The Efficient Preparation of Di- and Tripeptides by Coupling *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc-α-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles with Unprotected Amino Acids

Alan R. Katritzky,* Parul Angrish, Kazuyuki Suzuki

Center for Heterocyclic Compounds, Department of Chemistry, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611-7200, USA Fax +1(352)3929199; E-mail: katritzky@chem.ufl.edu

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Abstract: N-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2 and Nprotected peptidoylbenzotriazoles 6 are coupled in aqueous acetonitrile solution with free amino acids or dipeptides to prepare: (i) 22 chirally pure dipeptides 5a-v (in an average yield of 82%) from N-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2 and unprotected amino acids, (ii) five chiral tripeptides 7a-e (in an average yield of 75%) from N-protected peptidoylbenzotriazoles 6 and unprotected amino acids, (iii) one chiral tripeptide 7g (62%) from N-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -aminoacyl)benzotriazole 2a and the free dipeptide 8. In all, N-(Cbz- or Fmoc-a-aminoacyl)benzotriazole derivatives of 17 of the 20 naturally occurring amino acids were used, including those containing the following unprotected side chain functionalities: alcoholic -OH (Ser), indole -NH (Trp), imidazole -NH, phenolic -OH (Tyr), -CONH₂ (Gln, Asn), -SH (Cys), -CO₂H (Glu, Asp), and -S-S (Cystine). Support for the complete retention of chirality was obtained by parallel experiments involving D-Ala, L-Ala, and DL-Ala for the preparation of di- and tripeptides. This and other evidence for chiral integrity was supported by NMR and HPLC analvses.

Key words: N-(protected α -aminoacyl)benzotriazole, acylating reagent, dipeptides, *N*-Cbz-peptidoylbenzotriazole, tripeptides

Many biologically active peptides function as enzymes, inhibitors, immune bodies, peptide hormones, and antibiotics. Peptides are also implicated in the onset or continuation of various diseases. Other roles include participation in mushroom toxins and snake venoms. Large peptides can be found and isolated from natural sources, but small peptides are usually prepared synthetically.

In the formation of peptide bonds by chemical synthesis, protection of the non-participating amino group is mandatory. Other functional groups, such as alcohols (–OH in Ser) or phenols (–OH in Tyr), are also frequently protected, especially in reactions with highly activated intermediates (e.g. acid halides, mixed anhydrides, or *O*-acylisoureas).¹ However, such functional groups (but not the thiol group in cysteine) can be left unprotected when selective acylating agents of moderate activity such as azides, or active esters are utilized.^{1a–d}

Peptide coupling of unprotected amino acids has been achieved by acyl azides,^{1d,2} *N*-hydroxysuccinimide esters,³ and *p*-nitrophenyl esters⁴ of N-protected amino acids with minimal racemization. However, there are problems associated with these protocols. Acyl azides are

typically difficult to separate due to problems with washing and drying, are often unstable, and are difficult to store.^{1d,5} It has been reported⁶ that undesired side reactions occur during the preparation of *N*-hydroxysuccinimide esters by coupling N-protected amino acids and *N*-hydroxysuccinimide with carbodiimide. Reactions with phenyl esters can be complicated by difficulty in the complete removal of the liberated acidic phenol, especially when the peptides produced do not precipitate out.⁶

We have extensively applied N-acylbenzotriazoles for Nacylation⁷ C-acylation⁸ and O-acylation.⁹ During this work, peptide coupling of N-(Cbz-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles with unprotected amino acids produced peptides in 85–95% yield with minimal racemization.¹⁰ N-(Cbz- α -Aminoacyl)benzotriazoles prepared from N-protected aamino acids with unfunctionalized side-chains such as Ala, Val, and Phe coupled successfully with unprotected amino acids (Ala, Val, Phe, Ser, Trp) in the presence of Et₃N in partially aqueous solution (CH₃CN/H₂O). N-Cbz-Peptidoylbenzotriazoles from N-protected dipeptides, N-Cbz-Ala-Phe-OH and N-Cbz-Phe-Ala-OH reacted analogously. Recently, we prepared N-(Cbz- or Fmoc-α-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles derived from Tyr, Trp, Cys, Met, and Gln containing unprotected side-chain functionality,^{10b} and successfully coupled them with α -amino acids (L-Ala, L-Phe) in partially aqueous medium to form the expected peptides. NMR and HPLC analysis supported the preservation of the original chirality. These findings were further supported by NMR and HPLC comparison of the diastereomeric dipeptides prepared by coupling N-(Cbz-Tyr, Trp, Cys, Met, Gln and Fmoc-Trp, Met acyl)benzotriazole with H-DL-Ala-OH, H-DL-Phe-OH.^{10b}

Herein we report (i) the extension of our preparation of *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -aminoacyl)benzotriazoles to Ser, Asn, Glu, Asp, Met, and Cystine (with unprotected alcoholic, primary amide, CO₂H, SMe, and S–S functional groups), (ii) peptide coupling of these *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -amino-acyl)benzotriazoles with free α -amino acids including Ala, Phe, Val, and also Trp, Ser, Gln, Met, Glu, and Cys, all with unprotected side-chain functionality, (iii) preparation of N-protected peptidoylbenzotriazoles from N-protected tripeptides, and (iv) preparation of N-protected tripeptides carrying unprotected side-chain functionalities.

Preparation of *N*-(Cbz- and Fmoc-α-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles from *N*-Cbz- or Fmoc-α-Amino Acids

Preparations of N-(Cbz- or Fmoc-α-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2a-f, 2h-j, 2n were carried out by the previously reported procedure:¹⁰ the N-Cbz- or Fmoc-α-amino acid (1a-f, 1h-j, 1n) was treated with a mixture of four equivalents of 1H-benzotriazole and one equivalent of thionyl chloride in THF at room temperature for two hours to yield the desired 2a-f, 2h-j, 2n in 72-95% (Scheme 1). Compounds 2k-m were synthesized utilizing one equivalent of the dicarboxylic acid (1k-m) with eight equivalents of 1H-benzotriazole and two equivalents of thionyl chloride in THF at room temperature for two hours. Cbz-Asn-Bt (2e) was directly crystallized from methanol to remove unreacted 1H-benzotriazole. Attempted isolation of 2e from 1*H*-benzotriazole by acid or base wash failed. Fmoc-Ser-Bt (2j) was isolated from a mixture by washing with 4 N HCl solution; we could not isolate 2j by washing with saturated Na₂CO₃ solution or column chromatography using ethyl acetate-hexanes (2:1) and the prolonged reaction caused some decomposition of 2i. Compounds **2e–f**, **2j–n** are novel and were characterized using ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy, elemental analysis, and ORP.



Bt = Benzotriazol-1-yl

azoles 2a-n

Pg = Protecting group (Z, Fmoc) Amino acids with R¹: Trp, Tyr, Gln, Cys, Met, Asn, Ser, and His.

Scheme 1 Preparation of *N*-(Cbz- and Fmoc-aminoacyl)benzotri-

Preparation of Cbz-His-Bt (2g) was carried out in the same manner as described above. Although the formation of 2g in the reaction mixture was supported by ¹H NMR spectra, 2g could not yet be isolated in pure form. Compound 2g underwent decomposition when washed with saturated Na₂CO₃ solution or when subjected to column chromatography. Thus, formation of 2g was further supported by the isolation of *N*-Cbz-amino amides 4a–c ob-



Scheme 2 Preparation of Cbz-L-His-amides 4a–c

tained from reactions of crude 2g with amines 3a-c (Scheme 2).

NMR analysis of compounds $4\mathbf{a}-\mathbf{c}$ revealed no detectable racemization (<5%). ¹H NMR analysis of compounds $4\mathbf{a}-\mathbf{c}$ showed an evident doublet for the amide NH proton. No signal from the corresponding diastereomer was observed in the NMR analysis of the methyl protons of $4\mathbf{a}$ and $4\mathbf{b}$. ¹H NMR showed a clear doublet for the methyl protons present in compounds $4\mathbf{a}$ and $4\mathbf{b}$ at 1.33 and 1.28 ppm, respectively, suggesting LL-configuration is more downfield shifted as compared to LD-configuration. ¹³C NMR gave singlets for all carbonyl and methyl carbons for $4\mathbf{a}$ and $4\mathbf{b}$, further supporting the enantiopurity of the compounds.

Cbz-Pro-Bt (**2n**) was prepared using the same methodology, although a complicated spectrum was observed in the NMR analysis due to the formation of rotamers. The presence of an additional protection-free amino group in the side-chain functionality of L-Lys and L-Arg necessitates the preparation of doubly N-protected (L-Arg and L-Lys acyl)benzotriazoles, since we plan experiments in this direction.

Preparation of N-Protected Dipeptides with Additional Unprotected Side-Chain Functionality

Peptide-coupling reactions were carried out between *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc- α -aminoacyl)benzotriazoles derived from Trp, Tyr, Gln, Met, Ser, Cystine, Asp, and Glu **2a–c,f,h–m** with diverse L- and D-amino acids (Ala, Val, Phe, Trp, Ser, Tyr, Gln, Glu, and Cys) in partially aqueous solution (MeCN–H₂O) in the presence of Et₃N for one hour (Scheme 2 and Table 2). The crude products were washed with 6 N HCl solution to remove the by-product, BtH. The dipeptides **5f–h** prepared from *N*-Cbz-Gln-Bt (**2c**) were

isolated by precipitation from the reaction mixture upon acidification. Enantiopure dipeptides 5a-u (LL-configuration) and 5v (LD-configuration) were obtained in 70–95% yields in high purity without the use of any chromatographic techniques (Table 1 and Scheme 3).

Diastereomeric mixtures 5a + 5a', 5i + 5v, 5q + 5q' (LLand DL-configuration) were prepared from *N*-(Cbz-L-Trp, L-Met, L-CyS-S acyl)benzotriazoles and DL-Ala-OH, using the same conditions as mentioned for the enantiopure LL-dipeptides (Table 2). Compounds 5a-v and the diastereomeric mixtures 5a + 5a', 5i + 5v, and 5q + 5q' were obtained in 70–95% yields and were further recrystallized from CHCl₃-hexane for ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy, elemental analysis, and ORP.

NMR Studies for the Chirality of 5a-v

NMR analysis showed no detectable racemization (<5%) for the enantiopure LL-dipeptides 5a-u and the LD-dipeptide 5v. For compounds 5a-v, ¹H NMR analysis for each compound revealed two sets of doublets for the two –NH protons ranging from 7.5–8.6 ppm. However, for each of the diastereomeric mixtures 5a + 5a', 5i + 5v, 5q + 5q', the two NH-proton signals appeared as four sets of doublets. The methyl protons of the L-Ala fragment showed as a clear doublet in each of the enantiopure LL-dipeptides 5a, 5i, and 5q, whereas it was observed as two sets of doublets

for each of the corresponding diastereomeric mixtures 5a + 5a', 5i + 5v, and 5q + 5q'. For example, the ¹H NMR analysis of 5q indicated an evident doublet for the methyl protons at 1.29 ppm, whereas two sets of doublets were obtained at 1.27 and 1.29 ppm for the corresponding diastereomeric mixture 5q + 5q'.

The methyl protons of **5i** (LL) were observed at 1.28 ppm, whereas the signal for the methyl protons for **5v** (LD) appeared at 1.26 ppm. These results were then carefully compared with the diastereomeric mixture **5i** + **5v**, which gave a multiplet at 1.24–1.29 ppm, further highlighting the chirality of the enantiopure dipeptides **5i** and **5v**. ¹³C NMR for each diastereomeric mixture **5a** + **5a**', **5i** + **5v**, and **5q** + **5q**' displayed doublets for most aliphatic and carbonyl carbons, but no significant difference was observed for the aromatic carbons.

HPLC Analysis for the Chirality of 5a, 5i, and 5q

The enantiopurity of the dipeptides **5a**, **5i**, and **5q** was further confirmed with HPLC analyses using Chirobiotic T column [detection at 254 nm, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, and MeOH–H₂O (1:1) as solvent]. For each of the LL-dipeptides **5a**, **5i**, **5q**, the HPLC results showed a single peak. By contrast, two peaks were observed for the corresponding diastereomeric mixtures **5a** + **5a'**, **5i** + **5v**, **5q** + **5q'**, confirming the enantiopurity of the LL-dipeptides **5a**, **5i**, **5i**,

Table 1 Conversion of N-Protected a-Amino Acids into N-Protected (a-Aminoacyl)benzotriazoles

Entry	Reagent	Product	Yield (%) ^a	Mp (°C)	$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{23}$
1	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Trp-OH (1a) ^b	N-Cbz-L-Trp-Bt (2a) ^b	95	100–101	+48.8
2	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Tyr-Bt (1b) ^b	N-Cbz-L-Tyr-Bt (2b) ^b	86	165–166	+64.3
3	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Gln-OH (1c) ^b	N-Cbz-L-Gln-Bt ($2c$) ^b	72	161–162	-37.5
4	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Cys-OH (1d) ^b	N-Cbz-L-Cys-Bt (2d) ^b	76	144–147	-169.0
5	N-Cbz-L-Asn-OH (1e)	N-Cbz-L-Asn-Bt (2e)	72	142–143	-30.1
6	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Met-OH (1f)	N-Cbz-L-Met-Bt (2f)	95	105–107	-49.3
7	N-Cbz-L-His-OH (1g)	N-Cbz-L-His-Bt (2g)	90°	_c	_d
8	<i>N</i> -Fmoc-L-Trp-OH (1h) ^b	N-Fmoc-L-Trp-Bt (2h) ^b	90	88–90	+17.6
9	<i>N</i> -Fmoc-L-Met-OH (1i) ^b	<i>N</i> -Fmoc-L-Met-Bt (2i) ^b	87	98–100	-103.9
10	N-Fmoc-L-Ser-OH (1j)	N-Fmoc-L-Ser-Bt (2j)	68	100-101	-44.8
11	N-Cbz-L-CyS-S-diOH (1k)	N-Cbz-L-CyS-S-diBt (2k)	88	180–182	-151.7
12	N-Cbz-L-Asp-diOH (11)	N-Cbz-L-Asp-diBt (21)	86	140–143	+29.3
13	<i>N</i> -Cbz-L-Glu-diOH (1m)	N-Cbz-L-Glu-diBt (2m)	92	150–152	-6.0
14	N-Cbz-L-Pro-OH (1n) ^e	N-Cbz-L-Pro-Bt (2n) ^e	74	oil	-139.6

^a Isolated yield.

^b Previously prepared.^{10b}

^c Crude yield, no melting point available.

^d Characterized by the preparation of amino amides, see experimental section.

^e Rotamers.

Table 2 Preparation of N-Cbz-Dipeptides 5a–v from N-Protected (α-Aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2a–c,f,h–m, and Free Amino Acids						
Entry	Reactant	Amino acid	Product	Yield (%) ^a	Mp (°C)	$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{23}$
1	2a	L-Ala	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-OH (5a)	90	140–144	-23.9
2	2a	L-Cys	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Cys-OH (5b)	86	140–144	-28.5
3	2a	L-Ser	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ser-OH (5c)	86	133–138	-11.4
4	2a	L-Trp	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-OH (5d)	85	188–190	-15.6
5	2b	L-Trp	Cbz-L-Tyr-L-Trp-OH (5e)	90	114–119	+2.4
6	2c	L- Ala	Cbz-L-Gln-L-Ala-OH (5f)	72	211-213	-2.1
7	2c	L-Gln	Cbz-L-Gln-L-Gln-OH(5g)	47	132–134	+26.7
8	2c	L-Val	Cbz-L-Gln-L-Val-OH (5h)	66	186–188	+5.5
9	2f	L-Ala	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-OH (5i)	95	137–138	-9.0
10	2f	L-Met	Cbz-L-Met-L-Met-OH (5j)	95	120–122	-8.4
11	2f	L-Trp	Cbz-L-Met-L-Trp-OH (5k)	82	172–173	+8.2
12	2f	L-Glu	Cbz-L-Met-L-Glu-OH (51)	94	119–120	-8.2
13	2h	L-Ser	Fmoc-L-Trp-L-Ser-OH (5m)	87	114–115	-13.7
14	2i	L-Ser	Fmoc-L-Met-L-Ser-OH (5n)	88	157–159	-2.3
15	2i	L-Glu	Fmoc-L-Met-L-Glu-OH (50)	93	148–150	-18.1
16	2j	L-Ala	Fmoc-L-Ser-L-Ala-OH (5p)	72	131–132	-2.3
17	2k	L-Ala	$(Cbz-L-CyS-S-L-Ala-OH)_2(5q)$	96	158–160	-102.2
18	2k	L-Val	$(Cbz\text{-}L\text{-}CyS\text{-}S\text{-}L\text{-}Val\text{-}OH)_2 (\textbf{5r})$	91	98–100	-80.4
19	21	L-Ala	Cbz-L-Asp-L-Ala-OH (5s) ^b	75	112–113	-57.8
20	2m	L-Phe	Cbz-L-Glu-L-Phe-OH $(5t)^{b}$	88	168–170	+15.2
21	2m	L-Val	Cbz-L-Glu-L-di-Val-OH (5u)	71	87–88	-11.1
22	2f	D-Ala	Cbz-L-Met-D-Ala-OH (5v)	95	157–158	-33.4
23	2a	DL-Ala	Cbz-L-Trp-DL-Ala-OH (5a + 5a') ^{c,d}	94	93–95	-18.4

Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-OH $(5i + 5v)^d$

 $(Cbz-L-CyS-S-DL-Ala-OH)_2 (5q + 5q')^{c,d}$

Tab

^a Isolated yields.

24

25

^b Mono-substituted product.

^c **a**' and **q**' are LD-configuration.

2f

2k

^d Diastereomeric mixture.

5q. These results also indicated shorter retention times for the LL-configuration as compared to the LD-configuration (Table 5).

DL-Ala

DL-Ala

Preparation of N-Protected Peptidoylbenzotriazoles from N-Protected Dipeptides

N-Cbz-Dipeptides 5a,e,i,v, and the diastereomeric mixture 5i + 5v were successfully converted into the corresponding benzotriazole derivatives 6a-d, and the diastereomeric mixture **6c** + **6d** respectively (Scheme 4). The reactions were carried out at -10 °C by following the same simple procedure as used for 2, until the starting materials 5 were completely consumed. The products 6 were obtained with no detectable racemization, as evidenced by their ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra. Initially, a reaction of 5i was carried out at 20 °C following the procedure used for 2a-n, but the product 6c was then obtained with partial racemization. Compounds 6a,c,d, and the mixture 6c + 6dwere obtained by an aqueous workup but 6b was purified by column chromatography due to the loss of 6b when subjected to base wash. Compound 6a-d and the mixture 6c + 6d were obtained in 76–87% yields without the use

141-142

153-154

-5.4

-118.4

92

91



Scheme 3 Preparation of LL- and LD-dipeptides 5a-v; for designation of R¹ and R², refer to Table 2

of any chromatographic techniques with the exception of **6b** (Table 3). Compounds **6a–d** and the mixture **6c + 6d** were recrystallized using CHCl₃–hexane and characterized using ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy, elemental analysis, and ORP.

NMR Evidence for the Chirality of 6a-d

NMR analysis demonstrated the absence of racemization for compounds 6a-d. ¹H NMR showed two clear doublets for the two –NH protons of each of compounds 6a-d. The observed chemical shift for the methyl protons of L-Ala in 6c was 1.57 ppm, whereas the methyl protons in 6d were seen at 1.55 ppm. In addition, no signals from the other corresponding diastereomer were observed in the NMR spectrum of **6c** and **6d**, suggesting the enantiopurity of the N-protected peptidoyl benzotriazoles. The NMR analysis also gave a singlet for the methyl protons (SMe) from *N*-Cbz-L-Met fragment. ¹³C NMR displayed a singlet for each carbonyl carbon for compounds **6a–d**. The methyl carbons of compounds **6a,c,d** also appeared as singlets in ¹³C NMR.



Scheme 4 Preparation of *N*-Cbz-dipeptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a-d and diastereomeric mixture 6c + 6d; for detailed structures, see Table 3

On the other hand, the mixture 6c + 6d displayed a complicated NMR spectrum. In ¹H NMR, two sets of doublets were obtained for all –NH protons. In addition, an unresolved triplet for the methyl protons from L-Ala and two singlets for the methyl protons (SMe) of the *N*-Cbz-L-Met fragment were also observed in the ¹H NMR. All aliphatic carbons with the exception of the benzyl CH₂ carbon and two carbonyl carbons appeared as sets of two singlets in ¹³C NMR.

Preparation of N-Protected Tripeptides Carrying Unprotected Side-Chain Functionality

Tripeptides **7a–e**, **7g** and the diastereomeric mixture **7c** + **7f** were prepared by two different methods: (i) peptidecoupling reactions between compounds **6a–c**, and the mixture **6c** + **6d** with an unprotected amino acid afforded **7a–e** and the diastereomeric mixture **7c** + **7f** (Scheme 5 and Table 4) and (ii) peptide-coupling reaction between **2a** and the unprotected dipeptide **8** gave **7g** (Scheme 6).

The coupling reactions were performed using the method (i) at -10 °C, and NMR analysis showed minimal racemization. However, extensive racemization was observed

Table 3	Conversion of N-Cbz-Dipeptides 5a,e,i,v, and the Mixture 5i + 5	5v into <i>N</i> -Cbz-Dipeptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a–d, 6c + 6d
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Reactant	Product	Yield (%) ^a	Mp (°C)	$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{23}$
Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-OH (5a)	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-Bt (6a)	78	176–177	-27.7
Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-OH (5d)	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-Bt (6b)	76	152–154	+10.1
Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-OH (5i)	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-Bt (6c)	85	104–105	-19.3
Cbz-L-Met-D-Ala-OH (5v)	Cbz-L-Met-D-Ala-Bt (6d)	87	135–137	-7.6
Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-OH (5x)	Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-Bt $(\mathbf{6c} + \mathbf{6d})$	84	96–97	-10.6

^a Isolated yields.



Scheme 5 Preparation of tripeptides 7a-e and 7c + 7f from *N*-Cbzdipeptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a-d, 6c + 6d with unprotected amino acids

Table 4 Preparation of Tripeptides 7a-e and 7c + 7f from *N*-Cbz-Dipeptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a-d and 6c + 6d with UnprotectedAmino Acids

Reac- tant	Amino Acid	Product	Yield (%) ^a
6a	L-Cys	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-L-Cys-OH (7a)	86
6b	L-Trp	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-OH (7b)	87 ^b
6c	L-Ala	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ala-OH (7c)	86
6c	L-Ser	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ser-OH (7d)	83°
6c	L-Trp	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Trp-OH (7e)	92 ^d
6c + 6d	L-Ala	Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-L-Ala-OH $(7c + 7f)^{e}$	88

^a Isolated yields.

^b Diastereomeric ratio 3:1.

^c Diastereomeric ratio 4:1.

^d Diastereomeric ratio 4:1.

^e Diastereomeric mixture.

when the coupling was carried out under similar conditions at room temperature.

NMR and HPLC Evidence for the Chirality of 7a-e

NMR analysis demonstrated no detectable racemization for the preparation of **7a** and **7c**, and **7b**, **7d**, **7e** with some degree of racemization. ¹H NMR of **7a** and **7c** showed clear doublets for all –NH and the methyl protons from L-Ala. For compounds **7b**, **d**, **e**, –NH protons appeared as two sets of doublets, indicating diastereomeric mixtures; the ratios of the two sets of doublets for **7b**, **d**, **e** were summarized in Table 4. The different diastereomeric ratios for compounds **7b**, **d**, **e** suggest differences in the extent of racemization; however, no precise reason could be attributed to the observation.

To confirm the extent of racemization, Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ala-OH (7c) and Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-L-Ala-OH (7c + 7f) were subjected to HPLC analysis. A single peak was observed for 7c at 12.4 min, whereas the diastereomeric mixture 7c + 7f noticeably separated into two peaks at 12.4 and 15.6 min (Table 5).

Table 5	HPLC Analyses	
Entry	Compound	$t_{\rm R} ({\rm min})^{\rm a}$
5a	Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-OH	11.0
5a + 5a'	Cbz-L-Trp-DL-Ala-OH	11.0, 12.9
5i	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-OH	11.7
5i + 5v	Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-OH	11.7, 12.3
5q	Cbz-L-CyS-S-L-Ala-OH	11.6
5q + 5q'	Cbz-L-CyS-S-DL-Ala-OH	11.6, 12.2
7c	Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ala-OH	12.4
7c + 7f	Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-L-Ala-OH	12.4, 15.6

^a For conditions, see the experimental section.

Previously, preparation of tripeptides was also achieved by the fragment-coupling method using diverse modes of C-terminal activation of the dipeptide-like acyl azides,^{11a} carbodiimides,^{11b} p-nitrophenyl esters,^{11c} and alkyl chloroformates.^{11d} These methods employed amino acid esters bearing alkyl side-chains, but no such reaction utilizing unprotected amino acids in aqueous solution was reported. Although these known methods produced tripeptides in two steps, involving the peptide coupling and hydrolysis of the esters, the efficiency and the overall yield were moderate in the range of 51-62%. Thus, these methodologies are not particularly attractive due to prolonged reaction times, harsh reaction conditions, and low yields, especially with functionalized amino acids. These associated drawbacks with previous methods strongly suggest that our method offers an added advantage for the synthesis of tripeptides in shorter reaction times, utilizing mild reaction conditions.



Scheme 6 Preparation of tripeptide 7g from *N*-Cbz-(α -amino-acyl)benzotriazole 2a and unprotected dipeptide 8

The second methodology utilizes a coupling reaction between N-protected (α -aminoacyl)benzotriazoles **2a** and an unprotected dipeptide **8**. The desired coupling reaction was achieved using dipeptides having less sterically hindered amino acid fragments like Gly, L-Leu (Scheme 5). However, analogous reactions failed to give the desired tripeptides, probably due to the hydrolysis of *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles when bulky amino acid fragments such as L-Trp and L-Met were present at the Nterminus of dipeptides. This hydrolysis could be due to the steric hindrance at the N-terminus of dipeptides, leading to competition between the hydrolysis of *N*-(Cbz- or Fmoc-aminoacyl)benzotriazole and the coupling reaction.

In conclusion, we have prepared N-(Cbz- or Fmoc- Trp, Tyr, Gln, Asn, Cys, Met, Ser, Glu, Asp, Pro, His, and Cystine acyl)benzotriazoles 2a-n and N-protected peptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a-d, and the diastereometric mixture 6c + d6d. These C-activated amino acid derivatives with unprotected side-chain functionalities undergo peptide couplings with unprotected amino acids or amino acid esters to give numerous di- and tripeptides in an average yield of 82% and 75%, respectively. The compounds were obtained without using any chromatography for purification. The original chirality of the resulting products was preserved in >97% ee, evidenced by NMR and HPLC. Both N-(Cbz- or Fmoc-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles and N-protected peptidoylbenzotriazoles are easy to handle due to their solidity and stability under ambient atmosphere, and their coupling reactions can be carried out either in a purely organic solvent or in a partly aqueous solution.

Melting points were determined on a capillary point apparatus equipped with a digital thermometer. NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ or DMSO- d_6 with TMS for ¹H (300 MHz) and ¹³C (75 MHz) as the internal reference. *N*-Cbz- and Fmoc-amino acids and amino acids, purchased from Fluka and Acros, were used without further purification. HPLC analyses were performed on Beckman system gold programmable solvent module 126, using Chirobiotic T column (4.6 × 250 mm), detection at 254 nm, flow rate of 1.0 mL/ min and MeOH–H₂O (1:1) as eluting solvent.

N-(Cbz- and Fmoc-aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2a–f, 2h–j, 2n; General Procedure

SOCl₂ (0.37 mL, 5 mmol) was added to a soln of 1H-benzotriazole (2.380 g, 20 mmol) in anhyd THF (15 mL) at 20 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min at 40-50 °C. To the reaction mixture at 0 °C, the N-protected amino acid 1 (5 mmol), dissolved in dry THF (5 mL), was added dropwise, and stirred for 2 h at 20 °C. The white precipitate formed during the reaction was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and the solution was washed with 6N HCl soln (3 × 50 mL) or sat. Na₂CO₃ soln (3 × 50 mL), sat. NaCl soln (50 mL), and dried over MgSO₄. Removing solvents under reduced pressure gave products 2a-f,2h-j,2n, which were recrystallized from CHCl₃-hexanes for elemental analysis. In case of **2e**, the product was obtained by washing with Et₂O, followed by recrystallization using MeOH. Compounds 2a-d,2h-i are previously reported by us. 10b Compounds 2e-f,2j,2n are novel and fully characterized by NMR and elemental analysis.

Benzyl N-[(1S)-2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamate (2g)

 $SOCl_2$ (0.37 mL, 5 mmol) was added to a soln of 1*H*-benzotriazole (2.380 g, 20 mmol) in anhyd THF (15 mL) at 20 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min at 20 °C. To the reaction mixture, *N*-Cbz-L-His-OH (**1g**) (1.455 g, 5 mmol) was added, and stirred for 3 h at 20 °C. The white precipitate formed during the reaction was filtered off, and the solvent was completely removed under reduced pressure. The residue obtained was dissolved in min amount of CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and was subsequently used for the next reaction.

N-(Cbz- and Fmoc-diaminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2k-m; General Procedure

SOCl₂ (0.73 mL, 10 mmol) was added to a soln of 1*H*-benzotriazole (4.760 g, 40 mmol) in anhyd THF (30 mL) at 20 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min at 40–50 °C. To the reaction mixture at 0 °C, the N-protected amino acid 1 (5 mmol), dissolved in anhyd THF (5 mL) was added dropwise, and stirred for 2 h at 20 °C. The white precipitate formed during the reaction was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and the soln was washed with sat. Na₂CO₃ soln (3 × 50 mL), sat. NaCl soln (50 mL), and dried over MgSO₄. Removing solvents under reduced pressure gave products **2k–m**, which were recrystallized from CHCl₃–hexanes for elemental analysis.

$\label{eq:linear} N-[(1S)-2-Benzotriazolyl-1-(carbamoylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl] (phenylmethoxy) carboxamide (N-Cbz-Asn-Bt, 2e)$

White microcrystals; yield: 1.323 g (72%); mp 142–143 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –30.1 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 2.77 (dd, J = 15.4, 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.91 (dd, J = 15.4, 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.03 (s, 2 H), 5.80–5.82 (m, 1 H), 7.00–7.05 (m, 1 H), 7.33 (s, 5 H), 7.53 (s, 1 H), 7.60–7.66 (m, 1 H), 7.77–7.82 (m, 1 H), 8.20–8.28 (m, 3 H).

 $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 36.8, 51.3, 66.1, 114.1, 120.4, 126.9, 128.0, 128.2, 128.6, 130.9, 131.3, 136.8, 145.5, 156.1, 170.6, 171.4.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{17}N_5O_4{:}$ C, 58.85; H, 4.66; N, 19.06. Found: C, 58.60; H, 4.52; N, 18.23.

Benzyl *N*-[(1*S*)-1-(1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-ylcarbonyl)-3-(methylsulfanyl)propyl]carbamate (*N*-Cbz-Met-Bt, 2f)

White microcrystals; yield: 1.461 g (76%); mp 105–107 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –35.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 2.05 (s, 3 H), 2.01–2.15 (m, 1 H), 2.22–2.28 (m, 1 H), 2.60–2.72 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (s, 2 H), 5.62–5.69 (m, 1 H), 7.36 (s, 5 H), 7.62–7.67 (m, 1 H), 7.79–7.84 (m, 1 H), 8.22–8.31 (m, 3 H).

 ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.2, 29.5, 29.7, 53.4, 65.9, 114.0, 120.2, 126.7, 127.8, 127.9, 128.4, 130.7, 131.1, 136.6, 145.3, 156.3, 171.9.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{20}N_4O_3S:$ C, 59.36; H, 5.24; N, 14.57. Found: C, 59.48; H, 5.19; N, 14.62.

Benzyl N-[(1S)-2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamate (Cbz-His-Bt, 2g)

Crude yield: 95%; no mp and optical rotation are available. Characterization of 2g was carried out by the preparation of amino amides **4a–c**.

Crude ¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 3.35–3.43 (m, 1 H), 3.46–3.50 (m, 1 H), 5.06 (s, 2 H), 5.88 (q, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.30–7.37 (m, 5 H), 7.54 (s, 1 H), 7.65–7.70 (m, 1 H), 7.82–7.87 (m, 1 H), 8.30 (q, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 8.54 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 9.13 (s, 1 H).

9*H*-Fluoren-9-ylmethyl-*N*-[(1*S*)-2-(1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamate (*N*-Fmoc-Ser-Bt, 2j) White microcrystals; yield: 1.457 g (68%); mp 100–101 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -44.8 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 4.18–4.23 (m, 1 H), 4.30–4.60 (m, 4 H), 5.73–5.75 (m, 1 H), 7.26–7.30 (m, 2 H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.69 (m, 3 H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 8.06–8.22 (m, 1 H), 8.25–8.29 (m, 1 H), 8.52–8.58 (m, 1 H).

 13 C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 46.5, 54.2, 60.6, 60.8, 66.0, 113.8, 120.0, 120.2, 125.1, 126.8, 127.0, 127.6, 130.5, 131.2, 140.7, 143.5, 145.3, 155.9, 168.1.

ESI-FTICR-MS: m/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₀N₄O₄: 451.1377; found: 451.1417.

Benzyl N-[(1S)-1-({[(2S)-2-(benzylcarbonyl)amino-3-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl]disulfanyl}methyl)-2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamate (N-Cbz-Cystine-diBt, 2k)

White microcrystals; yield: 3.056 g (88%); mp 180–182 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –109.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 3.18$ (dd, J = 13.8, 9.9 Hz, 2 H), 3.55 (dd, J = 13.8, 10.4 Hz, 2 H), 5.06 (s, 2 H), 5.90–5.93 (m, 2 H), 7.28–7.38 (m, 10 H), 7.59–7.64 (m, 2 H), 7.80 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.21 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 8.39 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 22.0, 30.8, 36.6, 53.5, 58.7, 66.8, 126.4, 127.4, 128.0, 128.2, 128.3, 129.1, 135.6, 137.3, 150.4, 171.0, 172.7, 173.6.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{34}H_{30}N_8O_6S_2$: C, 57.45; H, 4.25; N, 15.76. Found: C, 57.67; H, 4.26; N, 15.70.

Benzyl N-[(1S)-3-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-ylcarbonyl)-3-oxopropyl]carbamate (N-Cbz-Asp-diBt, 2l)

White microcrystals; yield: 2.019 g (86%); mp 140–143 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +21.3 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 4.19 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.30 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.06 (s, 2 H), 6.15 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.33–7.36 (m, 5 H), 7.60–7.78 (m, 2 H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.21–8.32 (m, 4 H), 8.54 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 36.8, 50.4, 66.0, 113.9, 114.0, 120.1, 120.2, 126.6, 126.8, 127.7, 127.9, 128.3, 130.5, 130.7, 131.0, 131.2, 136.5, 145.4, 145.5, 155.9, 168.9, 170.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{24}H_{19}N_7O_4$: C, 61.40; H, 4.08; N, 20.89. Found: C, 61.22; H, 3.94; N, 20.78.

Benzyl *N*-[(1*S*)-1-acetyl-4-(1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-4-oxobutyl]carbamate (*N*-Cbz-l-Glu-diBt, 2m)

White microcrystals; yield: 2.224 g (92%); mp 150–152 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –4.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.40-2.47$ (m, 1 H), 2.55–2.64 (m, 1 H), 3.72 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 5.06 (s, 2 H), 5.74 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.32–7.36 (s, 5 H), 7.57–7.61 (m, 2 H), 7.75 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.81 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.23–8.26 (m, 3 H), 8.44 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 24.9, 31.3, 53.5, 65.9, 113.9, 114.0, 120.0, 126.3, 126.7, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 130.5, 130.7, 130.8, 131.1, 136.6, 145.3, 145.4, 156.3, 171.4.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{21}N_7O_4{:}$ C, 62.11; H, 4.38; N, 20.28. Found: C, 62.23; H, 4.29; N, 20.28.

Benzyl (2S)-2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-ylcarbonyl)tetrahydro-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (N-Cbz-Pro-Bt, 2n)

Colorless oil; yield: 1.664 g (95%); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –139.6 (*c* 1.83, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) (two rotameric forms): $\delta = 1.90-2.10$ (m, 2 H), 2.20–2.84 (m, 1 H), 2.50–2.54 (m, 1 H), 3.52–3.67 (m, 2 H), 4.89–5.04 (m, 1 H), 5.14 (s, 1 H), 5.70–5.82 (m, 1 H), 6.95–6.98 (m, 2 H), 7.41–7.42 (m, 3 H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.84 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 8.21–8.33 (m, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 23.3, 24.1, 29.7, 30.7, 46.6, 47.2, 58.9, 59.6, 66.3, 134.0, 120.2, 126.8, 126.9, 127.5, 127.6, 127.8, 127.9, 128.4, 130.6, 131.1, 136.1, 136.7, 145.3, 153.2, 154.2, 171.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_3$: C, 65.13; H, 5.18; N, 15.99. Found: C, 64.94; H, 5.23; N, 15.79.

Amino Amides 4a-c; General Procedure

Amine **3** was added to an ice-cold soln of crude **2g** (1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) dropwise, until the reaction mixture turned alkaline (pH 8–9). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 20 °C until the starting material was completely consumed as observed on ¹H NMR. It was washed with sat. Na₂CO₃ soln (3 × 20 mL) and sat. NaCl soln (20 mL), and then dried over MgSO₄. Evaporation of the solvent gave the desired products **4a–c**, which were further recrystallized from CHCl₃–hexane, unless specified otherwise.

Benzyl *N*-((1*S*)-1-(1*H*-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxo-2-{[(1*S*)-1-phenylethyl]amino}ethyl)carbamate (4a)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.322 g (82%); mp 183–185 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –26.4 (*c* 1.75, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 1.33 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 2.69–2.86 (m, 2 H), 4.31 (dd, J = 13.4, 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.83–4.92 (m, 1 H), 5.00 (s, 2 H), 6.74 (s, 1 H), 7.17–7.21 (m, 4 H), 7.25–7.37 (m, 8 H), 7.54 (s, 1 H), 8.35 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H).

 13 C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 22.4, 30.8, 47.7, 54.7, 65.3, 113.2, 125.7, 126.4, 127.6, 127.7, 128.1, 128.3, 134.6, 136.5, 137.1, 144.6, 155.7, 170.5.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{24}N_4O_3$: C, 67.33; H, 6.16; N, 14.28. Found: C, 67.64; H, 6.38; N, 14.33.

Benzyl *N*-((1*S*)-1-(1*H*-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxo-2-{[(1*R*)-1-phenylethyl]amino}ethyl)carbamate (4b)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.377 g (96%); mp 139–140 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +16.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.28 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 2.80–2.83 (m, 2 H), 4.25–4.32 (m, 1 H), 4.84–4.92 (m, 1 H), 4.99 (s, 2 H), 6.83 (s, 1 H), 7.17–7.43 (m, 11 H), 7.56 (s, 1 H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 22.3, 30.8, 47.7, 54.6, 65.3, 113.3, 125.9, 126.5, 127.6, 127.7, 128.1, 128.3, 134.7, 136.5, 137.6, 144.4, 155.7, 170.5.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{24}N_4O_3$: C, 67.33; H, 6.16; N, 14.28. Found: C, 67.69; H, 6.45; N, 14.32.

Benzyl N-[(1S)-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-2-oxo-2-(1-pyrro-lidinyl)ethyl]carbamate (4c)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.329 g (96%); mp 133–134 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +24.8 (*c* 1.83, DMF).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 1.80–1.87 (m, 4 H), 2.93–3.08 (m, 2 H), 3.23–3.61 (m, 4 H), 4.73 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.03 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 5.07 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1 H, B part of AB system), 6.09 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (s, 1 H), 7.30–7.34 (s, 5 H), 7.49 (s, 1 H).

 $^{13}C \ \text{NMR} \ (\text{CDCl}_3): \ \delta = 24.2, \ 26.1, \ 30.1, \ 46.3, \ 46.8, \ 52.9, \ 67.1, \ 77.4, \ 128.2, \ 128.3, \ 128.7, \ 135.3 \ (2C), \ 136.5, \ 156.2, \ 170.3.$

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{22}N_4O_3$: C, 63.14; H, 6.48; N, 16.36. Found: C, 63.10; H, 6.54; N, 16.32.

LL- and LD-Dipeptides 5a–v and Diastereomeric Mixtures 5a + 5a', 5i + 5v, 5q + 5q'; General Procedure

N-Protected (aminoacyl)benzotriazoles 2a-c,f,h-m (0.5 mmol) were added at 20 °C to a soln of α -amino acid (0.5 mmol) in MeCN-H₂O (7 mL : 3 mL) in the presence of Et₃N (0.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 20 °C until the starting material was completely consumed, as observed on TLC using hexane– EtOAc (2:1) as the eluent. Aq 6 N HCl soln (1 mL) was then added and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue obtained was dissolved in EtOAc (20 mL), and the organic extract was washed with 6 N HCl soln (3 × 5 mL) and sat. NaCl soln (10 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. Evaporation of the solvent gave the desired product, which was further recrystallized from CHCl₃-hexane, unless specified otherwise.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-3-(1H-indol-3yl)propanoyl]amino}propanoic Acid (N-Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-OH, 5a)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.174 g (85%); mp 140–144 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –23.9 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.32$ (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 2.90 (dd, J = 14.6, 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.15 (dd, J = 14.6, 3.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.22–4.38 (m, 2 H), 4.88–4.98 (m, 2 H), 6.96–7.04 (m, 1 H), 7.06–7.09 (m, 1 H), 7.18 (s, 1 H), 7.22–7.38 (m, 7 H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.38 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 10.82 (s, 1 H), 12.60 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.2, 27.8, 47.6, 55.2, 65.2, 110.2, 111.3, 118.2, 119.6, 120.8, 124.0, 127.3, 127.5, 127.7, 128.3, 136.1, 137.0, 155.8, 171.8, 174.1.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_5$: C, 64.54; H, 5.66; N, 10.26. Found: C, 64.44; H, 5.66; N, 10.03.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-3-(1H-indol-3yl)propanoyl]amino}-3-sulfanylpropanoic Acid (N-Cbz-L-Trp-L-Cys-OH, 5b)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.190 g (86%); mp 140–144 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –28.5 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.41$ (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.76–2.88 (m, 2 H), 2.93 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.14 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.36–4.40 (m, 1 H), 4.47 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.94 (s, 2 H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.17–7.35 (m, 7 H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.33 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 10.82 (s, 1 H), 12.96 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 25.5, 27.7, 54.4, 55.4, 65.3, 110.1, 111.3, 118.2, 118.5, 120.9, 124.0, 127.3, 127.5, 127.7, 128.3, 136.1, 134.0, 155.9, 171.5, 172.1.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_5S$: C, 59.85; H, 5.25; N, 9.52. Found: C, 60.03; H, 5.28; N, 9.37.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-3-(1*H*-indol-3yl)propanoyl]amino}-3-hydroxypropanoic Acid (*N*-Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ser-OH, 5c)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.183 g (86%); mp 133–138 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –11.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.93$ (dd, J = 14.3, 10.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.16 (dd, J = 14.3, 3.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.68 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.9 Hz, 1 H), 4.32–4.41 (m, 2 H), 4.93 (s, 2 H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.17–7.40 (m, 8 H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.22 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 10.81 (s, 1 H), 12.60 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 27.8, 54.8, 55.4, 61.4, 65.2, 110.2, 112.3, 118.2, 118.6, 120.8, 123.9, 127.4, 127.7, 128.3, 136.1, 137.0, 135.8, 155.8, 172.0, 172.1.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_6{:}$ C, 62.11; H, 5.45; N, 9.88. Found: C, 62.01; H, 5.43; N, 9.71.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-3-(1H-indol-3yl)propanoyl]amino}-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic Acid (N-Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-OH, 5d)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.225 g (85%); mp 188–190 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –15.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 2.89 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.07–3.15 (m, 2 H), 3.22 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.33–4.35 (m, 1 H), 4.51–4.55 (m, 1 H), 4.93 (s, 2 H), 6.94–7.00 (m, 2 H), 7.01–7.08 (m, 2 H), 7.13 (s, 2 H), 7.19–7.38 (m, 8 H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H),

7.65 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 10.80 (s, 1 H), 10.88 (s, 1 H), 12.7 (s, 1 H).

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¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 27.1, 27.8, 53.0, 55.4, 65.3, 109.7, 110.2, 111.3, 11.4, 118.2, 118.4, 118.6, 120.9, 121.0, 123.7, 123.8, 127.3, 127.5, 127.7, 128.3, 136.1, 137.0, 155.8, 172.0, 173.3.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{30}H_{28}N_4O_5$: C, 68.69; H, 5.38; N, 10.68. Found: C, 67.90; H, 5.35; N, 10.65.

$(2S)-2-\{[(2S)-2-\{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino\}-3-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)propanoyl]amino\}-3-(1H-indol-3-yl)propanoic Acid (N-L-Cbz-Tyr-L-Trp-OH, 5e)$

White microcrystals; yield: 0.226 g (90%); mp 114–119 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +2.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.59$ (dd, J = 13.4, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.88 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.09 (dd, J = 14.6, 8.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.21 (dd, J = 14.6, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.18–4.25 (m, 1 H), 4.51 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.86 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 4.96 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1 H, B part of AB system), 6.63 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2 H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.04–7.11 (m, 3 H), 7.17–7.18 (m, 3 H), 7.20–7.40 (m, 5 H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.24 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 9.18 (s, 1 H), 10.89 (br s, 1 H), 12.61 (s, 1 H).

 $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 27.0, 36.7, 52.9, 56.3, 65.1, 109.6, 111.3, 114.8, 118.2, 118.4, 121.0, 123.7, 127.2, 127.4, 127.6, 128.1, 128.3, 130.1, 136.1, 137.0, 155.8, 171.7, 173.2.

ESI-FTICR-MS: m/z [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₂₇N₃O₆: 524.1792; found: 524.1801.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-5-Amino-2{[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxo-

pentanoyl]amino}propanoic Acid (*N*-Cbz-L-Gln-L-Ala-OH, 5f) White microcrystals; yield: 0.126 g (72%); mp 211–213 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –2.1 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.28 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.62–1.75 (m, 1 H), 1.89–1.99 (m, 1 H), 2.05–2.20 (m, 2 H), 4.00 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.19 (quin, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (s, 2 H), 6.77 (s, 1 H), 7.25–7.42 (m, 7 H), 8.20 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 12.60 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.2, 27.9, 31.5, 47.4, 54.1, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.4, 137.0, 155.9, 171.4, 173.8, 174.1.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{21}N_3O_6{:}$ C, 54.69; H, 6.02; N, 11.96. Found: C, 54.44; H, 6.21; N, 11.84.

(2S)-5-Amino-2-{[(2S)-5-amino-2-{[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic Acid (N-Cbz-L-Gln-L-Gln-OH, 5g)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.094 g (47%); mp 132–134 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +26.7 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.72–2.04 (m, 4 H), 2.30–2.34 (m, 4 H), 3.37 (br s, 2 H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.19–4.27 (m, 1 H), 5.05 (s, 2 H), 7.36–7.39 (m, 5 H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.20 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 12.32 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 26.2, 27.3, 30.0, 30.1, 51.1, 53.7, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 155.9, 171.6, 173.1, 173.8, 174.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{24}N_4O_7$: C, 52.94; H, 5.92. Found: C, 52.70; H, 5.65.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-5-Amino-2-{[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoyl]amino}-3-methylbutanoic Acid (N-Cbz-L-Gln-L-Val-OH, 5h)

White microcrystals (from H₂O); yield: 0.125 g (66%); mp 186–188 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +5.5 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6 H), 1.66–1.76 (m, 1 H), 1.85–2.00 (m, 1 H), 2.01–2.23 (m, 3 H), 4.09 (q, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 6.79 (s, 1 H), 7.28–

7.39 (m, 6 H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 12.66 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.8, 19.1, 27.9, 30.0, 31.6, 54.2, 57.0, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.4, 137.0, 155.9, 172.0, 173.0, 173.9.

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{18}H_{25}N_3O_6$: C, 56.98; H, 6.64; N, 11.07. Found: C, 57.24; H, 6.80; N, 10.96.

(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-OH, 5i)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.168 g (95%); mp 137–138 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –9.0 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.28$ (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.76–1.90 (m, 2 H), 2.03 (s, 3 H), 2.46–2.50 (m, 2 H), 4.11 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.19 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 7.35 (s, 5 H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.24 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 12.55 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 14.6, 17.0, 29.5, 31.8, 47.5, 53.6, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 155.9, 171.3, 174.0.$

Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_5S{:}$ C, 54.22; H, 6.26; N, 7.90. Found: C, 54.53; H, 6.34; N, 8.30.

(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]-3-methylsulfanylbutanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Met-OH, 5j)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.197 g (95%); mp 120–122 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –8.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.76-1.86$ (m, 2 H), 1.89–2.00 (m, 2 H), 2.03 (s, 6 H), 2.47–2.51 (m, 4 H), 4.07–4.14 (m, 1 H), 4.28–4.35 (m, 1 H), 5.01 (s, 2 H) 7.33–7.35 (m, 5 H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.21 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 12.68 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 29.5, 29.6, 30.6, 31.7, 50.9, 53.7, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 155.9, 171.6, 173.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{26}N_2O_5S_2$: C, 52.19; H, 6.32; N, 6.76. Found: C, 52.09; H, 6.38; N, 6.72.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoyl]amino}-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Trp-OH, 5k)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.193 g (82%); mp 172–173 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +8.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.78-1.88$ (m, 2 H), 2.00 (s, 3 H), 2.41–2.47 (m, 2 H), 3.07 (dd, J = 14.5, 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.18 (dd, J = 14.5, 5.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.13–4.14 (m, 1 H), 4.46–4.48 (m, 1 H), 5.01 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 5.03 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1 H, B part of AB system) 6.97 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.31–7.34 (m, 6 H), 7.46 (br s, 1 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.13 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 10.87 (s, 1 H), 12.67 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 26.9, 29.5, 31.8, 52.9, 53.7, 65.4, 109.6, 111.3, 118.1, 118.4, 120.9, 123.6, 127.2, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 136.0, 137.0, 155.9, 171.4, 173.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}N_3O_5S$: C, 61.39; H, 5.80; N, 8.95. Found: C, 61.42; H, 5.96; N, 8.78.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoyl]amino}pentanedioic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Glu-OH, 5l)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.192 g (93%); mp 119–120 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –8.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.74–1.87 (m, 4 H), 2.03 (s, 3 H), 2.27–2.32 (m, 2 H), 2.45–2.48 (m, 2 H), 4.08–4.16 (m, 1 H), 4.18–4.25 (m, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 7.33–7.37 (m, 5 H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 12.44 (br s, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.8, 26.3, 29.7, 30.1, 31.9, 51.3, 53.8, 65.6, 127.9, 128.0, 128.5, 137.1, 156.1, 171.8, 173.3, 173.9.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{24}N_2O_7S$: C, 52.42; H, 5.86; N, 6.79. Found: C, 52.45; H, 5.84; N, 6.70.

(S)-2-[(S)-2-(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonylamino)-3-(1Hindol-3-yl)propionylamino]-3-hydroxypropionic Acid (Fmoc-L-Trp-L-Ser-OH, 5m)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.223 g (87%); mp 114–115 °C (decomposed); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –13.7 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.95$ (dd, J = 14.6, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.15 (dd, J = 14.6, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.66 (dd, J = 10.7, 4.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.76 (dd, J = 10.7, 5.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.13 (s, 3 H), 4.30–4.41 (m, 2 H), 5.01 (br s, 1 H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.05 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.19–7.42 (m, 6 H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.62 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 8.24 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 10.81 (s, 1 H), 12.66 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 46.5, 54.7, 55.4, 61.3, 65.6, 110.3, 111.2, 118.1, 118.6, 120.0, 120.8, 123.8, 125.3, 127.1, 127.3, 127.6, 136.1, 140.6, 143.8, 155.7, 171.9, 172.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{29}H_{27}N_3O_6$: C, 67.82; H, 5.30; N, 8.18. Found: C, 67.42; H, 5.51; N, 8.39.

(2S)-2-{[(2S)-2-{[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino}-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoyl]amino}-3-hydroxypropanoic Acid (Fmoc-L-Met-L-Ser-OH, 5n)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.202 g (88%); mp 157–159 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –2.3 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.78–1.99 (m, 2 H), 2.04 (s, 3 H), 2.49–2.51 (m, 2 H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 5.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.10–4.29 (m, 5 H), 5.01 (s, 1 H, OH), 7.30–7.35 (m, 2 H), 7.39–7.44 (m, 2 H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.70–7.75 (m, 2 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 12.64 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 29.6, 31.9, 46.6, 53.7, 54.6, 61.2, 65.6, 120.1, 125.3, 127.1, 127.7, 140.7, 143.7, 143.9, 155.9, 171.6, 171.9.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{26}N_2O_6S$: C, 60.25; H, 5.72; N, 6.11. Found: C, 60.67; H, 5.67; N, 5.75.

(2S)-2-[(2S)-2-{[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino}-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoyl]aminopentanedioic Acid (Fmoc-L-Met-L-Glu-OH, 50)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.235 g (94%); mp 148–150 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –18.1 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.75–2.01 (m, 4 H), 2.04 (s, 3 H), 2.27–2.29 (m, 2 H), 2.45–2.48 (m, 2 H), 4.09–4.29 (m, 5 H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.71–7.75 (m, 2 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 12.42 (br s, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 26.2, 29.5, 30.0, 31.8, 46.7, 51.2, 53.6, 65.6, 120.1, 125.3, 127.1, 127.6, 140.7, 143.7, 144.0, 155.9, 171.6, 173.2, 173.8.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{28}N_2O_7S$: C, 60.10; H, 5.64; N, 5.60. Found: C, 60.07; H, 5.64; N, 6.06.

(2S)-2-[((2S)-2-{[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino}-3hydroxypropanoyl)amino]propanoic Acid (Fmoc-L-Ser-L-Ala-OH, 5p)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.143 g (72%); mp 131–132 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –2.3 (*c* 1.5, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 1.31 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 3.55 (dd, J = 10.5, 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.65 (dd, J = 10.5, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.06–4.33

(m, 5 H), 4.44 (br s, 1 H), 7.32–7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.43–7.48 (m, 2 H), 7.45–7.90 (m, 2 H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 8.20 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.3, 46.6, 47.6, 57.1, 61.8, 65.7, 120.1, 125.4, 127.1, 127.7, 140.7, 143.8, 143.9, 160.0, 170.0, 174.1.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-[(S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-((S)-1-carboxyethylcarbamoyl)ethyldisulfanyl]propionylamino}propionic Acid (Cbz-L-Cystine-L-di-Ala-OH, 5q)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.312 g (96%); mp 158–160 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –102.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.29$ (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 6 H), 2.86 (dd, J = 13.0, 10.9 Hz, 2 H), 3.13 (dd, J = 13.0, 3.3 Hz, 2 H), 4.21 (quin, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 4.31–4.37 (m, 2 H), 5.04 (s, 4 H), 7.33–7.35 (m, 10 H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 8.27 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 12.58 (br s, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 17.0, 40.6, 47.7, 53.7, 65.6, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 136.9, 156.0, 169.9, 173.8.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{28}H_{34}N_4O_{10}S_2\!\!:C,\,51.68;\,H,\,5.27;\,N,\,8.61.$ Found: C, 51.87; H, 5.29; N, 8.26.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-[(S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-((S)-1-carboxy-2-methylpropylcarbamoyl)ethyldisulfanyl]propionylamino}-3-methylbutyric Acid (Cbz-L-Cystine-L-di-Val-OH, 5r)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.322 g (91%); mp 98–100 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –80.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): $\delta = 0.86$ (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 12 H), 2.03–2.09 (m, 2 H), 2.85–2.93 (m, 2 H), 3.11–3.16 (m, 2 H), 4.16 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.8 Hz, 2 H), 4.34–4.41 (m, 2 H), 5.01 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H, A part of AB system), 5.04 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H, A part of AB system), 5.04 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H, A part of AB system), 7.28–7.38 (m, 10 H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 12.71 (br s, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.9, 19.0, 30.0, 40.6, 53.9, 57.2, 65.8, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 136.9, 156.0, 170.2, 172.7.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{32}H_{42}N_4O_{10}S_2$: C, 54.38; H, 5.99; N, 7.93. Found: C, 54.45; H, 6.23; N, 7.63.

(3S)-3-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-4-{[(1S)-1-carboxyethyl]amino}-4-oxobutanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Asp-L-Ala-OH, 5s)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.127 g (75%); mp 112–113 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –57.8 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.37$ (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 2.60 (dd, J = 17.0, 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.05 (dd, J = 17.0, 9.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.45–4.50 (m, 1 H), 4.68 (q, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.04 (s, 2 H), 7.30–7.38 (m, 5 H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 12.83 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 14.1, 34.7, 47.3, 49.3, 65.8, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 136.6, 155.7, 170.3, 173.7, 175.4.

ESI-FTICR-MS: m/z [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₇: 339.1187; found: 339.1192.

(4S)-4-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-5-{[(1S)-1-carboxy-2phenylethyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Glu-L-Phe-OH, 5t)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.186 g (88%); mp 168–170 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +15.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.79–1.84 (m, 1 H), 2.17–2.31 (m, 1 H), 2.36–2.45 (m, 2 H), 2.90 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 9.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.03 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.42–4.50 (m, 1 H), 4.66 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 5.12 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1 H, B part of AB system), 7.22–7.33 (m, 10 H), 7.32 (s, 1 H), 8.59 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 12.78 (s, 1 H).

 ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 22.0, 30.8, 36.6, 53.5, 58.7, 66.8, 126.4, 127.4, 127.9, 128.2, 128.3, 129.1, 135.6, 137.3, 150.4, 170.9, 172.7, 173.6.

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(2S)-2-({(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-5-[(1-carboxy-2methylpropyl)amino]-5-oxopentanoyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Glu-L-di-Val-OH, 5u)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.170 g (71%); mp 87–88 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –11.1 (*c* 2.08, DMF).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.86$ (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 6 H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 6 H), 1.27 (s, 1 H), 2.17–2.23 (m, 4 H), 2.44 (dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz, 1 H), 2.74 (dd, J = 17.4, 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.53 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.65 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.22 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 5.26 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, A part of AB system), 6.80 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.30–7.35 (m, 7 H).

 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 14.3, 17.7, 19.1, 22.5, 22.9, 31.1, 31.7, 31.8, 57.5, 60.1, 68.8, 128.3, 128.7, 128.8, 135.0, 151.7, 171.2, 174.3, 174.8 (2).

ESI-FTICR-MS: m/z [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₃H₃₃N₃O₈: 480.2340; found: 480.2360.

(*R*)-2-[(*S*)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-D-Ala-OH, 5v)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.168 g (95%); mp 157–158 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –33.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.26 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.71–1.96 (m, 2 H), 2.02 (s, 3 H), 2.41–2.51 (m, 2 H), 4.09–4.15 (m, 1 H), 4.20 (quin, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.07 (s, 2 H), 7.06–7.36 (m, 5 H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 12.57 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 17.4, 29.6, 31.2, 47.5, 53.7, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 155.9, 171.1, 173.9.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_5S{:}$ C, 54.22; H, 6.26; N, 7.90. Found: C, 54.31; H, 6.42; N, 7.79.

2-{[(2S)-2-{[(Benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propanoyl]amino}propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Trp-DL-Ala-OH, 5a + 5a')

White microcrystals; yield: 0.192 g (94%); mp 93–95 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –18.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.23$ (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.31 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 2.85–2.95 (m, 2 H), 3.05–3.15 (m, 2 H), 4.16–4.37 (m, 4 H), 4.92–4.94 (m, 4 H), 6.94–7.00 (m, 2 H), 7.03–7.08 (m, 2 H), 7.16 (br s, 2 H), 7.23–7.37 (m, 14 H), 7.63–7.70 (m, 2 H), 8.30 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.36 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 10.81 (s, 2 H), 12.59 (br s, 2 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.0, 17.2, 17.3, 22.1, 27.8, 28.2, 31.0, 47.5, 55.2, 55.3, 65.2, 110.0, 110.1, 111.3, 118.1, 118.6, 120.8, 123.9, 124.0, 127.3, 127.4, 127.5, 127.7, 128.3, 136.0, 136.1, 137.0, 137.1, 155.7, 155.8, 171.5, 171.8, 174.0, 174.1.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{23}N_3O_5$: C, 64.54; H, 5.66; N, 10.26. Found: C, 64.70; H, 6.06; N, 9.69.

2-((*S*)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino)propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-OH, 5i + 5v)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.63 g (92%); mp 141–142 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –5.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.24$ (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.79–1.84 (m, 4 H), 2.03 (s, 6 H), 2.49–2.51 (m, 4 H), 4.09–4.22 (m, 4 H), 5.01 (s, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 1 H), 7.33–7.39 (m, 10 H), 7.43–7.49 (m, 2 H), 8.17 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.23 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 12.56 (br s, 2 H).

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¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 17.0, 17.3, 29.5, 29.6, 31.9, 47.5, 53.5, 53.7, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 155.9, 171.1, 171.2, 173.9, 174.0.

Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₂₂N₂O₅S: C, 54.22; H, 6.26; N, 7.90. Found: C, 54.22; H, 6.20; N, 8.09.

2-{(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-[(S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-(1-carboxyethylcarbamoyl)ethyldisulfanyl]propionylamino}propionic Acid

(Cbz-L-Cystine-DL-di-Ala-OH, 5q + 5q')

White microcrystals; yield: 0.296 g (91%); mp 153–154 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –118.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.27$ (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6 H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6 H), 2.81–2.89 (m, 4 H), 3.10–313 (m, 4 H), 4.18–4.21 (m, 4 H), 4.22–4.34 (m, 4 H), 5.04 (s, 8 H), 7.34–7.36 (m, 20 H), 7.57 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 4 H), 8.26–8.31 (m, 4 H), 12.62 (s, 4 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 17.0, 17.3, 40.6, 47.6, 53.6, 65.5, 127.6, 127.8, 128.3, 136.9, 156.0, 169.6, 169.9, 173.7, 173.8.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{28}H_{34}N_4O_{10}S_2;$ C, 51.68; H, 5.27; N, 8.61. Found: C, 51.80; H, 5.14; N, 8.81.

N-Cbz-Dipeptidoylbenzotriazoles 6a–d and Diastereomeric Mixture 6a + 6d; General Procedure

The preparation of **6a–d** and **6a + 6d** was performed at -10 °C under similar conditions as those described for **2a–n**. In the case of **6b**, the desired product was isolated by column chromatography, using EtOAc–hexanes (2:1) as eluent.

$Benzyl N-\{(S)-1-[(S)-2-benzotriazol-1-yl-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl-carbamoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl\} carbamate (Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-Bt, 6a)$

White microcrystals; yield: 1.991 g (78%); mp 176–177 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –27.7 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d₆*): δ = 1.60 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 2.86–2.92 (m, 1 H), 3.11–3.16 (m, 1 H), 4.39–4.43 (m, 1 H), 4.92 (s, 2 H), 5.62–5.66 (m, 1 H), 6.94–6.99 (m, 1 H), 7.02–7.07 (m, 1 H), 7.22–7.34 (m, 6 H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.62–7.72 (m, 2 H), 7.79–7.84 (m, 1 H), 8.25 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 9.02 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 10.83 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d₆*): δ = 16.1, 27.3, 48.2, 54.4, 64.7, 109.5, 110.8, 113.5, 117.6, 118.1, 119.7, 120.3, 123.5, 126.2, 126.7, 127.0, 127.1, 127.8, 130.2, 130.6, 135.6, 136.4, 144.8, 155.3, 171.3, 171.9.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{28}H_{26}N_6O_4$: C, 65.87; H, 5.13; N, 16.46. Found: C, 65.83; H, 5.01; N, 16.19.

Benzyl *N*-{(*S*)-1-[(*S*)-2-benzotriazol-1-yl-1-(1*H*-indol-3-ylmethyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl]-2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl}carbamate (Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-Bt, 6b)

Pale yellow microcrystals; yield: 2.378 g (76%); mp 152–154 °C (decomposed); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +10.1 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 2.89$ (dd, J = 14.6, 10.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.14 (dd, J = 14.6, 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.31–3.39 (m, 1 H), 3.53 (dd, J = 14.5, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.40–4.48 (m, 1 H), 4.93 (s, 2 H), 5.97 (q, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.90–6.97 (m, 2 H), 7.00–7.06 (m, 3 H), 7.22–7.34 (m, 8 H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.60–7.68 (m, 2 H), 7.79 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 8.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 8.26 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 8.98 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 10.82 (s, 1 H), 10.89 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 27.1, 27.7, 53.8, 55.0, 65.3, 108.7, 110.0, 111.3, 111.4, 114.0, 118.0, 118.1, 118.4, 118.5, 120.1, 120.8, 121.0, 123.9, 124.1, 126.6, 126.9, 127.2, 127.5, 127.7, 128.3, 130.5, 131.0, 136.0, 136.1, 136.9, 145.3, 155.8, 171.4, 172.6.

Anal. Calcd for C₃₆H₃₁N₇O₄: C, 69.11; H, 4.99; N, 15.67. Found: C, 68.97; H, 5.05; N, 15.55.

Benzyl N-{(S)-1-[(S)-2-benzotriazol-1-yl-1-methyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylsulfanylpropyl}carbamate (Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-Bt, 6c)

White microcrystals; yield: 1.936 g (85%); mp 104–105 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –19.3 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.57$ (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.75–1.99 (m, 2 H), 2.05 (s, 3 H), 2.47–2.50 (m, 2 H), 4.17–4.24 (m, 1 H), 5.01 (s, 2 H), 5.59 (quin, J = 6.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.33–7.35 (m, 5 H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.80 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 8.29 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 8.90 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 16.5, 29.5, 31.7, 48.6, 53.3, 65.4, 113.9, 120.2, 126.7, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 130.6, 131.1, 136.9, 145.3, 155.9, 171.9, 172.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{25}N_5O_4S$: C, 58.01; H, 5.53; N, 15.37. Found: C, 58.07; H, 5.58; N, 15.00.

Benzyl *N*-[(*S*)-1-((*R*)-2-benzotriazol-1-yl-1-methyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylsulfanylpropyl]carbamate (Cbz-L-Met-D-Ala-Bt, 6d)

White microcrystals; yield: 1.982 g (87%); mp 135–137 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –7.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 1.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.77–1.91 (m, 2 H), 2.03 (s, 3 H), 2.44–2.50 (m, 2 H), 4.12–4.22 (m, 1 H), 4.97–5.07 (m, 2 H), 5.58 (quin, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.34–7.35 (m, 5 H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.81 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.23 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1 H), 8.29 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 8.85 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 16.7, 29.5, 31.8, 48.6, 53.5, 65.4, 114.0, 120.2, 126.7, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 130.6, 131.0, 136.9, 145.3, 155.9, 171.7, 171.8.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{25}N_5O_4S:$ C, 58.01; H, 5.53; N, 15.37. Found: C, 57.74; H, 5.42; N, 15.09.

Benzyl N-[(S)-1-(2-benzotriazol-1-yl-1-methyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylsulfanylpropyl]carbamate (Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-Bt, 6c + 6d)

White microcrystals; yield: 1.913 g (84%); mp 96–97 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –10.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.55$ (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.57 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.78–1.94 (m, 4 H), 2.04 (s, 3 H), 2.05 (s, 3 H), 2.43–2.48 (m, 4 H), 4.20–4.25 (m, 2 H), 4.98–5.06 (m, 4 H), 5.59 (quin, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.33–7.37 (m, 10 H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 8.29 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 8.85 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.90 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 14.7 16.5, 16.7, 29.5, 29.6, 31.7, 31.8, 48.6, 48.7, 53.3, 53.5, 65.5, 114.0, 120.2, 126.7, 126.8, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 130.6, 131.1, 131.1, 137.0, 145.3, 155.9, 156.0, 171.8, 171.9, 172.0. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₂₅N₅O₄S: C, 58.01; H, 5.53; N, 15.37. Found: C, 58.15; H, 5.61; N, 15.00.

Tripeptides 7a-f; General Procedure

The preparation of tripeptides 7a-f was carried out using the procedure described for the preparation of 5 at -10 °C instead of 20 °C.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propionylamino]propionylamino}-3-mercaptopropionic Acid (Cbz-L-Trp-L-Ala-L-Cys-OH, 7a)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.220 g (86%); mp 114–115 °C (decomposed); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –23.0 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_{δ}): δ = 1.25 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 2.44–2.46 (m, 1 H), 2.74–2.99 (m, 3 H), 3.10–3.16 (m, 1 H), 4.29–4.47 (m, 3 H), 4.93 (s, 2 H), 6.94–6.99 (m, 1 H), 7.03–7.08 (m, 1 H), 7.16 (app s, 1 H), 7.23–7.34 (m, 6 H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.12 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.25 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 10.80 (s, 1 H), 12.90 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 18.0, 25.5, 27.7, 48.1, 54.2, 55.4, 65.2, 110.1, 111.2, 118.1, 118.6, 120.8, 123.9, 127.3, 127.4, 127.6, 128.3, 136.0, 137.0, 155.9, 171.4, 171.7, 172.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{28}N_4O_6S;\,C,\,58.58;\,H,\,5.51;\,N,\,10.93.$ Found: C, 58.86; H, 5.58; N, 11.13.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propionylamino]-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propionylamino}-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Trp-L-Trp-L-Trp-OH, 7b)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.309 g (87%); mp 127–129 °C (decomposed); $[a]_D^{23}$ –13.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): dr = 3:1; δ = 2.75–2.85 (m, 2 H), 2.95–3.23 (m, 4 H), 4.24–4.30 (m, 1 H), 4.45–4.56 (m, 1 H), 4.62–4.74 (m, 1 H), 4.91 (s, 2 H), 6.82–7.08 (m, 8 H), 7.17–7.36 (m, 10 H), 7.52–7.65 (m, 3 H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 0.75 H), 8.30 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 0.25 H), 10.72–10.84 (m, 3 H), 12.67 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 27.1, 27.7, 53.1, 55.5, 65.2, 109.5, 109.8, 109.9, 110.0, 110.2, 110.3, 111.2, 111.3, 118.1, 118.3, 118.5, 120.8, 120.9, 123.6, 123.8, 127.3, 127.4, 127.6, 128.2, 136.0, 136.8, 136.9, 155.7, 171.4, 171.6, 173.1, 173.3.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{41}H_{38}N_6O_6{:}$ C, 69.28; H, 5.39; N, 11.82. Found: C, 68.93; H, 5.47; N, 11.83.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propionylamino}propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ala-OH, 7c)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.183 g (86%); mp 213–214 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –13.0 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.22$ (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.27 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.73–1.91 (m, 2 H), 2.02 (s, 3 H), 2.43–2.51 (m, 2 H), 4.05–4.13 (m, 1 H), 4.18 (quin, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.29 (quin, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 7.33–7.39 (m, 5 H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 8.14 (d, J = 7.2 Hz 1 H), 12.54 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 17.1, 18.2, 29.6, 31.7, 47.4, 47.8, 53.8, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 137.0, 156.0, 171.0, 171.9, 174.0.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{27}N_3O_6S;\,C,\,53.63;\,H,\,6.40;\,N,\,9.88.$ Found: C, 53.62; H, 6.44; N, 9.50.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propionylamino}-3-hydroxypropanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Ser-OH, 7d)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.183 g (83%); mp 177–178 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –4.4 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): dr = 4:1; δ = 1.23 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 1.76– 1.96 (m, 2 H), 2.02 (s, 3 H), 2.44–2.50 (m, 2 H), 3.60–3.74 (m, 2 H), 4.06–4.18 (m, 1 H), 4.25–4.32 (m, 1 H), 4.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 7.33–7.36 (m, 5 H), 7.52 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 0.8 H), 8.02 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 0.2 H), 12.61 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 18.3, 29.6, 31.7, 47.9, 53.8, 54.6, 61.3, 65.4, 127.7, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 137.0, 156.0, 171.0, 171.8, 172.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{27}N_3O_7S{:}$ C, 51.69; H, 6.16; N, 9.52. Found: C, 51.57; H, 6.38; N, 9.19.

(S)-2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propionylamino}-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propionic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-L-Ala-L-Trp-OH, 7e)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.249 g (92%); mp 171–172 °C (decomposed); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +5.2 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): dr = 4:1; δ = 1.77 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.76–11.96 (m, 2 H), 2.00 (s, 3 H), 2.42–2.50 (m, 2 H), 3.01–3.08 (m, 1 H), 3.13–3.17 (m, 1 H), 4.08–4.09 (m, 1 H), 4.32–4.34 (m, 1 H), 4.44–4.46 (m, 1 H), 5.01 (s, 2 H), 6.94–6.99 (m, 1 H), 7.02–7.07 (m, 1 H), 7.12–7.16 (m, 1 H), 7.31–7.33 (m, 5 H), 7.48–7.56 (m, 2 H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 0.8 H), 8.11 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 0.2 H), 10.83 (s, 1 H), 12.65 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.6, 18.2, 27.0, 29.6, 31.7, 47.9, 52.9, 53.7, 65.4, 109.5, 111.3, 118.1, 118.3, 120.9, 123.7, 127.7, 127.8, 128.3, 136.0, 137.0, 155.9, 171.0, 171.7, 172.1, 173.1, 173.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{32}N_4O_6S;\,C,\,59.98;\,H,\,5.97;\,N,\,10.36.$ Found: C, 59.84; H, 6.24; N, 10.19.

2-{(S)-2-[(S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylsulfanylbutyrylamino]propionylamino}propanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Met-DL-Ala-L-Ala-OH, 7f)

White microcrystals; yield: 0.187 g (88%); mp 176–177 °C (decomposed); $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –8.6 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 1.24$ (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.82–1.97 (m, 2 H), 2.06 (s, 3 H), 2.44–2.54 (m, 1 H), 4.11–4.16 (m, 1 H), 4.20–4.28 (m, 1 H), 4.33 (quin, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 7.37–7.39 (m, 5 H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 0.5 H), 8.04–8.06 (m, 1 H), 8.16–8.22 (m, 1 H), 12.57 (br s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 14.5, 17.0, 17.1, 18.1, 29.5, 31.7, 47.3, 47.4, 47.3, 47.9, 53.7, 54.0, 65.3, 65.4, 127.6, 127.7, 128.2, 136.8, 137.0, 171.0, 171.5, 171.7, 173.7, 173.8.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{27}N_3O_6S$: C, 53.63; H, 6.40; N, 9.88. Found: C, 53.45; H, 6.49; N, 9.68.

$(S)\mbox{-}2\mbox{-}\{2\mbox{-}[(S)\mbox{-}2\mbox{-}Benzyloxycarbonylamino-}3\mbox{-}(1H\mbox{-}indol\mbox{-}3\mbox{-}yl)propionylamino]acetylamino}\mbox{-}4\mbox{-}methylpentanoic Acid (Cbz-L-Trp-L-Gly-L-Leu-OH, 7g)}$

White microcrystals; yield: 0.163 g (62%); mp 130–131 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –36.5 (*c* 1.66, DMF).

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 0.84$ (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6 H), 1.45–1.65 (m, 3 H), 2.94 (dd, J = 14.5, 10.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.13 (dd, J = 14.5, 3.9 Hz, 1 H), 3.70–3.74 (m, 2 H), 4.12–4.13 (m, 1 H), 4.23–4.27 (m, 1 H), 4.93 (s, 2 H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.02–7.07 (m, 1 H), 7.18 (br s, 1 H), 7.23–7.34 (m, 6 H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.74–7.77 (m, 2 H), 8.55 (s, 1 H), 10.82 (br s, 1 H), 12.60 (s, 1 H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ = 21.9, 22.0, 24.3, 27.6, 41.5, 42.3, 51.5, 55.8, 65.2, 110.3, 111.2, 118.1, 118.4, 120.7, 123.8, 127.2, 127.4, 127.6, 128.2, 136.0, 137.0, 155.9, 167.9, 172.2, 174.2.

Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{32}N_4O_6{\cdot}H_2O{\cdot}$ C, 61.58; H, 6.51; N, 10.64. Found: C, 61.19; H, 6.18; N, 10.57.

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