A Novel Approach to Pyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazoles

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Received 19 May 2003; revised 12 September 2003

Abstract: 5-Aroyl-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic acid esters, -7-carbonitriles and corresponding 7-hetaryl substituted derivatives were prepared. Thus, the substituted acetonitriles (XCH₂CN, where X = CO₂R, CN, hetaryl) were treated with mercaptoacetic acid yielding 2-(Xmethylidene)thiazolidin-4-ones, which were N-alkylated with phenacyl bromides. Further formylation of the obtained compounds with excess of DMF·POCl₃ complex led to the above mentioned pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles.

Key words: alkylations, heterocycles, pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles, ring closure, 4-thiazolidinones

An increasing interest in pyrrolo [2, 1-b] thiazoles is caused by high level of biological activities exhibited by certain carboxylic acid derivatives of this system. Thus, pyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazole-3-carboxylic acid amides are able to modulate dopaminergic neurotransmission in CNS in vivo¹ while the corresponding 7-carboxylic acid esters were found to be useful for prevention and treatment of various liver diseases.² There are two general approaches to pyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazole-7-carboxylic acid derivatives. The first one is a thiazole ring annulation to the 2-thioxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid esters by the action of 1,2bielectrophilic reagents.² The second one is based on the cycloaddition reactions of thiazolium ylides,3 imidazo[2,1-b]thiazoles⁴ or mesoionic thiazolo[3,2-c]oxazoles⁵ with dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate and related unsaturated acids derivatives. During our investigations on 2-thiazoleacetonitriles chemistry we have obtained certain pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carbonitriles^{6a} and related benzo derivatives.^{6b} Furthermore, several examples of pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles formation from 2-thiazole- or 2-thiazolidineacetic acid derivatives were also reported by other researchers.⁷ However, all these findings^{6,7} are of episodic character and can not be considered as general synthetic methods. So it is of interest to elaborate general approach to pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles on the basis of 2-thiazoleacetic acid and related derivatives. It should complete the above mentioned methods extending the scope of available 7-carboxylic acid derivatives of the target system. The results of our investigations in this field are reported herein.

2-(4-Oxothiazolidin-2-ylidene)acetic acid esters 1a,b, the nitrile 1c and their heterocyclic analogues 1d,e were selected as starting materials because they are readily available from the corresponding nitriles XCH₂CN and mercaptoacetic acid⁸ (Scheme 1). The alkylation of the compounds 1 with 2-bromoacetophenones in the presence of K₂CO₃ was found to proceed smoothly at the nitrogen atom resulting in 3-(2-aryl-2-oxoethyl)-2-methylidenethiazolidin-4-ones 2a-e, 3a,c,d, 4c-e, 5b, 6a. Similarly, the alkylation with chloroacetic acid anilides yielded N-aryl-2-methylidene-4-oxo-3-thiazolidineacetamides 7a.c.d. 8a, 9c, 10b. Satzinger reported^{8b,c} the N-alkylation of compounds 1a,c and their 5-phenyl substituted derivatives 16 (Figure 1) with simple haloalkanes and dimethyl sulfate under similar conditions. Also it was shown, that



Scheme 1 Ar = 2: $4 - ClC_6H_4$, 3: $4 - BrC_6H_4$, 4: $4 - O_2NC_6H_4$, 5: Ph, 6: $4 - PhC_6H_4$; R = 7: $4 - EtOC_6H_4$, 8: $3, 4 - (MeO)_2C_6H_3$, 9: $4 - MeC_6H_4$, 10: $4 - i - PrC_6H_4$

SYNTHESIS 2003, No. 17, pp 2632–2638 Advanced online publication: 23.10.2003 DOI: 10.1055/s-2003-42451; Art ID: Z06403SS © Georg Thieme Verlag Stuttgart · New York

the *N*-methyl derivatives **17** could be alkylated for the second time at C-5 under more drastic circumstances.^{8b} Moreover, with benzyl chloride only bis-benzyl derivatives of **16** were obtained anyway.^{8b} On the other hand, the alkylation at the exocyclic enamine carbon was described for benzylidene derivatives **18** and deoxo analogues **19**.^{7b-d} Nevertheless, in the present case, in spite of a high activity of the alkylating agents decreasing the selectivity, neither exocyclic carbon nor oxomethylene moiety underwent alkylation. Compounds **2–6** were the sole products isolated in good yields.



Figure 1 Structures of compounds **16–19**; X = **16–18**: CN, CO₂Et; **19**: COMe, COPh; R = **16**: H; **17**: Me

In contrary to compounds 1a-c, their heterocyclic analogues **1d**, **e** in principle could be alkylated at the other nitrogen yielding the products of isomeric structure 20 (Figure 2). The regioisomers 2d,e, 3d, 4d,e, 7d and 20 could not be distinguished on the basis of simple spectral data (¹H and ¹³C NMR). To resolve this problem and to confirm the assigned structures 2d,e, 3d, 4d,e, 7d for prepared compounds, the long-range C-H correlation (HM-BC experiment) was carried out for the derivative 7d. It revealed the two correlations of the singlet of endocyclic methylene protons at 4.05 ppm with the signals of 2-C and 4-C of the thiazolone moiety at 148.8 and 172.1 ppm, respectively. Simultaneously, the singlet of the NCH₂ group at 4.57 ppm established the correlations with the same carbons signals. These data confirm finally the structure of 7d and exclude the isomeric one 20 where there are no carbons capable to exhibit correlations with both methylene signals.



Figure 2 Structure of compound 20; R^1 + R^2 = benzo; R^1 = 4- $MeC_6H_4,\,R^2$ = H

The formylation of the thiazolones 2-6 with excess of DMF·POCl₃ complex accomplished the preparation of target system by incorporation of a C₁-unit into position 6 (Scheme 2). The pyrrole ring closure is accompanied with the methylene group transformation into its (dimethylamino)methylidene derivative yielding 5-aroyl-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-

b]thiazole-7-carboxylic acid esters **11a,b**, **12b**, **14b**, **15a**, -carbonitriles **11c**, **12c**, **13c** and their hetaryl substituted analogues **11d,e**, **12d**, **13d,e**. Unfortunately, attempts to prepare the corresponding pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-5-carboxamides via formylation of the 3-thiazolidineacet-amides **7–10** failed. A mixture of products was formed and only impure pyrrolothiazoles could be isolated from it. Probably, POCl₃ coordination at the carboxamide moiety of the starting materials caused side processes producing impurities. So the scope of the method is limited to the preparation of the 5-aroyl derivatives **11–15**.



Scheme 2 Ar = 11: $4-ClC_6H_4$, 12: $4-BrC_6H_4$, 13: $4-O_2NC_6H_4$, 14: Ph, 15: $4-PhC_6H_4$; for the substituent X, see: Scheme 1

Noteworthy is the incorporation of a one-atom unit into the acyclic precursor, which is a widely used strategy in heterocyclic synthesis. However, literature search revealed only the sole application of such an approach to pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole synthesis via incorporation of a C₁unit into position 5 of the system.⁹ Hence, the sequence described herein represents a novel approach to pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole skeleton construction.

The structures of pyrrolothiazoles 11-15 were confirmed by ¹H, ¹³C and 2D NMR spectroscopical data. Thus, the signals of both methylene groups observed in the ¹H NMR spectra of the starting compounds 2-6 at 3.9-4.3 and 5.2-5.5 ppm disappeared from the spectra of derivatives 11– 15. Instead, the six-proton singlet of the dimethylamino group at 3.2-3.3 ppm and two one-proton singlets at 7.9-8.0 and 7.1–7.6 ppm assigned to the methylidene proton and 6-H, respectively, were present therein. For the latter one the long-range C-H-correlation (HMBC) experiment performed for the compound 11d revealed five correlations with the following carbon signals: 7-C at 110.2 ppm, 5-C at 128.2 ppm, 2-C of the benzothiazole moiety at 153.3 ppm, 7a-C at 160.0 ppm and the carbonyl of the aroyl substituent at C-5 at 181.4 ppm. This correlations set is a weighty evidence for the assigned structure. The singlet of the methylidene proton also exhibited correlations with the signals of 2-C at 87.2 ppm and 3-C at 160.2 ppm. Finally, the mass spectrum of the derivative 11d established an expected M⁺⁺ value 465.

To resume, as a result of present investigation the convenient method for preparation of 5-aroyl-2-(dimethyl-amino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thia-zole-7-carboxylic acid derivatives **11a–c**, **12a,c**, **13c**, **14b**, **15a** and related 7-hetaryl substituted compounds **11d,e**,

12d, 13d, e has been worked out. It utilizes readily available starting materials and simple experimental procedures thus completing the well known methods.²⁻⁵ Moreover, the prepared compounds 11-15 are the rare examples of 3-oxo derivatives of the target system. To date only three representatives of pyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazol-3-ones are described.^{7d,10} Finally, the present method offers a novel approach to the formation of pyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazole skeleton.

Thiazolidinones 1a-d were prepared as reported.8 2-Bromoacetophenones are commercially available or obtained from commercially available acetophenones via standard procedures. Chloroacetic acid anilides were obtained according to the described method.¹¹ All mps were determined in capillary tubes in a Thiele apparatus and are uncorrected. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian VXR-300 (300 MHz) spectrometer in DMSO-d₆ solutions. Chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm downfield from internal SiMe₄. J values are in Hz. ¹³C and 2D NMR experiments were performed on a Bruker Avance 500 (500 MHz for ¹H and 125 MHz for ¹³C) spectrometer. For the assignments of hydrogen atoms referred as Ar, R, and X in the experimental part, please see Schemes 1 and 2. Mass spectra were determined on a Varian 212 instrument at 70 eV. The purity of all compounds prepared was checked by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

2-[4-(4-Methylphenyl)-2-thiazolyl]methylidenethiazolidin-4one (1e)

A solution of 4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-thiazoleacetonitrile (5;¹² 2.1 g, 10 mmol) and mercaptoacetic acid (1.1 g, 12 mmol) in anhyd pyridine (5 mL) was refluxed for 6 h. After cooling, the precipitated solid was filtered, washed with H2O and dried to yield compound 1e as yellow crystals; mp 214 °C.

¹H NMR: $\delta = 2.33$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.87 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 6.34 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.24 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, C_6H_4), 7.76 (s, 1 H, 5-H_X), 7.89 (d, $2 \text{ H}, J = 9.0 \text{ Hz}, \text{ C}_6\text{H}_4$, 12.16 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: $\delta = 21.8$ (CH₃), 31.4 (5-C), 92.6 (CHX), 125.7 (2,6-C_{tol}), 130.1 (3,5-C_{tol}), 131.9 (4-C_{tol}), 133.1 (1-C_{tol}), 142.4 (5-C_X), 152.3 (2-C), 165.7 (4-C_X), 166.6 (2-C_X), 172.7 (4-C).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂N₂OS₂: C, 58.31; H, 4.19; N, 9.71; S, 22.24. Found: C, 58.16; H, 4.26; N, 9.62; S, 22.29.

2-Thiazolidinylideneacetic Acid Ethyl Esters 2a, 3a, 6a, 7a, 8a; **General Procedure**

Powdered K₂CO₃ (1.0 g, 7.2 mmol) was added to a solution of ester 1a (1.1 g, 6 mmol) and the corresponding 2-bromoacetophenone or chloroacetic acid anilide (6 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 1.5-2 h. After cooling, the precipitated solid was filtered, thoroughly washed with H2O to remove inorganic materials, dried, and recrystallized (if necessary) from an appropriate solvent to give 2a, 3a, 6a, 7a, 8a. An additional portion of products could be obtained after pouring the ethanolic filtrate into H₂O, filtration of the formed solid and recrystallization.

2-{3-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Ethyl Ester (2a)

Mp 102 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 1.5 g (73%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.16$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 3.99 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), $4.05 (q, 2 H, J = 7.5 Hz, OCH_2), 5.35 (s, 2 H, NCH_2), 5.63 (s, 1 H,$ CH), 7.65 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.06 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0, Ar).

¹³C NMR: $\delta = 14.3$ (CH₃), 30.7 (5-C), 52.5 (NCH₂), 60.1 (OCH₂), 91.3 (CHX), 129.0 (3,5-CAr), 133.6 (2,6-CAr), 134.0 (1-CAr), 138.4 (4-C_{Ar}), 152.0 (2-C), 165.4 (COO), 174.7 (4-C), 191.7 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄ClNO₄S: C, 53.02; H, 4.15; N, 4.12; S, 9.44; Cl, 10.43. Found: C, 52.94; H, 4.19; N, 4.03; S, 9.38; Cl, 10.50.

2-{3-[2-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Ethyl Ester (3a)

Mp 145 °C (DMF); yield: 1.8 g (80%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.15$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 3.99 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), $4.05 (q, 2 H, J = 7.5 Hz, OCH_2), 5.35 (s, 2 H, NCH_2), 5.63 (s, 1 H,$ CH), 7.80 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.98 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: $\delta = 14.3$ (CH₃), 33.4 (5-C), 51.9 (NCH₂), 60.9 (OCH₂), 91.3 (CHX), 127.3 (4-C_{Ar}), 131.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 132.9 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 134.3 (1-C_{Ar}), 151.2 (2-C), 166.3 (COO), 173.9 (4-C), 191.6 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄BrNO₄S: C, 46.89; H, 3.67; N, 3.65; S, 8.34; Br, 20.79. Found: C, 46.95; H, 3.78; N, 3.57; S, 8.29; Br, 20.59.

2-{3-[2-(Biphenyl-4-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Ethyl Ester (6a)

Mp 185 °C (DMF); yield: 2.0 g (88%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.15$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 4.01 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), $4.05 (q, 2 H, J = 7.5 Hz, OCH_2), 5.39 (s, 2 H, NCH_2), 5.63 (s, 1 H,$ CH), 7.45–7.55 (m, 3 H, Ar), 7.78 (d, 2 H, J = 8.0 Hz, Ar), 7.89 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.14 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.7 (CH₃), 32.6 (5-C), 52.5 (NCH₂), 60.0 (OCH₂), 91.5 (CHX), 125.5 (2',6'-C_{Ar}), 127.8 (4'-C_{Ar}), 128.5 (3',5'-C_{Ar}), 130.8 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 131.4 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 134.0 (1-C_{Ar}), 141.8 (4-C_{Ar}), 143.1 (1'-C_{Ar}), 154.1 (2-C), 165.1 (COO), 172.6 (4-C), 191.3 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₁₉NO₄S: C, 66.12; H, 5.02; N, 3.67; S, 8.41. Found: C, 66.06; H, 4.95; N, 3.82; S, 8.58.

2-{3-[2-[(4-Ethoxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Ethyl Ester (7a) Mp 183 °C (EtOH); yield: 1.6 g (73%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.21$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.2 Hz, CH₃), 1.33 (t, 3 H, J = 6.9

Hz, CH₃), 3.89 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 3.95 (q, 2 H, J = 7.2 Hz, OCH₂), $4.08 (q, 2 H, J = 7.2 Hz, OCH_2), 4.45 (s, 2 H, NCH_2), 5.47 (s, 1 H,$ CH), 6.81 (d, 2 H, J = 8.7 Hz, R), 7.43 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, R), 10.11 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: $\delta = 14.5$ (CH₃), 14.7 (CH₃), 32.4 (5-C) 46.0 (NCH₂), 60.9 (OCH₂), 63.2 (OCH₂), 92.3 (CHX), 114.0 (3,5-C_R), 120.7 (2,6-C_R), 135.4 (1-C_R), 154.8 (4-C_R), 146.9 (2-C), 166.1 (COO), 167.7 (CONH), 173.7 (4-C).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₀N₂O₅S: C, 56.03; H, 5.53; N, 7.69; S, 8.80. Found: C, 55.98; H, 5.69; N, 7.61; S, 8.73.

2-{3-[2-[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Ethyl Ester (8a) Mp 193 °C (EtOH); yield: 1.9 g (83%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.17$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.2 Hz, CH₃), 3.70 (s, 6 H, 2 OCH₃), 3.95 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 4.06 (q, 2 H, J = 7.2 Hz, OCH₂), 4.50 (s, 2 H, NCH_2), 5.55 (s, 1 H, CH), 6.89 (d, 1 H, J = 8.8 Hz, R), 7.01 (dd, 1 H, $J^3 = 8.8$ Hz, $J^4 = 2.0$ Hz, R), 7.31 (d, 1 H, J = 2.0 Hz, R), 10.21 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: $\delta = 14.4$ (CH₃), 33.6 (5-C) 48.3 (NCH₂), 55.2 (OCH₃), 56.4 (OCH₃), 61.4 (OCH₂), 92.7 (CHX), 108.6 (2-C_R), 113.7 (5-C_R), 120.5 (6-C_R), 135.4 (1-C_R), 147.6 (4-C_R), 149.9 (3-C_R), 158.0 (2-C), 165.2 (COO), 168.8 (CONH), 172.1 (4-C).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₀N₂O₆S: C, 53.67; H, 5.30; N, 7.36; S, 8.43. Found: C, 53.79; H, 5.18; N, 7.45; S, 8.29.

2-Thiazolidinylideneacetic Acid Methyl Esters 2b, 5b, 10b

The methyl esters were obtained from the ester 1b according to above procedure using MeOH instead of EtOH to avoid a re-esterification.

2-{3-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Methyl Ester (2b)

Mp 163 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 1.5 g (77%).

¹H NMR: δ = 3.58 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.01 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.36 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.66 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.67 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.0 Hz, Ar), 8.07 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 33.5 (5-C), 51.4 (CH₃), 53.3 (NCH₂), 90.8 (CHX), 129.1 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.6 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 134.2 (1-C_{Ar}), 138.3 (4-C_{Ar}), 152.2 (2-C), 166.1 (COO), 174.7 (4-C), 192.9 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂ClNO₄S: C, 51.62; H, 3.71; N, 4.30; S, 9.84; Cl, 10.88. Found: C, 51.55; H, 3.89; N, 4.36; S, 9.77; Cl, 10.94.

2-[4-Oxo-3-(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)-2-thiazolidinylidene]acetic Acid Methyl Ester (5b)

Mp 149 °C (dioxane); yield: 1.3 g (75%).

¹H NMR: δ = 3.58 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.00 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.36 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.63 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.59 (t, 2 H, *J* = 10.0 Hz, Ar), 7.72 (t, 1 H, *J* = 10.0 Hz, Ar), 8.06 (d, 2 H, *J* = 10.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 32.6 (5-C), 51.4 (CH₃), 52.5 (NCH₂), 92.7 (CHX), 128.2 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.4 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 134.5 (4-C_{Ar}), 136.6 (1-C_{Ar}), 158.6 (2-C), 170.8 (COO), 173.7 (4-C), 193.2 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{13}NO_4S$: C, 57.72:, H, 4.50; N, 4.81; S, 11.01. Found: C, 57.65:, H, 4.39; N, 4.88; S, 11.12.

2-{3-[2-[4-(Isopropyl)phenyl]amino-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetic Acid Methyl Ester (10b) Mp 125 °C (MeOH): vield: 1.9 g (01%)

Mp 125 °C (MeOH); yield: 1.9 g (91%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.17$ [d, 6 H, J = 6.0 Hz, CH(CH₃)₂], 2.83 [1 H, m, CH(CH₃)₂], 3.60 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.95 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 4.50 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.55 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.17 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, R), 7.45 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, R), 10.19 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: δ = 23.4 [CH(*C*H₃)₂], 31.0 (5-C), 33.8 [*C*H(CH₃)₂], 50.8 (CH₃), 54.3 (NCH₂), 91.3 (CHX), 119.7 (2,6-C_R), 129.7 (3,5-C_R), 138.5 (4-C_R), 139.9 (1-C_R), 162.0 (2-C), 169.1 (COO), 171.4 (4-C), 176.7 (COR).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{20}N_2O_4S$: C, 58.60; H, 5.79; N, 8.04; S, 9.20. Found: C, 58.74; H, 5.71; N, 7.95; S, 9.11.

2-Thiazolidinylideneacetonitriles 2c, 3c, 4c, 7c, 9c and 2-Hetarylmethylidene-4-thiazolidinones 2d,e, 3d, 4d,e, 7d; General Procedure

Powdered K_2CO_3 (1.0 g, 7.2 mmol) was added to a solution of 1ce (6 mmol) and the corresponding alkylating agent (6 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) and the resulting mixture was heated at 120–130 °C for 1.5–2 h. When the derivative 1c was used as starting material, the cooled mixture was poured into H₂O, the precipitated solid was filtered, dried and recrystallized from aq DMF yielding nitriles 2c, 3c, 4c, 7c, 9c. When the alkylation was carried out for compounds 1d,e, the mixture was cooled, the precipitate formed was filtered, thoroughly washed with H₂O to remove inorganic materials and recrystallized (if necessary) from DMF or aq DMF to give 2d,e, 3d, 4d,e, 7d.

$\label{eq:2-3-2-constraint} 2-\{3-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene \} acetonitrile (2c)$

Mp 137 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 1.2 g (68%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.26 (s, 2H, SCH₂), 5.28 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.38 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.66 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.05 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 32.7 (5-C), 51.8 (NCH₂), 65.7 (CHX), 116.5 (CN), 129.0 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.5 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.9 (1-C_{Ar}), 138.4 (4-C_{Ar}), 156.5 (2-C), 172.8 (4-C), 192.5 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_9ClN_2O_2S$: C, 53.34; H, 3.10; N, 9.57; S, 10.95; Cl, 12.11. Found: C, 53.29; H, 3.21; N, 9.41; S, 11.03; Cl, 12.02.

2-(2-Benzothiazolylmethylidene)-3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]thiazolidin-4-one (2d)

Mp 256 °C (DMF); yield: 2.0 g (83%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.03 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.39 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.62 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.28 (t, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 7.42 (t, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 7.63 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.83 (d, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 7.89 (d, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 8.12 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 33.0 (5-C), 52.1 (NCH₂), 92.5 (CHX), 121.2 (7-C_X), 121.9 (4-C_X), 123.9 (6-C_X), 126.3 (5-C_X), 128.8 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 131.7 (7a-C_X), 133.6 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.5 (1-C_{Ar}), 138.2 (4-C_{Ar}), 152.9 (2-C), 153.5 (3a-C_X), 163.8 (2-C_X), 173.2 (4-C), 191.9 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{13}ClN_2O_2S_2$: C, 56.92; H, 3.27; N, 6.99; S, 16.00; Cl, 8.84. Found: C, 56.88; H, 3.32; N, 7.06; S, 15.87; Cl, 8.79.

3-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-2thiazolyl]methylidenethiazolidin-4-one (2e) Mp 279 °C (DME): yield: 2.1 g (81%)

Mp 279 °C (DMF); yield: 2.1 g (81%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 2.34$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.06 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.39 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.67 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.26 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.68 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.79 (s, 1 H, 5-H_X), 7.91 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.11 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, X).

¹³C NMR: δ = 21.1 (CH₃), 32.5 (5-C), 52.1 (NCH₂), 91.8 (CHX), 125.2 (2,6-C_{tol}), 129.1 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 130.2 (3,5-C_{tol}), 131.0 (4-C_{tol}), 133.5 (1-C_{tol}), 133.6 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.3 (1-C_{Ar}), 137.9 (4-C_{Ar}), 140.8 (5-C_X), 153.5 (2-C), 166.4 (4-C_X), 166.8 (2-C_X), 173.4 (4-C), 191.2 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{17}CIN_2O_2S_2$: C, 59.92; H, 3.89; N, 6.35; S, 14.54; Cl, 8.04. Found: C, 60.02; H, 3.84; N, 6.21; S, 14.67; Cl, 8.12.

2-{3-[2-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene}acetonitrile (3c)

Mp 185 °C (DMF–H₂O); yield: 1.8 g (89%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.26 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.28 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.38 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.80 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, Ar), 7.97 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 31.6 (5-C), 51.8 (NCH₂), 65.6 (CHX), 119.6 (CN), 130.3 (4-C_{Ar}), 130.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 132.3 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 140.1 (1-C_{Ar}), 162.6 (2-C), 169.6 (4-C), 192.9 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₉BrN₂O₂S: C, 46.31; H, 2.69; N, 8.31; S, 9.51; Br, 23.70. Found: C, 46.32; H, 2.74; N, 8.23; S, 9.58; Br, 23.79.

2-(2-Benzothiazolylmethylidene)-3-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]thiazolidin-4-one (3d)

Mp 289 °C (DMF); yield: 2.3 g (86%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.08 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.41 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.70 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.31 (t, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 7.45 (t, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 7.85 (m, 3 H, X, Ar), 7.97 (d, 1 H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, X), 8.03 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 33.6 (5-C), 52.1 (NCH₂), 92.7 (CHX), 122.7 (7-C_X), 122.9 (4-C_X), 124.9 (6-C_X), 125.8 (5-C_X), 127.3 (4-C_{Ar}), 130.1 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 131.8 (7a-C_X), 135.9 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 136.8 (1-C_{Ar}), 151.8 (3a-C_X), 156.1 (2-C), 161.8 (2-C_X), 171.9 (4-C), 193.1 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{13}BrN_2O_2S_2$: C, 51.24; H, 2.94; N, 6.29; S, 14.40; Br, 17.94. Found: C, 51.19; H, 2.99; N, 6.32; S, 14.28; Br, 18.01.

$\label{eq:2-3-2-constraint} 2-\{3-[2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-oxo-2-thiazolidinylidene \} acetonitrile (4c)$

Mp 196 °C (DMF–H₂O); yield: 1.4 g (77%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.28 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.38 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.44 (s, 1 H, CH), 8.28 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.39 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 32.8 (5-C), 52.1 (NCH₂), 65.6 (CHX), 116.5 (CN), 123.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.4 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 142.9 (1-C_{Ar}), 149.4 (4-C_{Ar}), 156.6 (2-C), 173.0 (4-C), 193.1 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_9N_3O_4S$: C, 51.48; H, 2.99; N, 13.85; S, 10.57. Found: C, 51.33; H, 3.08; N, 13.80; S, 10.63.

2-(2-Benzothiazolylmethylidene)-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]thiazolidin-4-one (4d)

Mp 219 °C (DMF); yield: 1.9 g (77%).

¹H NMR: δ = 4.10 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.51 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.76 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.31 (t, 1 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.45 (t, 1 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.85 (d, 1 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.97 (d, 1 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, X), 8.35 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.42 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 32.4 (5-C), 52.1 (NCH₂), 92.6 (CHX), 123.0 (4-C_X), 123.2 (7-C_X), 125.6 (6-C_X), 125.4 (5-C_X), 128.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 132.4 (7a-C_X), 133.8 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 141.2 (1-C_{Ar}), 149.1 (4-C_{Ar}), 149.8 (3a-C_X), 157.7 (2-C), 167.5 (2-C_X), 169.9 (4-C), 193.9 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{13}N_3O_4S_2$: C, 55.46; H, 3.18; N, 10.21; S, 15.59. Found: C, 55.41; H, 3.07; N, 10.28; S, 15.67.

2-[4-(4-Methylphenyl)-2-thiazolyl]methylidene-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]thiazolidin-4-one (4e) Mp 256 °C (DMF); yield: 2.2 g (81%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 2.34$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.08 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 5.47 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.71 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.26 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.79 (s, 1 H, 5-H_X), 7.91 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, X), 8.33 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.41 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 21.2 (CH₃), 31.6 (5-C), 52.6 (NCH₂), 91.6 (CHX), 125.7 (2,6-C_{tol}), 128.6 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 130.0 (3,5-C_{tol}), 132.9 (4-C_{tol}), 133.3 (1-C_{tol}), 133.4 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 140.4 (5-C_X), 142.7 (1-C_{Ar}), 149.6 (4-C_{Ar}), 158.4 (2-C), 167.8 (4-C_X), 166.1 (2-C_X), 171.4 (4-C), 192.8 (COAr).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{17}N_3O_4S_2$: C, 58.52; H, 3.80; N, 9.31; S, 14.20. Found: C, 58.66; H, 3.77; N, 9.48; S, 14.09.

2-Cyanomethylidene-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-3-thiazolidineacetamide (7c)

Mp 230 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 1.8 g (92%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 1.34$ (t, 3 H, J = 7.2 Hz, CH₃), 3.97 (q, 2 H, J = 7.2 Hz, OCH₂), 4.15 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 4.42 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.21 (s, 1 H, CH), 6.80 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, R), 7.42 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, R), 10.04 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.7 (CH₃), 31.6 (5-C), 45.5 (NCH₂), 63.0 (OCH₂), 66.5 (CHX), 114.3 (3,5-C_R), 116.6 (CN), 120.9 (2,6-C_R), 135.0 (1-C_R), 152.4 (2-C), 154.8 (4-C_R), 167.6 (CONH), 171.8 (4-C).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{15}H_{15}N_3O_3S$: C, 56.77; H, 4.76; N, 13.24; S, 10.10. Found: C, 56.81; H, 4.59; N, 13.19; S, 10.13.

2-(2-Benzothiazolylmethylidene)-N-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-3-thiazolidineacetamide (7d)

Mp 254 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 2.3 g (90%).

¹H NMR: δ = 1.33 (t, 3 H, *J* = 6.9, CH₃), 3.98 (q, 4 H, *J* = 6.9 Hz, OCH₂), 4.05 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 4.57 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 6.53 (s, 1 H, CH), 6.82 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.7 Hz, R), 7.29 (t, 1 H, *J* = 8.1 Hz, X), 7.45 (m, 3 H, R, X), 7.83 (d, 1 H, *J* = 8.1 Hz, X), 7.91 (d, 1 H, *J* = 8.1 Hz, X), 10.09 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.6 (CH₃), 31.9 (5-C), 45.5 (NCH₂), 63.0 (OCH₂), 93.7 (CHX), 114.4 (3,5-C_R), 120.6 (2,6-C_R), 121.2 (7-C_X), 121.7 (4-C_X), 123.9 (6-C_X), 126.2 (5-C_X), 131.5 (1-C_R), 133.3 (7a-C_X), 148.8 (2-C), 153.2 (3a-C_X), 154.6 (4-C_R), 163.5 (2-C_X), 163.9 (CONH), 172.1 (4-C). Anal. Calcd for $C_{21}H_{19}N_3O_3S_2$: C, 59.28; H, 4.50; N, 9.87; S, 15.07. Found: C, 59.35; H, 4.42; N, 9.84; S, 15.11.

2-Cyanomethylidene-N-(4-methylphenyl)-4-oxo-3-thiazolidineacetamide (9c)

Mp 207 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 1.5 g (87%).

¹H NMR: δ = 2.24 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 4.20 (s, 2 H, SCH₂), 4.45 (s, 2 H, NCH₂), 5.36 (s, 1 H, CH), 7.11 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, R), 7.42 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, R), 10.21 (s, 1 H, NH).

¹³C NMR: δ = 20.6 (CH₃), 30.9 (5-C), 44.6 (NCH₂), 66.8 (CHX), 118.2 (CN), 120.4 (2,6-C_R), 127.1 (3,5-C_R), 133.1 (4-C_R), 137.4 (1-C_R), 153.7 (2-C), 165.0 (CONH), 169.5 (4-C).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{13}N_3O_2S$: C, 58.52; H, 4.56; N, 14.62; S, 11.16. Found: C, 58.44; H, 4.59; N, 14.77; S, 11.09.

5-Aroyl-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyr-rolo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles 11–15; General Procedure

Appropriate **2–6** (3 mmol) was added to a cold solution of POCl₃ (1.4 g, 9 mmol) in anhyd DMF (5 mL) and the mixture was gently heated to dissolve the starting material. The resulting solution was kept at 50–55 °C for 2 h. After cooling, the precipitated solid was filtered and washed consecutively with H₂O, aq sat. NaHCO₃ solution and again with H₂O to afford pure **11–15**. Further quantities of derivatives **11–15** were obtained when the filtrate was poured onto crushed ice, the precipitate formed was filtered, washed as above and recrystallized from DMF or aq DMF.

5-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic Acid Ethyl Ester (11a)

Mp 175 °C (DMF–H₂O); yield: 0.8 g (66%).

¹H NMR: δ = 1.28 (t, 3 H, *J* = 7.4 Hz, CH₃), 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 4.24 (q, 2 H, *J* = 7.4, CH₂), 7.17 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.56 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4, Ar), 7.78 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.4, Ar), 7.90 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.5 (CH₃), 40.0 [N(CH₃)₂], 59.0 (OCH₂), 87.2 (2-C), 107.9 (7-C), 124.4 (6-C), 126.1 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 127.7 (1-C_{Ar}), 129.9 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 137.6 (5-C), 140.3 (4-C_{Ar}), 141.1 (7a-C), 150.4 (=CHN), 159.5 (3-C), 162.9 (7-CO), 182.1 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{17}CIN_2O_4S$: C, 56.37; H, 4.23; N, 6.92; S, 7.92; Cl, 8.76. Found: C, 56.36; H, 4.19; N, 6.84; S, 8.03; Cl, 8.61.

5-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic Acid Methyl Ester (11b)

Mp 198 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 0.9 g (77%).

¹H NMR: δ = 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 3.78 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 7.18 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.56 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.78 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.91 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 40.9 [N(CH₃)₂], 51.6 (OCH₃), 87.9 (2-C), 106.9 (7-C), 124.4 (6-C), 127.1 (1-C_{Ar}), 128.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 129.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 137.6 (5-C), 140.1 (4-C_{Ar}), 141.2 (7a-C), 151.3 (=CHN), 160.0 (3-C), 163.1 (7-CO), 183.5 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{15}ClN_2O_4S\colon C,\,55.32;\,H,\,3.87;\,N,\,7.17;\,S,\,8.20;$ Cl, 9.07. Found: C, 55.28; H, 3.98; N, 7.19; S, 8.11; Cl, 9.16.

5-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b***]thiazole-7-carbonitrile (11c) Mp 130 °C (DMF–H₂O); yield: 0.7 g (65%).**

¹H NMR: δ = 3.27 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.45 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.56 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.79 (d, 2 H, *J* = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 7.97 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 41.1 [N(CH₃)₂], 77.6 (7-C), 92.8 (2-C), 108.0 (CN), 123.4 (6-C), 126.1 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 131.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.5 (5-C), 136.2 (1-

 C_{Ar}), 140.3 (4- C_{Ar}), 144.0 (7a-C), 150.6 (=CHN), 157.5 (3-C), 180.6 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{12}ClN_3O_2S$: C, 57.06; H, 3.38; N, 11.74; S, 8.96; Cl, 9.91. Found: C, 57.13; H, 3.27; N, 11.71; S, 9.01; Cl, 9.95.

7-(2-Benzothiazolyl)-5-(4-chlorobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidenepyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazol-3(2H)-one (11d) Mp 165 °C (DME); yield: 1.2 c (86%)

Mp 165 °C (DMF); yield: 1.2 g (86%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 3.27$ [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.43 (t, 1 H, J = 8.0 Hz, X), 7.54 (t, 1 H, J = 8.0 Hz, X), 7.59 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.63 (d, 2 H, J = 8.4 Hz, Ar), 7.88 (d, 2 H, J = 8.4 Hz, Ar), 7.99 (s, 1 H, =CHN), 8.01 (d, 1 H, J = 8.0 Hz, X), 8.13 (d, 1 H, J = 8.0 Hz, X).

¹³C NMR: δ = 40.2 [N(CH₃)₂], 87.2 (2-C), 110.2 (7-C), 121.8 (7-C_x) 122.2 (4-C_x), 123.7 (6-C), 124.6 (6-C_x), 126.5 (5-C_x), 128.2 (5-C), 128.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 130.8 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 133.4 (7a-C_x), 134.8 (3a-C_x), 136.8 (4-C_{Ar}), 137.4 (1-C_{Ar}), 150.5 (=CHN), 153.3 (2-C_x), 160.0 (7a-C), 160.2 (3-C), 181.4 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{16}ClN_3O_2S_2$: C, 59.28; H, 3.46; N, 9.02; S, 13.76; Cl, 7.61. Found: C, 59.34; H, 3.44; N, 8.94; S, 13.84; Cl, 7.58.

5-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-7-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-thiazolyl]pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3(2*H*)-one (11e)

Mp >300 °C (DMF); yield: 1.3 g (87%).

¹H NMR: δ = 2.41 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.29 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.37 (d, 2 H, *J* = 7.6 Hz, X), 7.61 (m, 3 H, 6-H, Ar), 7.82 (m, 4 H, Ar, X), 7.95 (s, 1 H, =CHN), 8.25 (s, 1 H, 5-H_X).

¹³C NMR: δ = 21.1 (CH₃), 40.2 [N(CH₃)₂], 87.6 (2-C), 102.3 (7-C), 118.3 (6-C), 124.2 (2,6-C_{tol}), 124.9 (5-C_X), 126.2 (4-C_X), 126.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 128.1 (5-C), 128.6 (3,5-C_{tol}), 129.1 (4-C_{Ar}), 132.0 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.5 (1-C_{tol}), 137.4 (1-C_{Ar}), 139.0 (4-C_{tol}), 150.6 (=CHN), 156.7 (2-C_X), 159.4 (7a-C), 160.5 (3-C), 183.0 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{20}ClN_3O_2S_2$: C, 61.71; H, 3.98; N, 8.30; S, 12.67; Cl, 7.01. Found: C, 61.66; H, 4.06; N, 8.27; S, 12.62; Cl, 7.15.

5-(4-Bromobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic Acid Ethyl Ester (12a)

Mp 185 °C (DMF); yield: 1.0 g (74%).

¹H NMR: δ = 1.27 (t, 3 H, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 4.24 (q, 2 H, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₂), 7.17 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.71 (m, 4 H, Ar), 7.90 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.4 (CH₃), 41.3 [N(CH₃)₂], 59.2 (OCH₂), 89.9 (2-C), 105.6 (7-C), 122.8 (6-C), 127.4 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 127.5 (4-C_{Ar}), 128.0 (1-C_{Ar}), 130.1 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 140.8 (5-C), 141.5 (7a-C), 149.2 (=CHN), 157.0 (3-C), 162.3 (7-CO), 184.8 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{17}BrN_2O_4S$: C, 50.79; H, 3.81; N, 6.23; S, 7.14; Br, 17.78. Found: C, 50.62; H, 3.88; N, 6.22; S, 7.11; Br, 17.92.

5-(4-Bromobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-b]thiazole-7-carbonitrile (12c) Mp 179 °C (DMF); yield: 1.1 g (91%).

¹H NMR: δ = 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.45 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.71 (m, 4 H, Ar), 7.97 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 42.9 [N(CH₃)₂9, 75.3 (7-C), 95.3 (2-C), 108.0 (CN), 120.0 (6-C), 127.1 (4-C_{Ar}), 129.3 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.3 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 137.1 (1-C_{Ar}), 139.1 (5-C), 146.4 (7a-C), 150.2 (=CHN), 154.2 (3-C), 182.2 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{12}BrN_3O_2S$: C, 50.76; H, 3.01; N, 10.45; S, 7.97; Br, 19.86. Found: C, 50.69; H, 3.06; N, 10.49; S, 8.09; Br, 19.71.

7-(2-Benzothiazolyl)-5-(4-bromobenzoyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidenepyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3(2*H*)-one (12d) Mp 209 °C (DMF); yield: 1.3 g (87%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 3.30$ [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.38 (t, 1 H, J = 6.0 Hz, X), 7.50 (m, 2 H, 6-H, X), 7.74 (m, 4 H, Ar), 7.93 (s, 1 H, =CHN), 7.96 (d, 1 H, J = 6.0 Hz, X), 8.06 (d, 1 H, J = 6.0 Hz, X).

¹³C NMR: δ = 41.3 [N(CH₃)₂], 87.5 (2-C), 106.0 (7-C), 120.5 (6-C), 123.3 (7-C_X) 124.0 (6-C_X), 124.2 (5-C_X), 125.0 (4-C_X), 128.5 (4-C_{Ar}), 128.9 (5-C), 129.0 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 130.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 132.6 (7a-C_X), 136.5 (3a-C_X), 137.5 (1-C_{Ar}), 149.2 (=CHN), 156.4 (2-C_X), 159.2 (7a-C), 160.6 (3-C), 182.6 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{16}BrN_3O_2S_2$: C, 54.12; H, 3.16; N, 8.23; S, 12.56; Br, 15.65. Found: C, 54.08; H, 3.13; N, 8.19; S, 12.64; Br, 15.44.

2-(Dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-5-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b***]thiazole-7-carbonitrile (13c) Mp 237 °C (DMF-H₂O); yield: 0.65 g (59%).**

¹H NMR: δ = 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.55 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.97 (s, 1 H, =CHN), 7.99 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.7 Hz, Ar), 8.30 (d, 2 H, *J* = 8.7 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 42.1 [N(CH₃)₂], 74.3 (7-C), 95.7 (2-C), 108.3 (CN), 119.0 (6-C), 129.0 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 132.9 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 139.3 (5-C), 141.6 (1-C_{Ar}), 147.0 (7a-C), 149.6 (4-C_{Ar}), 151.6 (=CHN), 154.3 (3-C), 182.6 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{12}N_4O_4S;\,C,\,55.43;\,H,\,3.28;\,N,\,15.21;\,S,\,8.70.$ Found: C, 55.49; H, 3.22; N, 15.13; S, 8.76.

7-(2-Benzothiazolyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-5-(4-nitrobenzoyl)pyrrolo[2,1-*b***]thiazol-3(2***H***)-one (13d) Mp 220 °C (dec.) (DMF); yield: 1.1 g (77%).**

¹H NMR: $\delta = 3.28$ [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.38 (t, 1 H, J = 7.5 Hz, X), 7.49 (t, 1 H, J = 7.5 Hz, X), 7.58 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.91 (s, 1 H, =CHN), 7.95 (d, 1 H, J = 7.5 Hz, X), 8.02 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar), 8.07 (d, 1 H, J = 7.5 Hz, X), 8.31 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 41.3 [N(CH₃)₂], 88.6 (2-C), 104.9 (7-C), 119.7 (6-C), 123.1 (7-C_X) 124.4 (5-C_X), 124.9 (6-C_X), 125.6 (4-C_X), 126.8 (5-C), 129.5 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 131.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 132.5 (7a-C_X), 138.1 (3a-C_X), 140.2 (1-C_{Ar}), 148.5 (=CHN), 148.6 (4-C_{Ar}), 153.9 (2-C_X), 163.1 (7a-C), 164.4 (3-C), 182.9 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{16}N_4O_4S_2$: C, 57.97; H, 3.38; N, 11.76; S, 13.46. Found: C, 57.94; H, 3.47; N, 11.71; S, 13.49.

2-(Dimethylamino)methylidene-7-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-thiazolyl]-5-(4-nitrobenzoyl)pyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-3(2*H*)-one (13e) Mp 160 °C (dec.) (DMF); yield: 1.1 g (71%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 2.35$ (s, 3 H, CH₃), 3.27 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 7.28 (d, 2 H, J = 9.0 Hz, X), 7.57 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.92 (m, 4 H, X, =CHN, 5-H_X), 8.02 (d, 2 H, J = 6.0 Hz, Ar), 8.33 (d, 2 H, J = 6.0 Hz, Ar).

¹³C NMR: δ = 21.8 (CH₃), 40.9 [N(CH₃)₂], 85.6 (2-C), 102.2 (7-C), 118.6 (6-C), 124.2 (2,6-C₁₀), 126.0 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 126.9 (5-C_X), 128.1 (3,5-C₁₀), 128.5 (4-C_X), 129.8 (5-C), 131.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 135.7 (1-C₁₀), 139.0 (4-C₁₀), 141.1 (1-C_{Ar}), 148.6 (4-C_{Ar}), 153.4 (=CHN), 156.4 (7a-C), 159.6 (2-C_X), 162.6 (3-C), 183.0 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{20}N_4O_4S_2$: C, 60.45; H, 3.90; N, 10.85; S, 12.41. Found: C, 60.38; H, 3.92; N, 10.71; S, 12.46.

5-Benzoyl-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3-dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic Acid Methyl Ester (14b) Mp 126 °C (DMF–H₂O); yield: 0.9 g (84%).

¹H NMR: $\delta = 3.27$ [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 3.78 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 7.12 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.52 (t, 2 H, J = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.64 (t, 1 H, J = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.79 (d, 2 H, J = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.91 (s, 1 H, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 40.0 [N(CH₃)₂], 51.7 (OCH₃), 87.0 (2-C), 106.6 (7-C), 124.7 (6-C), 128.3 (1-C_{Ar}), 128.7 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 129.3 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 133.0 (4-C_{Ar}), 137.8 (5-C), 140.4 (7a-C), 150.6 (=CHN), 160.2 (3-C), 162.8 (7-CO), 182.5 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{18}H_{16}N_2O_4S$: C, 60.66; H, 4.53; N, 7.86; S, 9.00. Found: C, 60.59; H, 4.59; N, 7.70; S, 8.92.

5-(Biphenyl-4-ylcarbonyl)-2-(dimethylamino)methylidene-2,3dihydro-3-oxopyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazole-7-carboxylic Acid Ethyl Ester (15a)

Mp 192 °C (DMF); yield: 1.2 g (89%).

¹H NMR: δ = 1.28 (t, 3 H, *J* = 7.0 Hz, CH₃), 3.26 [s, 6 H, N(CH₃)₂], 4.25 (q, 2 H, *J* = 7.0 Hz, CH₂), 7.16 (s, 1 H, 6-H), 7.43 (t, 1 H, *J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.51 (t, 2 H, *J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.75 (d, 2 H, *J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar), 7.82 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, Ar), 7.90 (m, 3 H, Ar, =CHN).

¹³C NMR: δ = 14.9 (CH₃), 41.3 [N(CH₃)₂], 59.0 (OCH₂), 89.9 (2-C), 104.6 (7-C), 121.4 (6-C), 125.3 (3,5-C_{Ar}), 125.5 (2',6'-C_{Ar}), 127.8 (4'-C_{Ar}), 128.5 (3',5'-C_{Ar}), 128.6 (1-C_{Ar}), 129.6 (2,6-C_{Ar}), 131.7 (4-C_{Ar}), 141.2 (5-C), 143.2 (7a-C), 143.3 (1'-C_{Ar}), 146.3 (=CHN), 156.3 (3-C), 162.4 (7-CO), 183.5 (5-CO).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{22}N_2O_4S$: C, 67.25; H, 4.97; N, 6.27; S, 7.18. Found: C, 67.32; H, 5.06; N, 6.23; S, 7.16.

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