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Copper(I)-catalyzed synthesis of 1-arylpyrazolo[5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one via intramolecular alkyne hydroamination



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ABSTRACT

The 1-arylpyrazolo[5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one derivatives were obtained via intramolecular alkyne hydroamination reaction of 2-amino-*N*'-arylbenzohydrazide and alkynal diethyl acetal in the presence of CuBr and Cs₂CO₃. This new procedure provides an efficient method to construct fused tricyclic heterocycle containing both pyrazole and quinazoline analogues.

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1. Introduction

Pyrazoloquinazolines are important tricyclic heterocycles containing both pyrazole and quinazoline moieties and widely occurred in biologically active molecules. They are well known structures to be used to inhibit nerve growth factors¹ or serve as kinase inhibitors, such as selective MPS1 kinase inhibitors,² phosphodiesterase 10A inhibitors,³ selective polo-like kinase 1 inhibitors,⁴ and multi-cyclindependent kinase inhibitors.⁵ In addition, they are also used as novel excitatory amino acid antagonists⁶ and adenosine receptor antagonists recently.⁷ As a consequence, great effort has been devoted to access pyrazoloquinazoline and its derivatives.⁸ However, simple, mild, versatile one-pot preparation of this class compounds is still highly desirable.

Cu(I) was an efficient and inexpensive catalyst for the coupling reactions of C–N bond.⁹ We previously reported that CuBr could catalyze Ullmann-type reaction of 2-amino-*N*'-arylbenzohydrazide and o-halogenated benzaldehyde to construct 5-arylindazolo[3,2-*b*]quinazolin-7(5*H*)-ones in high yields.¹⁰ In addition, Cu(I) could also promote the alkyne hydroamination reaction between amine and alkyne to form C_{sp^2} –N bond under mild conditions.¹¹ Therefore, we tested the reaction of 2-amino-*N*'-arylbenzohydrazide and alkynal diethyl acetal and found that the designed reaction proceeded in the presence of CuBr and Cs₂CO₃ to give 1-arylpyrazolo [5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one derivatives in high yields. Herein, we

report the synthesis of 1-arylpyrazolo[5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-ones via CuBr/Cs₂CO₃ catalyzed intramolecular alkyne hydroamination reaction.

2. Results and discussion

The reaction of 2-amino-*N*'-phenylbenzohydrazide **1a** with 3phenylpropynal diethyl acetal **2a** was used as a model reaction to optimize reaction conditions (Scheme 1), and the results are summarized in Table 1. Initially, the reaction in toluene in the presence of CuCl (5 mol %), K₂CO₃ (2 equiv) could afford the desired product **3a** in 72% yield. Further investigation of various catalysts, CuBr was found to be more effective than other Cu(I) species, and the reaction yield increased to 82% when CuBr was employed (entries 1–3). Several bases such as Na₂CO₃, NaHCO₃, Et₃N, and Cs₂CO₃ were examined, and Cs₂CO₃ was found to give the best result (entries 4–7). Subsequently, different solvents including THF, CH₃CN, DMF, benzene, and dioxane were also evaluated and an 89% yield was obtained when dioxane was used as solvent (entry 11). In addition, lower yields were observed if the loading of catalyst reduced to 1 mol % (entries 13 and 14).

With these optimized conditions in hand, we surveyed the substrate scope of 2-amino-*N*'-phenylbenzohydrazides and alkynal diethyl acetals (Table 2, Scheme 2). Initially, 3-phenylpropynal diethyl acetal **2a** and different 2-amino-*N*'-phenylbenzohydrazides were investigated under standard conditions, and both electron-rich and electron-poor 2-amino-*N*'-phenylbenzohydrazides could afford the corresponding products in high



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Scheme 1. The model reaction.

 Table 1

 Synthesis of 3a under different reaction conditions^a

Entry	Cat. (mol %)	Solvent	Base	Yields ^b /%
1	CuCl (5)	Toluene ^c	K ₂ CO ₃	72
2	CuBr (5)	Toluene ^c	K ₂ CO ₃	82
3	Cul (5)	Toluene ^c	K ₂ CO ₃	78
4	CuBr (5)	Toluene ^c	Na ₂ CO ₃	75
5	CuBr (5)	Toluene ^c	NaHCO3 ^d	68
6	CuBr (5)	Toluene ^c	Et ₃ N	70
7	CuBr (5)	Toluene ^c	Cs ₂ CO ₃	84
8	CuBr (5)	CH ₃ CN	Cs ₂ CO ₃	58
9	CuBr (5)	THF	Cs ₂ CO ₃	68
10	CuBr (5)	DMF ^c	Cs ₂ CO ₃	85
11	CuBr (5)	Dioxane	Cs ₂ CO ₃	89
12	CuBr (5)	Benzene	Cs ₂ CO ₃	62
13	CuBr (1)	Dioxane	Cs ₂ CO ₃	75
14	CuBr (10)	Dioxane	Cs ₂ CO ₃	89

^a Reagents and conditions: **1a** (0.227 g, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (0.205 g, 1.0 mmol), solvent (10 mL), base (2.0 mmol), reflux.

^b Isolated yields.

^c 100 °C.

^d NaHCO₃: 4 mmol.

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Entry	Ar	R	R′	Products	Time/h	Yields ^b /%
1	Ph	Ph	Н	3a	6	89
2	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	Ph	Н	3b	6	92
3	$4-CH_3C_6H_4$	Ph	Н	3c	8	86
4	Ph	Ph	7-CH3	3d	5	90
5	$4-CH_3C_6H_4$	Ph	7-CH3	3e	6	85
6	Ph	Ph	7-Br	3f	8	86
7	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	Ph	7-Br	3g	6	90
8	$4-CH_3C_6H_4$	Ph	7-Br	3h	6	89
9	Ph	Ph	7-Cl	3i	8	84
10	Ph	Ph	6-Cl	3j	6	90
11	$4-CH_3C_6H_4$	Ph	6-Cl	3k	6	91
12	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	Ph	6-Cl	31	5	88
13	Ph	Ph	5,6-(CH ₃) ₂	3m	8	85
14	Ph	CH_3	7-Cl	3n	10	86
15	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	CH_3	7-Br	30	8	89
16	Ph	CH ₃	6-Cl	3р	8	84
17	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	CH ₃	6-Cl	3q	8	90
18	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	Н	7-Br	3r	6	82

 a Reagents and conditions: 1 (1.0 mmol), 2 (1.0 mmol), CuBr (7 mg, 0.05 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (652 mg, 2 mmol), dioxane (10 mL), reflux.

^b Isolated yields.

yields (Table 2, entries 1–13). Subsequently, 2-butynal diethyl acetal and propargylaldehyde diethyl acetal were tested and were able to give pyrazolo[5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one under the standard conditions. All the products of **3** were characterized by ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, IR, and HRMS, and the data were in good agreement with the preconceived structures. Among these structures, the structure of **3d** was confirmed by X-ray diffraction analysis as shown in Fig. 1.



Fig. 1. The crystal structure of 3d.

We propose that three subsequent steps are involved in the formation of **3**, namely cyclization to dihydroquinazolinone **4** catalyzed CuBr, aromatization to quinazolinone by air, and alkyne hydroamination reaction in the presence of CuBr and Cs₂CO₃. The key step is the alkyne hydroamination, which has been reported in several references.¹¹ The plausible reaction mechanism is outlined in Scheme 3.

In order to get more insight to the mechanism, the model reaction of **1a** and **2a** was treated with CuBr in the absence of Cs_2CO_3 and the reaction was end up to form the compound of **4** in 90% at room temperature, which also supported the proposed three step mechanism (Scheme 4).

3. Conclusion

In conclusion, we report a novel and efficient method for the synthesis of 1-arylpyrazolo[5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one derivatives using 5 mol % CuBr as catalyst. The method employs readily available reactant, inexpensive catalyst and affords the tricyclic heterocycles in high yields.



Scheme 2. The reaction of 1 and 2.



Scheme 3. The plausible reaction mechanism.



Scheme 4. The model reaction in the absence of Cs₂CO₃.

4. Experimental section

4.1. General

The 2-amino-*N'*-arylbenzohydrazides were prepared according to Ref. 12.

4.2. General procedure for the syntheses of 1-aryl pyrazolo [5,1-*b*]quinazolin-9(1*H*)-one derivatives 3

2-Amino-N'-arylbenzohydrazide (1.0 mmol), alkynal diethyl acetal (1.0 mmol), CuBr (7 mg, 0.05 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (652 mg), and dioxane (10 mL) were added into a dry flask (25 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred under reflux for 5–10 h before completion, which was monitored by TLC. The solid was removed by a hot and immediate filtration. The filtrate was allowed to cool down to room temperature, and the product **3** was precipitated as solid and obtained by filtration.

4.2.1. 1,2-Diphenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3a**). Yield 89% (300 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 257–258 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.23 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.57–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.35 (m, 5H), 7.34–7.30 (m, 4H), 6.65 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.8, 156.5, 152.1, 149.7, 140.1, 133.9, 130.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.0, 126.5, 126.3, 124.1, 118.0, 102.0. IR (KBr): ν 3065, 1679, 1614, 1589, 1548, 1489, 1463, 1360, 1321, 1255, 1228, 1201, 1179, 1100, 1064, 1025, 964, 914, 809, 773, 760, 690 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₆N₃O [M+H]⁺ 338.1293, found 338.1291.

4.2.2. 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)one (**3b**). Yield 92% (342 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 220–221 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.23 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78–7.72 (m, 2H), 7.56–7.54 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.33 (m, 3H), 7.27 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.7, 156.5, 151.9, 149.6, 138.7, 135.4, 134.1, 130.9, 129.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 127.7, 126.44, 126.42, 124.4, 118.0, 102.4. IR (KBr): ν 3031, 1681, 1616, 1589, 1550, 1485, 1467, 1362, 1325, 1257, 1229, 1202, 1180, 1097, 1063, 1017, 967, 922, 838, 803, 774, 760, 690 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₁₅N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 372.0904, found 372.0905.

4.2.3. 2-Phenyl-1-(p-tolyl)pyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3c**). Yield 86% (302 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 273–274 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.24 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76–7.72 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.56 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 4H), 7.27 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.7, 156.6, 152.0, 149.6, 139.7, 137.4, 133.9, 130.6, 129.5, 129.0, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 126.5, 126.3, 124.0, 118.0, 101.7, 21.3. IR (KBr): ν 3030, 1681, 1616, 1588, 1548, 1505, 1466, 1363, 1326, 1258, 1229, 1201, 1180, 1063, 1021, 966, 923, 879, 804, 778, 757, 690 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m*/*z*): calcd for C₂₃H₁₈N₃O [M+H]⁺ 352.1450, found 352.1450.

4.2.4. 7-*Methyl*-1,2-*diphenylpyrazolo*[5,1-*b*]*quinazolin*-9(1*H*)-*one* (**3d**). Yield 90% (316 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 238–239 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50–7.48 (m, 3H), 7.33–7.27 (m, 4H), 7.25–7.22 (m, 3H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 157.5, 155.4, 150.5, 146.6, 139.3, 134.6, 133.1, 129.6, 128.4, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.1, 126.9, 125.1, 124.6, 116.8, 101.1, 20.2. IR (KBr): ν 3057, 1683, 1584, 1542, 1483, 1445, 1342, 1318, 1260, 1212, 1116, 1077, 1026, 830, 807, 776, 760, 689 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₃H₁₈N₃O [M+H]⁺ 352.1450, found 352.1452.

4.2.5. 7-*Methyl*-2-*Phenyl*-1-(*p*-tolyl)*pyrazolo*[5,1-*b*]*quinazolin*-9(1*H*)-one (**3e**). Yield 85% (310 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 272–273 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.33 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.5, 156.5, 151.5, 147.7, 139.5, 137.6, 135.6, 134.0, 130.5, 129.5, 129.0, 128.8, 128.2, 127.7, 126.1, 125.7, 117.8, 101.8, 21.244, 21.236. IR (KBr): ν 3012, 1678, 1624, 1595, 1506, 1484, 1448, 1358, 1308, 1258, 1209, 1121, 1109, 1061, 1020, 837, 801, 758, 719, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₄H₂₀N₃O [M+H]⁺ 366.1606, found 366.1607.

4.2.6. 7-Bromo-1,2-diphenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3f**). Yield 86% (358 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 259–260 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.26 (d, *J*=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72–7.69 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 5H), 7.25–7.19 (m, 3H), 6.57 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 157.9, 154.3, 151.2, 147.4, 138.7, 136.0, 129.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.91, 127.86, 127.8, 127.1, 127.0, 126.8, 118.2, 115.9, 100.7. IR (KBr): ν 3051, 1674, 1606, 1585, 1537, 1489, 1461, 1367, 1334, 1309, 1246, 1211, 1120, 1068, 1027, 981, 819, 802, 763, 694 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₅N₃OBr [M+H]⁺ 416.0398, found 416.0373.

4.2.7. 7-Bromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3g**). Yield 90% (405 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 217–218 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.33 (d, *J*=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J*=8.8 Hz, *J*'=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44–7.37 (m, 3H), 7.34–7.29 (m, 4H), 6.65 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 155.3, 152.0, 148.4, 138.3, 137.2, 135.6, 131.0, 129.4, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.2, 127.5, 119.2, 117.2, 102.2. IR (KBr): ν 3055, 1683, 1609, 1588, 1541, 1487, 1461, 1402, 1355, 1261, 1226, 1088, 1015, 821, 807, 767, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₄N₃OBrCl [M+H]⁺ 450.0009, found 449.9995.

4.2.8. 7-Bromo-2-phenyl-1-(p-tolyl)pyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3h**). Yield 89% (383 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 240–241 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 155.3, 152.2, 148.5, 139.9, 137.00, 136.96, 130.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 119.2, 116.8, 101.5, 21.3. IR (KBr): ν 3060, 3033, 1686, 1610, 1584, 1539, 1506, 1461, 1447, 1360, 1322, 1306, 1243, 1208, 1132, 1117, 1060, 1020, 976, 900, 835, 758, 691 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₃H₁₇N₃OBr [M+H]⁺ 430.0550, found 430.0538.

4.2.9. 7-*Chloro*-1,2-*diphenylpyrazolo*[5,1-*b*]*quinazolin*-9(1*H*)-*one* (**3***i*). Yield 84% (312 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 237–238 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.68–7.63 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38–7.35 (m, 5H), 7.32–7.31 (m, 3H), 6.64 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 155.4, 152.1, 148.2, 139.8, 134.4, 130.8, 129.7, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.03, 127.98, 127.8, 125.6, 118.8, 101.7. IR (KBr): ν 3060, 1675, 1611, 1583, 1540, 1490, 1465, 1448, 1365, 1337, 1309, 1248, 1211, 1174, 1132, 1065, 1027, 831, 764, 694 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₅N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 372.0904, found 372.0903.

4.2.10. 6-*Chloro-1,2-diphenylpyrazolo*[5,1-*b*]*quinazolin-9*(1*H*)-*one* (**3***j*). Yield 90% (334 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 246–247 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.13 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40–7.35 (m, 5H), 7.33–7.31 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 156.0, 152.8, 150.6, 140.1, 139.7, 130.8, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 125.6, 124.7, 116.3, 101.7. IR (KBr): ν 3074, 1692, 1582, 1539, 1489, 1453, 1432, 1362, 1338, 1282, 1249, 1211, 1158, 1108, 1067, 1025, 969, 920, 876, 812, 760, 691 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₅N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 372.0904, found 372.0892.

4.2.11. 6-*Chloro-2-Phenyl-1-(p-tolyl)pyrazolo*[5,1-*b*]*quinazolin-9(1H)-one* (**3***k*). Yield 91% (351 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 253–254 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.14 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.34 (m, 3H), 7.27–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 156.0, 152.7, 150.6, 140.0, 139.7, 137.0, 130.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.8, 128.0, 127.9, 125.5, 124.5, 116.3, 101.4, 21.6. IR (KBr): ν 3032, 1683, 1605, 1579, 1538, 1506, 1455, 1433, 1364, 1338, 1283, 1230, 1212, 1108, 1076, 1064, 918, 807, 768, 759, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₃H₁₇N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 386.1060, found 386.1060.

4.2.12. 6-Chloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3l**). Yield 88% (357 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 260–261 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.13 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J*=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.42–7.37 (m, 3H), 7.33 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29–7.27 (m, 3H), 6.64 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.9, 156.0, 152.6, 150.5, 140.2, 138.3, 135.6, 131.0, 129.4, 129.2, 129.01, 128.95, 127.9, 127.5, 125.7, 124.9, 116.3, 102.2. IR (KBr): ν 3084, 1682, 1609, 1585, 1540, 1489, 1455, 1433, 1358, 1339, 1254, 1211, 1088, 1066, 1017, 972, 919, 868, 804, 761, 744, 692 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (TOF, ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₁₄N₃OCl₂ [M+H]⁺ 406.0514, found 406.0506.

4.2.13. 5,6-Dimethyl-1,2-diphenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)one (**3m**). Yield 85% (310 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 152–153 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.01 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57–7.54 (m, 2H), 7.39–7.33 (m, 5H), 7.30–7.25 (m, 3H), 7.16 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 158.4, 156.9, 151.1, 148.3, 142.3, 140.5, 132.2, 130.5, 129.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 126.6, 123.3, 116.1, 102.6, 21.0, 13.5. IR (KBr): ν 3107, 3056, 2913, 1672, 1591, 1556, 1487, 1448, 1412, 1361, 1291, 1217, 1135, 1071, 1027, 980, 948, 814, 775, 761, 689 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₄H₂₀N₃O [M+H]⁺ 366.1606, found 366.1605.

4.2.14. 7-Chloro-2-Methyl-1-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3n**). Yield 86% (266 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 188–189 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.63–7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52–7.47 (m, 3H), 7.30–7.25 (m, 2H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 155.0, 154.2, 151.8, 148.2, 138.0, 134.3, 129.5, 129.3, 128.8, 127.9, 125.9, 125.5, 117.9, 99.9, 13.1. IR (KBr): ν 3061, 3013, 1693, 1614, 1591, 1542, 1488, 1468, 1422, 1383, 1357, 1330, 1299, 1252, 1215, 1174, 1138, 1113, 1071, 1029, 993, 890, 828, 788, 767, 695 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₁₇H₁₃N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 310.0747, found 310.0748.

4.2.15. 7-Bromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3o**). Yield 89% (345 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 215–216 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.30–8.28 (m, 1H), 7.78–7.75 (m, 1H), 7.57–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.45 (dd, *J*=8.4 Hz, *J*'=1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 154.9, 154.1, 151.7, 148.4, 137.0, 136.5, 135.5, 129.6, 128.7, 128.1, 127.2, 118.3, 116.5, 100.5, 13.0. IR (KBr): *v* 3060, 1672, 1608, 1591, 1538, 1489, 1463, 1385, 1358, 1335, 1305, 1278, 1218, 1174, 1133, 1089, 1016, 970, 882, 832, 817, 777, 740, 690 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₁₇H₁₂N₃OBrCl [M+H]⁺ 387.9852, found 387.9852.

4.2.16. 6-Chloro-2-Methyl-1-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3p**). Yield 84% (260 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 212–213 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.10 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52–7.46 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, *J*=8.8 Hz, *J*'=2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 155.5, 154.2, 152.4, 150.6, 139.9, 138.0, 129.5, 129.3, 127.9, 126.0, 125.4, 124.1, 115.4, 99.8, 13.0. IR (KBr): ν 3072, 3033, 1690, 1581, 1537, 1488, 1455, 1433, 1354, 1336, 1275, 1216, 1185, 1099, 1070, 996, 918, 871, 829, 768, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₁₇H₁₃N₃OCl [M+H]⁺ 310.0747, found 310.0748.

4.2.17. 6-Chloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3q**). Yield 90% (309 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 202–203 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.10 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J*=2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.44 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.21 (m, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 155.5, 154.1, 152.3, 150.5, 140.1, 136.5, 135.5, 129.6, 127.8, 127.3, 125.5, 124.4, 115.4, 100.4, 13.0. IR (KBr): ν 3082, 1677, 1636, 1595, 1538, 1483, 1456, 1434, 1388, 1355, 1280, 1221, 1087, 1073, 1012, 992, 922, 870, 844, 810, 768, 684 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₁₇H₁₂N₃OCl₂ [M+H]⁺ 344.0357, found 344.0356.

4.2.18. 7-Bromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazolo[5,1-b]quinazolin-9(1H)-one (**3r**). Yield 82% (307 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 223–224 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 9.55 (s, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.29 (d, *J*=2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.12–8.09 (m, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, *J*=8.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 159.0, 150.9, 147.1, 146.6, 138.1, 130.5, 129.5, 129.4, 128.8, 124.8, 124.5, 120.4, 115.2, 114.7. IR (KBr): ν 3034, 1698, 1672, 1607, 1578, 1541, 1488, 1463, 1300, 1251, 1212, 1176, 1090, 1016, 827, 819, 766, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₁₆H₈N₃OBrCl [M–H]⁻ 371.9539, found 371.9538.

4.3. Syntheses of 3-(phenylamino)-2-(phenylethynyl)-2,3-dihydroquinazolin-4(1*H*)-one 4

2-Amino-N'-phenylbenzohydrazide **1a** (227 mg, 1.0 mmol), 3-phenylpropynal diethyl acetal (204 mg, 1.0 mmol), CuBr (7 mg, 0.05 mmol), and dioxane (10 mL) was added into a dry flask (25 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h and the product **4** was obtained by filtration.

4.3.1. 3-(*Phenylamino*)-2-(*phenylethynyl*)-2,3-*dihydroquinazolin*-4(1*H*)-*one* (**4**). Yield 90% (305 mg). Pale yellow solid, mp: 154–155 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 7.99 (dd, *J*=8.0 Hz, *J*'=1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 1H), 7.33–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.28–7.23 (m, 4H), 7.03 (d, *J*=7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98–6.92 (m, 2H), 6.81 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 5.76 (d, *J*=2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J*=2.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 164.3, 146.6, 145.5, 134.2, 132.0, 129.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 121.7, 121.3, 120.3, 115.42, 115.39, 113.9, 85.3, 84.1, 64.8. HRMS (TOF, ESI, *m/z*): calcd for C₂₂H₁₇N₃ONa [M+Na]⁺ 362.1269, found 362.1267.

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