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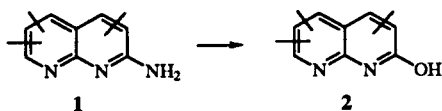
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Several 1,8-naphthyridine derivatives have been diazotized to obtain the corresponding hydroxy derivatives or mixture of hydroxy and hydroxy nitro derivatives. The respective amounts of hydroxy and hydroxy nitro derivatives depends on the nature of the substituents, on their position on the naphthyridine nucleus, on the amount of sodium nitrite and on the reaction temperature. A study of the electronic density of some molecules suggests a possible explanation of the effects induced by the nature of the substituents and of their position. Some of the compounds were tested for their ability to inhibit human platelet aggregation *in vitro* induced by arachidonic acid. Only compound **26** showed interesting antiplatelet activity.

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Diazotization of a considerable number of amino-1,8-naphthyridines **1** [1-19] in concentrated sulfuric acid with sodium nitrite has been carried out under different temperature conditions, generally from 0° to -15°, to give the corresponding hydroxy derivatives **2**.



In the course of our investigations on new molecules with antiplatelet activity we required the preparation of the known 2,7-dichloro-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **3** [12]. Thus, the 7-amino-2-hydroxy-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **4** [20] was diazotized at 0°, as reported by Carboni *et al.* [12], to obtain a crude solid (Scheme 1, Table 1), that we found very difficult to purify either by crystallization or by flash chromatography because of its very low solubility. The crude solid was therefore refluxed with phosphoryl chloride to give, surprisingly and in contrast to our expectations, a mixture of dichloro derivative **3** [12] and dichloro nitro derivative **5**, in a ratio of about 1:1, that were separated by flash chromatography (Scheme 1, Table 2,3). Consequently the crude solid obtained by diazotization of compound **4** was a mixture of dihydroxy derivative **6** [12] and dihydroxy nitro derivative **7** likely in the ratio 1:1. The structures of **3** and **5** were confirmed by elemental analyses, mass spectroscopy and <sup>1</sup>H nmr data. The <sup>1</sup>H nmr spectrum of **3** shows a singlet at δ 8.60 due to H<sub>4</sub> and two doublets at δ 8.55 and δ 7.75 due to H<sub>5</sub> and H<sub>6</sub> respectively, whereas the <sup>1</sup>H nmr spectrum of **5** shows two singlets at δ 8.72 and δ 9.37 due to H<sub>4</sub> and H<sub>5</sub> respectively (Table 4).

The structure of **5** was then unequivocally demonstrated by chemical evidence.

Compounds **3** and **5** were then treated with sodium methoxide to give the corresponding dimethoxy derivatives **8** and **9** respectively (Scheme 1, Table 3). The compound **9** was transformed by catalytic reduction to 6-amino-2,7-dimethoxy-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **10** (Scheme 1, Table 3) confirming the presence of the nitro group on the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus.

Moreover, compound **4** was treated with concentrated nitric acid, in the mole ratio 1:1.1, in acetic anhydride, to obtain the 7-amino-2-hydroxy-6-nitro-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **11** (Scheme 2, Table 3), because in these conditions the nitration occurs only on the naphthyridine nucleus, as reported for 7-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **12** [16].

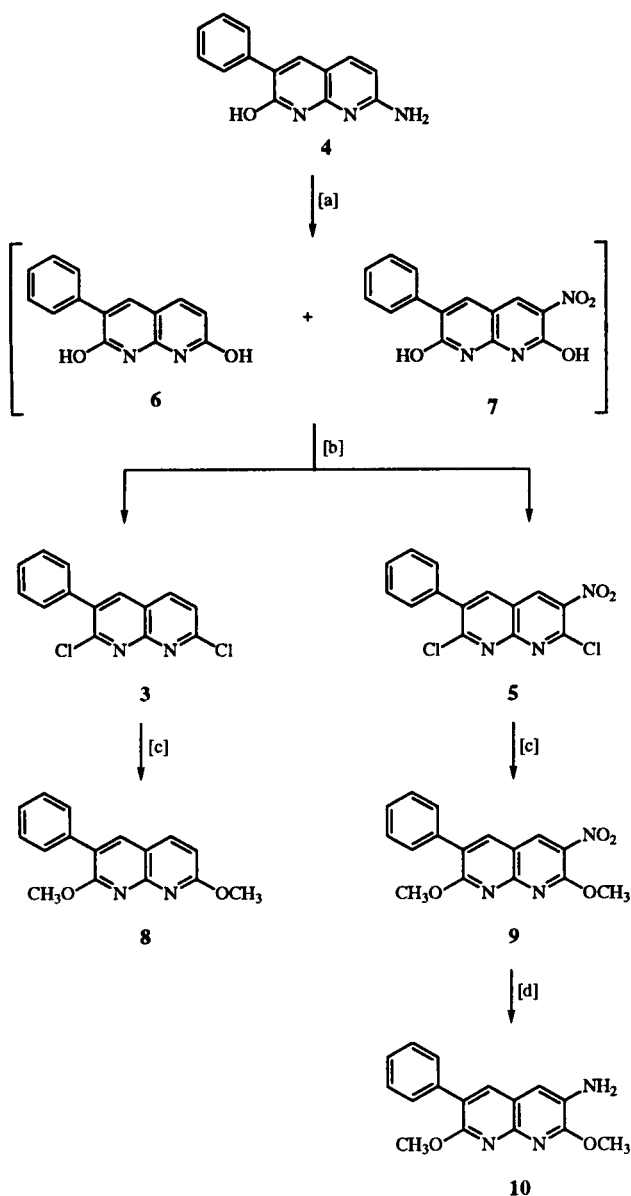
The structure of **11** was established by mass spectroscopy, elemental analysis and <sup>1</sup>H nmr data. The <sup>1</sup>H nmr spectrum of **11** (Table 4) shows two singlets at δ 8.02 and δ 8.82 due to H<sub>4</sub> and H<sub>5</sub> respectively.

Diazotization of **11** carried out at 0° gave a very low soluble mixture of **7** and **13** (Table 1), that was treated with refluxing phosphoryl chloride (Scheme 2) to obtain the 2,7-dichloro-6-nitro-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine **5** and the 2,7-dichloro-6-nitro-3-(*p*-nitrophenyl)-1,8-naphthyridine **14** (Tables 2 and 3) which were separated by flash chromatography. In this way the structure of nitro derivative **7** obtained by diazotization of **4** was unequivocally proved.

An analogous behaviour has been verified by Nishigaky *et al.* during the diazotization of variously substituted pyrimidines [21].

In the light of these results we have carefully reinvestigated the diazotization of **4** [12], because, in that paper it was reported by mistake that the diazotization was carried out at 0° instead at -20°. When this reaction was repeated at -20° crude solid was obtained which was treated with refluxing phosphoryl chloride to give a mixture of dichloro

Scheme 1

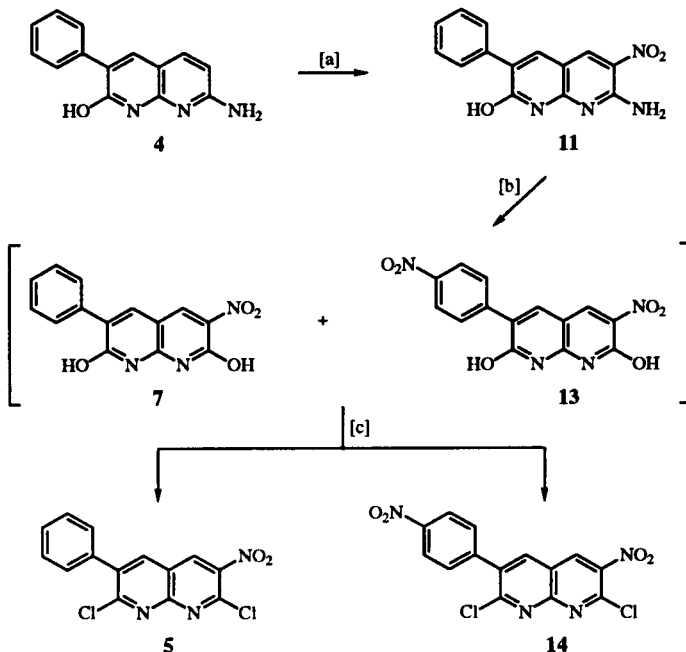


[a] =  $\text{NaNO}_2/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , [b] =  $\text{POCl}_3$ , [c] =  $\text{CH}_3\text{ONa}$ , [d] =  $\text{H}_2$ , Pd/C

derivatives **3** and **5**, in a molar ratio of 7:1 that were separated by flash chromatography (Scheme 1, Tables 1 and 2).

Treating the 2-chloro derivatives **15** [12], **19** [22] and **23**, prepared by reaction of **24** [23] with refluxing phosphoryl chloride (Scheme 5), with a suitable amine, the corresponding amino derivatives **16**, **20** and **25** were obtained (Schemes 3, 4, and 5, Table 3). The diazotization of these compounds, carried out at  $0^\circ$  in concentrated sulfuric acid, gave a mixture of the hydroxy derivatives **17**, **21** and **26** and the corresponding hydroxy nitro derivatives **18**, **22** and **27**, separated by flash chromatography (Schemes 3, 4, and 5, Table 3). The structure of **27** with the nitro group in the 3 position of the 1,8-naphthyridine

Scheme 2

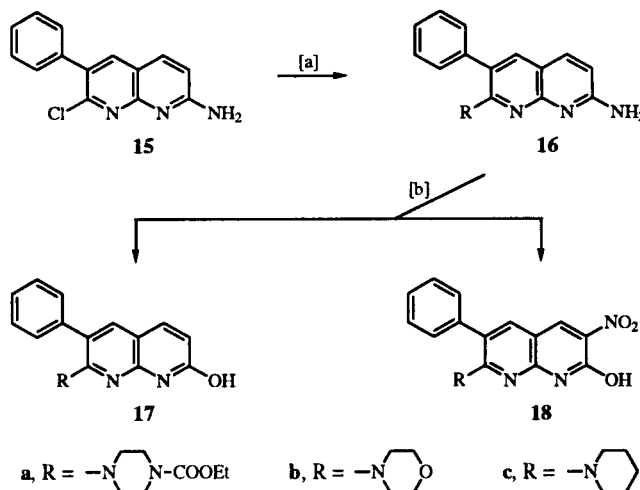


[a] =  $\text{HNO}_3/\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$ , [b] =  $\text{NaNO}_2/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , [c] =  $\text{POCl}_3$ .

nucleus was confirmed by  $^1\text{H}$  nmr spectrum; in fact, the  $^1\text{H}$  nmr spectrum of **27** (Table 4) shows two doublets at  $\delta$  7.86 and  $\delta$  6.43 due to  $\text{H}_5$  and  $\text{H}_6$  respectively.

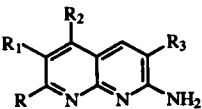
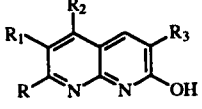
Attempts to prepare the same derivative **27** by reaction of **26** with potassium nitrate in concentrated sulfuric acid gave isomer **28** (Scheme 5, Table 3), with the nitro group in the 6-position. Nitration of **25**, carried out under the same conditions, gave the 6-nitro derivative **29** (Scheme 5, Table 3). The structures of **28** and **29** were confirmed by the presence of two singlets due to  $\text{H}_3$  and  $\text{H}_5$  in their  $^1\text{H}$  nmr spectra (Table 4).

Scheme 3



[a] = *N*-Carbethoxypiperazine, Piperidine, Morpholine, [b] =  $\text{NaNO}_2/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$

Table 1  
Diazotization of Substituted 7-Amino-1,8-naphthyridine Derivatives

| <div>  </div> <div>Starting amino derivatives</div> |                  |                               |                               |                 |  |                   | <div>  </div> <div>Hydroxy derivative products</div> |            |                |   |                 |            |  |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------|--|------------|----------------|---|-----------------|------------|--|
|  |                  |                               |                               |                 |  |                   |  |            |                |   |                 |            |  |
|  |                  |                               |                               |                 |  |                   |  |            |                |   |                 |            |  |
|  |                  |                               |                               |                 |  |                   |  |            |                |   |                 |            |  |
| No.  | R                | R <sub>1</sub>                | R <sub>2</sub>                | R <sub>3</sub>  | mole ratio<br>Compound/<br>NaNO <sub>2</sub> | Temperature<br>°C | without<br>nitration   |            | with nitration |   |                 |            |  |
| No.  |                  |                               |                               |                 |  |                   | No.  | yield<br>% | No.            | R <sub>1</sub>                                  | R <sub>3</sub>  | yield<br>% |  |
| 4  | OH               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 6  | [a]        | 7              | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | [a]        |  |
| 4  | OH               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/4  | -20               | 6  | [a]        | 7              | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | [a]        |  |
| 11   | OH               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | NO <sub>2</sub> | 1/4  | 0                 | 7  | [a]        | 13             | p-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> | NO <sub>2</sub> | [a]        |  |
| 12   | OH               | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 36   | 95         | —              | —   | —               | —          |  |
| 15   | Cl               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 33   | 90         | —              | —   | —               | —          |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | r.t               | 17a  | 18         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 60 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 17a  | 28         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 55 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | -5                | 17a  | 32         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 38 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | -10               | 17a  | 40         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 25 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | -15               | 17a  | 43         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 12 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | -20               | 17a  | 52         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 5 [b]      |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/1  | 0                 | 17a  | 62         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 7 [b]      |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/2  | 0                 | 17a  | 43         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 15 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/3  | 0                 | 17a  | 35         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 28 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 17a  | 26         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 52 [b]     |  |
| 16a  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 17a [d]  | 44         | 18a            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 8 [b]      |  |
| 16a [c]  | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 17b  | 38         | 18b            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 44 [b]     |  |
| 16b  | B                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 17c  | 35         | 18c            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 42 [b]     |  |
| 16c  | C                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 21   | 63         | 22             | H   | NO <sub>2</sub> | 23 [b]     |  |
| 20   | A                | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | 1/5  | 0                 | 26   | 29         | 27             | NO <sub>2</sub>                                 | H               | 31 [b]     |  |
| 25   | B                | H                             | Cl                            | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 34   | 92         | —              | —   | —               | —          |  |
| 31   | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | 1/4  | 0                 | 35   | 93         | —              | —   | —               | —          |  |
| 32   | OCH <sub>3</sub> | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | 1/4  | 0                 |  |            |                |   |                 |            |  |

[a] Mixture not separated. [b] Separated by flash chromatography with ethyl acetate as eluent. [c] The reaction was carried out in concentrated hydrochloric acid. [d] Compound 30 was also obtained in this reaction in 38% yield. A = *N*-Carbethoxypiperaziny; B = Morpholinyl; C = Piperidinyl.

These last results confirm that the nitration effected with sodium nitrite proceeds *via* nitrosation according to a mechanism, in which the NO<sup>+</sup> group attacks the more nucleophilic 3 position, whereas the NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> more large group, for the steric hindrance, attacks preferen-

tially the less hindered 6 position of the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus.

Moreover it was of interest to examine the correlation between the mole ratio nitro hydroxy derivative/hydroxy derivative obtained and the amount of sodium nitrite and the temperature used in the diazotization of these compounds, carried out in concentrated sulfuric acid. We have therefore examined the diazotization of the compound 16a using different amounts of sodium nitrite at 0° or the same amount of sodium nitrite at a different temperature. We have then established that the mole ratio 18a/17a decreased with a decreasing amount of sodium nitrite and with a decreasing temperature as reported in Table 1.

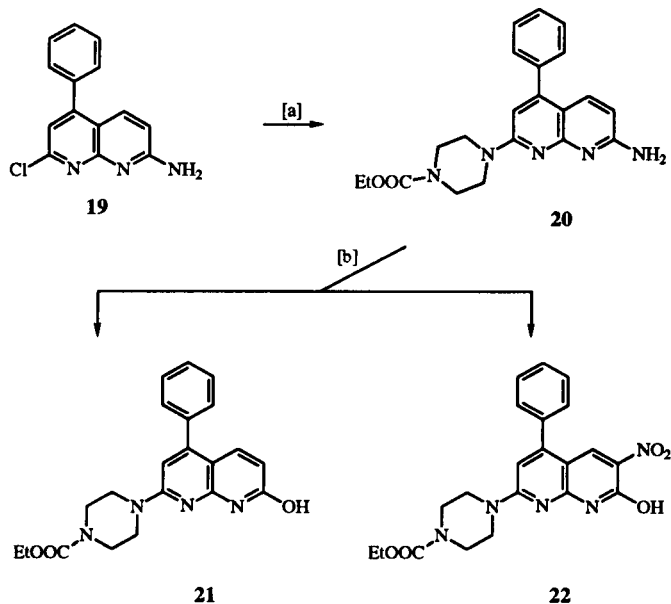
Moreover, when we attempted to prepare the hydroxy derivative 17a by diazotization of 16a in concentrated hydrochloric acid at -20°, a mixture of 7-hydroxy derivative 17a, 7-hydroxy-6-nitro derivative 18a and 7-chloro derivative 30 was obtained (Scheme 6, Table 3). The formation of the chloro derivative 30, by diazotization was in accord with the behaviour observed with 2-acetamido-

Table 2

| Starting mixture No. | Chloroderivatives obtained No. | yield % | Flash chromat. eluent |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| 6 [a]                | 3                              | 27      | [b]                   |
| 7                    | 5                              | 28      |                       |
| 6 [c]                | 3                              | 56      | [b]                   |
| 7                    | 5                              | 8       |                       |
| 7 [a]                | 5                              | 25      | [b]                   |
| 13                   | 14                             | 14      |                       |

[a] Mixture obtained at 0°. [b] Ethyl acetate/petroleum ether 40-70°, 1:4. [c] Mixture obtained at -20°.

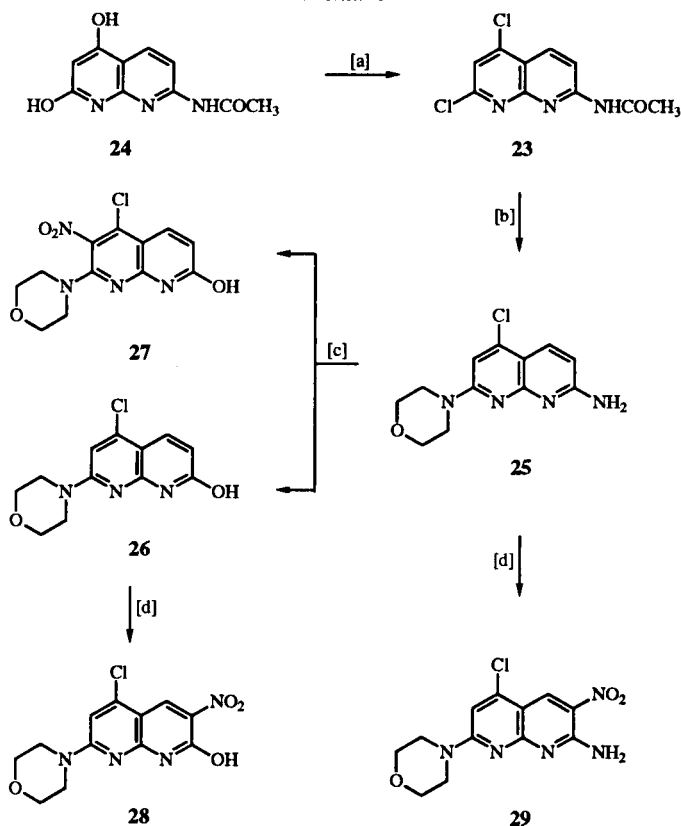
Scheme 4



[a] = *N*-Carboxypiperazine, [b] = NaNO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

6-aminopyridine, which under these conditions gave the corresponding 2-acetamido-6-chloropyridine, as reported in a previous paper [24].

Scheme 5



[a] = POCl<sub>3</sub>, [b] = Morpholine, [c] = NaNO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, [d] = KNO<sub>3</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Compounds **15** and **19** were allowed to react with sodium methoxide to give the corresponding 2-methoxy derivatives **31** and **32** respectively (Schemes 7 and 8, Table 3).

All the 7-amino derivatives **15**, **31**, **32** and **12** were diazotized in concentrated sulfuric acid at 0° to give the corresponding hydroxy derivatives **33**, **34**, **35** and **36** [3] (Schemes 7, 8, and 9, Tables 1 and 3).

The structure of all the compounds were confirmed by elemental analysis, ir, <sup>1</sup>H nmr data and mass spectroscopy (Table 4).

#### Theoretical Calculations.

In order to understand the behavior of the compounds considered with respect to the diazotization reaction, theoretical calculations were carried on four compounds: **4**, **15**, **31** and **37**. Derivative **37** is a model compound of **16a-c** and can be considered as a molecule that undergoes nitration during the diazotization reaction; **4** is a compound possessing the same behavior; **15** and **31** are compounds which are not nitrated during the diazotization reaction (Figure 1).

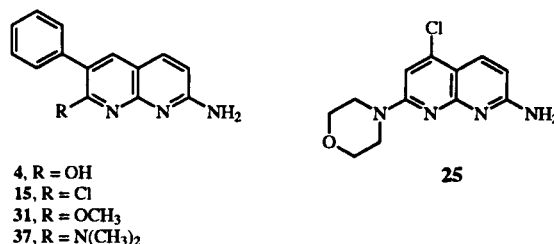


Figure 1. Molecules used for the theoretical calculations.

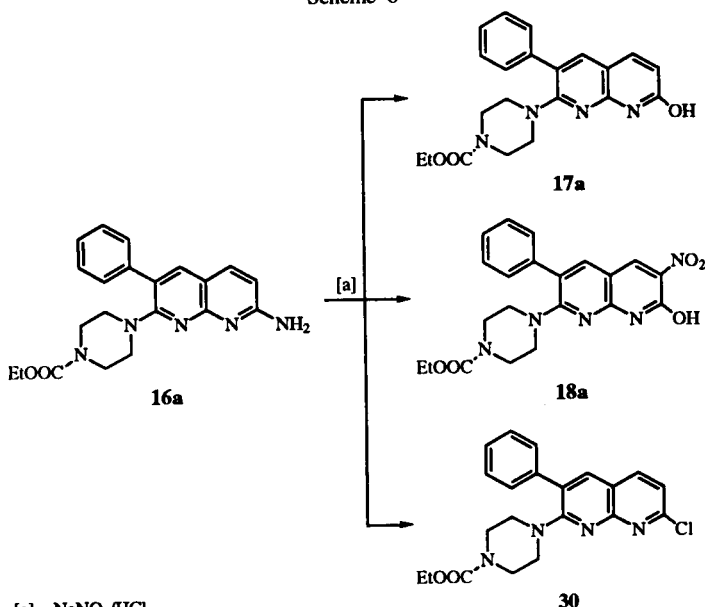
It seemed to us that the reactivity difference among **4**, **37** and **15**, **31** could not be explained through conformational, steric or solvation effects because the molecules are too rigid and the structural differences (different substituents are only in position 2 of the nucleus) are too far from the position 6 where (but only for **4** and **37**) there can be nitration. It could be more reasonable to try to rationalize such difference in electronic terms because the high conjugation present in the molecules could allow the substituent in position 2 to influence the reactivity in position 6 of the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus. Therefore the electronic density of **4**, **15**, **31** and **37** was calculated and analyzed.

The geometries of **4**, **15**, **31** and **37** were fully optimized through the program MOPAC [25], using the PM3 hamiltonian; all compounds were considered in their totally protonated form (charge +4 on **37** and +3 on **4**, **15** and **31**) which should be present in the extremely acid reaction environment.

Figure 2 reports the three-dimensional maps of the electronic density of the molecules in their preferred conformation, obtained from the PM3 wave function.

It can be pointed out that compounds **4** and **37**, which undergo the nitration reaction, possess in position 6 a

Scheme 6



higher electronic density than in **15** and **31**, which, in contrast, are not nitrated.

This fact is an agreement with the mechanism of electrophilic substitution of the nitration in position 6. The

diazonium salts of **4**, **15**, **31** and **37** were also considered; their totally protonated form was optimized and the electronic density was calculated in the same manner as described above. However, in this case no correlation was found between the nitration reaction and the electronic density; this fact could suggest that the nitration takes place before the formation of the diazonium salts.

In order to understand the behavior of **25** (Figure 1) which undergoes the nitration reaction during diazotization in position 3, instead of in position 6, analogous calculations were carried on the totally protonated form of this compound.

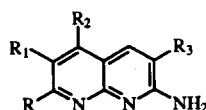
The electronic density map reported in Figure 3 shows a higher density on position 3, in agreement with the experimental data.

With regard to the behavior of **19**, which undergoes nitration in position 6 of the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus, it can be pointed out that position 3 is very hindered due to the presence of bulky rings in both positions 2 and 4, and therefore the attack of the electrophilic agent in this position should be quite unfavoured.

#### Conclusions.

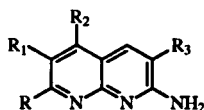
The experimental results obtained in the diazotization of substituted 7-amino-1,8-naphthyridines, effected with

Table 3



| Compound No. | R                | R <sub>1</sub>                                  | R <sub>2</sub> | R <sub>3</sub>  | R <sub>4</sub>   | Yield % | mp °C [a]   | Empirical Formula  | Elemental Analyses<br>Calcd./Found |      |       |
|--------------|------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|-------------|--|------------------------------------|------|-------|
| <b>5</b>     | Cl               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | NO <sub>2</sub> | Cl               | [b]     | 210-212 [c] | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> | 52.53                              | 2.20 | 13.13 |
| <b>8</b>     | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | OCH <sub>3</sub> | 85      | 113-115 [c] | C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                | 52.71                              | 2.15 | 12.96 |
| <b>9</b>     | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | NO <sub>2</sub> | OCH <sub>3</sub> | 96      | 210-212 [d] | C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>                | 72.15                              | 5.30 | 10.52 |
| <b>10</b>    | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | NH <sub>2</sub> | OCH <sub>3</sub> | 83      | 226-228 [e] | C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                | 71.96                              | 5.11 | 10.76 |
| <b>11</b>    | OH               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | NO <sub>2</sub> | NH <sub>2</sub>  | 77      | >320 [f]    | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>                | 61.72                              | 4.21 | 13.50 |
| <b>14</b>    | Cl               | p-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> | H              | NO <sub>2</sub> | Cl               | [b]     | 200-202 [c] | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> | 61.63                              | 4.01 | 13.67 |
| <b>16a</b>   | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>  | 98      | 236-238 [e] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                | 68.30                              | 5.38 | 14.94 |
| <b>16b</b>   | B                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>  | 97      | 174-176 [e] | C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O                             | 68.15                              | 5.53 | 14.81 |
| <b>16c</b>   | C                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>  | 93      | 234-236 [e] | C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>4</sub>                               | 59.56                              | 3.57 | 19.86 |
| <b>17a</b>   | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | OH               | [g]     | 234-236 [h] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>                | 59.30                              | 3.42 | 19.63 |
| <b>17b</b>   | B                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | OH               | [g]     | 220-222 [g] | C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                | 46.16                              | 1.66 | 15.39 |
| <b>17c</b>   | C                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | H               | OH               | [g]     | 176-178 [e] | C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O                             | 46.29                              | 1.61 | 15.27 |
| <b>18a</b>   | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                   | H              | NO <sub>2</sub> | OH               | [g]     | 304-306 [h] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>5</sub>                | 66.81                              | 6.15 | 18.56 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 66.67                              | 6.29 | 18.33 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 70.55                              | 5.93 | 18.30 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 70.63                              | 5.85 | 18.46 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 74.96                              | 6.63 | 18.41 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 74.72                              | 6.51 | 18.59 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 66.64                              | 5.86 | 14.81 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 66.36                              | 5.95 | 14.71 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 70.33                              | 5.58 | 13.68 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 70.36                              | 5.60 | 13.39 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 74.72                              | 6.28 | 13.77 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 74.44                              | 6.42 | 13.85 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 59.55                              | 5.00 | 16.55 |
|              |                  |   |                |                 |                  |         |             |  | 59.33                              | 4.79 | 16.73 |

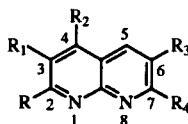
Table 3 (continued)



| Compound No. | R                | R <sub>1</sub>                | R <sub>2</sub>                | R <sub>3</sub>  | R <sub>4</sub>      | Yield % | mp °C [a]      | Empirical Formula  | Elemental Analyses<br>Calcd./Found |      |       |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|----------------|--|------------------------------------|------|-------|
| 18b          | B                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | NO <sub>2</sub> | OH                  | [g]     | 288-290<br>[i] | C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub>    | 61.34                              | 4.58 | 15.91 |
| 18c          | C                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | NO <sub>2</sub> | OH                  | [g]     | 275-277<br>[i] | C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>    | 61.58                              | 4.39 | 15.85 |
| 20           | A                | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>     | 81      | 242-244<br>[e] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>    | 65.12                              | 5.18 | 16.00 |
| 21           | A                | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | OH                  | [g]     | 202-204<br>[j] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>    | 65.22                              | 5.30 | 16.11 |
| 22           | A                | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | NO <sub>2</sub> | OH                  | [g]     | >320<br>[i]    | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>5</sub>    | 66.81                              | 6.15 | 18.56 |
| 23           | Cl               | H                             | Cl                            | H               | NHCOCH <sub>3</sub> | 77      | 218-220<br>[k] | C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OCl <sub>2</sub>   | 66.59                              | 6.00 | 18.38 |
| 25           | B                | H                             | Cl                            | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>     | 75      | 208-210<br>[e] | C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>4</sub> OCl               | 66.64                              | 5.86 | 14.81 |
| 26           | B                | H                             | Cl                            | H               | OH                  | 29      | 265-267<br>[e] | C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cl | 66.52                              | 6.01 | 14.63 |
| 27           | B                | NO <sub>2</sub>               | Cl                            | H               | OH                  | 31      | 285-287<br>[h] | C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Cl | 59.55                              | 5.00 | 16.55 |
| 28           | B                | H                             | Cl                            | NO <sub>2</sub> | OH                  | 39      | >320<br>[l]    | C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Cl | 59.26                              | 5.17 | 16.33 |
| 29           | B                | H                             | Cl                            | NO <sub>2</sub> | NH <sub>2</sub>     | 46      | >320<br>[h]    | C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Cl | 47.06                              | 2.77 | 16.47 |
| 30           | A                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | Cl                  | 38      | 154-156<br>[m] | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cl | 46.92                              | 2.83 | 16.40 |
| 31           | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>     | 92      | 187-189<br>[e] | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O                 | 54.53                              | 4.96 | 21.21 |
| 32           | OCH <sub>3</sub> | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | NH <sub>2</sub>     | 72      | 203-205<br>[c] | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O                 | 54.33                              | 5.09 | 21.10 |
| 33           | Cl               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | OH                  | 90      | 248-250<br>[e] | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OCl                | 54.33                              | 4.56 | 15.85 |
| 34           | OCH <sub>3</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H                             | H               | OH                  | 92      | 294-296<br>[e] | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>    | 54.28                              | 4.42 | 15.68 |
| 35           | OCH <sub>3</sub> | H                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | H               | OH                  | 93      | 220-222<br>[n] | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>    | 46.44                              | 3.58 | 18.07 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 46.18                              | 3.54 | 18.29 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 46.44                              | 3.58 | 18.07 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 46.28                              | 3.39 | 18.00 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 46.59                              | 3.91 | 22.65 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 46.42                              | 3.96 | 22.48 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 63.61                              | 5.34 | 14.14 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 63.72                              | 5.42 | 14.02 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.68                              | 5.22 | 16.73 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.61                              | 5.33 | 16.60 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.68                              | 5.22 | 16.73 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.52                              | 5.41 | 16.58 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 65.61                              | 3.54 | 10.94 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 65.75                              | 3.62 | 10.82 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.40                              | 4.80 | 11.11 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.31                              | 4.92 | 11.00 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.40                              | 4.80 | 11.11 |
|              |                  |                               |                               |                 |                     |         |                |  | 71.28                              | 4.68 | 11.22 |

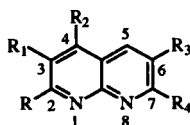
[a] Recrystallization solvent. [b] See table 2. [c] 2-Propanol. [d] Methanol. [e] Toluene. [f] DMF. [g] See Table 1. [h] Ethyl acetate. [i] Dioxane. [j] Cyclohexane. [k] Acetone. [l] CH<sub>3</sub>CN. [m] Petroleum benzin 100/140°. [n] Acetic acid/water. [A] *N*-Carbethoxypiperazinyl. [B] Morpholinyl. [C] Piperazinyl.

Table 4



| Compound No. | <sup>1</sup> H NMR Spectral data (δ) |                |                |                |                               |     |  | MS m/z |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|--------|
|              | H <sub>3</sub>                       | H <sub>4</sub> | H <sub>5</sub> | H <sub>6</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | N-X | Others   |        |
| 5            | —                                    | 8.72 s         | 9.37 s         | —              | 7.55 m                        | —   | —  | 319    |
| 8            | —                                    | 7.75 s         | 7.85 d         | 6.82 d         | 7.39 m                        | —   | 4.15 (2,7-OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s   | —      |
| 9            | —                                    | 7.95 s         | 8.65 s         | —              | 7.47 m                        | —   | 4.17 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s, 4.25 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s,                            | 311    |
| 10           | —                                    | 7.93 s         | 7.09 s         | —              | 7.50 m                        | —   | 3.45 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br, 4.15 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s, 4.25 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s | 281    |
| 11           | —                                    | 8.02 s         | 8.82 s         | —              | 7.52 m                        | —   | 3.25 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br, 12.00 (OH) br  | 282    |

Table 4 (continued)



| Compound No. | <sup>1</sup> H NMR Spectral data (δ) |                |                |                |                               |                           |   | MS m/z |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--------|
|              | H <sub>3</sub>                       | H <sub>4</sub> | H <sub>5</sub> | H <sub>6</sub> | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> | N-X                       | Others  |        |
| 14           | —                                    | 8.84 s         | 9.44 s         | —              | 7.89 d,<br>8.39 d             | —                         | —   | 364    |
| 16a          | —                                    | 7.61 s         | 7.69 d         | 6.53 d         | 7.33 m                        | 3.32 m [a]                | 1.23 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.91 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q,<br>5.00 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br | —      |
| 16b          | —                                    | 7.75 s         | 7.81 d         | 6.65 d         | 7.50 m                        | 3.12 m [b],<br>3.55 m [b] | 6.60 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br  | —      |
| 16c          | —                                    | 7.65 s         | 7.75 d         | 6.55 d         | 7.45 m                        | 1.48 m [c],<br>3.11 m [c] | 6.51 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br  | 304    |
| 17a          | —                                    | 7.52 s         | 7.56 d         | 6.44 d         | 7.39 m                        | 3.88 m [a]                | 1.22 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.09 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q,<br>9.55 (OH) br               | 378    |
| 17b          | —                                    | 7.55 s         | 7.65 d         | 6.50 d         | 7.39 m                        | 3.32 m [b],<br>3.61 m [b] | 11.50 (OH) br   | 307    |
| 17c          | —                                    | 7.69 s         | 7.73 d         | 6.25 d         | 7.50 m                        | 1.50 m [c],<br>3.18 m [c] | 11.55 (OH) br   | 305    |
| 18a          | —                                    | 7.79 s         | 8.85 s         | —              | 7.48 m                        | 3.34 m [a]                | 1.51 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.05 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q,<br>10.15 (OH) br              | 423    |
| 18b          | —                                    | 7.92 s         | 8.80 s         | —              | 7.45 m                        | 3.32 m [b],<br>3.51 m [b] | 11.25 (OH) br   | 352    |
| 18c          | —                                    | 7.83 s         | 8.77 s         | —              | 7.39 m                        | 1.50 m [c],<br>3.30 m [c] | 11.95 (OH) br   | 350    |
| 20           | 6.70 s                               | —              | 7.76 d         | 6.53 d         | 7.63 m                        | 3.80 m [a]                | 1.33 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.30 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q,<br>5.00 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br | —      |
| 21           | 6.47 s                               | —              | 7.73 d         | 6.27 d         | 7.50 m                        | 3.70 m [a]                | 1.27 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.30 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q,<br>12.56 (OH) br              | —      |
| 22           | 6.96 s                               | —              | 8.46 s         | —              | 7.66 m                        | 3.55 m [a]                | 1.22 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.13 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q                                | 423    |
| 23           | 7.44 s                               | —              | 8.70 d         | 8.48 d         | —                             | —                         | 2.34 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) s, 9.41 (NH) br   | —      |
| 25           | 6.93 s                               | —              | 7.83 d         | 6.58 d         | —                             | 3.39 m [b],<br>3.63 m [b] | 6.64 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br  | 264    |
| 26           | 6.86 s                               | —              | 6.76 d         | 6.21 d         | —                             | 3.28 m [b],<br>3.64 m [b] | 11.70 (OH) br   | 265    |
| 27           | —                                    | —              | 7.86 d         | 6.43 d         | —                             | 3.46 m [b],<br>3.66 m [b] | 12.15 (OH) br   | 310    |
| 28           | 7.15 s                               | —              | 8.60 s         | —              | —                             | 3.42 m [b],<br>3.65 m [b] | 11.60 (OH) br   | 310    |
| 29           | 7.29 s                               | —              | 8.72 s         | —              | —                             | 3.26 m [b],<br>3.54 m [b] | 7.85 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br  | —      |
| 30           | —                                    | 8.22 s         | 8.32 d         | 7.35 d         | 7.50 m                        | 3.25 m [a]                | 1.31 (CH <sub>3</sub> ) t, 4.00 (CH <sub>2</sub> ) q                                | —      |
| 31           | —                                    | 7.73 s         | 7.79 d         | 6.53 d         | 7.40 m                        | —                         | 4.10 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s, 5.11 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br,                             | —      |
| 32           | 6.78 s                               | —              | 7.80 d         | 6.57 d         | 7.52 m                        | —                         | 3.38 (NH <sub>2</sub> ) br, 4.00 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s                              | —      |
| 33           | —                                    | 8.21 s         | 7.91 d         | 6.63 d         | 7.50 m                        | —                         | 11.45 (OH) br   | 256    |
| 34           | —                                    | 8.10 s         | 7.90 d         | 6.44 d         | 7.50 m                        | —                         | 4.01 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s, 10.17 (OH) br   | —      |
| 35           | 6.67 s                               | —              | 7.78 d         | 6.45 d         | 7.66 m                        | —                         | 4.10 (OCH <sub>3</sub> ) s  | —      |

[a] Piperazinyl. [b] Morpholinyl. [c] Piperidinyl; s singlet, d doublet, m multiplet, t triplet, q quartet, br broad.

sodium nitrite in concentrated sulfuric acid, show that the respective amounts of hydroxy and hydroxy nitro derivatives is dependent on (1) the nature of the substituents and their position on the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus, (2) the amount of sodium nitrite used in the reaction, (3) the reaction temperature. The significance of the nature of the substituents and of their position on the 1,8-naphthyridine nucleus, in these reactions, could be explained by theoret-

ical calculations in terms of differences of electronic density on the position on which the nitration can take place.

**Biological Results.**

Some of these compounds, 16a-c, 17a-c, 18a,c, 25, 26, 27 and 28, were tested *in vitro* by the method previously reported [26], for their inhibitory activity on 0.7 mM arachidonate induced aggregation in human platelets in rich plasma, because of their analogy to the compounds

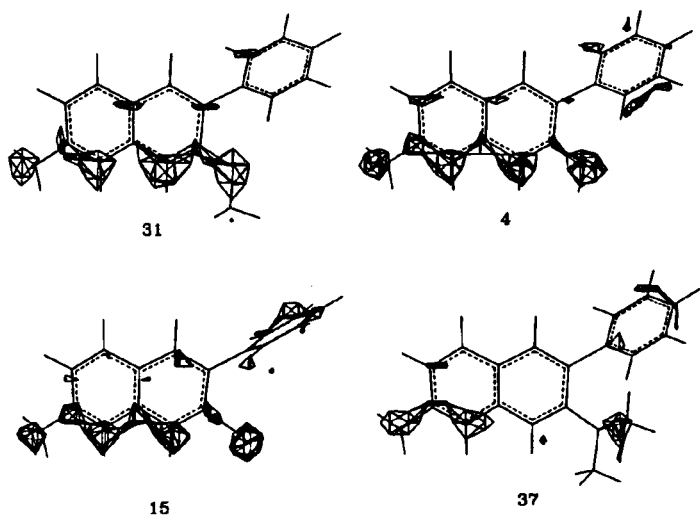
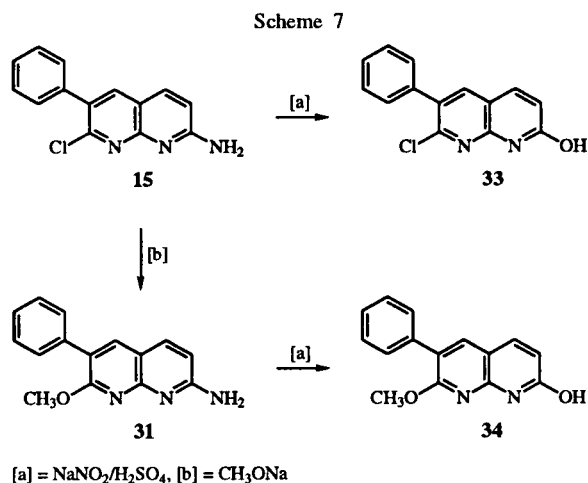
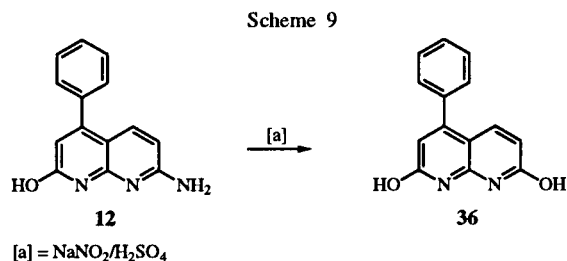
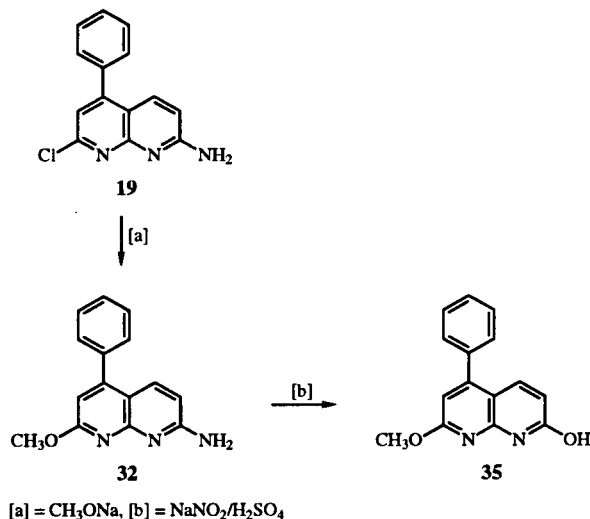


Figure 2. Three-dimensional maps of the electronic density of the considered molecules in their preferred conformation.



synthesized and tested [26]. The results of the biological evaluation indicate that compounds **16a** and **28** were found to be inactive, whereas most of the tested compounds, **16b,c**, **17a-c**, **18a,c**, **25** and **27** exhibited a feeble and generally insignificant activity (5-27% of inhibition to the concentration of  $10\text{ }\mu\text{M}$ ). Only compound **26** showed remarkable antiplatelet activity (99% of inhibition at a concentration of  $10\text{ }\mu\text{M}$ ). For this last compound, the  $\text{IC}_{50}$  values ( $\mu\text{M}$ ) calculated as the half reducing concentration both maximal aggregation ( $2.0 \pm 1.0$ ) and aggregation rate ( $0.3 \pm 0.2$ ).

Scheme 8



## EXPERIMENTAL

### Chemistry.

All compounds were routinely checked for their structure by ir and  $^1\text{H}$  nmr spectroscopy. Melting points were determined in a Köfler hot-stage and are uncorrected. The ir spectra were measured on a Perkin-Elmer Infracord Model 1310 as Nujol mulls. The  $^1\text{H}$  nmr spectra were determined in  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$  or deuteriochloroform with tetramethylsilane as the internal standard, on a Fourier transform spectrometer Varian Model CFT 20. Mass spectra were obtained by Hewlett-Packard 5988A spectrometer, 70 eV. Analytical tlc was carried out on Merck 0.2 mm precoated silica-gel glass plates (60 F-254) and spot location was detected

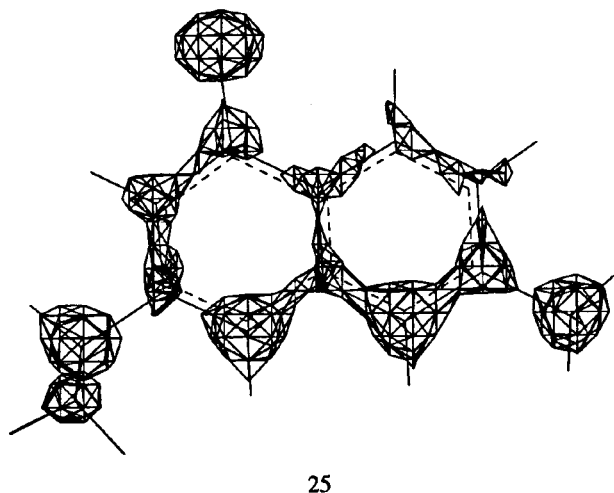


Figure 3. Three-dimensional map of the electronic density of compound **25** in its preferred conformation.



by illumination with a uv lamp. Flash chromatography was carried out on silica gel (60 size 0.04-0.063 mm) at low pressure. Elemental analyses were determined in our laboratories.

**General Procedure of Diazotization of 7-Amino-1,8-naphthyridines 4, 11, 12, 15, 16, 20, 25, 31 and 32.** Preparation of 7-Hydroxy-1,8-naphthyridine or 7-Hydroxy and 7-Hydroxy-nitro-1,8-naphthyridines 6 and 7, 7 and 13, 36, 33, 17 and 18, 21 and 22, 26 and 27, 34, 35.

To a solution of 2.0 mmoles of a 7-amino derivative in 6 ml of concentrated sulfuric acid sodium nitrite was added portionwise under the conditions reported in Table 1. After standing at room temperature for 60 minutes crushed ice was added and then concentrated ammonium hydroxide until pH 4-5. The solid was collected by filtration and purified to give 6 and 7, 7 and 13 (mixtures not separated), 36 [3], 33, 17 and 18, 21 and 22, 26 and 27, 34, 35 (Tables 1, 3, and 4).

When the diazotization of 2.0 mmoles of 16a was carried out in 12 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid, 17a, 18a and the chloro derivative 30 was obtained (Tables 1, 3, and 4).

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Chloro Derivatives 23, 3 and 5 or 5 and 14**

A suspension of 1.0 g of 24 or a mixture of 6 and 7 or a mixture of 7 and 13 in 10 ml of phosphoryl chloride was refluxed (5 hours for 24 and 45 minutes for the mixture of 6 and 7 or 7 and 13) and, after cooling, crushed ice was added. The solution was then made basic with concentrated ammonium hydroxide and the solid collected by filtration, washed with water and purified to give 23, 3 [12] and 5 or 5 and 14 (Tables 2, 3, and 4).

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Cycloamino-1,8-naphthyridine Derivatives 16 and 20.**

A mixture of 1.5 mmoles of the appropriate chloronaphthyridine 15 or 19 and 4.5 mmoles of the suitable ammine was kept in a sealed tube at 140° for 16 hours. The crude residue was treated with water and the solid collected by filtration, washed with water and purified by crystallization to obtain 16 or 20 respectively (Tables 3 and 4).

**7-Amino-4-chloro-2-morpholino-1,8-naphthyridine 25.**

A solution of 2.5 mmoles of 23 and 7.5 mmoles of morpholine in 25 ml of toluene was refluxed for 6 hours and the solvent was evaporated to dryness *in vacuo*. The crude residue was treated with 50 ml of 10% aqueous sulfuric acid and the mixture was refluxed for 2 hours. After cooling, the mixture reaction was made basic with concentrated ammonium hydroxide. Derivative 25 was collected by filtration, washed with water and purified by crystallization (Tables 3 and 4).

**General Procedure for the Preparation of 2,7-Dimethoxy- and 2-Methoxy-1,8-naphthyridine Derivatives 8, 9, 31 and 32.**

A solution of 10 mmoles of freshly prepared sodium methoxide and 1.0 mmole of the chloro derivative 3, 5, 15 or 19 in 10 ml of anhydrous methanol was refluxed for 2.5 hours. The reaction mixture was evaporated to dryness *in vacuo* and the crude residue was treated with water, neutralized with 10% hydrochloric acid and the solid precipitate collected by filtration and purified by crystallization to obtain 8, 9, 31 or 32 (Tables 3 and 4).

**7-Amino-2-hydroxy-6-nitro-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine 11.**

To a suspension of 4.2 mmoles of 4 in 10 ml of acetic anhydride, 16.7 mmoles of urea and 1.12 ml (6.0 mmoles) of concen-

trated nitric acid ( $d = 1.5$ ) were added and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. Compound 11 was collected by filtration, washed with ethanol and then with water and purified by crystallization (Tables 3 and 4).

**6-Amino-2,7-dimethoxy-3-phenyl-1,8-naphthyridine 10.**

A solution of 1.1 mmoles of 6-nitro derivative 9 in glacial acetic acid was hydrogenated in the presence of 0.03 g of 10% palladium on charcoal at room temperature and at atmospheric pressure for 3 hours. The catalyst was filtered and the solvent evaporated to dryness *in vacuo* to give compound 10, which was purified by crystallization (Tables 3 and 4).

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Nitro Derivative 28 and 29.**

To an ice cooled solution of 0.5 mmole of 26 or 25 in 1.5 ml of concentrated sulfuric acid was added portionwise 0.55 mmole of potassium nitrate. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and treated with crushed ice and concentrated ammonium hydroxide to pH 5. The solid precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with water and purified by flash chromatography with ethyl acetate as the eluent to give 28 or 29 respectively (Tables 3 and 4).

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