization from CHCl₃ or CH₂Cl₂ to gave pure 5a-h. The physical and spectroscopic data are given in the Table.

1,3-Dibenzyl Ethers 7a-f (Cone Conformers); General Procedure: Anhydrous, finely powdered $K_2\mathrm{CO}_3$ (1.38 g, 10 mmol, 10 equiv) and NaI (0.3 g) were suspended in anhydr. acetone (100 mL) in a 250 mL round-bottomed flask and mono-p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene (6; 0.46 g, 1 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred in an atmosphere of N_2 for 10 min, and a solution of benzyl halide (8–10 equiv) in acetone (10 mL) was added slowly from a dropping funnel. The mixture was allowed to stir at r.t. for 24 h and worked up as described above to give a single product (as confirmed by TLC) which were purified by column chromatography, eluting with CHCl₃ or CH₂Cl₂ followed by crystallization. The physical and spectroscopic data are given in the Table.

C- and O-Arylmethylated Compounds 8a-d; General Procedure:

NaH (1.0 g, 25 mmol, 25 equiv, 60 % in oil dispersion) was placed in a 150 mL 3-necked round-bottomed flask followed by a mixture of THF/DMF (60 mL, 5:1), and the flask was purged with N_2 . The flask was placed in an ice bath, maintaining the temperature at ca. 2-3°C, and 6 (0.46 g, 1 mmol) was added. The flask was allowed to warm to r.t., and the contents were stirred for 10 min under a stream of N₂. A solution of benzyl halide (20 equiv) in anhydr. THF (10 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 30 min, and the mixture was allowed to stir at r.t. for 8 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure on a rotary evaporator, and the concentrated residue was neutralized with ice cold 10% HCl to produce a light yellow precipitate (in some cases semisolid material, which was extracted with CH₂Cl₂). This was separated by filtration and triturated for 30 min with MeOH (100 mL) followed by hexane to leave a white solid. The product was purified by column chromatography using CHCl₃ as an eluent followed by recrystallization. The physical and spectroscopic data are given in the Table.

Table. Compounds 4,5,7-15 Prepared

Prod- uct ^a	Yield (%)	mp (°C)	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$ NMR (300 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) $\delta,J(\mathrm{Hz})$	13 C NMR (75 MHz) (CDCl $_3$ /TMS) δ
4a ^b	91	188-190	7.40–7.36 (m, 12 H, ArH), 7.02 (d, 8 H, ArH), 6.65 (s, 8 H, ArH), 4.75 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.59 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.93 (s, 8 H, CH ₂ CN)	155.48 (C-OCH ₂), 137.47, 134.39, 130.09, 128.31, 127.69, 127.16, 123.95 (ArC), 118.22 (CN), 72.29 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.18 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.18 (CH ₂ CN)
4 b	84	233-234	7.05–7.00 (m, 16 H, F-ArH), 6.68 (s, 8 H, ArH), 4.07 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.51 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.06 (s, 8 H, CH ₂ CN)	155.30 (C-OCH ₂), 134.25, 132.93, 129.84, 129.20, 124.00, 115.40, 115.11 (ArC), 118.07 (CN), 71.94 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.03 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.33 (CH ₂ CN)
4c	80	212-213	7.17 (d, 8H, $J = 7.95$, $H_3C-\underline{ArH}$), 6.93 (d, $J = 7.68$, $H_3C-\underline{ArH}$), 6.65 (s, 8H, \overline{ArH}), 4.70 (s, 8H, $\overline{ArCH_2O}$), 3.57 (s 8H, $\overline{ArCH_2Ar}$), 2.94 (s, 8H, $\overline{CH_2CN}$), 2.45 (s, 12H, $\overline{CH_3O}$)	155.40 (C-OCH ₂), 137.23, 134.50, 134.42, 130.17, 129.33, 127.04, 123.72 (ArC), 118.04 (CN), 73.32 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.12 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.17 (CH ₂ CN), 21.32 (CH ₃)
4d	82	276-278	7.49 (d, 8 H, $J = 8.40$, $t\text{-}C_4H_9\text{-}\underline{A}\underline{r}\underline{H}$), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.10$, $t\text{-}C_4H_9\text{-}\underline{A}\underline{r}\underline{H}$), 6.62 (s, 8 H, ArH), 4.75 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.54 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.00 (s, 8 H, CH ₂ CN), 1.44 (s, 36 H, $t\text{-}C_4H_9$)	155.75 (C-OCH ₂), 150.69 (C-C ₄ H ₉ -t), 134.75, 134.39, 130.40, 126.78, 125.17, 123.50 (ArC), 118.17 (CN), 72.32 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.04 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 34.70 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 31.56 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 22.34 (CH ₂ CN)
4e	76	175 (Softening) 295 (decomp)	8.16 (d, 8 H, $J = 8.73$, O_2N -ArH), 7.23 (d, 8 H, $J = 8.58$, O_2N -ArH), 6.72 (s 8 H, ArH), 4.87 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.77 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.08 (s, 8 H, CH ₂ CN) ^c	15.4.68 (C-OCH ₂), 146.79, 144.86, 134.17, 129.10, 127.87, 124.35, 122.91 (ArC), 118.20 (CN), 70.61 (ArCH ₂ O), 36.08 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 21.30 (CH ₂ C) ^c
5a	83	291-293	7.86 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.55 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.35 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.02 (s, 4H, ArH), 6.82 (s, 4H, ArH), 5.03 (s, 4H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.25 (d, 4H, <i>J</i> = 13.29, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.63 (s, 4H, CH ₂ CN), 3.39 (s, 4H, CH ₂ CN), 3.31 (d, 4H, <i>J</i> = 13.44, ArCH ₂ Ar)	153.04 (C-OCH ₂), 151.71 (C-OH), 135.92, 133.80, 128.85, 128.76, 128.43, 128.17, 127.83, 127.70, 126.83, 120.22 (ArC), 118.23 (CN), 117.91 (CN), 78.76 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.35 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.92 (CH ₂ CN), 22.73 (CH ₂ CN)
5b	80	240-242	7.79 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.56–7.52 (m, 4 H, ArH), 7.08–7.03 (m, 8 H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 4 H, ArH), 4.99 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.23 (d, 4 H, <i>J</i> = 13.32, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.65 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 4.35 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.33 (d, 4 H, <i>J</i> = 13.29, ArCH ₂ Ar	152.95 (C-OCH ₂), 151.47 (C-OH), 133.80, 129.81, 129.70, 128.86, 128.68, 128.26, 128.08, 127.02, 120.42, 115.96, 115.67 (ArC), 118.47 (CN), 117.92 (CN), 78.05 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.38 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.01 (CH ₂ CN), 22.77 (CH ₂ CN)
5e	76	153 (Softening) 230–232	7.71 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.54, 7.47 (dd, 8 H, $J = 8.49$, 8.46, Br-ArH), 7.03 (s, 4 H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 4 H, ArH), 4.98 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.22 (d, 4 H, $J = 13.20$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.66 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.46 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.35 (d, 4 H, $J = 13.38$, ACH, CH ₂ CN), 3.35 (d, 4 H, $J = 13.38$,	152.93 (C-OCH ₂), 151.52 (C-OH), 134.91, 133.67, 132.10, 129.23, 128.90, 128.29, 128.01, 127.08, 122.67, 120.45 (ArC), 118.45 (CN), 117.87 (CN), 77.94 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.37 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.01 (CH ₂ CN), 22.78 (CH ₂ CN)
5d	84	241-243	ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar) 7.90 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.54 (d, 4 H, J = 7.50, \underline{H}_3 C-ArH), 7.19 (d, 4 H, J = 7.53, \underline{H}_3 C-ArH), 7.00 (s, 4 H, ArH), 6.83 (s, 4 H, ArH), 5.01 (s, 4 H, ArC \underline{H}_2 O), 4.24 (d, 4 H, J = 13.41, ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar), 3.64 (s, 4 H, CH $_2$ CN), 3.45 (s, 4 H, CH $_2$ CN), 3.29 (d,	153.09, C-OCH ₂), 151.78 (C-OH), 138.18, 133.94, 132.98, 129.52, 128.73, 128.22, 128.14, 127.91, 126.71, 120.15 (ArC), 118.49 (CN), 117.94 (CN), 78.74 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.43 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.00 (CH ₂ CN), 22.77 (CH ₂ CN), 21.38 (CH ₃)
5e	81	150 (Softening) 195–196	4H, $J = 13.29$, Ar \underline{CH}_2 Ar), 2.42 (s, 12 H, CH ₃) 7.91 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.45 (d, 4 H, $J = 8.64$, ArH), 7.00 (s, 4 H, ArH), 6.91 (d, 4 H, $J = 8.61$, ArH), 6.82 (s, 4 H, ArH), 4.99 (s, 4 H, Ar \underline{CH}_2 O), 4.22 (d, 4 H, $J = 13.29$, Ar \underline{CH}_2 Ar), 3.85 (s, 12 H, OCH ₃), 3.63 (s, 4 H, CH $_2$ CN), 3.45 (s, 4 H, CH $_2$ CN), 3.27	159.83 (C-OCH ₃), 153.04 (C-OCH ₂), 151.67 (C-OH), 134.04, 129.66, 128.71, 128.28, 128.13 128.02, 126.70, 120.20, 114.16 (ArC), 118.52 (CN), 117.99 (CN), 78.59 (ArCH ₂ O), 55.28 (OCH ₃) 31.45 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.01 (CH ₂ CN), 22.76 (CH ₂ CN)
5e	80	151–152	(d, $4H$, $J = 13.35$, $ArQH_2Ar$) 7.75 (d, $4H$, $J = 8.04$, NC - ArH), 7.65 (d, $4H$, $J = 7.95$, NC - ArH), 7.55 (s, $2H$, $ArOH$), 7.05 (s, $4H$, ArH), 6.85 (s, $4H$, ArH), 5.11 (s, $4H$, $ArQH_2O$), 4.20 (d, $4H$, $J = 13.44$, $ArCH_2Ar$), 3.67 (s, $4H$, CH_2CN), 3.46 (s, $4H$, CH_2CN), 3.37 (d, $4H$, $J = 13.41$, $ArQH_2Ar$)	(CH ₂ CN) 152.73 (C-OCH ₂), 151.34 (C-OH), 141.16 (C-CN) 133.47, 132.67, 129.17, 129.07, 128.42, 127.84 127.46, 120.81, 112.52 (ArC), 118.38 (CN), 118.27 (CN), 117.78 (CN), 77.45 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.32 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.00 (CH ₂ CN), 22.78 (CH ₂ CN)
5g	82	152–153	8.17 (d, 4H, $J = 8.70$, O_2N -ArH), 7.89 (d, 4H, $J = 8.61$, O_2N -ArH), 7.67 (s, 2H, ArOH), 7.08 (s, 4H, ArH), 6.88 (s, 4H, ArH), 5.17 (s, 4H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.25 (d, 4H, $J = 13.26$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.68 (s, 4H, CH ₂ CN), 3.48 (s, 4H, CH ₂ CN), 3.43 (d, 4H, $J = 13.29$, ArCH ₂ Ar)	152.77 (C-OCH ₂), 151.27 (C-OH), 147.75, 143.26 133.48, 129.16, 128.49, 127.81, 127.63, 124.10 120.88 (ArC), 118.43 (CN), 117.82 (CN), 77.12 (ArCH ₂ -Ar), 23.02 (CH ₂ CN), 22.77 (CH ₂ CN)
5h	76	155 (Softening) 180–181	7.88 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.48 (bs, 8 H, <i>t</i> -C ₄ H ₉ -ArH), 6.98 (s, 4 H, ArH), 6.81 (s, 4 H, ArH), 5.06 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.20 (d, 4 H, <i>J</i> = 13.02, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.63 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.45 (s, 4 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.25 (d, 4 H, <i>J</i> = 13.32, ArCH ₂ Ar)	153.01 (C-OCH ₂), 151.97 (C-OH), 151.71 (C-C ₄ H ₉ - t), 134.03, 133.01, 128.71, 128.39, 128.12 127.84, 126.65, 125.66, 120.20 (ArC), 118.52 (CN) 118.00 (CN), 78.68 (ArCH ₂ O), 34.72 (t -C ₄ H ₉) 31.43 (t -C ₄ H ₉), 31.25 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 23.00 (CH ₂ CN) 22.77 (CH ₂ CN)

Table. (continued)

Prod- uct ^a	Yield (%)	mp (°C)	1 H NMR (300 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) δ , J (Hz)	$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) δ
7a	70	260-262	7.83 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 7.63 (bs, 4 H, ArH), 7.42–7.34 (m, 6 H, ArH), 7.09–7.04 (m, 4 H, ArH), 6.82 (s, 2 H, ArH), 6.91–6.74 (m, 2 H, ArH), 6.69 (t, 2 H, $J = 7.2, 7.8, ArH$), 6.57 (t, 1 H, $J = 4.5, ArH$), 5.06 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.31 (d, 4 H, $J = 13.02, ArCH_2Ar$), 3.35 (d, 2 H, $J = 13.90, ArCH_2Ar$), 3.34 (s, 2 H, CH ₂ CN), 3.33 (d, 2 H, $J = 13.90, ArCH_2Ar$), 4.70 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.70 (b), 3.70 (c),	153.43 (C-OCH ₂), 151.73 (C-OH), 151.68 (C-OH), 136.62, 136.42, 134.19, 132.88, 129.33, 129.02, 128.81, 128.75, 128.45, 128.21, 128.12, 127.93, 127.57, 127.50, 126.69, 125.47, 119.14 (ArC), 118.12 (CN), 127.93, 127.57, 127.50, 126.69, 125.47, 119.14 (ArC), 118.12 (CN), 76.61 (ArCH ₂ O), 78.48 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.46 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.74 (CH ₂ CN)
7 b	65	153-154	7.89 (s, 1 H, ArH), 7.54–7.49 (m, 4 H, ArH), 7.19 (d, 4 H, J = 7.7, ArH), 7.07–7.03 (m, 4 H, ArH), 7.89–7.82 (m, 5 H, ArH), 7.69–7.63 (m, 3 H, ArH), 5.02 (s, 2 H, ArC \underline{H}_2 O), 5.01 (s, 2 H, ArC \underline{H}_2 O), 4.30 (d, 2 H, J = 13.20, ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar), 4.28 (d, 2 H, J = 13.02, ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar), 3.39 (s, 2 H, CH $_2$ CN), 3.34 (d, 2 H, J = 12.90, ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar), 3.31 (d, 2 H, J = 12.90, ArC \underline{H}_2 Ar), 2.42 (s, 6 H, CH $_3$)	153.43 (C-OCH ₂), 151.92 (C-OH), 151.71 (C-OH), 137.74, 134.68, 134.28, 133.72, 133.68, 133.45, 133.08, 129.47, 128.97, 128.70, 128.58, 128.26, 127.97, 127.70, 125.48, 125.39, 119.09 (ArC), 119.02 (CN), 78.55 (ArCH ₂ O), 78.43 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.49 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.80 (CH ₂ CN), 21.42 (CH ₃)
7 c	71	165 (Softening) 203-205	7.82-7.79 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.63-7.57 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.10-7.02 (m, 5H, ArH), 6.92-6.78 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.73-6.66 (m, 3H, ArH), 5.12 (s, 4H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.22 (d, 4H, <i>J</i> = 13.20, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.38 (d, 2H, <i>J</i> = 13.02, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.39 (s, 2H, CH ₂ CN), 3.37 (d, 2H, <i>J</i> = 13.02, ArCH ₂ Ar)	153.03 (C-OCH ₂), 151.43 (C-OH), 151.28 (C-OH), 141.86, 141.63, 133.91, 132.97, 132.57, 132.28, 129.53, 129.24, 129.15, 128.95, 128.82, 128.15, 127.74, 127.60, 125.99, 125.86, 119.60 (ArC), 118.44 (CN), 118.40 (CN), 77.16 (ArCH ₂ O), 31.42 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.81 (CH ₂ CN)
7 d	78	220-222	(d, $2 \text{ H}, J = 15.02$, $\text{Al}\subseteq\text{H}_2\text{Al})$ $8.15-8.12$ (m, $4 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, $7.96-7.83$ (m, $4 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, 7.68 (m, $2 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, $7.16-7.07$ (m, $4 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, $6.90-6.82$ (m, $4 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, $6.74-6.62$ (m, $3 \text{ H}, \text{ArH})$, 5.18 (bs, $4 \text{ H}, \text{Ar}\subseteq\text{H}_2\text{O}$), 4.28 (d, $4 \text{ H}, J = 13.29$, $\text{Ar}\subseteq\text{H}_2\text{Ar}$), 3.43 (d, $4 \text{ H}, J = 13.23$, $\text{Ar}\subseteq\text{H}_2\text{Ar}$), 3.41 (s, $2 \text{ H}, \text{CH}_2\text{CN}$)	(ALVII), 22.01 (VII)
7 e	60	161–163	9.16 (bs, 4H, ArH), 8.86 (bs, 2H, ArH), 7.82 (s, 2H, ArOH), 7.08 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.04–6.90 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.82–6.74 (t, 1H, ArH), 6.71 (t, 2H, ArH), 5.37 (s, 4H, ArCH2O), 4.24 (d, 4H, J=13.29, ArCH2Ar), 3.48 (d, 4H, J=12.90, ArCH2Ar), 3.47 (s, 2H, CH2CN)	
7f	68	266–268	7.85 (s, 2H, ArOH), 7.56–7.46 (m, 8H, ArH), 7.05–7.01 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.86–6.80 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.67–6.65 (m, 3H, ArH), 5.09 (s, 4H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.27 (d, 2H, $J = 13.29$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 4.22 (d, 2H, $J = 13.32$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.39 (s, 2H, CH ₂ CN), 3.27 (t, 4H, $J = 11.83$, 12.36, ArCH ₂ Ar)	152.57 (C-OCH ₂), 152.00 (C-OH), 151.52 (C-OH), 150.50 (C-C ₄ H ₉ -t), 134.21, 133.70, 133.61, 128.97, 128.60, 128.49, 128.40, 128.18, 127.86, 127.49, 127.49, 127.37, 127.31, 127.22, 125.12, 119.19 (ArC), 119.00 (CN), 78.03 (ArCH ₂ O), 77.96 (ArCH ₂ O), 34.29 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 31.09 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 30.61 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 21.77 (CH ₂ CN)
8a	91	170–172	7.36 (bs, 10 H, ArH), 7.22–7.18 (m, 12 H, ArH), 7.12–7.05 (m, 10 H, ArH), 6.98 (m, 1 H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 2 H, ArH), 6.28 (t, 2 H, J = 7.53, 7.53, ArH), 6.14 (d, 2 H, J = 6.45, ArH), 5.82 (d, 2 H, J = 6.99, ArH), 5.16 (s, 2 H, ArCH ₂ O), 5.09 (s, 2 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.72 (d, 2 H, J = 11.34, ArCH ₂ O), 4.67 (d, 2 H, J = 11.34 (ArCH ₂ O), 4.24 (d, 2 H, J = 13.94, ArCH ₂ Ar), 4.04 (d, 2 H, J = 13.68, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.32 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂), 2.95 (d, 2 H, J = 13.74, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.77 (d, 2 H, J = 13.47, ArCH ₂ Ar)	156.00, C-OCH ₂), 155.01 (C-OCH ₂), 154.81 (C-OCH ₂), 137.97, 137.67, 137.63, 137.33, 137.12, 135.42, 133.55, 133.10, 130.48, 130.27, 130.05, 129.00, 128.95, 128.41, 128.09, 128.04, 127.93, 127.93, 127.83, 127.75, 127.67, 127.36, 127.15, 122.36, 122.19, 121.79 (ArC), 77.24 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.83 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.43 (ArCH ₂ O), 50.70 (C-CN), 47.16 (ArCH ₂), 31.48 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.37 (ArCH ₂ Ar)
8 b	86	106–107	7.27 (m, 6 H, J = 8.70, ArH), 7.14 (d, 2 H, J = 8.70, ArH), 7.05 – 6.99 (m, 7 H, ArH), 6.87 (s, 2 H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 2 H, ArH), 6.84 (s, 4 H, J = 8.70, ArH), 6.76 (d, 4 H, J = 8.70, ArH), 6.65 – 6.59 (m, 4 H, ArH), 6.28 (t, 2 H, J = 7.50, 7.50, ArH), 6.14 (d, 2 H, J = 6.90, ArH), 5.85 (d, 2 H, J = 7.20, ArH), 5.08 (s, 2 H, ArCH ₂ O), 5.01 (s, 2 H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.68 (d, 2 H, J = 11.40, ArCH ₂ O), 4.61 (d, 2 H, J = 11.40, ArCH ₂ O), 4.20 (d, 2 H, J = 13.50, ArCH ₂ Ar), 4.05 (d, 2 H, J = 13.50, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.87 (s, 6 H, OCH ₃), 3.77 (s, 9 H, OCH ₃), 3.74 (s, 3 H), OCH ₃), 3.25 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂), 2.95 (d, 2 H, J = 13.80, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.78 (d, 2 H, J = 13.50, ArCH ₂ Ar)	159.40 (C-OCH ₃), 159.25 (C-OCH ₃), 159.20 (C-OCH ₃), 158.73 (C-OCH ₃), 156.03 (C-OCH ₂), 154.92 (C-OCH ₂), 154.84 (C-OCH ₂), 137.76, 137.30, 133.62, 133.20, 131.85, 131.66, 131.45, 130.48, 130.27, 130.20, 130.07, 129.85, 128.89, 127.75, 127.67, 127.60, 127.33, 122.25, 122.07, 113.69, 113.44, 113.24, 113.09, 112.96 (ArC), 76.78 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.20 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.62 (ArCH ₂ O), 55.30 (OCH ₃), 55.17 (OCH ₃), 51.32 (C-CN), 46.30 (ArCH ₂), 31.59 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.43 (ArCH ₂ Ar)

Table. (continued)

Prod- ucta	Yield (%)	mp (°C)	1 H NMR (300 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) δ , J (Hz)	$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) δ
8c	84	114–115 119–120	7.34–7.30 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.24–7.12 (m, 12H, ArH), 7.08–6.90 (m, 13 H, ArH), 6.80 (s, 2H, ArH), 6.34 (t, 2H, J = 7.41, ArH), 6.17 (d, 2H, J = 7.65, ArH), 5.76 (d, 2H, J = 7.53, ArH), 5.04 (s, 2H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.99 (s, 2H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.68 (d, 2H, J = 11.28, ArCH ₂ O), 4.60 (d, 2H, J = 11.28, ArCH ₂ O), 4.60 (d, 2H, J = 13.41, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.78 (d, 2H, J = 13.56, ArCH ₂), 2.97 (d, 2H, J = 13.41, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.78 (d, 2H, J = 13.56, ArCH ₂ Ar) 7.50 (d, 4H, J = 8.19, ArH), 7.33 (d, 4H, J = 8.31, ArH), 7.25–7.20 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.16 (4H, J = 8.28, ArH), 7.03 (d, 4H, J = 6.93, ArH), 6.96–6.87 (m, 6H, ArH), 6.82 (s, 2H, ArH), 6.34 (t, 2H, J = 7.65, 7.53, ArH), 6.17 (d, 2H, J = 7.53, ArH), 5.76 (d, 2H, J = 6.45, ArH), 5.02 (s, 2H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.96 (s, 2H, ArCH ₂ O), 4.65 (d, 2H, J = 4.124, ArCH ₂ O), 4.58 (d, 2H, J = 4.124, ArCH	155.82 (C-OCH ₂), 154.88 (C-OCH ₂), 154.34 (C-OCH ₂), 137.65, 136.75, 136.05, 135.73, 135.50, 134.22, 134.18, 133.64, 133.38, 133.33, 132.61, 131.69, 131.55, 131.40, 130.81, 130.53, 129.62, 129.23, 128.70, 128.32, 128.14, 128.08, 127.54, 127.43, 122.74, 121.38 (ArC), 76.53 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.14 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.38 (ArCH ₂ O), 50.64 (C-CN), 46.33 (ArCH ₂), 31.53 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.31 (ArCH ₂ Ar) 155.91 (C-OCH ₂), 154.89 (C-OCH ₂), 154.29 (C-OCH ₂), 137.61, 136.68, 136.47, 136.15, 135.89, 134.05, 133.33, 132.55, 132.09, 132.00, 131.79, 131.66, 131.45, 131.26, 131.09, 130.95, 130.81, 129.55, 129.22, 128.13, 127.50, 127.42, 122.76, 122.65, 122.40, 122.29, 121.49, 121.29 (ArC), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.20 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.00 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.20 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.20 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 75.20 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O), 76.63 (ArCH ₂ O), 74.42 (ArCH ₂ O)
9	90	386-388	$J=11.22$, $ArCH_2O$), 4.58 (d, $2H$, $J=11.34$, $ArCH_2O$), 4.10 (d, $2H$, $J=13.41$, $ArCH_2Ar$), 3.96 (d, $2H$, $J=13.86$, $ArCH_2Ar$), 3.31 (d, $2H$, $J=13.62$, $ArCH_2$), 3.24 (d, $2H$, $J=13.53$, $ArCH_2$), 2.97 (d, $2H$, $J=13.50$, $ArCH_2Ar$), 2.80 (d, $2H$, $J=13.95$, $ArCH_2Ar$), 7.94–7.81 (m, 12 H, ArH), 7.71–7.63 (m, 8 H, ArH), 6.81 (s, $2H$, $4H$, $4H$), 6.78–6.66 (m, $2H$, $4H$), 3.61 (s, $4H$, $4H$), 6.78–6.66 (m, $4H$, $4H$), 3.67 (s, $4H$, $4H$), 3.59 (s, $4H$, $4H$), 3.70 (s, $2H$, $2H$), 3.70 (s, $2H$, $2H$)	50.49 (C-CN), 46.39 (ArCH ₂), 31.50 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.27 (ArCH ₂ Ar) 164.30 (C=O), 164.14 (C=O), 164.07 (C=O), 148.39 (C-OCO), 148.16 (C-OCO), 148.10 (C-OCO), 134.70, 134.24, 134.11, 133.69, 133.44, 132.99, 131.60, 131.53, 131.35, 131.11, 130.10, 128.91, 128.79, 128.73, 128.48, 128.24, 125.58,
10	51	296–297	8.39 (d, 4 H, $J = 8.40$, ArH), 7.72 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.54 (t, 4 H, $J = 7.80$, 7.50, ArH), 7.09 (m, 4 H, ArH), 6.86 (s, 2 H, ArH), 6.74 (m, 4 H, ArH), 6.58 (m, 1 H, ArH), 5.65 (s, 2 H, ArOH), 4.02 (d, 2 H, $J = 14.16$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 4.01 (d, 2 H, $J = 14.25$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.53 (d, 2 H, $J = 4.19$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.52 (d, 2 H, $J = 14.07$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.39 (s, 2 H,	124.80, 124.73 (ArC), 116.63 (CN), 36.98, 36.87 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.40 (CH ₂ CN) 164.95 (C=O), 164.88 (C=O), 152.78 (C-OH), 144.76 (C-OCO), 144.59 (C-OCO), 134.16, 134.01, 133.22, 131.46, 130.54, 130.46, 130.14, 129.41, 129.19, 129.13, 129.02, 128.94, 128.79, 127.87, 127.44, 127.20, 120.16 (ArC), 117.57 (CN), 32.22 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 32.06 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.49 (CH ₂ CN)
11	34	280-282	CH ₂ CN) 8.34 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.76 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.56 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.07 (d, 2H, $J = 7.5$, ArH), 6.97 (s, 2H, ArH), 6.95–6.90 (m, 5H, ArH), 6.85–6.80 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.54 (s, 1H, ArOH), 5.51 (s, 1H, ArOH), 3.99 (d, 2H, $J = 14.1$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.97 (d, 2H, $J = 14.4$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.55 (d, 2H, $J = 14.4$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.53 (d, 2H, $J = 14.4$, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.49	164.71 (C=O), 152.79 (C-OH), 152.65 (C-OH), 145.54 (C-OCO), 134.04, 132.52, 131.83, 130.50, 129.48, 129.30, 129.14, 129.04, 128.93, 128.84, 128.63, 128.01, 126.81, 120.81, 120.18, 120.00 (ArC), 32.76 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 32.44 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.63 (CH ₂ CN)
12	86	175 (Softening) 187–188	(s, 2 H, CH ₂ CN) 7.79–7.70 (m, 16 H, ArH), 6.84 (t, 2 H, J = 7.50, ArH), 6.67–6.59 (m, 5 H, ArH), 6.39 (d, 2 H, J = 7.80, ArH), 6.28 (s, 2 H, ArH), 3.79 (d, 2 H, H = 14.40, Ar \bigcirc H ₂ Ar), 3.75 (d, 2 H, J = 14.40, Ar \bigcirc H ₂ Ar), 3.33 (s, 2 H, CH ₂ CN), 2.56 (d, 2 H, J = 14.40, Ar \bigcirc H ₂ Ar), 2.53 (d, 2 H, J = 14.70, Ar \bigcirc H ₂ Ar)	145.25 (C-OSO ₂), 144.75 (C-OSO ₂), 144.51 (C-OSO ₂), 136.22, 136.07, 135.38, 125.11, 134.32, 132.77, 132.65, 132.50, 132.40, 130.97, 130.82, 130.76, 129.70, 129.52, 129.35, 129.13, 128.39, 127.53, 126.45, 125.71, (ArC), 117.20 (CN), 31.38 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.32 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 22.89 (CH ₂ CN)
13a	81	251–253 (brown liquid)	10.20 (bs, 4H, ArOH), 7.80 (d, 2H, $J = 6.33$, ArH), 7.41–7.44 (m, 3 H, ArH), 7.35 (s, 2 H, ArH), 7.31 (s, 1 H, CH = CCN), 7.13–7.04 (m, 6 H, ArH), 6.80 (m, 3 H, ArH), 4.28 (bs, 4H, Ar Ω _42Ar), 3.58	150.11 (C-OH), 148.74 (C-OH), 148.67 (C-OH), 140.84, 133.85, 130.25, 129.29, 129.16, 129.09, 129.06, 128.91, 128.44, 128.13, 127.60, 126.78, 122.52, 122.44 (ArC), 118.04 (CN), 111.14
13b	76	276-278	(bs, 4H, Ar \subseteq H ₂ Ar) 10.20 (bs, 4H, ArOH), 7.99 (d, 1H, J = 7.80, ArH), 7.69 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.38–7.35 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.13–7.00 (m, 7H, ArH), 6.92 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.89–6.71 (m, 3H, ArH), 4.25 (bs, 4H, Ar \subseteq H ₂ Ar), 3.85 (s, 3H, OCH ₃), 3.53 (bs, 4H, Ar \subseteq H ₂ Ar)	$(C=CH)$, 31.83 (Ar CH_2 Ar), 31.70 (Ar CH_2 Ar) 157.76 (C-OCH $_3$), 149.90 (C-OH), 148.78 (C-OH), 148.70 (C-OH), 136.41, 131.71, 129.43, 129.15, 129.08, 128.80, 128.72, 128.46, 128.16, 127.53, 126.87, 123.28, 122.50, 120.82, 118.18, 110.79, 110.68 (Ar C), 55.61 (OCH $_3$), 31.82 (Ar CH_2 Ar), 31.72 (Ar CH_2 Ar)

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Table. (continued)

Prod- uct ^a	Yield (%)	mp (°C)	1 H NMR (300 MHz) (CDCl $_{3}$ /TMS) δ , J (Hz)	$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz) (CDCl ₃ /TMS) $^{\delta}$
13c	73	165 (Softening) 190–191	10.20 (bs, 4 H, ArOH), 7.80 (d, 1 H, ArH), 7.31 (s, 1 H, ArH), 7.22 (m, 1 H, ArH), 7.10–6.90 (m, 9 H, ArH), 6.72 (m, 4 H, ArH), 4.24 (bs, 4 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.84 (s, 3 H, OCH ₃), 3.48 (bs, 4 H, ArCH ₂ Ar)	161.19 (C-OCH ₃), 149.73 (C-OH), 148.85 (C-OH), 148.76 (C-OH), 140.60, 131.86, 130.99, 129.54, 129.45, 129.28, 128.44, 128.17, 127.69, 126.56, 122.45, 122.52, 122.33, 118.62, 114.36 (ArC), 55.40 (OCH ₃), 31.85 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 31.71 (ArCH ₂ Ar)
14	70	212-214	7.52–7.47 (m, 8 H, ArH), 7.16–7.10 (m, 8 H, ArH), 6.87 (d, 2 H, ArH), 6.68 (m, 5 H, ArH), 6.49–6.42 (m, 4 H, ArH), 4.93 (d, 2 H, J = 12.36, ArCH ₂ O), 4.85 (d, 4 H, J = 12.90, ArCH ₂ O), 4.72 (d, 2 H, J = 12.36, ArCH ₂ O), 3.62 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 3.52 (s, 4 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 2.83 (s, 2 H, CH ₂ CN), 1.46 (s, 18 H, t -C ₄ H ₉), 1.45 (s, 9 H, t -C ₄ H ₉), 1.44 (s, 9 H, t -C ₄ H ₉)	155.91 (C-OCH ₂), 155.87 (COCH ₂), 150.16 (C-C ₄ H ₉ -t), 149.96 (C-C ₄ H ₉ -t), 135.44, 135.20, 135.06, 134.65, 134.22, 133.79, 133.38, 131.38, 131.13, 131.03, 130.85, 126.79, 126.73, 126.63, 124.89, 124.75, 124.65, 122.66, 122.22 (ArC), 118.32 (CN), 72.24 (ArCH ₂ O), 71.96 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.28 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 37.01 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 34.67 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 31.65 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 31.54 (t-C ₄ H ₉), 31.49 (t-
15a	88	191-193	7.47–7.39 (m, 12 H, ArH), 7.20 (d, 8 H, $J = 6.90$ (ArH), 6.70 (d, 8 H, $J = 7.20$, ArH), 6.47 (t, 4 H, $J = 7.50$ and 7.50, ArH), 4.89 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.60 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar)	C_4H_9) 31.45, (t - C_4H_9), 22.33 (CH_2CN) 155.87 (C - OCH_2), 138.18, 133.89, 131.28, 127.86, 127.03, 126.84, 122.22 (ArC), 71.86 ($ArCH_2O$), 37.27 ($ArCH_2Ar$)
15b	81	230-232	7.49 (d, 8 H, $J = 8.40$, ArH), 7.17 (d, 8 H, $J = 8.10$, ArH), 6.67 (d, 8 H, $J = 7.50$, ArH), 6.46 t, 4 H, $J = 7.20$, ArH), 4.86 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ O), 3.57 (s, 8 H, ArCH ₂ Ar), 1.46 (s, 36 H, t-C ₄ H ₉)	156.08 (C-OCH ₂), 149.95 (C-C ₄ H ₉ - t), 135.38, 133.88, 131.22, 126.78, 124.68, 122.05 (ArC), 71.99 (ArCH ₂ O), 37.19 (ArCH ₂ Ar), 34.66 (C-C ₄ H ₉ - t), 31.54 (t -C ₄ H ₉)

^a Satisfactory microanalyses obtained: $C \pm 0.48$, $H \pm 0.28$.

Tetrabenzoyl Ester 9 (1,3-Alternate Conformer) and Tetra-4-bromobenzenesulfonyl Ester 12 (Cone Conformer):

A mixture of 6 (0.47 g, 1 mmol) NaH (60% in oil dispersion 1.0 g, 25 equiv) and freshly distilled and dried THF/DMF (60 mL, 5:1) was placed in a 250 mL 3-necked round-bottomed flask. The mixture was stirred for 5 min under N_2 , and benzoyl chloride (1.40 g, 10 equiv) or 4-bromobenzenesulfonyl chloride (1.50 g, 12 equiv) in THF (5 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 18 h at r.t. On completion of the reaction, as monitored by TLC, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was poured over ice cold 10% HCl to give a semisolid. This was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and treated with MeOH to precipitate compounds 9 and 12, respectively. An analytical sample was obtained by triturating this material with MeOH.

1,3-Dibenzoyl Esters 10 and 11 (Cone Conformers); General Procedure:

In a 250 mL 3-necked round-bottomed flask, white, finely powdered, anhydr. AlCl₃ (2.70 g, 20 mmol) was added to a mixture of CH₂Cl₂/ DMF (60 mL, 5:1), stirred for 2 min, and 6 (0.46 g, 1.0 mmol) was then added. The mixture was stirred for 5 min, benzoyl chloride (1.40 g, 10 mmol) was added, and stirring at r.t. was continued 16 h. The mixture was poured over ice cold water followed by 10 % HCl to destroy the unreacted AlCl₃. The organic layer was separated, and the water layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic extract was concentrated under reduced pressure to leave a viscous residue which was stirred with MeOH (50 mL) to give a white precipitate. The product mixture (TLC) was removed by filtration, dried, and stirred with cold acetone which dissolved only one of the components. The acetone soluble product was purified by recrystallization to yield 11 (minor product) and from the acetone insoluble fraction 10 (major product) was obtained and purified by recrystallization. An analytical sample was prepared by triturating the recrystallized material with MeOH (50 mL) to remove solvent of crystallization followed by drying.

Arylmethenylation of 6 to 13a-c (Cone Conformers); General Procedure:

NaH (1.2 g, 30 equiv, 60 % in oil dispersion) was placed in a 150 mL 3-necked round-bottomed flask followed by freshly distilled anhdyr. THF (60 mL), and the air in the flask was replaced with $\rm N_2$. The flask was placed in an ice bath, maintaining the temperature at ca. 2–3 °C, and 6 (0.47 g, 1 mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to r. t., and the contents were stirred for 10 min under a stream of $\rm N_2$. A solution of benzaldehyde (10 equiv) in anhydr. THF (10 mL) was added dropwise, and the mixture was stirred at r. t. for 18 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was neutralized with ice cold 10 % HCl to produce a light yellow precipitate. This was separated by filtration and triturated for 30 min with MeOH (100 mL) followed by hexane (100 mL) to leave a white solid. The product was purified by column chromatography using CHCl₃ as an eluent followed by recrystallization.

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- (1) Paper No. 41 in a series entitled "Calixarenes". For paper No. 40, see: Sharma, S. K.; Gutsche, C. D. J. Org. Chem. 1994, 59, 6030.
- (2) The term "calixarene" is variously employed in different contexts. In colloquial usage, as employed in the Discussion Section, it implies the presence of OH groups (e.g. "p-tert-butyl-calix[4]arene for 1, p-H-calix[4]arene for 2, p-cyanomethylcalix[4]arene for 3). In the more precise and complete specification, as used in the Experimental Section, it implies only the basic skeleton to which the substituents, including the OH groups, are attached at positions designated by appropriate numbers.

^b Reported in literature.

Recorded in DMSO-d₆.

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- (10) Jaime, C.; de Mendoza, J.; Prados, P.; Nieto, P.M.; Sanchez, C. J. Org. Chem. 1991, 56, 3372.
- (11) The presence of a water molecule inside the cavity was qualitatively supported by the appearance of a broad signal at δ 1.5 (in CDCl₃) or δ 3.4 (in DMSO- d_6) in the ¹H NMR spectrum.