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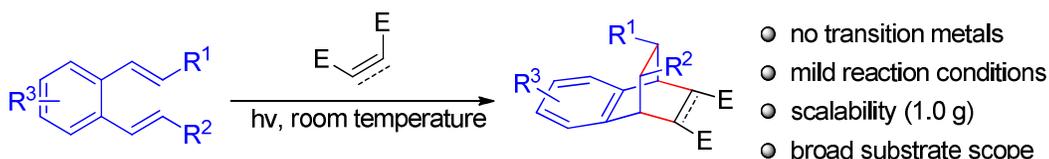
Photo-induced Intermolecular [4+2] Cycloaddition Reaction for Construction of Benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane Skeletons

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ABSTRACT: A novel and efficient method for the synthesis of highly substituted benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons has been explored. Under UV-light irradiation, o-divinylbenzenes underwent a pericyclic reaction to form the cyclic o-quinodimethane intermediates which were subsequently reacted with olefins through [4+2] addition to construct the benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons in mild conditions. Gram scale reactions demonstrated the synthetic potential application of this protocol.

INTRODUCTION

Photo-induced organic reactions have played significant roles in green chemistry and total synthesis, especially the construction of complex polycyclic compounds or highly functionalized molecules, such as some bridged-ring compounds and natural products, which would be difficult to access with the standard chemistry reactions in the ground state.¹ Besides, photochemical reaction often does not need activation reagents such as acids, bases, metals or enzymes, so it is an economically and environmentally friendly way for many natural and unnatural products synthesis.²

Benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane derivatives compounds (Figure 1) are known to possess varieties of biological activities.³ For example, benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octenals (Figure 1 A) was used as calcium channel blockers in the treatment or prevention of angina pectoris, arrhythmias, and high blood pressure.³ Additionally, due to its inherent stereochemistry, this skeleton is also a powerful building block for other types of skeletons via cleavage of a carbon-carbon bond.⁴ Therefore, significant efforts have been made to access to benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons. For instance, Chittimalla's group reported a two-step protocol to construct such a skeleton (Scheme 1a).⁵ Additionally, Nickel-catalyzed intramolecular alkene insertion into cyclobutanones sequences have been established by Murakami et al (Scheme 1b).⁶ Recently, Cramer and co-workers used a Rh-catalyzed [4+2] cycloaddition to provide these bridge-ring compounds (Scheme 1c).⁷ In addition, Lewis acid catalyzed intramolecular [3+3] reaction sequences have been developed by Wang's group (Scheme 1d).⁴ Despite of the above significant achievements, development of an

efficient, transition-metal-free, and step-economical approach is still highly desirable. As part of our continuing interest on the photochemical methodologies⁸, we herein disclose a simple way to synthesize benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane derivatives through photo-induced [4+2] reactions from substituted *o*-divinylbenzenes with olefins (Scheme 1e).

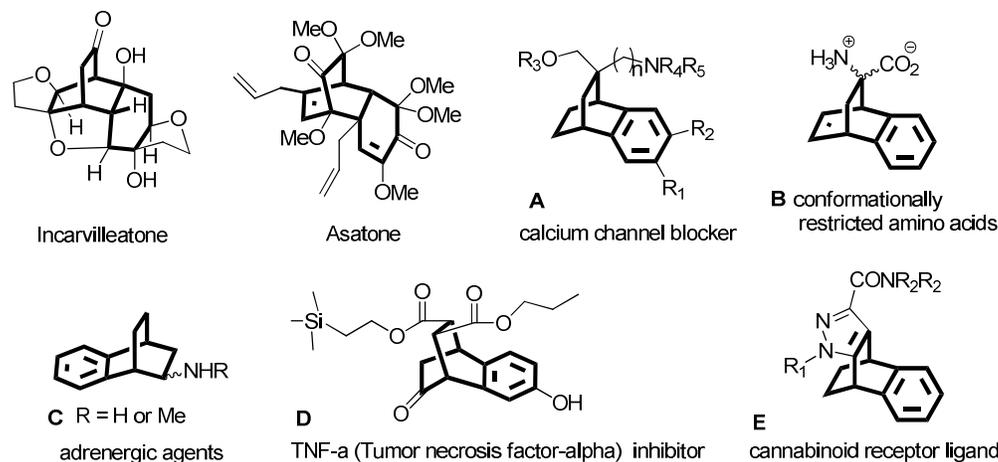
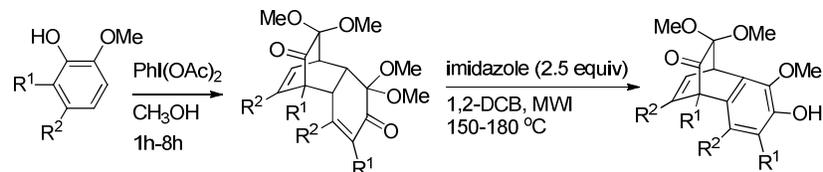


Figure 1. Products with bicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons and benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons

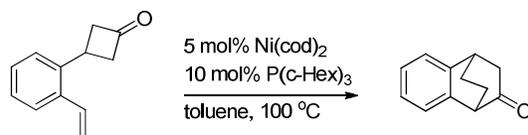
Scheme 1. Approaches for the synthesis of benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons

Previous work:

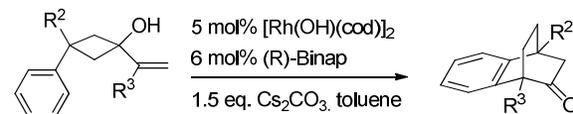
(a) a two step protocol to realize benzobicyclo[2.2.2] skeleton



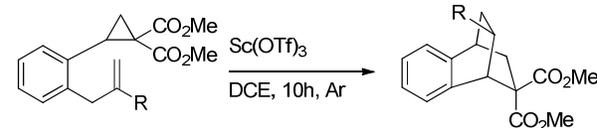
(b) Nickel-catalysed intramolecular alkene insertion into cyclobutanones sequences



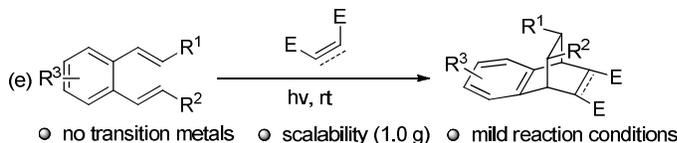
(c) Rh-catalyzed [4+2] cycloaddition to provide bridge-ring compounds



(d) Lewis acid catalyzed intramolecular [3+3] reaction sequences

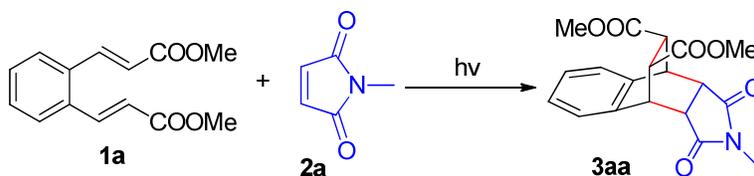


This work:



RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Initially, our investigation was started from irradiation the mixture of substituted o-divinylbenzene **1a** (Table 1) and N-methylmaleimide **2a** in acetonitrile with 350 nm light at room temperature. To our delight, the first attempt afforded the desired product **3aa** in 74% yield (Table 1, entry 1). Encouraged by this result, different types of light were tested (Table 1, entries 2-5). Pyrex works as a filter for a shorter wavelength of UV ($\sim < 280$ nm), and it revealed that the best wavelength is among 300-350 nm and the shorter wavelength ($\sim < 280$ nm) is not suitable for this reaction (Table 1, entries 1-4). So we choose 500W medium-pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter as the best light source. The reaction did not take place using blue LEDs (Table 1, entry 5). On the basis of the optimal light source, a set of solvents were then examined, which suggested MeCN was the ideal choice (Table 1, entries 6-12). Acetonitrile with water as solvent also proceeded smoothly with a decreased yield (Table 1, entry 13). However, solvents, such as benzene and THF were proved to be ineffective for this transformation (Table 1, entries 9, 12). The best yield was obtained as 84% when the reaction was carried out under a N₂ atmosphere (Table 1, entry 14). This reaction is not air and moisture sensitive (Table 1, entries 13, 14), and it's most likely because this reaction mechanism (Scheme 3) might not be a free radical process. Although oxygen does not have strong impact over the reaction (Table 1, entries 4, 14), we still choose N₂ atmosphere because oxygen can react with the carbon-carbon double bond more or less.⁹

Table 1. Optimization of the reaction conditions ^a

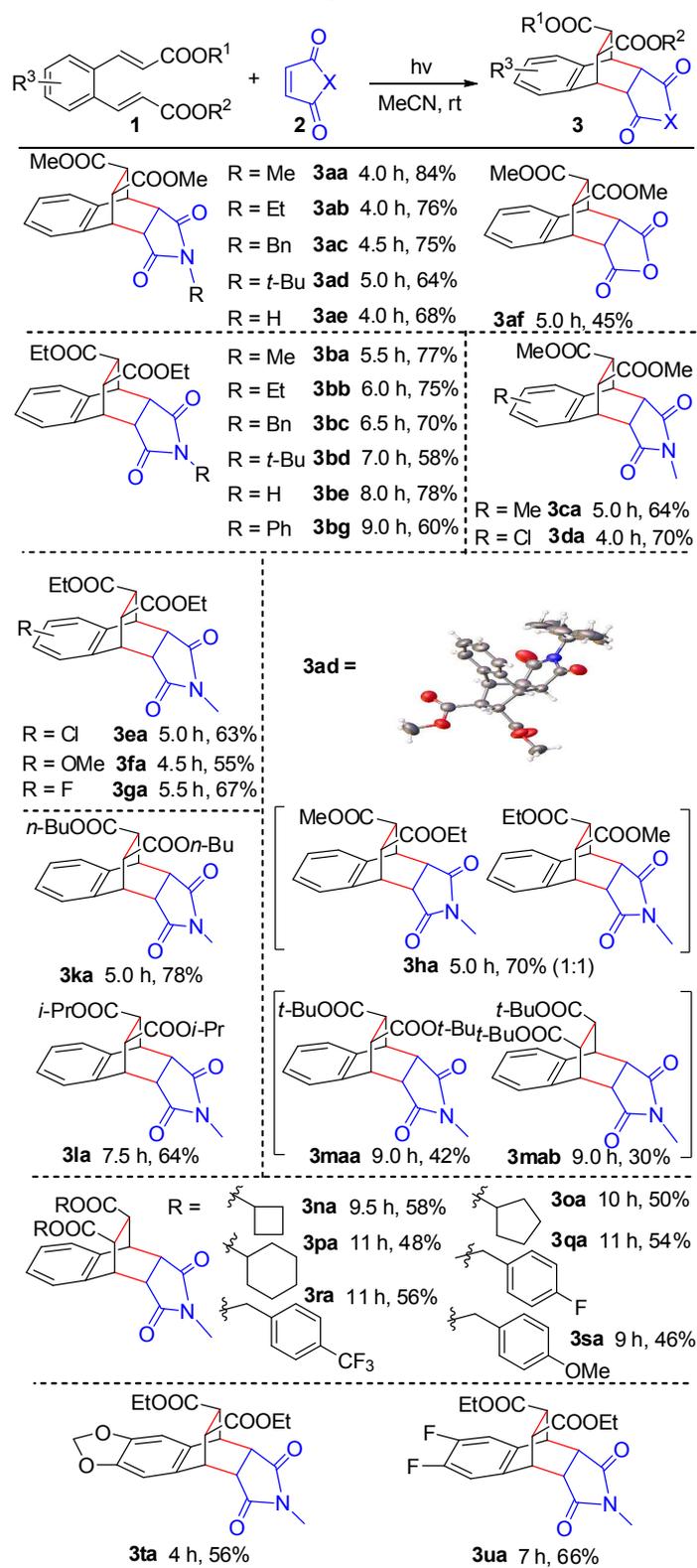
Entry	Solvent	Light Source	Yield(%) ^b
1	MeCN	350 nm	74
2	MeCN	300 nm	60
3	MeCN	mercury lamp ^c	76
4	MeCN	mercury lamp with Pyrex	80
5	MeCN	Blue LEDs	0
6	Toluene	mercury lamp with Pyrex	45
7	MeOH	mercury lamp with Pyrex	53
8	DCM	mercury lamp with Pyrex	62
9	Benzene	mercury lamp with Pyrex	trace
10	DMF	mercury lamp with Pyrex	56

11	DMSO	mercury lamp with Pyrex	50
12	THF	mercury lamp with Pyrex	trace
13	MeCN ^d	mercury lamp with Pyrex	65
14	MeCN ^e	mercury lamp with Pyrex	84

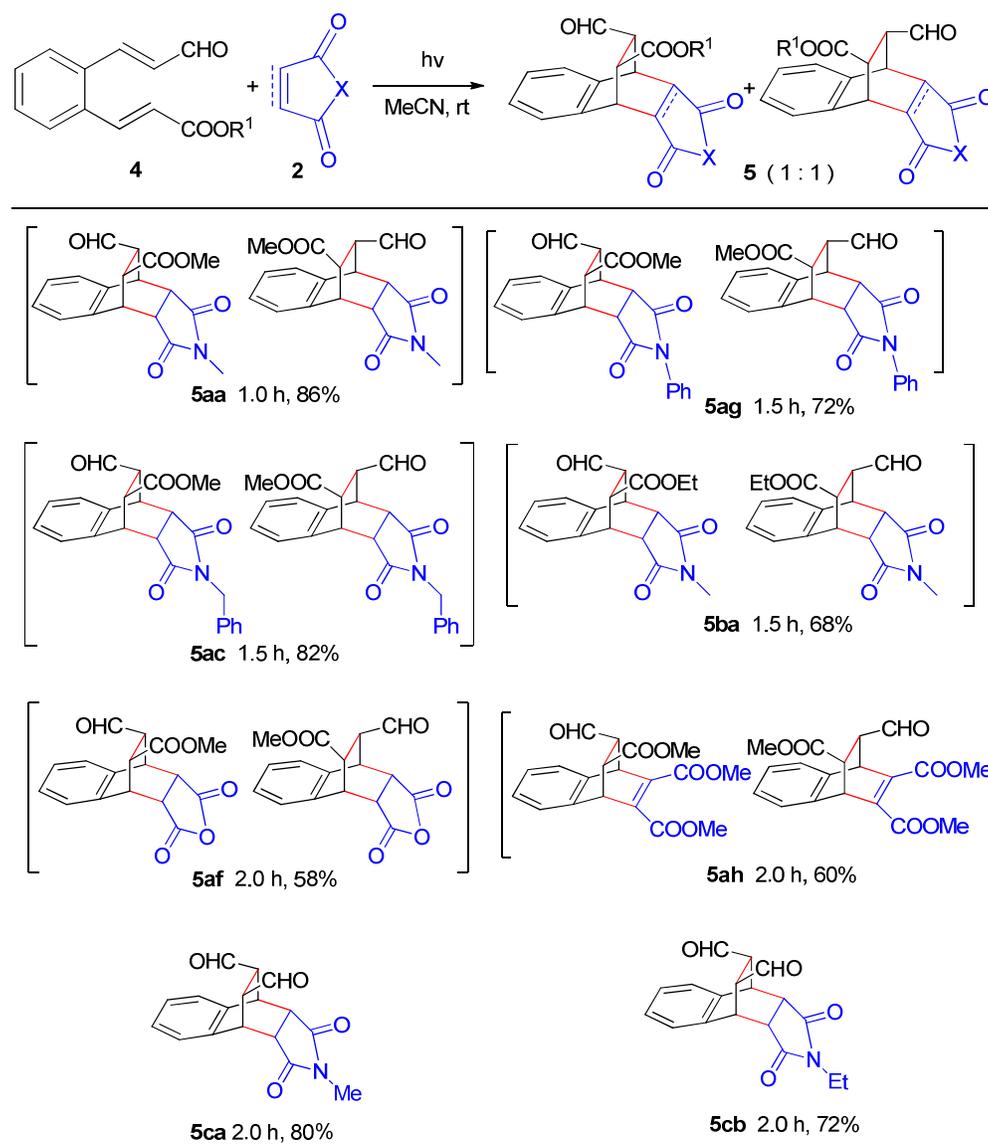
^a Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), solvent (anhydrous, 10 mL), rt, under Air atmosphere. ^b Isolated yield. ^c 500 W medium pressure mercury lamp. ^d wet solvent. ^e N₂ atmosphere

Having the optimized reaction conditions in hand, we subsequently investigated the scope of this reaction, and the representative results were listed in Table 2. We first examined the reaction of **1a** with different olefins **2**, which smoothly afforded the target products in good to excellent yields (Table 2, **3aa-3ae**). However, the general utility of the reaction sequence was exemplified using maleic anhydride to give products **3af** in 45% yield. This point might be because maleic anhydride can form cyclobutane tetracarboxylic dianhydride¹⁰ through photodimerization or it is not a better dienophile compared with maleimides. When **1a** was changed into **1b**, the reaction still worked well and the desired products (**3ba-3bg**) was also afforded in good yields. Both electron-donating substituents (MeO, Me) and electron-withdrawing substituents (F, Cl) on the phenyl ring were suitable for this reaction, leading to the corresponding products in moderate to good yields (**3ca-3ga**). Furthermore, when R¹ group and R² group were *n*-Bu or *i*-Pr groups, these reactions worked smoothly to get the products (**3ka, 3la**) in good yield. However, when R¹ group and R² group are different, the product **3ha** and its stereo isomer (ratio 1:1) were formed (The possible process was depicted in Scheme 3, **I** and **II**). Both the stereo isomers (**3maa, 3mab**) were obtained when R¹ and R² were the large steric hindrance group, e.g. *t*-Bu, which was resulted from the isomerization of C-C double bond of the starting material due to steric effects and the prolonged irradiation time (to see **II** and **III** in Scheme 3). Similarly, the configuration of the reaction products (**3na-3sa**) are mainly the configuration of compound **3mab** when R¹, R² groups are the large steric hindrance groups. It is worth noting that electron-withdrawing substituents on the phenyl ring (**3ga, 3ua**) were better than electron-donating substituents ones (**3fa, 3ta**) for this reaction. The structure of these products was assigned on the basis of 1D and 2D NMR, NOE and mass spectrometry analysis. As a bonus, one of the products **3ad** (Table 2) was suitable for X-ray single-crystal structure analysis, allowing unambiguous determination of its structure and relative configuration.¹¹

Table 2. Scope of the reaction



^a Reaction conditions: **1** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.3 mmol), solvent (anhydrous, 10 mL), rt, under N₂ atmosphere, irradiated by a 500 W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter, isolated yields are shown.

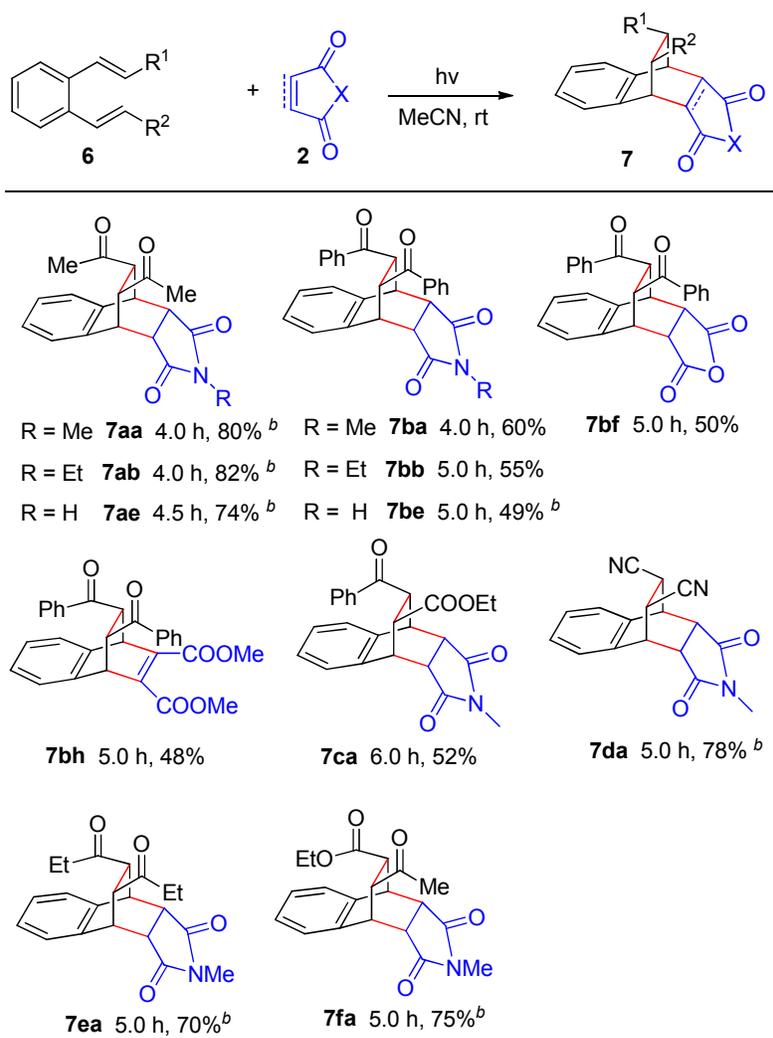
Table 3. Scope of the substrates with aldehyde group^a

^a Reaction conditions: **4** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.3 mmol), solvent (anhydrous, 10 mL), rt, under N₂ atmosphere, irradiated by a 500 W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter, isolated yields are shown.

We envisioned that if the ester group of substrates was changed to aldehyde group, these photocycloaddition reactions would still work. So we decided to examine the substrates with aldehyde group **4** (Table 3). We found that less reaction time was needed, and this might be because these substrates containing aldehyde group is more easily excited to form excited state molecular. The yields were obtained from good to excellent (Table 3). Similar to **3ha**, the products (Table 3, **5aa-5ah**) are the mixture of isomers with a ratio of 1:1, likely due to the proposed reaction mechanism (Scheme 3, **I** and **II**). Moreover, we examine the substrate with two aldehyde groups **4c** for this photocycloaddition reactions, and we get the products in good yield without isomers (**5ca**, **5cb**). Whereafter, to broaden

the generality of this photocycloaddition reaction we turned our attention to investigate substrates containing acetyl group, benzoyl group and cyano group (Table 4). The reaction still underwent smoothly with good yields (**7aa-7ae**) and a decreased yield (**7ba-7bh**) probably due to the benzoyl group which is a large steric hindrance group and might cause other side reactions, e.g. Norrish type I/II reactions.¹² Then, we chose 3,3'-(1,2-phenylene)diacrylonitrile **6d** as a substrate containing cyano group to examine this reaction and the result was satisfactory (Table 4, **7da**). Other substrates containing both carbonyl group and ester group (**6c**, **6f**) or propanoyl group (**6e**) also were tested, giving the corresponding products (**7ca**, **7fa**, **7ea**) in good yield.

Table 4. Scope of substrates containing acetyl group, benzoyl group and cyano group^a



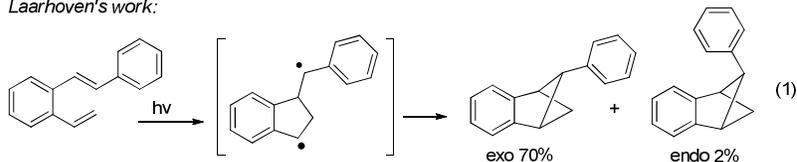
^a Reaction conditions: **6** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.3 mmol), solvent (anhydrous, 10 mL), rt, under N₂ atmosphere, irradiated by a 500 W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter, isolated yields are shown. ^b Reaction conditions: **6** (1.0 mmol), **2** (1.5 mmol), solvent (anhydrous, 50 mL), rt, under N₂ atmosphere, irradiated by a 500 W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter, isolated yields are shown.

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3 To study the proposed mechanism, some brief survey of literature are listed in Scheme 2.
4 Although the study by Laarhoven¹³ on the photochemistry of stilbene-like compound [Scheme 2,
5 Equation (1)] shows that transformation involve a free-radical process to get such
6 benzobicyclo[2.1.1]hexene photoproduct, the study by Marija Šindler-Kulyk¹⁴ on the
7 photochemistry of stilbene-like compound with a novel substituted group [Scheme 2, Equation (2)]
8 did not detect such the benzobicyclo[2.1.1]hexene photoproduct. This means that the substituted
9 groups on the stilbene-like compound have a significant impact on the photochemistry reaction of
10 these stilbene-like compound. This point also can be seen from the study of Irena Škorić¹⁵
11 [Scheme 2, Equation (3)]. To more important, the study of Irena Škorić is a key evidence for this
12 photoinduced intermolecular [4+2] cycloaddition. His research has shown that the reaction
13 mechanism of Equation (3) involves a six-membered ring closure followed by a sigmatropic 1,5-H
14 shift to give photoproduct and the cyclic o-quinodimethane (o-QDM) is the key intermediate of
15 the photoreaction [Scheme 2, Equation (3)].
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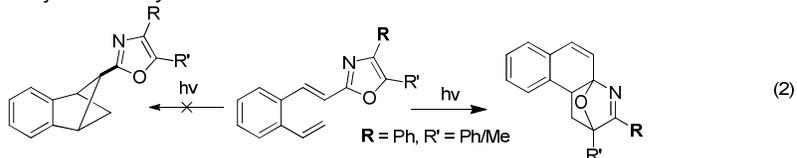
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19 To investigate this reaction mechanism and collect more information about this reaction
20 mechanism, several control experiments were carried out. In the first experiment this
21 photoinduced [4+2] reaction succeed to give the desired product **3aa** in 55% yield in the presence
22 of the radical scavengers (2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-yl)oxidanyl (TEMPO) [Scheme 2,
23 Equation (5)], which indicated that this photoinduced reaction is not a radical pathway. Another
24 control experiment was conducted by adding 3 equiv of butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT) in the
25 reaction. The reaction was not prevented by BHT, and the product was obtained smoothly
26 [Scheme 2, Equation (6)]. This reaction also could not be suppressed by 1,1-diphenylethylene.
27 These experiments indicated this photoinduced reaction is not a radical pathway. We use **1b**
28 without **2** as starting material and we found that the compound **8a** and **8b** were obtained in the
29 total yield 51% under the standard conditions [Scheme 2, Equation (8)], which were the products
30 of intramolecular photoinduced [4+2] reaction, but the reaction time became longer because there
31 was no dienophile **2** to trap the reactive intermediate cyclic-o-quinodimethane. This result is
32 different from the Ploder' work.¹⁶ Besides, we did not found the intramolecular reaction products
33 [Scheme 2, Equation (7)], and more important all the experiments in Table 2 we also did not
34 found the intramolecular reaction products, and the time of this photoinduced intermolecular [4+2]
35 reaction is less than the time of intramolecular reaction. This result revealed that the reaction rate
36 of intermolecular reaction of **1b** with **2a** (k_1) is larger than the reaction rate of intramolecular
37 reaction of **1b** (k_2) [Scheme 2, Equation (7), (8)] because there is dienophile (e.g. **2**) which would
38 trap the reactive intermediate cyclic o-quinodimethane when the cyclic o-quinodimethane once
39 was generated from the substrates **1** under UV light in the system. In addition, it is noteworthy that
40 all the products are endo-type compounds and this result is coincided with Freccero group's work
41 [Scheme 2, Equation (4)].¹⁷ These results revealed that this photoinduced reaction maybe proceed
42 a key intermediate cyclic o-quinodimethane (cyclic-o-QDM), a highly reactive species,¹⁸ which
43 likely is formed via a conrotatory six-membered ring closure of substrates under UV light
44 according to Woodward-Hoffmann rules.¹⁹ Another two control experiment was conducted by
45 addition of cyclohexa-1,3-diene and trans-stilbene as a triplet quencher in the solution of **1a** and
46 **2a** in acetonitrile, which did not depress the reaction. In addition, the oxygen, dissolved in the
47 acetonitrile under air-saturated conditions (Table 1, entries 1-4), had no obvious effect on the
48 reaction. These experiments suggest that the reaction involves a singlet state.²⁰
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Scheme 2. Previous work and control experiments

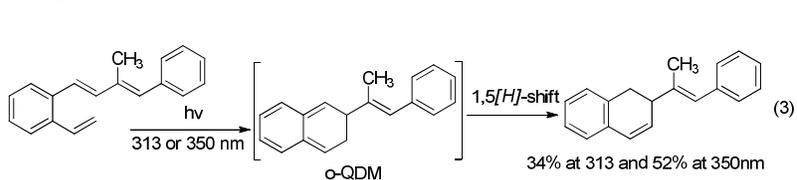
Laarhoven's work:



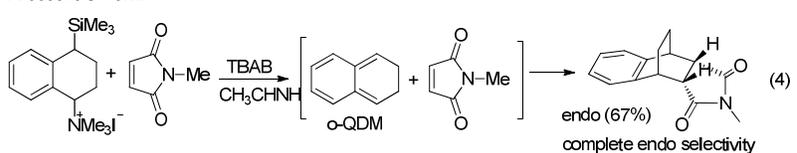
Marija Sindler-Kulyk's work:



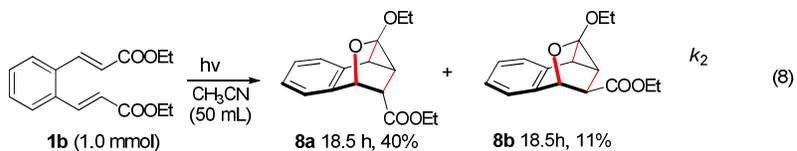
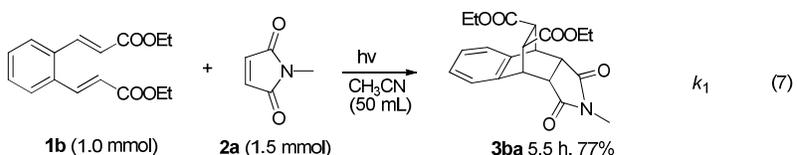
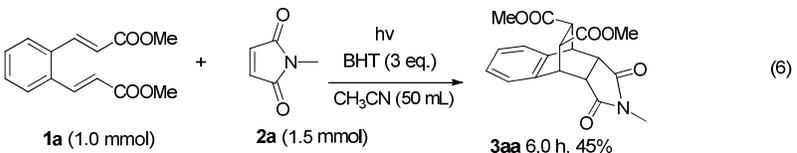
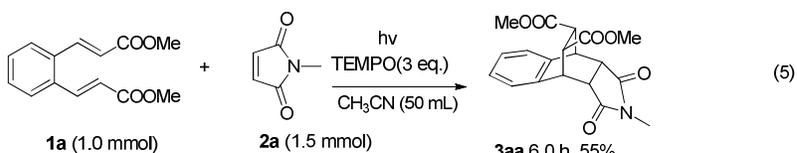
Irena Skoric' work:



Freccero's work:



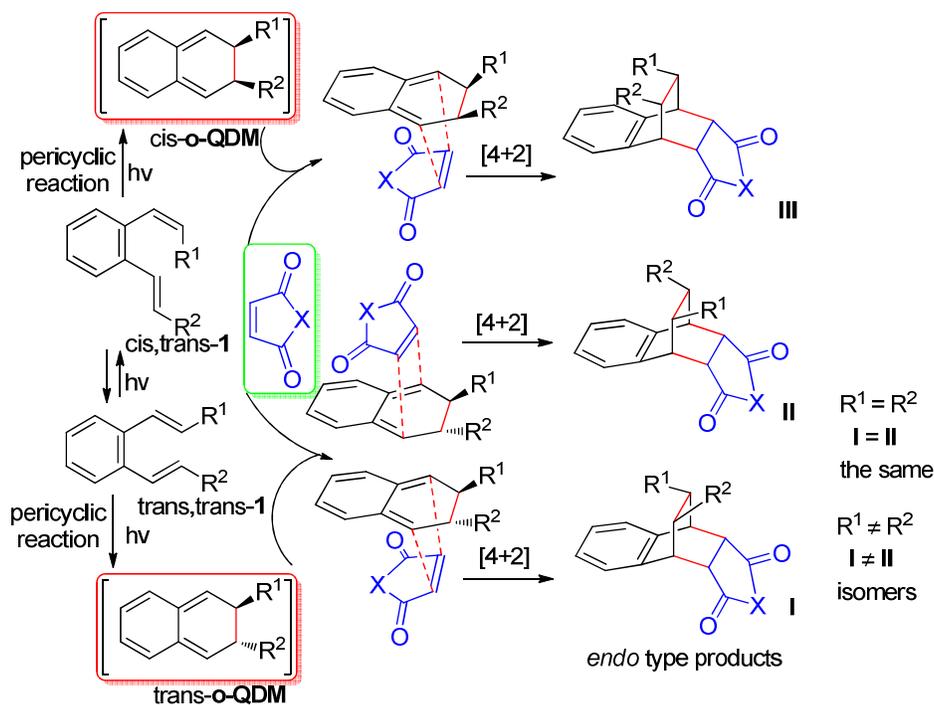
control experiments:



On the basis of the above experimental results and some literatures (Scheme 2), a most plausible mechanism pathway was proposed and depicted in Scheme 3. Under UV light irradiation, the substrate **1** underwent a pericyclic reaction which is a conrotatory six-membered ring closure

according to Woodward-Hoffmann rules¹⁹ to form cyclic-o-QDM intermediate which was then trapped by an olefin through the Diels-Alder reaction. According to Woodward-Hoffmann rules¹⁹, the starting material, trans,trans-substrate **1** should form the trans-o-QDM intermediate under irradiation (Scheme 3), which could be trapped by olefins from the up or down side to form the final products **I** and **II** with or without isomers. In addition, carbon-carbon double bond could undergo photochemical cis/trans-isomerization reactions under UV light, thus trans,trans-substrate **1** could be transformed to cis,trans-**1** during the reaction if prolonged reaction time was involved. Then the cis-o-QDM intermediate was formed from cis,trans-**1** which was trapped by olefins from down face to form the single product **III** (Scheme 3) due to the steric effects.

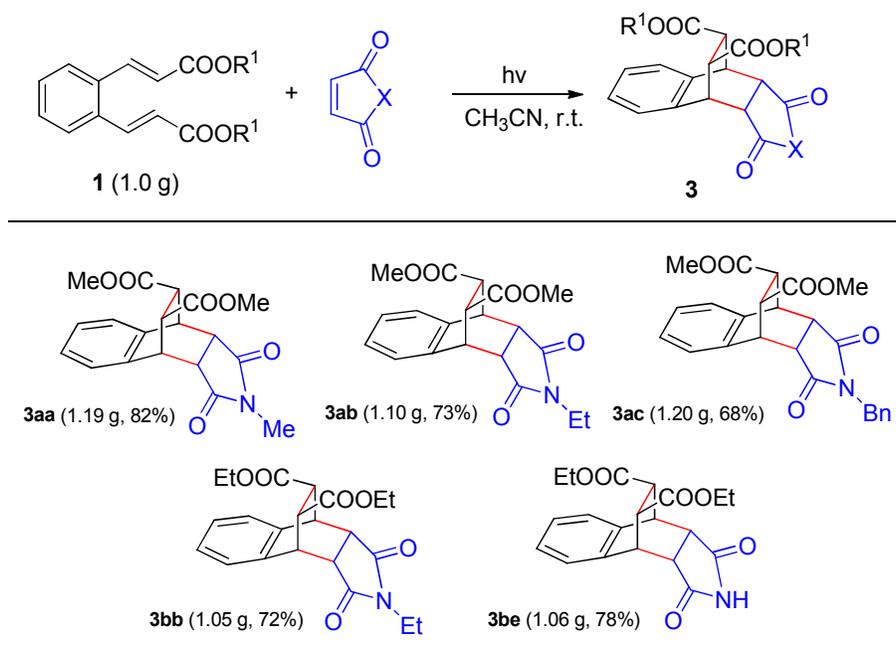
Scheme 3. Possible reaction pathway



During our investigation, several gram-scale reactions were carried out under standard reaction conditions and the desired products were obtained in good yield (Scheme 4). The results might suggest its potential application in natural products synthesis as well as screening of compound libraries for further chemical biology study.

CONCLUSION

In summary, we have established a facile one-pot procedure for the synthesis of substituted benzobicyclo[2.2.2]octane skeletons via photoinduced [4+2] reactions of substituted o-divinylbenzenes with olefins under mild condition. The method is an efficient, transition-metal-free, and step-economical approach for the rapid construction of these bridged-ring compounds. In addition, the gram scale reactions demonstrated the synthetically potential applications.

Scheme 4. Reactions of **1** at gram scale

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General Information All reactions were carried out with dry solvents using anhydrous conditions unless otherwise stated. Reagents were purchased at the highest commercial quality and used without further purification, unless otherwise stated. Reactions were monitored by GC-MS or thin layer chromatography (TLC) carried out on 0.20-0.25 mm silica gel plates using UV light as the visualizing agent and phosphomolybdic acid as developing agents. Silica gel was used for flash column chromatography. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Q-TOF (ESI) mass spectrometer. Low-resolution Mass spectra were obtained from GC-MS system.

General Procedure for Syntheses of Starting Materials.**General Procedure for Syntheses of Compound 1a-1g, 1k-1s**

Corresponding alcohol (5.0 mmol) was dissolved in dry CH_2Cl_2 (25 mL) and pyridine (7.5 mmol) was added. Reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C and 2-bromoacetyl bromide (5.5 mmol) was added dropwise. Reaction mixture was stirred for 45 minutes at 0°C and then was quenched by addition of water (25 mL). The resulting layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (25×3 mL). The combined organic layers were washed sequentially with saturated aqueous CuSO_4 (25 mL), water (25 mL), brine (25 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated in vacuo evaporated to give the appropriate bromoalkyl acetates compound as a colorless oil that was used in the next step without further purification.²¹ A solution of the appropriate bromoalkyl acetates compound (5 mmol) in toluene (25 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of triphenylphosphine (5 mmol) in toluene (25 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h, and the resulting phosphonium salt was filtered and oven-dried. The phosphonium salt was obtained in quantitative yield, and was used without further purification.²² NaOH (0.12 g, 30 mmol) dissolved in water (5 mL) was added to a suspension of the phosphonium salt (20.0 mmol) in H_2O (60 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 (60 mL). The mixture was stirred vigorously at room temperature for 1 h and then transferred to a separating

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3 funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (20×3
4 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated to give the
5 corresponding stabilized phosphonium ylides, which was used without further purification.²² To a
6 solution of corresponding o-phthalaldehyde (1 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added the
7 corresponding ester-stabilized phosphonium ylide (2.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room
8 temperature for 12 h, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of the residue by column
9 chromatography (EtOAc:hexane, 1:4) afforded the compound **1**.²²
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12 **General Procedure for Syntheses of Compound 4**

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14 To a solution of the compound **1** (3 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) at -78 °C was added
15 DIBAL-H (6.2 mL of a 1.0 M solution in toluene, 6.2 mmol) slowly. After stirring for 1 h, the
16 reaction mixture was allowed to return to 0 °C. Four hours later, the reaction was quenched with
17 methanol (3 mL). Then 20 mL aqueous solution of 0.5 M HCl was added. One hour later, the
18 layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (20×3 mL). The combined
19 organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. Purification of the
20 crude product by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/hexane, 1/3) gave the appropriate alcohol
21 as a clear oil.²³ To a solution of oxalyl chloride (2.4 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) cooled at
22 -78 °C was added dropwise a solution of dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO 2.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10
23 mL). After 5 min, a solution of the appropriate alcohol (2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added.
24 The reaction mixture was then stirred for 15 min at -78 °C and triethylamine (10 mmol) was
25 added in one portion. After 10 min at -78 °C, the mixture was allowed to warm to room
26 temperature and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL). The organic layer was successively washed with a
27 saturated aqueous solution of NH₄Cl (20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The combined organic extracts
28 were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash
29 chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/EtOAc: 9/1) afforded the aldehyde **4** as solid.
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35 **The Syntheses of Substrate 4c.**

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37 To a solution of the compound **1b** (10 mmol) in dry THF (200 mL) at -78 °C was added
38 DIBAL-H (62 mL of a 1.0 M solution in toluene, 62 mmol) slowly. After stirring for 1 h, the
39 reaction mixture was allowed to return to 0 °C. 24 hours later, the reaction was quenched with
40 methanol (30 mL). Then 200 mL aqueous solution of 0.5 M HCl was added. One hour later, the
41 layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (200×3 mL). The
42 combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated.
43 Purification of the crude product by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/hexane, 2:1) gave the
44 Diol as white solid. The diol (0.5 g) in dichloromethane (250 mL) was stirred with activated
45 manganese dioxide (5g) at ambient temperature for 24 h. The mixture was filtered through Celite,
46 and the solid was washed well with dichloromethane. Evaporation of the solvent and purification
47 by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/EtOAc: 10/1) gave the dialdehyde **4c**.²⁴
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52 **General Procedure for Syntheses of Compound 6**

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54 To a solution of o-phthalaldehyde (5.0 mmol) in THF (60 mL) was added
55 1-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)propan-2-one (12.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room
56 temperature for 16 h and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of the residue by column
57 chromatography (petroleum ether/EtOAc: 9/1) afforded the compound **6a**.²² To a solution of
58 o-phthalaldehyde (5.0 mmol) in THF (60 mL) was added
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3 1-phenyl-2-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)ethanone (12.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room
4 temperature for 16 h and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of the residue by column
5 chromatography (petroleum ether/EtOAc: 9/1) afforded the compound **6b**.²²
6

7 **The Syntheses of Substrates 1h and 6c.**

8 To a solution of o-phthalaldehyde (2.0 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at room temperature was added a
9 solution of ethyl 2-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetate (2.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL) dropwise
10 over 30 min, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 18 h. Purification of the residue by column
11 chromatography afforded the compound (*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-formylphenyl)acrylate. Then, to a solution
12 of (*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-formylphenyl)acrylate (1.0 mmol) in THF (5 mL) at room temperature was added
13 a solution of methyl 2-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetate (1.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL) dropwise
14 over 30 min, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 18 h. Purification of the residue by column
15 chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane - 30% EtOAc/hexane) gave compound **1h** as a white solid
16 (45%). To a solution of (*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-formylphenyl)acrylate (1.0 mmol) in THF (5 mL) at room
17 temperature was added a solution of 1-phenyl-2-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)ethanone (1.0 mmol)
18 in THF (10 mL) dropwise over 30 min, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 18 h. Purification
19 of the residue by column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane→30% EtOAc/hexane) gave
20 compound **6c** as yellow oil.
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25 **The Syntheses of Substrate 6d.**

26 A solution of the 2-bromoacetonitrile (25 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added dropwise over 10
27 min to a solution of triphenylphosphine (25 mmol) in toluene (50 mL). The reaction mixture was
28 stirred at room temperature for 18 h, and the resulting phosphonium salt was filtered and
29 oven-dried. The phosphonium salt was obtained in quantitative yield, and was used without
30 further purification. NaOH (0.12 g, 30 mmol) dissolved in water (5 mL) was added to a
31 suspension of the phosphonium salt (20.0 mmol) in H₂O (60 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (60 mL). The
32 mixture was stirred vigorously at room temperature for 1 h and then transferred to a separating
33 funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (20×3
34 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated to give the
35 corresponding stabilized phosphonium ylides, which was used without further purification.²⁵ To a
36 solution of corresponding o-phthalaldehyde (1 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added the
37 corresponding ester-stabilized phosphonium ylide (2.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room
38 temperature for 12 h, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of the residue by column
39 chromatography (EtOAc:hexane, 1:4) afforded the compound **6d**.
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45 **The Syntheses of Substrate 1t and 1u.**

46 Using Heck Reactions. To a suspension of Pd(OAc)₂ (90 mg, 0.4 mmol), *n*-Bu₄NCl (1.14g, 5
47 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3.45g, 25 mmol), and LiCl (212mg, 5mmol) in DMF (25 mL) was added
48 1,2-dibromo-4,5-difluorobenzene or 5,6-dibromobenzo[*d*][1,3]dioxole (5 mmol) and ethyl acrylate
49 (25 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 18 h, cooled to room temperature, diluted with
50 Et₂O (25 mL), and washed with water (50 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (50
51 mL x 2), and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (MgSO₄), and
52 concentrated. Purification of the residue by column chromatography gave the compound **1t** and
53 **1u**.²²
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57 (*E*)-3-[2-*{(E)-2-Methoxycarbonylvinyl}*phenyl]acrylic acid methyl ester (**1a**).²² White solid. ¹H
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3 NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (dd, *J* =
4 5.8, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8,
5 141.5, 134.2, 130.1, 127.6, 121.4, 51.8. LRMS (EI): 246[M⁺], 231, 215, 199, 186, 171, 155, 143,
6 128, 115, 102, 92, 77. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₄H₁₅O₄, [M+H]⁺, 247.0970; found, 247.0976.

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9 (E)-3-[2-*(E)*-ethoxycarbonylvinyl]phenyl]acrylic acid ethyl ester (**1b**).²² White solid. ¹H NMR
10 (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 6.35 (d,
11 *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ
12 166.4, 141.3, 134.3, 130.00, 127.6, 122.00, 60.7, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₄, [M+H]⁺,
13 275.1283; found, 275.1281.

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16 (2*E*,2'*E*)-dimethyl 3,3'-(4-methyl-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1c**). White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
17 CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, *J* = 15.8, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 15.8, 1H), 7.58 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, *J*
18 = 9.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J* = 8.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (d, 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (d, 15.8 Hz, 1H) 3.85
19 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 166.9, 141.6, 141.3,
20 140.4, 134.2, 131.4, 131.1, 128.2, 127.5, 121.2, 120.4, 52.9, 52.8, 21.4. LRMS (EI): 260[M⁺], 245,
21 229, 213, 200, 185, 169, 155, 142, 129, 115, 99, 77. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₄, [M+H]⁺,
22 261.1127; found, 261.1128.

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25 (2*E*,2'*E*)-dimethyl 3,3'-(4-chloro-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1d**).²⁶ White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
26 CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, *J* = 15.8, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 15.8, 1H), 7.58 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, *J*
27 = 9.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J* = 8.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz,
28 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 166.5, 140.2, 140.1, 136.2,
29 135.8, 132.6, 130.1, 128.9, 127.5, 122.6, 121.8, 52.1, 52.. LRMS (EI): 280[M⁺], 249, 228, 189,
30 162, 142, 126, 109, 81, 59. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₄H₁₄ClO₄, [M+H]⁺, 281.0581; found,
31 281.0582.

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34 (2*E*,2'*E*)-diethyl 3,3'-(4-chloro-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1e**). White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
35 CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.25 (m, 1H),
36 6.34 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 1.9 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (td, *J* = 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 6H). ¹³C
37 NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 166.0, 140.0, 139.9, 136.0, 135.8, 132.6, 130.0, 128.9, 127.5,
38 123.1, 122.3, 60.9, 60.8, 14.3. LRMS (EI): 308[M⁺], 295, 281, 263, 251, 234, 219, 207, 189, 177,
39 163, 149, 127, 115, 101, 89. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₆H₁₈ClO₄, [M+H]⁺, 309.0894; found,
40 309.0895.

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43 (2*E*,2'*E*)-diethyl 3,3'-(4-methoxy-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1f**). White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
44 CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J*
45 = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H),
46 4.30 (p, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.35 (td, *J* = 7.1, 5.1 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃)
47 δ 166.8, 166.4, 160.9, 141.3, 140.7, 136.0, 129.1, 126.9, 122.2, 119.4, 116.5, 111.9, 60.8, 60.6,
48 55.5, 14.4, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₇H₂₁O₅, [M+H]⁺, 305.1389; found, 305.1387.

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51 (2*E*,2'*E*)-diethyl-3,3'-(4-fluoro-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1g**). White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
52 CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.10
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(td, $J = 8.3, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, $J = 17.9, 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.29 (qd, $J = 7.1, 3.3$ Hz, 4H), 1.35 (td, $J = 7.1, 1.9$ Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.3, 166.1, 163.4 (d, $J = 251.3$ Hz), 140.0 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz), 136.4 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 130.5 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz), 129.7 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 123.0, 121.7, 117.3 (d, $J = 22.0$ Hz), 114.0 (d, $J = 22.5$ Hz), 60.9, 60.8, 14.3, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{FO}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 293.1189; found, 293.1194.

(*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-methoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1h**).²⁷ White solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.04 (dd, $J = 15.8, 3.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.49 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.35 (dd, $J = 15.8, 2.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.29 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.9, 166.4, 141.5, 141.3, 134.4, 134.2, 130.1, 130.0, 127.6, 127.6, 122.0, 121.5, 60.8, 51.9, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 261.1127; found, 261.1128.

(*E*)-butyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxo-3-butoxyprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1k**).²⁸ Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.03 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.35 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.23 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 4H), 1.75 – 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.38 (m, 4H), 0.97 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.5, 141.3, 134.3, 130.0, 127.7, 121.9, 64.6, 30.7, 19.2, 13.8. LRMS (EI): 330[M+], 315, 301, 274, 257, 242, 228, 214, 200, 172, 155, 101, 83, 57. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 331.1909; found, 331.1907.

(*E*)-isopropyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-isopropoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1l**). Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.02 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.56 (dd, $J = 5.7, 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.38 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.33 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.24 – 5.03 (m, 2H), 1.33 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 12H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.0, 141.0, 134.3, 129.9, 127.6, 122.5, 68.1, 22.0. LRMS (EI): 302[M+], 281, 260, 243, 231, 214, 200, 184, 172, 157, 144, 129, 115, 102, 89. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 303.1596; found, 303.1592.

(*E*)-3-[2-((*E*)-2-tert-Butoxycarbonylvinyl)-phenyl]acrylic acid tertbutyl ester (**1m**).²⁹ White solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.94 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.55 (dd, $J = 5.7, 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.36 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.54 (s, 18H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 165.8, 140.4, 134.4, 129.7, 127.6, 123.6, 80.8, 28.2. LRMS (EI): 330[M+], 274, 257, 239, 218, 200, 172, 155, 129, 115, 92, 77. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 331.1909; found, 331.1918.

(*E*)-cyclobutyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxo-3-cyclobutoxyprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1n**). Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.02 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, $J = 5.6, 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 5.8, 3.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.33 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.13 (p, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.49 – 2.37 (m, 4H), 2.24 – 2.07 (m, 4H), 1.84 (q, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.68 (qd, $J = 10.4, 5.2$ Hz, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 165.8, 141.3, 134.3, 130.0, 127.6, 121.9, 69.1, 30.4, 13.6. LRMS (EI): 326[M+], 227, 157, 128, 55. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 327.1596; found, 327.1594.

(*E*)-cyclopentyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-(cyclopentylloxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1o**). Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.01 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.58 (dd, $J = 5.7, 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.34 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 2H), 5.33 (td, $J = 5.9, 3.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.97 (m, 4H), 1.88 – 1.72

(m, 8H), 1.72 – 1.58 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.2, 141.0, 134.3, 129.9, 127.7, 122.4, 77.4, 32.8, 23.8. LRMS (EI): 354[M⁺], 201, 173, 129, 69. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_4$, [M+H]⁺, 355.1909; found, 355.1906.

(*E*)-cyclohexyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-(cyclohexyloxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1p**). Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.02 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.34 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 5.01 – 4.78 (m, 2H), 2.00 – 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.74 (m, 4H), 1.61 – 1.37 (m, 10H), 1.35 – 1.25 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 165.9, 141.0, 134.3, 129.9, 127.6, 122.4, 73.0, 31.7, 25.4, 23.8. LRMS (EI): 382[M⁺], 367, 354, 327, 315, 300, 282, 267, 255, 237, 218, 200, 184, 172, 157, 128, 115. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_4$, [M+H]⁺, 383.2222; found, 383.2221.

(*E*)-4-fluorobenzyl-3-(2-((*E*)-3-(4-fluorobenzyloxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate(**1q**). White solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.10 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (dt, J = 7.1, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (dt, J = 5.5, 4.4 Hz, 6H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 6.40 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 5.25 (s, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.1, 162.7 (d, J = 246.8 Hz), 141.9, 134.2, 131.8 (d, J = 3.2 Hz), 130.4 (d, J = 7.9 Hz), 130.2, 127.7, 121.4, 115.6 (d, J = 21.8 Hz), 65.8. LRMS (EI): 434[M⁺], 201, 157, 109, 83. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_4\text{F}_2$, [M+H]⁺, 435.1408; found, 435.1413.

(*E*)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl-3-(2-((*E*)-3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyloxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1r**). White solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.11 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 4H), 7.59 (dd, J = 5.7, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 4H), 7.42 (dd, J = 5.8, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 5.32 (s, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.0, 142.3, 139.9, 134.1, 130.4 (q, J = 32.2 Hz), 130.4, 128.2, 127.8, 125.6 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 124.0 (q, J = 272.2 Hz), 121.1, 65.6. LRMS (EI): 534[M⁺], 335, 198, 159, 109. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_4\text{F}_6$, [M+H]⁺, 535.1344; found, 535.1349.

(*E*)-4-methoxybenzyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**1s**). Colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.05 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dd, J = 5.7, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (m, 6H), 7.01 – 6.82 (m, 4H), 6.36 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 5.20 (s, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.2, 159.7, 141.7, 134.2, 130.2, 130.1, 128.0, 127.6, 121.7, 114.0, 66.3, 55.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_6$, [M+H]⁺, 459.1802; found, 459.1809.

(2*E*,2'*E*)-diethyl 3,3'-(benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxole-5,6-diyl)diacrylate (**1t**). Yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.00 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (s, 2H), 6.24 (d, J = 15.7 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (s, 2H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.6, 149.7, 140.4, 129.4, 120.1, 106.4, 102.0, 60.7, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_6$, [M+H]⁺, 319.1176; found, 319.1175.

(2*E*,2'*E*)-diethyl 3,3'-(4,5-difluoro-1,2-phenylene)diacrylate (**1u**). White solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.91 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 2H), 6.29 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 165.9, 151.13 (dd, J = 255.7, 15.0 Hz), 138.9, 131.4 (d, J = 4.8 Hz), 122.8, 116.23 (dd, J = 13.3, 5.6 Hz), 60.9, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_4\text{F}_2$, [M+H]⁺, 311.1089; found, 311.1095.

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(*E*)-Methyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxoprop-1-enyl)phenyl)acrylate (**4a**).³⁰ Yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.80 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.72 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.5, 166.8, 148.8, 141.0, 134.5, 133.5, 131.4, 131.0, 130.3, 127.9, 127.7, 122.1, 52.0. LRMS (EI): 216[M⁺], 201, 184, 157, 143, 128, 115, 102, 89. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₃H₁₃O₃, [M+H]⁺, 217.0865; found, 217.0866.

(*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxoprop-1-enyl)phenyl)acrylate (**4b**).³¹ Yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.78 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.67 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.4, 166.3, 148.8, 140.7, 134.7, 133.5, 131.4, 131.0, 130.2, 127.9, 127.6, 122.6, 60.9, 14.3.

1,2-Bis(2-formylethenyl)benzene (**4c**). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.80 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.0, 148.1, 133.8, 132.1, 131.1, 128.1. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₂H₁₁O₂, [M+H]⁺, 187.0754; found, 187.0752.

(3*E*,3'*E*)-4,4'-(1,2-phenylene)bis(but-3-en-2-one) (**6a**).²² White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.9, 139.8, 134.6, 130.4, 130.3, 127.8, 28.1.

(2*E*,2'*E*)-3,3'-(1,2-phenylene)bis(1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one) (**6b**).²² Yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.46 (m, 4H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 141.8, 137.9, 135.4, 133.0, 130.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 126.1.

(*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxo-3-phenylprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**6c**). Yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 – 7.97 (m, 4H), 7.74 – 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.47 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.37 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.0, 166.4, 141.5, 141.5, 138.0, 134.9, 133.0, 130.2, 129.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 127.8, 125.9, 122.1, 60.7, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₀H₁₉O₃, [M+H]⁺, 307.1334; found, 307.1332.

3,3'-(1,2-phenylene)diacrylonitrile (**6d**). White solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 – 7.39 (m, 6H), 6.14 – 5.50 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.0, 146.7, 132.9, 131.3, 131.2, 130.8, 129.0, 127.2, 126.8, 117.3, 100.9, 100.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₂H₉N₂, [M+H]⁺, 181.0766; found, 181.0768.

(1*E*,1'*E*)-1,1'-(1,2-phenylene)bis(pent-1-en-3-one) (**6e**). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 4H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 138.7, 134.7,

130.1, 129.4, 127.7, 34.5, 8.1. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₂, [M+H]⁺, 243.1380; found, 243.1387.

(*E*)-ethyl 3-(2-((*E*)-3-oxobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (**6f**). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 7.70 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 0.7 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 3H), 1.35 (td, *J* = 7.1, 0.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.7, 161.1, 135.9, 134.6, 129.2, 128.9, 125.1, 124.9, 124.8, 122.4, 122.3, 116.8, 55.4, 22.5, 9.0. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃, [M+H]⁺, 2245.1172; found, 245.1177.

General Procedures for Preparation of Products 3, 5, and 7.

3: In a silica tube, **1** (0.2 mmol) and **2** (0.3 mmol) were added to anhydrous MeCN (10 mL), and were charged with N₂ three times. The mixture was allowed to expose to 500W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter for 4-15h (monitored by TLC). After the substrate **1** was consumed, the solvent was removed under vacuo, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane-50% EtOAc/hexane) to give the product.

5: In a silica tube, **4** (0.2 mmol) and **2** (0.3 mmol) were added to anhydrous MeCN (10 mL), and were charged with N₂ three times. The mixture was allowed to expose to 500W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter for 2-4 h (monitored by TLC). After the substrate **4** was consumed, the solvent was removed under vacuo, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane-50% EtOAc/hexane) to give the product.

7: In a silica tube, **6** (0.2 mmol) and **2** (0.3 mmol) were added to anhydrous MeCN (10 mL), and were charged with N₂ three times. The mixture was allowed to expose to 500W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter for 4 h (monitored by TLC). After the substrate **6** was consumed, the solvent was removed under vacuo, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane-50% EtOAc/hexane) to give the product.

gram scale reactions : In a silica tube, **1a/1b** (1.0g) and **2** (1.5 equiv.) were added to anhydrous MeCN (100 mL) and charged with N₂ three times. The mixture was allowed to expose to 500W medium pressure mercury lamp with Pyrex filter for 12-16 h (monitored by TLC). After the substrate **1a/1b** was consumed, the solvent was removed under vacuo, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane-50% EtOAc/hexane) to give the product.

Compound 3aa: Colorless oil. 60 mg. Yield 84%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.4, 176.9, 173.3, 172.2, 136.3, 134.6, 128.2, 128.2, 126.1, 125.2, 52.8, 52.4, 44.6, 44.4, 43.9, 40.7, 38.8, 38.5, 24.3. LRMS (EI): 357[M⁺], 325, 286, 187, 153, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₉H₂₀O₆N, [M+H]⁺, 358.1285; found, 358.1294.

Compound 3ab: White solid. 56 mg. Yield 76%. mp 110-111 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 – 7.00 (m, 4H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, *J* =

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2
3 5.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.22 – 3.16 (m, 2H), 3.09 (dt, $J = 9.8, 5.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.35 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C
4 NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.2, 176.8, 173.3, 172.3, 136.5, 134.8, 128.1, 128.1, 126.2, 125.3,
5 52.8, 52.4, 44.6, 44.4, 43.6, 40.4, 38.9, 38.6, 33.1, 11.9. LRMS (EI): 371[M+], 329, 186, 128.
6 HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 372.1442; found, 372.1451.
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10 **Compound 3ac:** White solid. 65 mg. Yield 75%. mp 189-190 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
11 7.25 – 7.01 (m, 7H), 6.57 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 4.09 (t, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.96 (t, $J = 3.0$
12 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.49 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H),
13 3.18 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.15 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.2$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
14 177.0, 176.6, 173.3, 172.2, 136.3, 134.8, 134.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.3, 127.4, 127.2, 126.2, 125.2,
15 52.9, 52.5, 44.8, 44.7, 43.8, 42.0, 40.6, 38.7, 38.5. LRMS (EI): 433[M+], 401, 369, 186, 155, 128,
16 91. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 434.1598; found, 434.1612.
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20 **Compound 3ad:** White solid. 51 mg. Yield 64%. mp 138-139 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
21 7.25 – 7.07 (m, 4H), 4.01 (t, 1H), 3.89 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.46 (dd, $J =$
22 5.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, $J = 5.5, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.06 (dd, $J = 8.8, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, $J = 8.8,$
23 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.08 (s, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.5, 178.1, 173.3, 172.4, 136.8, 135.1,
24 128.0, 127.9, 126.3, 125.3, 58.1, 52.8, 52.4, 44.6, 44.4, 43.3, 40.2, 39.2, 38.9, 27.7. HRMS (ESI):
25 calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 422.1574; found, 422.1581.
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29 **Compound 3ae:** White solid. 47 mg. Yield 68%. mp 169-170 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
30 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.29 – 7.02 (m, 4H), 4.06 (t, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H),
31 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$
32 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.2$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.4, 176.8, 173.3, 172.2,
33 136.4, 134.6, 128.4, 126.3, 125.4, 52.9, 52.5, 45.1, 44.5, 44.4, 41.9, 38.6, 38.3. LRMS (EI):
34 343[M+], 311, 252, 18, 155, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 366.0948;
35 found, 366.0959.
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39 **Compound 3af:** Colorless oil. 31 mg. Yield 45%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.39 – 7.06 (m,
40 4H), 4.11 (t, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.97 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.55 – 3.49 (m,
41 1H), 3.47 – 3.39 (m, 2H), 3.21 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.0,
42 171.7, 171.4, 170.9, 135.9, 134.0, 129.0, 126.5, 125.5, 53.0, 52.7, 44.6, 44.2, 44.1, 41.6, 38.5, 38.3.
43 HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_7\text{Na}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 367.0788; found, 367.0794.
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47 **Compound 3ba:** White solid. 56 mg. Yield 77%. mp 163-164 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
48 7.28 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 4.34 – 4.17 (m, 2H), 4.12 – 3.98 (m, 3H), 3.94 (t, $J = 3.1$
49 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$ Hz,
50 1H), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.48 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.19 (t, $J =$
51 7.1 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.5, 177.1, 172.9, 171.8, 136.5, 134.6, 128.2, 128.1,
52 126.1, 125.2, 61.8, 61.3, 44.6, 44.4, 43.9, 40.7, 38.8, 38.7, 24.3, 14.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd
53 for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 386.1598; found, 386.1604.
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57 **Compound 3bb:** Colorless oil. 60 mg. Yield 75%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.17 – 7.10 (m,
58 3H), 7.06 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.27 – 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.05 – 3.93 (m, 3H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 3.46 – 3.37
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(m, 1H), 3.15 (dd, $J = 7.8, 3.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.04 (dd, $J = 12.9, 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 1.30 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.13 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 0.29 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.2, 176.8, 172.8, 171.8, 136.6, 134.8, 128.0, 127.9, 126.1, 125.3, 61.7, 61.2, 44.5, 44.3, 43.6, 40.4, 38.8, 38.8, 33.0, 14.2, 14.1, 11.9. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 400.1755; found, 400.1763.

Compound 3bc: White solid. 60 mg. Yield 70%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 – 6.88 (m, 7H), 6.56 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.30 – 4.19 (m, 4H), 4.09 – 3.97 (m, 3H), 3.94 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, $J = 5.3, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.13 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.17 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.1, 176.7, 172.9, 171.8, 136.4, 134.8, 134.6, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.4, 127.2, 126.1, 125.2, 61.8, 61.3, 44.8, 44.6, 43.8, 42.0, 40.7, 38.7, 38.6, 14.3, 14.2. LRMS (EI): 461[M+], 373, 186, 155, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 462.1911; found, 462.1909.

Compound 3bd: White solid. 50 mg. Yield 58%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) 7.26 – 6.82 (m, 4H), 4.26 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.13 – 3.94 (m, 3H), 3.89 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.07 (dd, $J = 8.8, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, $J = 8.8, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.18 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.08 (s, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.6, 178.2, 172.9, 172.0, 136.9, 135.1, 127.9, 127.8, 126.2, 125.4, 61.7, 61.2, 58.0, 44.6, 44.3, 43.3, 40.2, 39.2, 39.1, 27.7, 14.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{29}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 450.1887; found, 450.1894.

Compound 3be: White solid. 58 mg. Yield 78%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.27 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.13 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 4.24 (dt, $J = 10.8, 7.2, 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.11 – 3.94 (m, 3H), 3.88 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.39 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.15 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.33 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.17 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.0, 177.5, 172.9, 171.7, 136.5, 134.6, 128.2, 128.1, 126.2, 125.3, 61.8, 61.3, 45.0, 44.5, 44.4, 41.8, 38.5, 38.5, 14.2, 14.1. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 372.1442; found, 372.1448.

Compound 3bg: Colorless oil. 54 mg. Yield 60%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36 – 7.23 (m, 6H), 7.19 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, $J = 6.7, 2.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.37 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.18 (t, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 4.04 (m, 2H), 4.04 – 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.52 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.31 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.38 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.7, 176.3, 172.9, 171.8, 136.7, 134.9, 131.3, 129.1, 128.8, 128.3, 128.2, 126.4, 126.4, 125.5, 61.9, 61.4, 44.5, 44.4, 44.0, 40.9, 39.1, 39.1, 14.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 448.1755; found, 448.1760.

Compound 3ca: Colorless oil. 47 mg. Yield 64%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.14 – 6.70 (m, 3H), 4.02 (dt, $J = 9.9, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.89 (dt, $J = 10.0, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 3.45 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.19 – 3.14 (m, 1H), 3.10 (dt, $J = 8.3, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 3H), 2.27 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.5, 177.0, 173.3, 172.3, 137.9, 134.4, 133.3, 128.8, 125.8, 124.9, 52.8, 52.4, 44.7, 44.5, 44.0, 40.7, 38.5, 38.2, 24.3, 21.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 394.1261; found, 394.1267.

Compound 3da: Colorless oil. 55 mg. Yield 70%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.25 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 4.15 – 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.98 – 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 3H), 3.55 – 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.23 (dd, $J = 8.5, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.54 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.1, 176.6, 172.9, 172.0, 136.5, 134.9, 133.9, 128.4, 126.5, 126.4, 53.0, 52.6, 44.5, 44.3, 43.6, 40.4, 38.5, 38.1, 24.5. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_6\text{NCl}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 392.0895; found, 392.0893.

Compound 3ea: Colorless oil. 53 mg. Yield 63%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.24 – 7.03 (m, 3H), 4.41 – 4.19 (m, 2H), 4.17 – 3.97 (m, 3H), 3.93 (dt, $J = 13.4, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dt, $J = 5.3, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.5, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.18 – 3.14 (m, 1H), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.20 (dd, $J = 15.8, 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.1, 176.7, 172.5, 171.5, 136.5, 135.0, 133.9, 128.4, 127.4, 126.5, 62.0, 61.5, 44.5, 44.3, 43.6, 40.5, 38.6, 38.2, 24.5, 14.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_6\text{NCl}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 420.1208; found, 420.1202.

Compound 3fa: Colorless oil. 46 mg. Yield 55%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.04 (d, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 4.30 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.09 – 3.97 (m, 3H), 3.88 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.77 – 3.71 (m, 3H), 3.47 – 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.31 – 3.14 (m, 2H), 3.12 – 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.19 (td, $J = 7.1, 3.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.6, 177.0, 173.0, 171.7, 159.3, 135.9, 128.4, 126.2, 113.3, 112.0, 61.7, 61.3, 55.2, 45.0, 44.4, 43.8, 41.0, 39.0, 38.1, 24.4, 14.25, 14.22. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.04 (d, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 4.30 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.09 – 3.97 (m, 3H), 3.88 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.77 – 3.71 (m, 3H), 3.47 – 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.31 – 3.14 (m, 2H), 3.12 – 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.19 (td, $J = 7.1, 3.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.4, 177.2, 172.9, 171.9, 159.4, 137.7, 127.0, 126.4, 113.5, 110.9, 61.8, 61.3, 55.2, 44.8, 44.5, 44.1, 40.7, 39.1, 38.1, 24.4, 14.25, 14.20. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_7\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 416.1704; found, 416.1714.

Compound 3ga: Colorless oil. 54 mg. Yield 67%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.22 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 4.37 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.11 – 4.01 (m, 3H), 3.94 (dd, $J = 7.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (td, $J = 5.7, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (ddd, $J = 8.5, 3.0, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.17 (ddd, $J = 8.1, 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.11 (ddd, $J = 8.4, 4.9, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.23 – 1.16 (m, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.2, 176.7, 172.6, 171.6, 162.2 (d, $J = 247.2$ Hz), 136.8 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 132.2, 126.8 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 115.0 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 113.6 (d, $J = 22.3$ Hz), 61.9, 61.4, 44.7, 44.2, 43.6, 40.7, 38.1, 24.4, 14.2. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.22 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 4.37 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 4.11 – 4.01 (m, 3H), 3.94 (dd, $J = 7.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (td, $J = 5.7, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (ddd, $J = 8.5, 3.0, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.17 (ddd, $J = 8.1, 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.11 (ddd, $J = 8.4, 4.9, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.23 – 1.16 (m, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.1, 176.9, 172.7, 171.6, 162.3 (d, $J = 246.8$ Hz), 138.5 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz), 130.4, 127.7 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 114.9 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 112.8 (d, $J = 22.8$ Hz), 61.9, 61.5, 44.4, 44.3, 43.8, 40.7, 38.8, 24.4, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_6\text{NF}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 404.1504; found, 404.1511.

Compound 3ha: White solid. 52 mg. Yield 70%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.26 – 6.96 (m,

4H), 4.27 (qd, $J = 7.1, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.93 (dd, $J = 6.0, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.46 (ddd, $J = 15.7, 5.4, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.29 – 3.15 (m, 2H), 3.14 – 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.5, 177.0, 172.8, 171.7, 136.4, 134.5, 128.2, 128.2, 126.1, 125.2, 61.4, 52.4, 44.7, 44.4, 43.9, 40.7, 38.7, 38.6, 24.3, 14.2. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.26 – 6.96 (m, 4H), 4.27 (qd, $J = 7.1, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.93 (dd, $J = 6.0, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.46 (ddd, $J = 15.7, 5.4, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.28 – 3.15 (m, 2H), 3.15 – 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.4, 177.0, 173.4, 172.3, 136.4, 134.7, 128.2, 128.1, 126.1, 125.2, 61.9, 52.8, 44.5, 44.4, 43.9, 40.7, 38.8, 38.7, 24.3, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 372.1442; found, 372.1450.

Compound 3ka: White solid. 69 mg. Yield 78%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.25 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 4.29 – 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.10 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 4.02 – 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.92 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.19 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.71 (dt, $J = 14.6, 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.53 (tt, $J = 10.3, 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.43 (dt, $J = 14.6, 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.33 (dt, $J = 15.1, 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 0.98 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.4, 177.1, 173.0, 171.9, 136.5, 134.6, 128.2, 128.1, 126.1, 125.2, 65.7, 65.2, 44.7, 44.6, 44.0, 40.8, 38.8, 38.7, 30.6, 30.6, 24.3, 19.2, 19.1, 13.8, 13.7. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 464.2044; found, 464.2049.

Compound 3maa: Colorless oil. 37 mg. Yield 42%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.09 (dd, $J = 5.6, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (dd, $J = 5.1, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.21 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 – 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 9H), 1.33 (s, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.6, 177.4, 172.3, 171.1, 136.7, 134.8, 128.1, 127.8, 126.0, 125.2, 81.9, 81.4, 45.1, 44.9, 43.9, 40.8, 39.2, 38.9, 28.1, 28.0, 24.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 464.2044; found, 464.2053.

Compound 3mab: White solid. 26 mg. Yield 30%. mp 141-143 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.20 (dt, $J = 7.3, 3.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 2H), 3.14 (s, 2H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 18H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.1, 169.8, 134.8, 127.8, 126.3, 81.0, 45.8, 44.3, 38.9, 28.0, 24.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 464.2044; found, 464.2052.

Compound 3la: Colorless oil. 53 mg. Yield 64%. mp 141-143 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.13 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 5.22 – 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.87 (hept, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, $J = 5.3, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.36 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 3H), 1.33 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.19 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.5, 177.2, 172.5, 171.3, 136.6, 134.6, 128.2, 128.0, 126.1, 125.2, 69.4, 68.8, 44.6, 44.5, 43.9, 40.8, 38.9, 38.8, 24.3, 21.9, 21.8, 21.7. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_6\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 414.1911; found, 414.1907.

Compound 3na: Colorless oil. 51 mg. Yield 58%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 – 7.07 (m, 4H), 4.74 (p, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.05 – 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.24 (s, 2H), 3.13 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.26 –

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3 2.10 (m, 4H), 1.97 – 1.80 (m, 4H), 1.76 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.41 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.9, 170.0, 134.7, 127.9, 126.4, 69.1, 45.0, 44.1, 38.6, 30.1, 29.9, 24.3, 13.5. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 460.1731; found, 460.1735.

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8 **Compound 3oa**: Colorless oil. 46 mg. Yield 50%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.16 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 5.11 – 4.77 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 3.16 (s, 2H), 3.06 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.78 – 1.29 (m, 16H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 175.9, 169.4, 133.7, 126.9, 125.2, 76.8, 44.3, 43.2, 37.6, 31.6, 31.2, 23.3, 22.7, 22.6. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 488.2044; found, 488.2045.

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14 **Compound 3pa**: Colorless oil. 49 mg. Yield 48%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 4.63 – 4.47 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 2H), 3.25 (s, 2H), 3.14 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.67 (dd, $J = 12.3$, 7.4 Hz, 8H), 1.49 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (dd, $J = 9.0$, 3.3 Hz, 10H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.0, 170.2, 134.7, 127.9, 126.3, 73.3, 45.3, 44.2, 38.8, 31.5, 31.4, 25.3, 24.3, 23.7, 23.7. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{O}_6\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 516.2357; found, 516.2359.

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23 **Compound 3qa**: Colorless oil. 59 mg. Yield 54%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.14 (ddd, $J = 14.0$, 7.0, 4.3 Hz, 6H), 7.00 (dt, $J = 14.5$, 6.0 Hz, 6H), 4.87 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.69 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.12 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.6, 170.6, 162.7 (d, $J = 247.3$ Hz), 134.4, 131.1 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz), 130.6 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz), 128.9, 126.3, 115.4 (d, $J = 21.7$ Hz), 66.0, 45.1, 44.4, 38.6, 24.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_6\text{NF}_2$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 546.1723; found, 546.1736.

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32 **Compound 3ra**: Colorless oil. 72 mg. Yield 56%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.54 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 4H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 4H), 7.16 (dd, $J = 5.4$, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (dd, $J = 5.4$, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (d, $J = 12.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.77 (d, $J = 12.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.38 (s, 2H), 3.15 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.5, 170.5, 139.1, 134.3, 130.6 (q, $J = 32.4$ Hz), 128.5, 128.2, 126.3, 125.4 (q, $J = 3.6$ Hz), 123.9 (q, $J = 272.0$ Hz), 65.8, 45.1, 44.0, 38.6, 24.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_6\text{NF}_6$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 646.1659; found, 646.1669.

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41 **Compound 3sa**: Colorless oil. 50 mg. Yield 46%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.21 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 7.06 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 4H), 4.86 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.66 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 6H), 3.28 (s, 2H), 3.09 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.7, 170.7, 159.7, 134.4, 130.4, 128.0, 127.5, 126.3, 113.8, 66.5, 55.3, 45.1, 44.0, 38.5, 24.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_8\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 570.2122; found, 570.2127.

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50 **Compound 3ta**: Colorless oil. 48 mg. Yield 56%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 5.90 (dd, $J = 2.5$, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 4.31 – 4.21 (m, 2H), 4.12 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 4.00 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.86 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (dd, $J = 8.4$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (dd, $J = 8.4$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.4, 177.0, 172.8, 171.8, 147.2, 147.1, 129.8, 127.8, 107.2, 106.5, 100.9, 61.8, 61.3, 44.7, 44.6, 43.9, 40.7, 38.87, 38.84, 24.5, 14.27, 14.24. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_8\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 430.1496; found, 430.1492.

Compound 3ua: Colorless oil. 56 mg. Yield 66%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.06 (dd, $J = 9.2$, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, $J = 9.1$, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.34 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.13 – 4.00 (m, 3H), 3.92 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 176.9, 176.5, 172.3, 171.4, 150.02 (dd, $J = 253.5$, 17.0 Hz), 149.90 (dd, $J = 254.2$, 17.7 Hz), 132.94 (dd, $J = 5.8$, 3.9 Hz), 131.25 (dd, $J = 6.0$, 4.1 Hz), 115.65 (d, $J = 17.9$ Hz), 114.89 (d, $J = 17.8$ Hz), 62.0, 61.6, 44.4, 44.2, 43.5, 40.4, 38.2, 24.6, 14.23, 14.19. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6\text{NF}_2$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 422.1410; found, 422.1401.

Compound 5aa: White solid. 56 mg. Yield 86%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.96 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.04 (m, 4H), 4.12 (dd, $J = 7.0$, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.51 (dd, $J = 5.6$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, $J = 5.6$, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 8.2$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.7, 177.1, 176.7, 172.1, 136.1, 133.9, 128.5, 128.3, 125.8, 125.0, 52.6, 52.4, 44.1, 41.4, 40.5, 38.6, 36.1, 24.4. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.51 (s, 1H), 7.46 – 6.84 (m, 4H), 4.12 (dd, $J = 7.0$, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.51 (dd, $J = 5.6$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (dd, $J = 4.9$, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.5$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.7, 177.2, 176.8, 173.0, 136.5, 135.2, 128.3, 128.3, 126.4, 125.3, 52.9, 51.7, 43.8, 41.6, 40.6, 38.6, 36.8, 24.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_5\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 328.1179; found, 328.1192.

Compound 5ag: Colorless oil. 56 mg. Yield 72%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.51 (s, 1H), 7.82 – 6.90 (m, 7H), 6.69 – 6.22 (m, 2H), 4.25 – 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.06 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.46 (dd, $J = 3.6$, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (dd, $J = 8.6$, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, $J = 5.4$, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, $J = 8.6$, 3.3 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8, 176.5, 176.1, 173.0, 136.8, 134.2, 131.2, 129.1, 128.6, 128.5, 128.5, 126.4, 126.1, 125.3, 53.0, 51.6, 44.2, 41.5, 40.7, 39.0, 37.1. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.94 (s, 1H), 7.48 – 7.04 (m, 7H), 6.48 – 6.42 (m, 2H), 4.29 – 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.15 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.55 (dd, $J = 5.7$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 7.6$, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (dd, $J = 5.7$, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (dd, $J = 8.6$, 3.3 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.8, 176.4, 176.0, 172.2, 136.4, 135.5, 131.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 126.6, 126.4, 125.6, 52.6, 52.3, 43.9, 41.5, 40.5, 39.0, 36.4. LRMS (EI): 389[M+], 339, 279, 186, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_5\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 390.1336; found, 390.1343.

Compound 5ac: Colorless oil. 66 mg. Yield 82%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.46 (s, 1H), 7.15 – 6.95 (m, 7H), 6.55 (dd, $J = 7.1$, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 2H), 4.10 (dt, $J = 6.2$, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.39 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (dd, $J = 8.7$, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (dd, $J = 5.3$, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, $J = 8.7$, 3.2 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8, 176.9, 176.5, 173.0, 136.5, 134.7, 133.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.4, 127.4, 127.3, 125.8, 125.3, 52.9, 51.9, 44.0, 42.0, 41.8, 40.4, 38.5, 36.7. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.91 (s, 1H), 7.18 – 6.94 (m, 7H), 6.55 (dd, $J = 7.1$, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 4.10 (dt, $J = 6.2$, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, $J = 5.6$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.21 (dd, $J = 6.0$, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 5.1$, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, $J = 8.7$, 3.2 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.8, 176.8, 176.4, 172.1, 136.1, 135.2, 134.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.4, 127.4, 127.3, 126.4, 125.0, 52.6, 52.5, 43.7, 42.0, 41.3, 40.8, 38.5, 36.0. LRMS (EI): 403[M+], 389, 361, 175, 155, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd

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3 for $C_{24}H_{22}O_5N$, $[M+H]^+$, 404.1492; found, 404.1502.
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6 **Compound 5ba:** Colorless oil. 46 mg. Yield 68%. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.95 (s, 1H),
7 7.26 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 4.27 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.15 – 3.91 (m, 3H), 3.48 (dd, $J = 5.5, 2.2$ Hz, 1H),
8 3.35 – 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.23 – 3.17 (m, 1H), 2.94 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, $J =$
9 7.1 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.9, 177.2, 176.8, 171.6, 136.2, 135.2, 128.5, 128.2,
10 126.3, 125.0, 61.5, 52.3, 43.8, 40.7, 40.6, 38.8, 36.0, 24.4, 14.2. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ
11 9.50 (s, 1H), 7.25 – 7.00 (m, 4H), 4.27 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.14 – 3.95 (m, 3H), 3.43 (dd, $J = 5.3,$
12 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.32 – 3.27 (m, 1H), 3.23 – 3.17 (m, 1H), 3.12 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H),
13 1.36 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 198.9, 177.3, 176.9, 172.6, 136.5, 134.0,
14 128.5, 128.3, 125.9, 125.3, 62.0, 51.6, 44.1, 41.7, 41.4, 38.7, 36.8, 24.4, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd
15 for $C_{19}H_{20}O_5N$, $[M+H]^+$, 342.1336; found, 342.1329.
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19 **Compound 5af:** Colorless oil. 36 mg. Yield 58%. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.94 (s, 1H),
20 7.42 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 4.16 (dd, $J = 6.2, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.09 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.59 (dd,
21 $J = 9.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 5.7, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, $J = 9.5, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.29 (dd, $J =$
22 5.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 197.8, 171.5, 170.9, 170.5, 135.6, 134.6, 129.1,
23 129.1, 126.2, 125.3, 52.8, 51.8, 44.5, 41.3, 40.4, 38.4, 35.9. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.49 (s,
24 1H), 7.42 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 4.16 (dd, $J = 6.2, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H),
25 3.54 (dd, $J = 9.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, $J = 9.4, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.22
26 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.9$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.2, 172.7, 171.0, 170.7, 135.9, 133.3,
27 129.3, 129.1, 126.7, 125.6, 53.1, 51.2, 44.8, 42.2, 41.1, 38.3, 36.5. LRMS (EI): 314[M+], 244, 186,
28 155, 133, 113. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{17}H_{15}O_6$, $[M+H]^+$, 315.0863; found, 315.0885.
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33 **Compound 5ah:** Colorless oil. 43 mg. Yield 60%. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.50 (s, 1H),
34 7.39 – 6.90 (m, 4H), 4.80 (ddd, $J = 13.7, 12.5, 2.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H),
35 3.38 (dd, $J = 5.0, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (dd, $J = 5.0, 2.5$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ
36 198.1, 172.2, 165.6, 165.1, 143.4, 141.6, 140.1, 137.6, 127.2, 127.0, 124.6, 124.0, 54.6, 52.6, 52.6,
37 52.5, 45.1, 44.4, 42.5. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.78 (s, 1H), 7.56 – 6.70 (m, 4H), 4.80 (ddd,
38 $J = 13.7, 12.5, 2.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 5.0, 2.7$ Hz, 1H),
39 3.26 (dd, $J = 5.1, 2.4$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 198.5, 171.5, 165.3, 165.3, 143.4,
40 141.1, 139.9, 138.7, 127.0, 126.9, 125.1, 123.7, 55.7, 52.6, 52.6, 52.5, 44.8, 44.2, 42.7. LRMS
41 (EI): 358[M+], 186, 155, 128. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{19}H_{19}O_7$, $[M+H]^+$, 359.1125; found,
42 359.1133.
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47 **Compound 5ca:** White solid. 48 mg. Yield 80%. 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 9.53
48 (s, 1H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, $J = 5.2,$
49 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.1$
50 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.6, 198.6, 176.8, 176.5, 136.2, 134.4,
51 128.6, 128.4, 125.9, 125.1, 49.5, 47.8, 43.9, 41.2, 36.9, 36.0, 24.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for
52 $C_{17}H_{16}O_4N$, $[M+H]^+$, 298.1074; found, 298.1084.
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56 **Compound 5cb:** Colorless oil. 45 mg. Yield 72%.
57 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.94 (s, 1H), 9.53 (s, 1H), 7.28 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz,
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3 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 3.48 (dd, $J = 5.2, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.17
4 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.96 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 0.35 (t, $J = 7.2$
5 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.7, 198.8, 176.7, 176.4, 136.4, 134.6, 128.4, 128.3,
6 126.0, 125.2, 49.4, 47.8, 43.7, 41.0, 37.0, 36.2, 33.2, 11.9. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4\text{N}$,
7 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 312.1230; found, 312.1235.

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10 **Compound 7aa:** White solid. 260 mg. Yield 80%. mp 204-205 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
11 7.26 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.12 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 4.09 – 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.90 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.49 (dd, J
12 = 5.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dd, $J = 8.5,$
13 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.6, 205.2,
14 177.4, 177.0, 136.5, 134.3, 128.4, 128.2, 125.8, 125.2, 50.9, 50.3, 44.3, 40.6, 38.8, 38.6, 29.3, 28.1,
15 24.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 326.1392; found, 326.1396.

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18 **Compound 7ab:** White solid. 278 mg. Yield 82%. mp 188-189 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)
19 δ 7.24 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.19 – 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.90 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.49
20 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.10 (q, $J =$
21 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 0.35 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C
22 NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.6, 205.3, 177.2, 176.8, 136.7, 134.4, 128.2, 128.1, 125.9, 125.3,
23 50.8, 50.4, 44.0, 40.4, 38.9, 38.5, 33.2, 29.3, 28.1, 11.9. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4\text{N}$,
24 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 340.1549; found, 340.1548.

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27 **Compound 7ac:** White solid. 230 mg. Yield 74%. mp 201-202 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
28 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.28 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 4.17 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.87 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H),
29 3.45 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dd, J
30 = 8.7, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.7, 205.2, 177.3,
31 176.9, 136.5, 134.2, 128.5, 128.4, 125.9, 125.4, 50.8, 50.2, 45.4, 41.8, 38.6, 38.1, 29.4, 28.1. HRMS
32 (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 312.1230; found, 312.1228.

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35 **Compound 7ba:** White solid. 54 mg. Yield 60%. mp 98-100 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
36 8.08 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.67 – 7.48 (m, 6H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.18
37 (td, $J = 6.9, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (dd, $J = 5.2, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.55 (dd, $J = 5.2,$
38 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.06 – 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.91 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.54 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd,
39 $J = 8.4, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.9, 198.5, 177.7, 177.2,
40 136.4, 135.9, 135.6, 134.2, 134.1, 133.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 126.2, 125.0,
41 46.0, 45.1, 44.3, 40.6, 40.3, 39.6, 24.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_4\text{NNa}$, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 472.1519;
42 found, 472.1526.

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45 **Compound 7bb:** White solid. 51 mg. Yield 55%. mp 167-168 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ
46 8.07 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.95 – 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.65 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H),
47 7.51 (dt, $J = 15.4, 7.6$ Hz, 4H), 7.25 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz,
48 1H), 4.65 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.53 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 – 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.89 (t, $J =$
49 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (dd, $J = 8.3, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.13 (dd, $J = 8.3, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.07 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H),
50 0.31 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.9, 198.6, 177.5, 177.0, 136.5, 135.9,
51 135.6, 134.4, 134.1, 133.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 126.4, 125.1, 45.9, 45.1, 44.0,
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40.4, 40.3, 39.8, 33.1, 11.9. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{30}H_{25}O_4NNa$, $[M+Na]^+$, 486.1676; found, 486.1677

Compound 7be: Colorless oil. 213 mg. Yield 49%. δ 8.06 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.65 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 – 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.19 (td, $J = 7.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dd, $J = 5.1, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.51 (dd, $J = 5.2, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 – 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.86 (t, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.3$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.9, 198.5, 177.8, 177.2, 136.4, 135.8, 135.5, 134.2, 134.1, 133.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.4, 128.4, 128.2, 126.4, 125.1, 45.9, 45.4, 45.0, 41.7, 40.1, 39.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{28}H_{22}O_4N$, $[M+H]^+$, 436.1549; found, 436.1548.

Compound 7bf: White solid. 44 mg. Yield 50%. mp 211-212 °C. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.07 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 5H), 7.42 – 7.18 (m, 4H), 6.97 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.57 (qd, $J = 5.2, 2.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.17 – 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.94 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.84 (dd, $J = 9.3, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (dd, $J = 9.4, 3.4$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.8, 197.8, 171.6, 171.1, 135.8, 135.6, 135.3, 134.4, 133.7, 133.6, 129.3, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 126.6, 125.3, 45.8, 44.9, 44.5, 41.5, 40.0, 39.4. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{28}H_{21}O_5$, $[M+H]^+$, 437.1384; found, 437.1393.

Compound 7bh: White solid. 46 mg. Yield 48%. mp 126-127 °C. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.97 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.44 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 7.26 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.44 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.39 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 199.4, 196.8, 166.3, 165.3, 142.1, 142.0, 140.6, 137.3, 136.1, 135.8, 133.6, 133.5, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 127.2, 126.6, 125.0, 123.5, 52.6, 52.4, 50.1, 49.3, 47.0, 45.7. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{30}H_{25}O_6$, $[M+H]^+$, 481.1646; found, 481.1656.

Compound 7ca: White solid. 43 mg. Yield 52%. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.98 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.64 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.34 – 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.06 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.95 – 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.53 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 197.8, 177.5, 177.0, 173.3, 136.2, 135.8, 133.7, 133.4, 129.0, 128.4, 128.4, 128.1, 126.0, 125.2, 61.8, 47.1, 44.4, 43.0, 41.1, 40.0, 38.9, 24.4, 14.3. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{25}H_{24}O_5N$, $[M+H]^+$, 418.1649; found, 418.1659.

Compound 7da: White solid. 227 mg. Yield 78%. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 7.65 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.55 (s, 1H), 3.46 (s, 1H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 176.9, 176.6, 135.5, 134.0, 129.1, 129.1, 126.9, 126.3, 119.9, 119.7, 42.6, 40.2, 38.5, 38.0, 31.7, 31.1, 24.5. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}O_2N_3$, $[M+H]^+$, 292.1086; found, 292.1088.

Compound 7ea: White solid. 247 mg. Yield 70%. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.29 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.07 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.14 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.84 (t, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.47 (dd, $J = 5.4, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dd, $J = 8.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.94 – 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.62 (ddd, $J = 13.8, 12.4, 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.58 – 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.13 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 0.98 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 210.6, 208.2, 177.5, 177.1, 136.6, 134.4, 128.2, 128.1, 125.7, 125.0, 50.3, 49.4, 44.4, 40.6, 38.7, 38.6, 35.3, 33.8, 24.2, 7.8, 7.7. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_4\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 354.1700; found, 354.1706.

Compound 7fa: White solid. 266 mg. Yield 75%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.24 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.12 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 4.25 (qd, $J = 7.1, 2.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.03 – 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.96 (t, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 5.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 – 3.24 (m, 2H), 3.14 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.7, 177.3, 177.1, 173.0, 136.4, 133.9, 128.4, 128.2, 125.7, 125.3, 61.8, 52.4, 44.4, 42.5, 41.0, 38.7, 38.6, 28.0, 24.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_5\text{N}$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 356.1492; found, 356.1494.

Compound 8a: White solid. 109 mg. Yield 40%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.29 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, $J = 7.3, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.26 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.96 – 3.68 (m, 4H), 3.53 (dd, $J = 6.1, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.54 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.6, 133.1, 131.6, 128.4, 126.1, 125.1, 123.9, 94.5, 75.7, 65.7, 60.4, 43.8, 25.0, 19.5, 15.3, 13.8. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 275.1283; found, 275.1276.

Compound 8b: Colorless oil. 27 mg. Yield 11%. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 4.26 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.06 – 3.59 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 1H), 1.33 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.28 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.9, 134.7, 132.0, 128.3, 126.4, 125.4, 122.4, 94.0, 77.5, 65.8, 61.2, 45.2, 26.2, 19.1, 15.4, 14.2. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 275.1283; found, 275.1275.

ASSOCIATED CONTENT

Supporting Information

The Supporting Information is available free of charge on the ACS Publications website at DOI: ^{1}H and ^{13}C NMR spectra, NOE spectra, and 2D spectra of starting materials and products (PDF). X-ray crystal structure data for 3ad (CIF).

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Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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