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### Synthesis of $\alpha$ -series ganglioside GM1 $\alpha$ containing C20-sphingosine

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Abstract—A synthesis of  $\alpha$ -series ganglioside GM1 $\alpha$  (III<sup>6</sup>Neu5AcGgOse<sub>4</sub>Cer) containing C20-sphingosine(d20:1) is described. Glycosylation of 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl 2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside with the glucosamine donor ethyl 3-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-2-phthalimido-1-thio- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside furnished a  $\beta$ -(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-linked trisaccharide. Reductive cleavage of the *p*-methoxybenzylidene group followed by intramolecular inversion of its triflate afforded the desired trisaccharide, which was transformed into a trisaccharide acceptor via removal of the phthaloyl and *O*-acetyl groups followed by *N*-acetylation. A tetrasaccharide acceptor was obtained by glycosylation of the trisaccharide acceptor with dodecyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzoyl-1-thio- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside, followed by removal of the *p*-methoxybenzyl group. Coupling of the tetrasaccharide acceptor with ethyl (methyl 4,7,8,9-tetra-*O*-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-1-thio-5-trichloroacetamido-D-*glycero*-D-*galacto*-2-nonulopyranosid)onate and subsequent radical reduction gave the desired GM1 $\alpha$  saccharide derivative, which was coupled with (2*S*,3*R*,4*E*)-2-azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-4-eicosene-1,3-diol after conversion into the imidate. © 2004 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

*Keywords:*  $\alpha$ -Series gangliosides; Cholinergic-specific ganglioside antigen; Chol-1; GM1 $\alpha$ ; Intramolecular inversion;  $\alpha$ -Sialylation; *N*-Trichloroacetylneuraminic acid; Eicosene

#### 1. Introduction

Gangliosides are ubiquitously located in vertebrate cell and are particularly abundant in the nervous system. However,  $\alpha$ -series gangliosides containing a common sialyl  $\alpha(2\rightarrow 6)N$ -acetylgalactosamine residue are exclusively localized on cholinergic neurons<sup>1</sup> and are well known as a cholinergic-specific ganglioside antigen (Chol-1).<sup>2</sup> There have been several reports suggesting putative roles of  $\alpha$ -series gangliosides in the nervous system such as the specific association of GT1a $\alpha$  and GQ1b $\alpha$  with cholinergic neuron of rat brain,<sup>3</sup> the specific cell adhesion of GQ1b $\alpha$  mediated by myelin-associated glycoprotein<sup>4</sup> and the potent neuritogenic activity of GT1a $\alpha$  towards cultured neuronal cells (Neuro-2A).<sup>5</sup> Three extremely minor but novel Chol-1 antigens isolated from bovine brain were identified as GM1 $\alpha$ , GD1a $\alpha$  and GT1b $\alpha$ ; each ganglioside was composed of various ceramides; two major components were sphingosines (d18:1 and d20:1).<sup>6</sup> One interesting fact is that the sphingosine d20:1 was not found in brain sphingomyelin but only brain gangliosides. These variations in ceramide structure are generally expressed in a celltype-specific and developmentally regulated manner, implying that they have some specific purposes. For elucidating the specific purposes, it is necessary to examine the physicochemical characters of some gangliosides having a different ceramide. The synthesis of GM1 $\alpha$ containing sphingosine d18:1 and fatty acid C18:0 has been reported.<sup>7</sup> We present herein the synthesis of GM1 $\alpha$  comprised of sphingosine d20:1 and octadecanoic acid C18:0.

#### 2. Results and discussion

Because gangliosides having many variations in ceramide structure would be in demand, we decided to

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Scheme 1. Reagents and conditions: (a) NIS–TfOH, MS 4 Å, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, -40 °C; (b) NaB(CN)H<sub>3</sub>, TFA, MS 4 Å, DMF, 0 °C to rt; (c) Tf<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>–pyridine, 0 °C to rt; DMF, 60 °C; (d) NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, EtOH, reflux; Ac<sub>2</sub>O, pyridine, rt; (e) NIS–TfOH, MS 4 Å, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 0 °C; (f) CAN, CH<sub>3</sub>CN, rt. SE: 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl; PMB: *p*-methoxybenzyl; NPhth: phthalimide; Lau: laulyl.

use a glucosamine derivative as a starting material for the galactosamine moiety. As shown in Scheme 1, condensation of the lactose acceptor 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl 2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (2)<sup>8</sup> with the glucosamine donor ethyl 3-O-acetyl-2-deoxy-4,6-O-[(4methoxyphenyl)methylene]-2-phthalimido-1-thio-β-Dglucopyranoside  $(1)^9$  in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> in the presence of N-iodosuccinimide (NIS)-TfOH and molecular sieves (4 Å) afforded the  $\beta$ -linked trisaccharide **3** in 91% yield. The signal at 5.48 (d,  $J_{1,2}$  8.2 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>) ppm in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 3 proves the  $\beta$ -configuration of the newly synthesized linkage. Reductive cleavage of the *p*-methoxybenzylidene group of **3** by  $NaB(CN)H_3$  and CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H offered the 6-O-p-methoxybenzyl derivative 4 (88%). Intramolecular inversion by the acetyl group of 4 via the triflate yielded the target intermediate 5 having galacto-configuration in a high yield (83%). The signal 5.49 (d,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>) ppm in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 5 proves the formation of galactosamine moiety. *O*-Deacetylation and cleavage of phthalimide group with hydrazine monohydrate followed by *N*-acetylation yielded the trisaccharide acceptor **6** (89%). Condensation of **6** with the galactosyl donor **7** obtained from dodecyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl-1-thio- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside<sup>10</sup> by deacetylation and benzoylation afforded the  $\beta$ -linked tetrasaccharide **8** (58%). The signal at 4.92 (d,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>) ppm in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **8** proves the  $\beta$ -configuration of the newly synthesized linkage. Removal of the *p*-methoxybenzyl group with ammonium cerium(IV) nitrate produced the tetrasaccharide acceptor **9** in 91% yield.

Our earlier experience with a sialyl donor having 5-Ntrichloroacetyl group had shown that the sialyl donor ethyl (methyl 4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-1-thio-5-trichloroacetamido-D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosid) on ate (10) gave preferentially the  $\alpha$ -glycoside in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O.<sup>11</sup> Consequently, when we started to couple the donor 10 with the acceptor 9, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was tried as a solvent. The amount of TfOH required for the beginning of the reaction was unsettled because of low solubility of TfOH in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, though the  $\alpha$ -linked pentasaccharide 11 was obtained in 50% vield. This problem was solved by the use of CH<sub>3</sub>CN in which TfOH is completely soluble. Sialylation of 9 with the donor 10 by use of NIS-TfOH in CH<sub>3</sub>CN afforded stereoselectively the  $\alpha$ -linked pentasaccharide 11 in 60% yield (Scheme 2). Radical reduction with t-BuSnH and AIBN gave the sialopentasacccharide 12 (96%). The signals at 4.82 (H-4<sup>V</sup>), 2.54 (H-3eq<sup>V</sup>) and 1.85 (H- $3ax^{V}$ ) ppm and the value of  $\delta$   $|H-9a^{V}-H-9b^{V}| =$ 0.22 ppm in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **12** prove the  $\alpha$ -configuration of the newly synthesized linkage. Removal of the benzyl group with NaBrO3 and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  followed by benzoylation afforded the GM1 $\alpha$ oligosaccharide derivative 13 (59%).

Removal of the 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl group and subsequent trichloroacetimidate formation gave the pentasaccharide donor; its condensation with (2S,3R,4E)-2azido-3-*O*-benzoyl-4-eicosene-1,3-diol (14)<sup>12</sup> afforded the  $\beta$ -linked glycosyl sphingosine derivative 15 (36%). The signal at 4.54 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>1</sup>) ppm in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 15 proves the  $\beta$ -configuration of the newly synthesized linkage. Reduction of the azido group of 15 with Zn powder and subsequent coupling of the amino group with octadecanoic acid using *N*-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-*N*'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride gave the ganglioside derivative 16 in 74% yield.

One-pot deprotection of **16** through methanolysis and saponification of the methyl ester group gave the title ganglioside GM1 $\alpha$  **17** comprised of sphingosine d20:1 and fatty acid C18:0 in 76% yield. The signals at 4.63 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.5 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.37 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.31 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 2.35 (H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 1.78 (H-3ax<sup>V</sup>) ppm in the



Scheme 2. Reagents and conditions: (a) NIS–TfOH, MS 3 Å, CH<sub>3</sub>CN, -40 °C; (b) BuSnH, AIBN, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, reflux; (c) NaBrO<sub>3</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, AcOEt–H<sub>2</sub>O, rt; BzCl, pyridine; (d) TFA, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 0 °C; CCl<sub>3</sub>CN, DBU, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, rt; BF<sub>3</sub>·Et<sub>2</sub>O, MS 4 Å, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 0 °C; (e) Zn powder, AcOH–CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, rt; CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>COOH, Me<sub>2</sub>HN(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N=C=NEtCl, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, rt; (f) MeONa, MeOH, rt; H<sub>2</sub>O, rt. TCA: CCl<sub>3</sub>CO.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **17** clearly prove the desired anomeric configuration of the synthesized linkages.

#### 3. Experimental

#### **3.1. General procedures**

Optical rotations were measured at 25 °C with a JASCO DIP-370 polarimeter. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX-600 spectrometer at 600 and 125 MHz, respectively. In CDCl<sub>3</sub>, the  $\delta_{\rm H}$ -value is relative to internal Me<sub>4</sub>Si and the  $\delta_{\rm C}$ -value is referenced to the solvent [ $\delta_{\rm C}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 77.0]. Assignments were aided by COSY, TOCSY and <sup>1</sup>H–<sup>13</sup>C correlation spectroscopy. High-resolution mass spectra were recorded on a JEOL JMS-700 under FAB conditions. Ele-

mental analyses were performed on a Perkin-Elmer 2400 II elemental analyzer. All reactions were monitored by TLC on aluminium sheets coated with silica gel  $60F_{254}$  (0.2 mm thickness, E. Merck, Darmstadt, Germany). Column chromatography was carried out using Wako gel C-300E (Wako). Solvent extracts were dried with anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub> unless otherwise specified.

## 3.2. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl *O*-[3-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-2-phthalimido- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl]-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-*O*-(2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (3)

To a solution of  $2^8$  (428 mg, 0.44 mmol) and  $1^9$  (380 mg, 0.74 mmol) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) were added molecular sieves 4 Å (480 mg) and NIS (343 mg, 1.52 mmol), then cooled to -40 °C. To the

mixture was added TfOH (10 µL, 0.11 mmol), and stirring was continued for 40 min at -40 °C. The reaction was quenched with  $Et_3N$  (50.0 µL). The precipitate was filtered off and washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The filtrate and washings were combined, and the solution was successively washed with satd aq NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, M Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:4 EtOAc-hexane) gave 3 (567 mg, 91%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_{D}$ +10.5 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.85– 6.84 (m, 38H, 6Ph, NPhth, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 6.11 (t, 1H, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 5.52 (s, 1H, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH), 5.48 (d, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 8.2 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 5.10 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.2 Hz, CHHPh), 4.89 (d, 1H, Jgem 10.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.79 (d, 1H, Jgem 10.2 Hz, CHHPh), 4.77 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.46 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.40 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.32 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.8 Hz, H-1<sup>1</sup>), 4.33 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.2 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 4.22 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.8 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.19 (H-5<sup>III</sup>), 4.17 (H-6a<sup>III</sup>), 3.97 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.82 (t, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 9.6 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.80  $(OCH_3)$ , 3.75  $(H-6b^{III})$ , 3.72  $(H-4^{III})$ , 3.71  $(H-4^{II})$ , 3.61 (H-6a<sup>I</sup>), 3.56 (t, 1H, J<sub>2,3</sub> 9.5 Hz, J<sub>3,4</sub> 9.6 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.55 (H-6a<sup>II</sup>, H-6b<sup>I</sup>), 3.54 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.33 (t, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.8 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  9.5 Hz, H-2<sup>1</sup>), 3.32 (H-6b<sup>II</sup>), 3.27 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.12 (H-5<sup>II</sup>), 3.10 (t, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  8.8 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 3.02 (t, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  8.8 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 1.88 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.01 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 190.80, 170.07, 160.11, 139.49, 138.90, 138.34, 138.27, 137.83, 131.94, 129.34, 128.89, 128.62, 128.47, 128.35, 128.30, 128.26, 128.20, 128.12, 128.05, 127.86, 127.76, 127.72, 127.63, 127.52, 127.40, 127.29, 127.16, 127.04, 114.23, 113.56, 103.08 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 101.87 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 101.51 (*C*HC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OMe-*p*), 99.67 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 82.81 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.71 (C-2<sup>I</sup>), 80.41 (C-3<sup>II</sup>), 80.08 (C-2<sup>II</sup>), 79.35 (C-4<sup>II</sup>), 76.41 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.63, 75.01 (C-5<sup>I</sup>), 74.93, 74.69, 73.18, 73.02, 72.96, 72.66 (C-5<sup>III</sup>), 72.30 (C-5<sup>II</sup>), 69.25, 68.59, 68.18 (C-6<sup>I</sup>), 68.06, 67.25 (OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 65.50 (C-4<sup>III</sup>), 60.34 (C-6<sup>II</sup>), 55.52, 55.32, 55.23 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 20.66 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.38 (CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 14.14, -1.45 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>83</sub>H<sub>91</sub>NO<sub>19</sub>Si: C, 69.48; H, 6.39; N, 0.98. Found: C, 69.55; H, 6.56; N, 1.04.

## 3.3. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl *O*-[3-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-6-*O*-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-phthalimido- $\beta$ -D-glucopyr-anosyl]-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-*O*-(2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (4)

A solution of **3** (721 mg, 0.50 mmol) and molecular sieves 4 Å AW300 (2.7 g) in anhyd DMF (4.2 mL) was cooled to 0 °C and NaB(CN)H<sub>3</sub> (333 mg, 5.0 mmol) was added. A solution of TFA (135  $\mu$ L) in anhyd DMF (7.9 mL) was then added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to stir at rt for 24 h. The reaction mixture was poured into cold satd aq NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was successively and the size of the s

sively washed with satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:2 EtOAc-hexane) gave 4 (637 mg, 88%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_D$  +13.9 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.65–6.82 (m, 38H, 6Ph, NPhth, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 5.94 (dd, 1H, J<sub>2.3</sub> 11.0 Hz, J<sub>3.4</sub> 9.0 Hz, H- $3^{\text{III}}$ ), 5.39 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 5.08 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$ 9.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.89 (d, 1H, Jgem 11.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.79 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.76 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 9.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.46 (d, 1H, Jgem 12.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.45 (d, 1H, Jgem 11.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.44 (d, 1H, Jgem 12.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.43 (d, 1H, Jgem 11.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.34 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.33 (t, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  11.0 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 4.20 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.14 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.8 Hz, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 3.98 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.90 (t, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 9.0 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 3.82 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  9.6 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.76 (H-6a<sup>III</sup>), 3.76 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.73 (d, 1H,  $J_{3.4}$  2.3 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>),  $3.69 (\text{H-6b}^{\text{III}}), 3.69 (\text{H-5}^{\text{III}}), 3.68 (\text{H-6a}^{\text{II}}), 3.62 (\text{H-6a}^{\text{I}}),$ 3.59 (H-6b<sup>I</sup>), 3.55 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.53 (t, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.1 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.47 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$ 10.8 Hz, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 3.35 (dd, 1H, J<sub>5.6b</sub> 5.1 Hz, H-6b<sup>II</sup>), 3.31 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  9.1 Hz, H-2<sup>I</sup>), 3.27 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{4.5}$  9.6 Hz, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.13 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5.6b}$ 5.1 Hz, H-5<sup>II</sup>), 3.10 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.6 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.3 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 3.01 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  9.6 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 1.91 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.01 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  171.31, 159.28, 139.07, 138.93, 138.66, 138.29, 138.26, 137.95, 129.54, 129.33, 129.25, 128.38, 128.20, 128.11, 128.05, 127.96, 127.84, 127.67, 127.41, 127.36, 127.31, 127.26, 113.83, 103.08 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 101.81 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 99.19 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 82.78 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.74 (C-2<sup>I</sup>), 80.48 (C-3<sup>II</sup>), 80.10 (C-2<sup>II</sup>), 76.26 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.93, 75.05, 74.96 (C-5<sup>I</sup>), 74.91 (C-4<sup>II</sup>), 74.65, 73.38, 73.21 (C-5<sup>III</sup>), 72.98, 72.95 (C-3<sup>III</sup>), 72.86, 72.73 (C-5<sup>II</sup>), 72.44, 71.51 (C-4<sup>III</sup>), 69.68 (C-6<sup>III</sup>), 68.47 (C-6<sup>II</sup>), 68.15 (C-6<sup>I</sup>), 67.25 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 55.19 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 54.58 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 20.76 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.38 (CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.46 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>83</sub>H<sub>93</sub>NO<sub>19</sub>Si: C, 69.39; H, 6.52; N, 0.97. Found: C, 69.27; H, 6.71; N, 0.88.

#### 3.4. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl *O*-[4-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-6-*O*-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-phthalimido- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl]-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-*O*-(2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (5)

A solution of 4 (733 mg, 0.51 mmol) in anhyd  $CH_2Cl_2$  (16 mL) and anhyd pyridine (3.1 mL) was cooled to 0 °C and Tf<sub>2</sub>O (257 µL, 1.5 mmol) added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h, then diluted with anhyd  $CH_2Cl_2$ , successively washed with 2 M HCl and satd aq NaCl, dried and the residue was co-evaporated with toluene (three times) at rt. The residue was dissolved in anhyd DMF (100 mL). The solution was heated to 60 °C and kept for 1 h and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:3 EtOAc–

hexane) gave 5 (606 mg, 83%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}$  -2.3 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.85– 6.82 (m, 38H, 6Ph, NPhth, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 5.49 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 5.26 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 5.04 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 9.4 Hz, CHHPh), 4.98 (dd, 1H, J<sub>2,3</sub> 11.0 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 4.91 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  11.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.82 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.79 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 9.4 Hz, CHHPh), 4.45 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.43 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 8.3 Hz, J<sub>2,3</sub> 11.0 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 4.42 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.40 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  11.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.34 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.30 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.28 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.27 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.26 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.1 Hz, C*H*HPh), 4.16 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.14 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  11.0 Hz, *p*-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 4.10 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.1 Hz, CHHPh), 3.98 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.93 (m, 1H, J<sub>5.6b</sub> 5.7 Hz, H-5<sup>III</sup>), 3.76 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.76 (H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.70 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.6 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 3.64 (H-6a<sup>II</sup>), 3.60 (H-6a<sup>I</sup>, H-6b<sup>I</sup>), 3.54 (H-6a<sup>III</sup>), 3.54 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.53 (H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.49 (m, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}$  5.7 Hz, H-6b<sup>III</sup>), 3.41 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$ 11.0 Hz, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 3.31 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1.2</sub> 7.9 Hz, H-2<sup>I</sup>), 3.28 (H-6b<sup>II</sup>), 3.27 (H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.10 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>II</sup>), 3.08 (dd, 1H, J<sub>2,3</sub> 9.4 Hz, J<sub>3,4</sub> 2.6 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 3.03 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  9.4 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 2.12 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.01 (m, 2H,  $CH_2CH_2Si$ ), 0.00 (s, 9H,  $3SiCH_3$ ). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 171.59, 168.74, 167.82, 159.24, 139.02, 138.95, 138.79, 138.29, 138.26, 137.96, 133.72, 133.45, 132.54, 131.77, 129.70, 129.57, 129.48, 128.28, 128.23, 128.18, 128.14, 128.10, 128.02, 127.95, 127.81, 127.64, 127.41, 127.37, 127.32, 127.25, 127.21, 127.16, 127.01, 123.16, 122.84, 113.76, 103.05 (C-1<sup>1</sup>), 102.02 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 99.87 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 82.70 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.74 (C-2<sup>I</sup>), 80.42  $(C-3^{II})$ , 79.99  $(C-2^{II})$ , 76.57  $(C-4^{I})$ , 76.09, 75.28  $(C-4^{II})$ , 75.06 (C-5<sup>I</sup>), 74.96, 74.51, 73.06 (C-5<sup>II</sup>), 72.99, 72.94, 72.38, 71.56 (C-5<sup>III</sup>), 69.89 (C-4<sup>III</sup>), 68.65 (C-6<sup>II</sup>), 68.11 (C-6<sup>I</sup>), 67.44 (C-6<sup>III</sup>), 67.23, 66.74 (C-3<sup>III</sup>), 55.17 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 54.47 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 29.62, 21.00 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.36  $(CH_2Si)$ , -1.46 (Si $CH_3$ ). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>83</sub>H<sub>93</sub>NO<sub>19</sub>Si: C, 69.39; H, 6.52; N, 0.97. Found: C, 69.36; H, 6.69; N, 0.81.

#### 3.5. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl *O*-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-6-*O*-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-β-D-galactopyranosyl]-(1→4)-*O*-(2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl)-(1→4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (6)

A solution of **5** (686 mg, 0.48 mmol) in 95% EtOH (14.3 mL) and hydrazine monohydrate (0.49 mL) heated under reflux for 2 h. The mixture were evaporated and co-evaporated several times with toluene to give a residue, which was dissolved in MeOH (24 mL) and Ac<sub>2</sub>O (3.5 mL), and stirred overnight at rt. After pyridine (7 mL) was added, the mixture was concentrated and solution of the residue in  $CH_2Cl_2$  was successively washed with 2 M HCl, satd aq NaCl, dried and concen-

trated. Purification by flash column chromatography (5:7 EtOAc-hexane) gave 6 (553 mg, 89%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_D$  +8.2 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.41-7.17 (m, 34H, 6Ph, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 4.90 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.4 Hz, CHHPh), 4.89 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.84 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.74 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.73 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.4 Hz, CHHPh), 4.72 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 9.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.64 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 9.8 Hz, CHHPh), 4.57 (2 d, 2H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.3 Hz, Jgem 12.3 Hz, 2CHHPh), 4.43 (d, 1H, Jgem 11.9 Hz, CHHPh), 4.42 (d, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.39 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.38 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  11.9 Hz, CHHPh), 4.37 (d, 1H, Jgem 12.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.36 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.34 (d, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.3 Hz, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 4.27 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.3 Hz, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHH), 4.01 (d, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 2.3 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 3.98 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.93 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.85 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.2 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 3.73–3.69 (m, 6H,  $OCH_3$ , H-6a<sup>I</sup>, H-6b<sup>I</sup>, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 3.55 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.53 (t, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 9.3 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.47 (m, 2H, H-2<sup>II</sup>, H- $3^{II}$ ), 3.42 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.0 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.2 Hz, H- $3^{III}$ ), 3.36 (m, 2H, H-2<sup>I</sup>, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 1.50 (s, 3H, NCOCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.01 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR  $(CDCl_3)$ :  $\delta$  173.94, 159.16, 138.64, 138.59, 138.51, 138.22, 138.12, 136.24, 129.85, 129.38, 128.97, 128.82, 128.68, 128.42, 128.22, 128.18, 128.13, 127.95, 127.75, 127.57, 127.47, 127.40, 127.36, 113.73, 103.07 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 102.72 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 102.29 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 82.39 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 82.08, 81.87, 80.59, 76.46, 75.58 (C-4<sup>II</sup>), 75.49 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.26, 74.99, 74.93, 74.86, 73.72, 73.25, 73.19, 73.10, 68.82. 68.55, 68.10, 67.31, 67.15, 56.27, 55.14 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 22.14 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.38 (CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.47 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>75</sub>H<sub>91</sub>NO<sub>17</sub>Si: C, 68.94; H, 7.02; N, 1.07. Found: C, 68.91; H, 6.87; N, 1.01.

#### 3.6. Dodecyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzoyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (7)

Dodecyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside<sup>10</sup> (10.4 g, 19.5 mmol) was suspended in a solution of anhyd MeOH (16 mL), anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (24 mL) and M NaOMe (3.7 mL), the mixture was stirred at rt for 4 h. This solution was then treated with ion-exchange resin Amberlite IR-120 (H+) for about 5 min. The resin was filtered off, and the solvent was removed under diminished pressure to quantitatively give a white solid (7.1 g). To a stirred solution of the solid in anhyd pyridine (60 mL) and anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (40 mL) was added a solution of benzoyl chloride (12.9 mL, 111 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred at rt for 6 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (250 mL) and sequentially washed with 2 M HCl, satd aq NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and then satd aq NaCl. The organic layer was dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:10 EtOAc-hexane) gave 7 (13.8 g, 91%) as a colourless syrup.  $[\alpha]_{D}$  +60.0 (c 1.00,

CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.01–7.15 (m, 20H, 4Ph), 5.97 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-4), 5.78 (t, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  10.0 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.0 Hz, H-2), 5.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.0 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$ 3.4 Hz, H-3), 4.79 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  10.0 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.0 Hz, H-1), 4.60 (dd, 1H, H-6a), 4.34–4.29 (m, 2H, H-5, 6b), 2.79–2.66 (m, 2H, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 1.67–1.50 (m, 2H, SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.25–1.13 (m, 18H, 9CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.79 (t, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  165.95, 165.44, 165.38, 165.26 (4*C*=O), 133.60, 133.30, 133.27, 129.88, 129.73, 129.66, 129.16, 128.95, 128.79, 128.57, 128.53, 128.38, 128.31, 128.22, 84.30 (C-1), 74.77 (C-5), 72.53 (C-3), 68.15 (C-4), 68.00 (C-2), 62.08 (C-6), 31.85, 30.33, 29.71, 29.60, 29.57, 29.52, 29.48, 29.30, 29.08, 28.82, 22.64, 14.13. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>46</sub>H<sub>52</sub>O<sub>9</sub>S: C, 70.74; H, 6.71; S, 4.11. Found: C, 70.52; H, 6.90; S, 3.95.

#### 3.7. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-O-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-6-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl]-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (8)

To a solution of **6** (543 mg, 0.42 mmol) and **7** (466 mg, 0.60 mmol) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (11 mL) were added molecular sieves 4 Å AW300 (500 mg) and NIS (242 mg, 1.08 mmol), then cooled to 0 °C. To the mixture was added TfOH (5.3 µL, 0.06 mmol), and the stirring was continued for 30 min at 0 °C. The reaction was quenched with  $Et_3N$  (50.0 µL). The precipitate was filtered off and washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The filtrate and washings were combined, and the solution was successively washed with satd aq NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, M Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:4 EtOAc-hexane) gave **8** (453 mg, 58%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_{D}$  +61.8 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.08–6.79 (m, 54H, 10Ph, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub> $H_4$ ), 5.95 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.2 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.77 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.4 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.56 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.4 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.2 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.14 (d, 1H,  $J_{2,\text{NH}}$  6.4 Hz, NH), 5.07 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.92 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.89–4.18 (14d, 14H, 12CHHPh, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.52 (m, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 3.0 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 4.37 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.1 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.16 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.0 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 4.00 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.6 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 3.97 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.86 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.57 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.50 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.38 (H-2<sup>II</sup>), 3.37 (H-2<sup>III</sup>), 3.34 (H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.33 (H-2<sup>I</sup>), 3.28 (H-3<sup>II</sup>), 1.04 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.01 (m, 2H,  $CH_2CH_2Si$ ), 0.00 (s, 9H,  $3SiCH_3$ ). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  165.94, 165.57, 165.47, 159.20, 138.85, 138.79, 138.55, 138.35, 138.08, 133.65, 133.33, 133.28, 130.19, 130.02, 129.78, 129.72, 129.30, 129.24, 128.90, 128.67, 128.55, 128.50, 128.42, 128.35, 128.26, 128.21, 128.14, 128.10, 127.99, 127.92, 127.74, 127.60, 127.53, 127.48, 127.37, 127.25, 113.80, 103.13 (C-1<sup>1</sup>),

102.41 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 102.33 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 99.32 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 82.98 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.89, 81.68, 80.13 (C-3<sup>III</sup>), 79.86, 76.48 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.21, 75.18, 75.13, 74.93, 73.73, 73.25, 73.11, 73.03, 72.83, 72.36, 72.25 (C-4<sup>II</sup>), 71.55, 71.44 (C-3<sup>IV</sup>), 69.53 (C-2<sup>IV</sup>), 69.33, 69.09, 68.36 (C-4<sup>III</sup>), 68.00 (C-4<sup>IV</sup>), 67.29 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 62.11, 55.19 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 54.18 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 22.77 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.47 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.42 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>109</sub>H<sub>117</sub>NO<sub>26</sub>Si: C, 69.45; H, 6.26; N, 0.74. Found: C, 69.73; H, 6.18; N, 0.65.

# 3.8. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl *O*-(2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-*O*-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-*O*-(2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (9)

To a solution of 8 (488 mg, 0.26 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (4.6 mL) and water (1.1 mL) was added dropwise ammonium cerium(IV) nitrate (426 mg, 0.78 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (6.8 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc and was successively washed with satd ag NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:1 EtOAc-hexane) gave 9 (415 mg, 91%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_D$  +68.0 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.85–6.82 (m, 50H, 10Ph), 5.94 (d, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 3.6 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.77 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.5 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.55 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$ 10.5 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.6 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.18 (d, 1H, NH), 4.92 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.1 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.91 (d, 1 H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.90 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.87 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.74 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.69 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 10.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.66 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.0 Hz, CHHPh), 4.58 (t, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 2.8 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 4.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.1 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.30 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.1 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.05 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.8 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 3.98 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.86 (d, 1H, J<sub>34</sub> 2.8 Hz, H- $4^{II}$ ), 3.84 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.3 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  9.4 Hz, H- $4^{I}$ ), 3.71 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}$  4.2 Hz,  $J_{6a,6b}$  10.8 Hz, H-6a<sup>I</sup>), 3.66 (m, 1H, J<sub>5,6b</sub> 10.6 Hz, J<sub>6a,6b</sub> 10.8 Hz, H-6b<sup>1</sup>), 3.57 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.50 (t, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 9.3 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.40 (H- $2^{\text{III}}$ ), 3.38 (H-2<sup>I</sup>), 3.38 (H-2<sup>II</sup>), 3.33 (m, 1H,  $J_{4,5}$ 9.4 Hz, J<sub>5,6a</sub> 4.2 Hz, J<sub>5,6b</sub> 10.6 Hz, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.19 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.8 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 1.00 (m, 5H, COC $H_3$ , CH<sub>2</sub>C $H_2$ Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiC $H_3$ ). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  165.95, 165.52, 165.40, 164.79, 138.81, 138.61, 138.45, 138.38, 138.16, 138.06, 133.66, 133.51, 133.31, 133.26, 129.98, 129.75, 129.66, 129.22, 129.07, 128.77, 128.64, 128.54, 128.43, 128.34, 128.32, 128.25, 128.23, 128.19, 128.15, 128.10, 127.96, 127.78, 127.65, 127.62, 127.56, 127.54, 127.51, 127.49, 127.47, 127.36, 103.13 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 102.54 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 102.23 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 100.01 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 82.96 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.88, 81.14 (C-3<sup>IV</sup>), 80.32, 79.82, 76.73 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.69, 75.18, 75.12, 74.93, 74.00, 73.35, 73.13, 73.05, 72.34, 71.80, 71.44, 71.40, 69.37, 68.32, 68.25, 68.08, 67.66, 67.28, 62.42, 62.32, 54.06 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 22.64 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 18.44 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.45 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>101</sub>H<sub>109</sub>NO<sub>25</sub>Si: C, 68.73; H, 6.22; N, 0.79. Found: C, 68.59; H, 6.48; N, 0.67.

#### 3.9. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-[O-(methyl 4,7,8,9-tetra-Oacetyl-3,5-dideoxy-5-trichloroacetamido-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -Dgalacto-2-nonulopyranosylonate)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 6)]-O-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-Obenzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (11)

To a solution of 9 (253 mg, 0.14 mmol) and ethyl (methyl 4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-1-thio-5-trichloroacetamido-D-glvcero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosid)onate<sup>11</sup> (10, 269 mg, 0.42 mmol) in anhyd CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3.5 mL) were added molecular sieves 3 Å AW300 (380 mg) and NIS (190 mg, 0.84 mmol), then cooled to -40 °C. To the mixture was added TfOH (9.3 µL, 0.11 mmol), and stirring was continued for 1.5 h at -40 °C. The reaction was quenched with Et<sub>3</sub>N  $(100 \ \mu L)$ . The precipitate was filtered off and washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The filtrate and washings were combined, and the solution was successively washed with satd ag NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, M Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:3 EtOAc-hexane) gave 11 (200 mg, 60%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_{D}$  +36.8 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.08–7.15 (m, 50H, 10Ph), 6.63 (d, 1H,  $NH^{V}$ ), 5.97 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.1 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.76 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.5 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.0 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.59 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.0 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.32 (H-8<sup>V</sup>), 5.29 (H-7<sup>V</sup>), 5.17 (d, 1H,  $J_{\rm NH,2}$  6.4 Hz, N $H^{\rm III}$ ), 5.13 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$ 8.5 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 5.06 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{3ax,4}$  12.2 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$ 4.5 Hz, H-4<sup>V</sup>), 4.95 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.5 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.88 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.85 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 11.3 Hz, CHHPh), 4.56 (H-3<sup>III</sup>), 4.47 (d, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.1 Hz, CHHPh), 4.38 (d,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (d,  $J_{1,2}$  8.7 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.29 (H-6<sup>V</sup>), 4.20 (H-4<sup>III</sup>), 4.19 (H-9a<sup>V</sup>), 4.00 (H-9b<sup>V</sup>), 3.98 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.88 ( $J_{4,5}$ 4.5 Hz, H-5<sup>V</sup>), 3.87 ( $J_{4,5}$  9.1 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.77 (s, 3H, COOCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.58 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.50 (t, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 9.1 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.38 (H-2<sup>II</sup>), 3.36 (H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.34 (H-3<sup>II</sup>), 3.32 (H-2<sup>III</sup>), 3.30 (H-2<sup>I</sup>), 2.60 (m, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.2 Hz, H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 2.10, 2.09, 1.95, 1.91, 1.10 (s, each 3H, 5COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.83 (t, 1H,  $J_{gem} = J_{3ax,4} = 12.2$  Hz, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 1.00 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 177.60, 170.62, 170.49, 170.31, 169.88, 169.69, 167.81, 165.84, 165.49, 165.44, 164.84, 161.95, 138.92, 138.84, 138.78, 138.54, 138.33, 138.12, 133.59, 133.33, 133.25, 129.96, 129.76, 129.66, 129.25, 129.21, 128.97, 128.62, 128.50, 128.44, 128.36, 128.21, 128.17, 128.11, 128.06, 128.00, 127.93, 127.81, 127.72, 127.64, 127.57, 127.44, 127.30, 127.20, 103.09, (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 102.37 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 102.33 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 99.24 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 98.92, 92.06, 82.98 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.91, 81.87, 79.82, 79.62 (C-3<sup>III</sup>),

76.35, 75.47, 75.20, 75.14, 74.88, 73.85, 73.44, 73.24, 73.07, 73.02, 72.31, 72.07, 72.00, 71.79, 71.42, 71.28, 69.60, 69.01, 68.53, 68.44, 68.37, 67.91, 67.79, 67.52, 67.43, 67.22, 63.06, 62.00 (C-9<sup>V</sup>), 61.60, 54.25 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 52.93 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 51.67, 37.65, 29.62, 29.51, 22.81, 20.94, 20.65, 20.58, 18.43, -1.45 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>121</sub>H<sub>133</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>37</sub>Si: C, 62.06; H, 5.72; N, 1.20. Found: C, 5.49; H, 5.89; N, 1.06.

3.10. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-[O-(methyl 5-acetamido-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -Dgalacto-2-nonulopyranosylonate)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 6)]-O-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (12)

A solution of 11 (193 mg, 82.5 µmol), tributyltin hydride (197 µL, 0.74 mmol), N,N-dimethylacetamide (0.54 mL) and 2,2'-azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN; 3.3 mg) in anhyd benzene (3.3 mL) heated under reflux for 15 min. The reaction mixture was then cooled and concentrated under diminished pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography (2:1 EtOAc-hexane) gave 12 (178 mg, 96%) as an amorphous mass.  $[\alpha]_D$  +38.5 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.15–7.10 (m, 50H, 10Ph), 5.97 (d,1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.76 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, (d, 111,  $J_{3,4}$  5.4 Hz, 114 ), 5.76 (dd, 111,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.2 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.2 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$ 3.4 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.34–5.28 (m, 3H, H-7<sup>V</sup>, H-8<sup>V</sup>, NH), 5.11 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.96 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$ 7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.82 (m, 1H, H-4<sup>V</sup>), 4.52 (m, 1H, H- $3^{III}$ ), 4.38 (d, 1 H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$ 8.3 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.21–4.17 (m, 2H, H-4<sup>III</sup>, H-9a<sup>V</sup>), 4.12 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.2 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 3.99–3.93 (m, 2H, H-9b<sup>V</sup>, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.86 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.1 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 3.75 (s, 3H, COOCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.69–3.67 (m, 3H, H-6a<sup>I</sup>, H-6b<sup>I</sup>, H- $6a^{II}$ ), 3.56 (m, 1H, CHHCH<sub>2</sub>Si), 3.49 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$ 9.1 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 3.43 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>II</sup>), 3.40–3.27 (m, 6H,  $H-2^{II}, H-2^{III}, H-5^{I}, H-3^{II}, H-2^{I}, H-6b^{II}), 2.54$  (dd, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.8 Hz,  $J_{3eq,4}$  4.5 Hz, H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 1.85 (m, 1H,  $J_{gem}$ 12.8 Hz, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 2.08, 2.07, 1.95, 1.92, 1.84, 1.10 (6s, each 3H, 6COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.00 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3SiCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 170.75, 170.65, 170.54, 170.21, 169.96, 169.60, 168.00, 165.83, 165.50, 165.41, 164.82, 38.97, 138.86, 138.77, 138.58, 138.35, 138.13, 133.58, 133.33, 133.23, 133.20, 129.95, 129.78, 129.75, 129.68, 129.26, 128.99, 128.62, 128.58, 128.51, 128.44, 128.36, 128.31, 128.22, 128.19, 128.18, 128.11, 128.08, 128.06, 128.01, 127.95, 127.89, 127.85, 127.73, 127.71, 127.69, 127.62, 127.57, 127.48, 127.44, 127.42, 127.31, 127.18, 103.10 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 102.34 (C-1<sup>II</sup>, C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 98.95 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 82.98 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 81.93, 81.90, 79.84, 79.72 (C-3<sup>III</sup>), 76.38, 75.49, 75.22, 75.15, 74.89, 73.95, 73.28, 73.08, 72.64, 72.30, 72.05, 71.43, 71.30, 69.63, 69.07, 69.02, 68.59, 68.39, 67.91, 67.45, 67.38, 67.23 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 62.91, 62.17 (C-9<sup>V</sup>), 61.60, 54.23 (C-2<sup>III</sup>),

52.75 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 49.45 (C-5<sup>V</sup>), 37.59 (C-3<sup>V</sup>), 23.11, 22.80, 20.96, 20.76, 20.74, 20.65, 18.44 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.45 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>121</sub>H<sub>136</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>37</sub>Si: C, 62.92; H, 6.12; N, 1.25. Found: C, 62.83; H, 6.26; N, 1.25.

#### 3.11. 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-[O-(methyl 5-acetamido-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -Dgalacto-2-nonulopyranosylonate)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 6)]-O-(2-acetamido-4-O-benzoyl-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside (13)

Compound 12 (136 mg, 60.8 µmol) was dissolved in EtOAc (5.4 mL) and then a solution of sodium bromate (165 mg, 1.1 mmol) in water (3.7 mL) was added. To the well stirred two-phase system an aqueous solution of sodium hydrosulfite (80% pure, 203 mg, dissolved in 7.7 mL water) was added dropwise over 20 min at rt. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and the organic phase was successively washed with M Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and satd aq NaCl, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated under diminished pressure. To the solution of the residue in pyridine (2.5 mL) added dropwise benzoyl chloride for 2.5 h at rt. The reaction was quenched with MeOH (60  $\mu$ L) and diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, successively washed with satd aq NaHCO3 and satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:80 MeOH-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) gave 13 (80 mg, 59%) as an amorphous mass. [α]<sub>D</sub> +21.1 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.31–7.02 (m, 55H, 11Ph), 6.07 (d, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 3.4 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.84 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 7.7 Hz, J<sub>2,3</sub> 10.2 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.74 (t, 1H, J<sub>2,3</sub> 9.6 Hz, J<sub>3,4</sub> 9.8 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 5.69 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.2 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.4 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.59 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.5 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 5.51 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$ 9.6 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-2<sup>I</sup>), 5.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.5 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.3 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 5.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 5.25 (d, 1H, NH), 5.20 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.91 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.87 (m, 1H,  $J_{3eq,4}$ 4.7 Hz, H-4<sup>V</sup>), 4.74 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.59 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.3 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.8 Hz, H-4<sup>I</sup>), 4.33 (t, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.8 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  12.8 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 4.09 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  12.8 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 4.03–3.97 (m, 2H, H-5<sup>V</sup>,  $CHHCH_2Si$ ), 3.88 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.43 (s, 3H, COOC $H_3$ ), 2.48 (dd, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  13.0 Hz,  $J_{3eq,4}$  4.5 Hz, H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 1.78 (m, 1H, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 2.16, 2.08, 2.07, 20.6, 2.01, 1.94 (6s, each 3H, 6COCH<sub>3</sub>), 0.95 (m, 2H,  $CH_2CH_2Si$ ), 0.00 (s, 9H, 3Si $CH_3$ ). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  170.87, 170.42, 170.09, 169.96, 169.61, 167.48, 165.90, 165.84, 165.56, 165.46, 165.43, 164.96, 164.86, 133.54, 133.48, 133.27, 133.23, 133.11, 132.62, 130.99, 130.26, 130.15, 130.12, 130.02, 129.94, 129.91, 129.79, 129.75, 129.69, 129.63, 129.53, 129.50, 129.43, 129.29, 129.25, 129.17, 128.96, 128.95, 128.89, 128.72, 128.68, 128.61, 128.55, 128.51, 128.43, 128.35, 128.23, 128.18, 101.53 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 100.54 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 99.42 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 98.41 (C-

1<sup>III</sup>), 96.38 (C-1<sup>V</sup>), 74.28, 74.10 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 73.59 (C-3<sup>II</sup>), 73.16 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 73.08, 72.56, 71.81 (C-2<sup>I</sup>), 71.76 (C-3<sup>IV</sup>), 71.63, 70.72, 70.30 (C-2<sup>II</sup>), 70.07 (C-2<sup>IV</sup>), 69.73, 69.01, 68.99, 68.77 (C-4<sup>II</sup>), 67.81, 67.49, 67.38 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), 63.65, 62.56, 62.00, 61.89, 61.83 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 56.52, 55.04, 53.38, 52.39, 49.60, 37.31, 29.65, 23.11, 20.78, 20.74, 20.69, 20.65, 17.84 (CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Si), -1.58 (SiCH<sub>3</sub>). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>128</sub>H<sub>128</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>44</sub>Si: C, 63.36; H, 5.32; N, 1.15. Found: C, 63.24; H, 5.60; N, 1.02.

3.12. O-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-[O-(methyl 5-acetamido-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylo-nate)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 6)]-O-(2-acetamido-4-O-benzoyl-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 1)-(2S,3R,4E)-2-azido-3-O-benzoyl-4-eicosene-1,3-diol (15)

To a solution of 13 (131 mg, 54.0 µmol) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.0 mL) was added TFA (2.5 mL) at 0 °C and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C, guenched with propylacetate (5.0 mL) and concentrated. The residue was then dissolved in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.0 mL) and CCl<sub>3</sub>CN (126 µL, 1.25 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU; 13 µL, 87.0 µmol) were added at rt. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt, then concentrated. The residue was filtered through short pad of silica gel and concentrated. To a solution of the residue and (2S,3R,4E)-2-azido-3-O-benzoyl-4-eicosene-1,3-diol<sup>12</sup> (14, 40 mg, 87.4  $\mu$ mol) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> were added molecular sieves 4 Å AW300 (130 mg) and  $BF_3$ ·Et<sub>2</sub>O (8.5 µL, 67.0 µmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C and diluted with anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and successively washed with satd aq NaHCO3 and satd aq NaCl, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:80 MeOH-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) gave 15 (54 mg, 36%) as an amorphous mass. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> +14.4 (c1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.04–6.93 (m, 60H, 12Ph), 5.87 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.8 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.64 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.4 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.60 (m, 1H,  $J_{4,5}$ 15.9 Hz,  $J_{5,6} = J_{5,6'}$  6.8 Hz, H-5 of sphingosine), 5.56 (t, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.4 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  9.4 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 5.49 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.4 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.8 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.43 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$ 7.9 Hz, H-3 of sphingosine), 5.39 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1.2</sub> 7.6 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.6 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 5.34 (m, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  7.9 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$ 15.9 Hz, H-4 of sphingosine), 5.33 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$ 7.6 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  9.4 Hz, H-2<sup>I</sup>), 5.21 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.6 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.5 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 5.16 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.1 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 5.15 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  5.3 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.99 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$ 7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.98 (d, 1H,  $J_{\rm NH,5}$  9.8 Hz, NH<sup>V</sup>), 4.71 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.64 (m, 1H, H-4<sup>V</sup>), 4.54 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.40 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.5 Hz, H- $4^{II}$ ), 4.17 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  9.4 Hz, H- $4^{I}$ ), 4.13 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$ 12.5 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.1 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 3.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  5.3 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  12.5 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 3.68 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.22 (s, 3H, COOC $H_3$ ), 2.28 (dd, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.9 Hz, H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 1.96, 1.88, 1.87, 1.86, 1.79, 1.74 (6s, each 3H, 6COC $H_3$ ), 1.57 (t, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.9 Hz, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 1.40–1.04 (m, 26H, 13CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.80 (t, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$ 140.45 (C-5 of sphingosine), 136.25-128.86 (arom-C), 124.02 (C-4 of sphingosine), 103.12 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 102.55 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 100.00 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 97.99 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 76.26, 75.88 (C-4<sup>III</sup>), 75.34 (C-4<sup>I</sup>), 75.15 (C-3<sup>II</sup>), 74.96, 74.32 (C-3<sup>I</sup>), 74.14, 73.34, 73.23 (C-3<sup>IV</sup>), 73.14 (C-2<sup>I</sup>), 72.30, 71.84 (C-2<sup>IV</sup>), 71.66, 70.57, 70.36, 69.80, 69.73, 69.39 (C-4<sup>IV</sup>), 68.96, 64.99, 63.88, 63.59, 63.49, 63.47, 63.44, 63.41, 63.88 (C-3<sup>III</sup>), 63.59, 63.49, 63.47 (C-2<sup>III</sup>), 63.44, 63.41, 58.01, 54.07, 51.19, 38.80, 33.86, 24.78, 24.77, 22.27, 22.19, 15.66. The carbonyl carbons and the quaternary carbon  $(C-2^{V})$  of 15 could not be assigned, because these chemical shifts of the carbons were recorded by <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C correlation spectroscopy. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>150</sub>H<sub>157</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>46</sub>: C, 65.14; H, 5.72; N, 2.53. Found: C, 64.09; H, 5.81; N, 2.61.

3.13. O-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-[O-(methyl 5-acetamido-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-3,5-dideoxy-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonate)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 6)]-O-(2-acetamido-4-O-benzoyl-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -Dgalactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -Dgalactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -Dglucopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-O-(2,3,6-tri-O-benzoyl- $\beta$ -Dglucopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 1)-(2S,3R,4E)-3-O-benzoyl-4-eicosene-2-octadecanamido-1,3-diol (16)

A mixture of 15 (46 mg, 16.6 µmol), zinc powder (370 mg) and acetic acid (27  $\mu$ L) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.6 mL) was stirred at rt for 4 h and then filtered through Celite. The filtrate was concentrated under diminished pressure and remaining AcOH was co-evaporated with toluene. The residue filtered through short pad of silica gel and concentrated. To a solution of the residue (34 mg) and octadecanoic acid (35 mg, 0.12 mmol) in anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mL) was added N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (12 mg, 0.06 mmol) and stirred for 12 h at rt. The reaction mixture was diluted with anhyd CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and was successively washed with water, dried and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (1:80 MeOH–CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) gave 16 (37 mg, 74%).  $[\alpha]_D$  +24.2 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.17–6.96 (m, 60H, 12Ph), 5.95 (d, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 3.8 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 5.82 (m, 1H,  $J_{4,5}$  15.2 Hz,  $J_{5,6} = J_{5,6'} = 7.6$  Hz, H-5 of sphingosine), 5.71 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 7.9 Hz, J<sub>2,3</sub> 10.4 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 5.62 (t, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.7 Hz, H-3<sup>I</sup>), 5.59 (d, 1H,  $J_{NH,2}$ 9.4 Hz, NH of sphingosine), 5.55 (dd, 1H, J<sub>2,3</sub> 10.4 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.8 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 5.47 (t, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  7.7 Hz, H-3 of sphingosine), 5.43 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1,2</sub> 7.5 Hz, J<sub>2,3</sub> 10.6 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 5.40 (dd, 1H, J<sub>3.4</sub> 7.7 Hz, J<sub>4.5</sub> 15.2 Hz, H-4 of sphingosine), 5.34 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1.2</sub> 7.9 Hz, J<sub>2.3</sub> 9.7 Hz, H-2<sup>I</sup>), 5.27 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.6 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.4 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 5.09 (d, 1H,  $J_{\rm NH,5}$  9.2 Hz, NH<sup>V</sup>), 5.06 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>),

4.74 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.5 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.71 (m, 1H,  $J_{3eq,4}$ 4.7 Hz, H-4<sup>V</sup>), 4.51 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.9 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.46 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.4 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 3.68 (m, 1H, H-5<sup>I</sup>), 3.26 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.35 (dd, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 13.2 Hz, J<sub>3eq,4</sub> 4.7 Hz, H-3<sup>V</sup>eq), 2.03 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.96 (m, 2H, H-6 of sphingosine), 1.95, 1.94, 1.93, 1.86, 1.82 (6s, each 3H, 5COCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.78 (t, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 13.2 Hz, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 1.40-1.04 (m, 54H, 27CH<sub>2</sub> of sphingosine and octadecanamide), 0.88 (t, 6H, 2CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> of sphingosine and octadecanamide). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  172.54, 172.23, 170.93, 170.48, 170.11, 169.95, 169.60, 167.38, 165.89, 165.79, 165.66, 165.54, 165.50, 165.44, 165.41, 165.03, 165.00, 164.95, 164.67, 164.40, 137.44 (C-5 of sphingosine), 133.61, 133.58, 133.50, 133.34, 133.31, 133.24, 133.18, 133.13, 132.79, 132.66, 130.89, 130.16, 130.11, 130.08, 129.92, 129.89, 129.77, 129.74, 129.66, 129.59, 129.49, 129.41, 129.27, 129.25, 129.18, 129.09, 129.08, 128.82, 128.80, 128.70, 128.60, 128.56, 128.51, 128.46, 128.44, 128.31, 128.19, 128.18, 124.75 (C-4 of sphingosine), 101.50 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 100.90 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 99.14 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 96.24 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 74.30, 73.85, 73.46, 73.43, 73.21, 72.48, 72.42, 72.39, 72.01, 71.60, 70.58, 70.14, 69.99, 69.59, 68.80, 68.70, 68.55, 68.52, 67.69, 67.51, 67.22, 63.61, 61.92, 61.76, 61.71, 56.39, 52.38, 50.27, 49.49, 37.26, 36.43, 33.53, 32.27, 31.90, 29.68, 29.67, 29.64, 29.61, 29.51, 29.48, 29.45, 29.34, 29.25, 29.23, 29.16, 29.06, 28.91, 25.48, 24.76, 23.32, 23.15, 22.66, 20.81, 20.77, 20.70, 14.12. The carbonyl carbons and the quaternary carbon  $(C-2^{V})$  of 16 could not be assigned, because these chemical shifts of the carbons were recorded by <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C correlation spectroscopy. HRFABMS: calcd for  $C_{168}H_{193}N_{3}O_{47}$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: m|z3005.2883, found 3005.2188.

3.14. O-( $\beta$ -D-Galactopyranosyl)-( $1 \rightarrow 3$ )-[O-(5-acetamido-3,5-dideoxy-D-glycero- $\alpha$ -D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonate)-( $2\rightarrow 6$ )]-O-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-( $1\rightarrow 4$ )-O-( $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-( $1\rightarrow 4$ )-O-( $\beta$ -Dglucopyranosyl)-( $1\rightarrow 1$ )-(2S,3R,4E)-4-eicosene-2-octadecanamido-1,3-diol (17)

To a solution of **16** (15 mg, 5.0 µmol) in anhyd MeOH (1.5 mL) was added 0.5 M NaOMe in anhyd MeOH (70.0 µL), and the mixture was stirred for 24 h at rt, and water (0.5 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 17 h at rt, then acidified with Amberlite IR-120 (H<sup>+</sup>) resin until pH 4 (pH-indicator paper), and the mixture was filtered. The resin was washed with MeOH, and combined filtrate and washings were concentrated. Purification by column chromatography (7:40:50 H<sub>2</sub>O–MeOH–CHCl<sub>3</sub>) of the residue on Sephadex LH-20 (8 g) gave **17** (6 mg, 76%).  $[\alpha]_D$  –11.0 (*c* 0.34, 7:40:50 H<sub>2</sub>O–MeOH–CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (1:3:3 D<sub>2</sub>O–CD<sub>3</sub>OD–CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.70 (m, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> 14.8 Hz, H-5 of sphingosine), 5.44 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> 8.0 Hz, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> 14.8 Hz, H-4 of sphingosine), 4.63 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>1,2</sub> 8.5 Hz, H-1<sup>IV</sup>), 4.37 (d,

1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>II</sup>), 4.35 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-1<sup>III</sup>), 4.31 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz, H-1<sup>I</sup>), 4.12 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.8 Hz, H-4<sup>IV</sup>), 4.08 (t, 1H, J<sub>3,4</sub> 8.0 Hz, H-3 of sphingosine), 4.04 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  2.5 Hz, H-4<sup>II</sup>), 4.00 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  8.5 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.8 Hz, H-2<sup>IV</sup>), 3.83 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  3.0 Hz, H-4<sup>III</sup>), 3.75 (dd, 1H, J<sub>2.3</sub> 10.8 Hz, J<sub>3.4</sub> 2.8 Hz, H-3<sup>IV</sup>), 11-4 ), 5.75 (dd, 111,  $J_{2,3}$  10.6 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.6 Hz, H 5 ), 3.64 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  10.1 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  2.5 Hz, H-3<sup>II</sup>), 3.54 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  9.7 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  7.6 Hz, H-2<sup>III</sup>), 3.49 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$ 9.7 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  3.0 Hz, H-3<sup>III</sup>), 3.43 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  7.7 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  10.1 Hz, H-2<sup>II</sup>), 2.77 (dd, 1H,  $J_{gem}$  12.0 Hz,  $J_{3eq,4}$ 4.2 Hz, H-3eq<sup>V</sup>), 2.18 (t, 2H, COCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.04, 2.02 (2 s, each 3H, 2NCOCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.03 (m, 2H, H-6, 6' of sphingosine), 1.61 (t, 1H, J<sub>gem</sub> 12.0 Hz, H-3ax<sup>V</sup>), 1.58 (m, 2H, COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.33–1.23 (m, 54H, 27CH<sub>2</sub> of sphingosine and octadecanamide), 0.89 (t, 6H, 2CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> of sphingosine and octadecanamide). Signals overlapping with the signal of solvents could not be assigned. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (1:3:3  $D_2O-CD_3OD-CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  135.37 (C-5 of sphingosine), 129.96 (C-4 of sphingosine), 105.58 (C-1<sup>III</sup>), 103.92 (C-1<sup>II</sup>), 103.49 (C-1<sup>I</sup>), 103.18 (C-1<sup>IV</sup>), 80.90, 79.74, 76.80, 75.69, 75.58, 73.80, 73.75, 73.58, 73.53, 72.53, 72.19, 71.75, 71.58, 70.75, 69.64, 69.36, 68.87, 68.81, 64.32, 64.21, 63.87, 63.82, 61.60, 61.54, 61.26, 60.88, 53.66, 52.83, 52.22, 41.36, 41.06, 36.97, 33.05, 30.07, 26.58, 22.78, 23.14, 18.93, 14.27. The carbonyl carbons and the quaternary carbon  $(C-2^{V})$  of 17 could not be assigned, because these chemical shifts of the carbons were recorded by <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C correlation spectroscopy.

HRFABMS: calcd for  $C_{168}H_{193}N_3O_{47}$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: m/z 1573.9080, found 1573.9091.

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