

A Novel Chemoselective Cleavage of (*tert*-Butyl)(dimethyl)silyl (TBS) Ethers Catalyzed by $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$

by Davir González-Calderón^{*a}), Carlos A. González-González^a), Aydeé Fuentes-Benítez^a), Erick Cuevas-Yáñez^b), David Corona-Becerril^b), and Carlos González-Romero^{*a})

^a) Departamento de Química Orgánica, Facultad de Química, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de México, Paseo Colón/Paseo Tollocan s/n, Toluca, Estado de México, 50120, Mexico (phone: +52-722-2175109 ext 113; fax: +52-722-2173890; e-mail: qfb_dgonzalez@yahoo.com.mx; cgonzalezr@uaemex.mx)

^b) Centro Conjunto de Investigación en Química Sustentable UAEM-UNAM, Toluca-Atlaconmulco Km. 14.5, San Cayetano, Toluca, Estado de México, 50200, Mexico

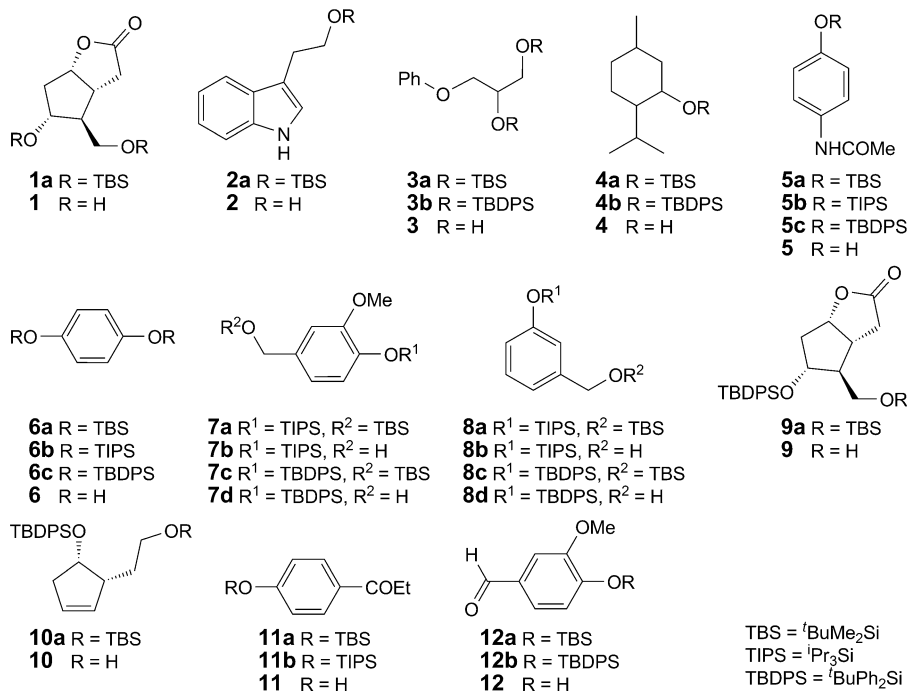
(*tert*-Butyl)(dimethyl)silyl ($^t\text{BuMe}_2\text{Si}$; TBS) phenyl/alkyl ethers were efficiently cleaved to the corresponding parent hydroxy compounds in good yields using catalytic amounts of $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ by microwave-assisted or conventional heating in MeOH. Intramolecular and competitive experiments demonstrated the chemoselective deprotection of TBS ethers in the presence of triisopropylsilyl ($^i\text{Pr}_3\text{Si}$; TIPS) and (*tert*-butyl)(diphenyl)silyl ($^t\text{BuPh}_2\text{Si}$; TBDPS) ethers.

Introduction. – Silyl ethers are among the most frequently used to protect OH groups, because they are easily and efficiently installed and are stable to a variety of reagents and reaction conditions [1]. In this context, the (*tert*-butyl)(dimethyl)silyl ($^t\text{BuMe}_2\text{Si}$; TBS), triisopropylsilyl ($^i\text{Pr}_3\text{Si}$; TIPS), and (*tert*-butyl)(diphenyl)silyl ($^t\text{BuPh}_2\text{Si}$; TBDPS) moieties are among the most important protecting groups and are often used in multistep organic syntheses [2]. Ce-based inorganic reagents for desilylation have been reported, *e.g.*, silica gel-supported ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN-SiO_2 ; stoichiometric amounts) [3], CAN/MeOH (1.2 equiv.) [4], $\text{CeCl}_3 \cdot 7 \text{H}_2\text{O/MeCN}$ (2.0 equiv.) [5], and $\text{Ce}(\text{OTf})_4/\text{MeCN}$ [6]. Unfortunately, none of these reagents lead to selectivity for TBS, TIPS, or TBDPS ethers; moreover, stoichiometric amounts of reagents are particularly disadvantageous for large-scale reactions.

Results and Discussion. – Within our current research, we observed that bis-TBS ether **1a** was cleaved within minutes upon microwave heating in MeOH containing $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$. As a consequence, we decided to investigate the $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ -catalyzed cleavage of silyl ether **1a** in more detail.

Optimization studies for this cleavage process were carried out on **1a**. Complete removal of the silyl group elimination occurred within 20 min upon microwave heating at 130° in MeOH containing 20 mol-% $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$. At room temperature, silyl group loss was slow, but it occurred at an acceptable rate at 60° (conventional heating) and was complete within 12 h.

The optimized conditions, under microwave and conventional heating conditions (12 h), were then used to study the deprotection of a series of silylated alcohols and/or



phenols (*Table 1*). Both TBS ethers of alcohols (*Entries 1–3* and *5*) and phenols (*Entries 7* and *10*) were very efficiently cleaved in high yields, while TIPS aryl ethers were cleaved only in trace amounts or not at all (*Entries 8* and *11*). TBDPS Alkyl and aryl ethers were essentially inert.

The data in *Table 1* clearly indicate that selective cleavage of TBS alkyl ethers should be possible. Indeed, the results presented in *Table 2* reveal that TBS groups of alkyl ethers are cleanly and efficiently removed in the presence of TIPS phenyl (*Entries 1* and *2*), or TBDPS phenyl (*3* and *4*) or alkyl (*Entries 5* and *6*) ethers within the same molecule. In addition, we have also carried out a series of intermolecular competition experiments (*Table 3*) which led to the conclusion that TBS aryl ethers are very selectively cleaved in the presence of TIPS or TBDPS aryl ethers.

Conclusions. – We reported that catalytic amounts Ce(SO₄)₂·4 H₂O in MeOH selectively cleaves TBS phenyl or alkyl ethers in the presence of TIPS, or TBDPS phenyl or aryl ethers. In addition to the selectivity, this methodology is noteworthy because Ce(SO₄)₂·4 H₂O is mild, easy to handle, and of relatively low toxicity.

Financial support from UAEMéx (Project No. 2441) and CONACyT (postgraduate scholarship) is gratefully acknowledged. The authors would like to thank the referee and *Joseph M. Muchowski* (visiting professor, UNAM) for their valuable comments and suggestions; *M. N. Zavala-Segovia*, *L. Triana-Cruz* (CCIQS UAEMéx-UNAM), and *E. Díaz-Torres* (UNAM) for the technical support. Special thanks to *SIGNA S. A. de C. V.* for its valuable assistance.

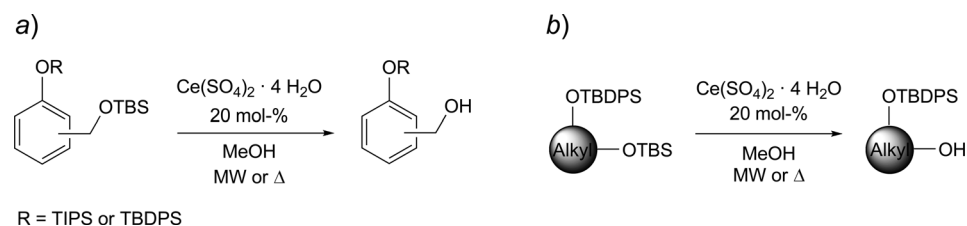
Table 1. Deprotection of Silyl Ethers Using 20 mol-% $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ by Microwave (MW) or Conventional Heating

Entry	Silyl ether	Alcohol ^{a)}	Yield [%] ^{b) c)}	
			MW ^{d)}	Δ ^{e)}
1	1a	1	94	96
2	2a	2	90	88
3	3a	3	93	95
4	3b	3	NR	NR
5	4a	4	96	91
6	4b	4	NR	trace
7	5a	5	94	94
8	5b	5	NR	trace
9	5c	5	NR	NR
10	6a	6	93	90
11	6b	6	trace	NR
12	6c	6	NR	NR

^{a)} Confirmed by comparison of the ^1H - and ^{13}C -NMR, and MS data with those of the authentic sample.

^{b)} Yields refer to chromatographically isolated pure compounds. ^{c)} In some cases, no reaction (NR) occurred, or product yields were very low, and *ca.* 90–98% of starting material was recovered. ^{d)} At 130°, 20 min. ^{e)} At 60°, 12 h.

Table 2. Intramolecular Chemoselective Deprotection of TBS Alkyl Ethers in the Presence of a) TIPS or TBDPS Phenyl Ethers (Entries 1–4) and b) TBDPS Alkyl Ethers (Entries 5 and 6)



Entry	Substrate	Product ^{a)}	Yield [%] ^{b)}	
			Δ ^{c)}	MW ^{d)}
1	7a	7b	95	93
2	8a	8b	96	96
3	7c	7d	94	92
4	8c	8d	93	97
5	9a	9	95	92
6	10a	10	93	96

^{a)} Confirmed by comparison of the ^1H - and ^{13}C -NMR, and MS data with those of the authentic sample.

^{b)} Yields refer to chromatographically isolated pure compounds. ^{c)} At 60°, 12 h. ^{d)} At 130°, 20 min.

Table 3. *Chemoselective Deprotection of TBS Phenyl Ethers in the Presence of TIPS and TBDPS Phenyl Ethers Evaluated by Competition Experiments*

$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{Ph}-\text{OTBS} & \xrightarrow[\text{MeOH, MW or } \Delta]{\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O, 20 mol-\%}} & \text{Ph}-\text{OH} \\ + & & + \\ \text{Ph}-\text{OR} & & \text{Ph}-\text{OR} \end{array} $ R = TIPS or TBDPS		
Substrates	Products ^{a)} (Yield [%]) ^{b)}	
	$\Delta^c)$	MW ^{d)}
11a + 12b	11 (90) + 12b (97)	11 (92) + 12b (94)
12a + 11b	12 (87) + 11b (95)	12 (90) + 11b (96)

^{a)} Confirmed by comparison of the ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR, and MS data with those of the authentic sample.
^{b)} Yields refer to chromatographically isolated pure compounds. ^{c)} At 60°, 12 h. ^{d)} At 130°, 20 min.

Experimental Part

General. The starting materials were purchased from *Aldrich Chemical Co.* and were used without further purification. The microwave-assisted reactions were performed using a focused microwave unit *Anton-Paar Synthos 300*; constant factor of the microwave, 1.214. The temp. was monitored with an IR temp. sensor. In all experiments, the microwave temp. was held constant. Reactions were carried out in 5-ml glass vessels with a magnetic stir bar, which were sealed with a cap septum. The specific reaction time corresponds to the total irradiation time. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to 25° via air-jet cooling. TLC: Silica-gel plates (SiO₂; 0.20-mm thickness); visualization with UV light at 254 nm or by staining with a base soln. of CoCl₂/H₂SO₄ ac. (2 g/100 ml H₂SO₄ 10%), followed by heating. Flash column chromatography (FC): SiO₂ 60 (230–400 mesh). M.p.: *Fischer-Johns Scientific* melting-point apparatus; uncorrected. ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR spectra: *Bruker Avance 300* MHz, and a *Varian 500* MHz; δ in ppm rel. to Me₄Si as internal standard, *J* in Hz. MS: *Shimadzu GCMS-QP2010 Plus*; in *m/z* (rel. %).

Microwave Irradiation. A 10-ml reaction vessel was charged with a magnetic stir bar, 0.4 mmol of TBS ether, and 20 mol-% Ce(SO₄)₂ · 4 H₂O in 2 ml of MeOH. A septum cap was affixed, and the vessel was placed in the microwave cavity of an *Anton-Paar* microwave equipment. The stirred mixture was irradiated at 130° for 20 min. After cooling to r.t., TLC indicated the disappearance of starting material. The solid Ce(SO₄)₂ was filtered off, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. FC afforded the pure alcohol. All products were spectrally identical with authentic alcohols.

Conventional Heating. A 10-ml round-bottom flask was equipped with a magnetic stir bar and a reflux condenser. Then, TBS ether (0.4 mmol) and 20 mol-% Ce(SO₄)₂ · 4 H₂O were added in MeOH (2.0 ml). The mixture was stirred at 60° for 12 h. After cooling to r.t., TLC indicated the disappearance of starting material. The solid Ce(SO₄)₂ was filtered off, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. FC afforded the pure alcohol. All products were spectrally identical with authentic alcohols.

(3*a*R,4*S*,5*R*,6*a*S)-3,3*a*,4,5,6,6*a*-Hexahydro-5-hydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-2-one (**1**). White solid. M.p. 115–117°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.9 (s, OH); 1.22 (s, OH); 1.9–2.2 (*m*, 1 H); 2.41 (*td*, *J* = 6.6, 21.5, 1 H); 2.56 (*d*, *J* = 2.4, 1 H); 2.62 (*td*, *J* = 2.4, 5.0, 2 H); 2.67 (*d*, *J* = 2.1, 1 H); 2.80 (*dd*, *J* = 9.6, 18.0, 2 H); 3.63 (*dd*, *J* = 7.2, 10.5, 1 H); 3.73 (*dd*, *J* = 5.7, 10.5, 1 H); 3.85 (*d*, *J* = 6.6, 1 H); 4.19 (*q*, *J* = 6.3, 1 H); 4.94 (*td*, *J* = 2.7, 7.0, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 35.2 (CH₂); 39.5 (CH); 40.7 (CH₂); 55.1 (CH); 63.6 (CH₂); 75.5 (CH); 83.4 (CH); 176.8 (C=O). EI-MS: 173 ([*M* + 1]⁺), 154 (12), 137 (15), 126 (30), 95 (18), 82 (40), 67 (23), 54 (100), 41 (30), 28 (19), 4 (15).

(3*a*R,4*S*,5*R*,6*a*S)-5-[[*tert*-Butyl](dimethyl)silyl]oxy]-4-[[*tert*-butyl](dimethyl)silyl]oxy)methyl)-3,3*a*,4,5,6,6*a*-hexahydro-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-2-one (**1a**). White solid. M.p. 60–63°. ¹H-NMR

(500 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.045–0.036 (*m*, 12 H); 0.86 (*s*, 9 H); 0.88 (*s*, 9 H); 1.99–1.95 (*m*, 2 H); 2.25–2.2 (*m*, 1 H); 2.53 (*dd*, *J* = 18.0, 3.0, 1 H); 2.68–2.63 (*m*, 2 H); 2.77 (*dd*, *J* = 18.0, 10.5, 1 H); 3.47 (*dd*, *J* = 10.5, 5.5, 1 H); 3.54 (*dd*, *J* = 10.5, 5.5, 1 H); 4.15 (*q*, *J* = 5.0, 2 H); 4.92 (*dt*, *J* = 7.0, 2.5, 1 H). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): –5.5 (4 MeSi); 18.2 (2 C); 25.8 (6 Me); 35.5 (CH_2); 39.1 (CH); 41.0 (CH_2); 56.9 (CH_2); 62.5 (CH); 74.5 (CH); 84.1 (CH); 177.2 (C=O).

2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethanol (2). Beige solid. M.p. 56–59°. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 1.9 (*s*, OH); 3.0 (*t*, *J* = 6.5, 2 H); 3.86 (*t*, *J* = 6.5, 2 H); 6.9 (*s*, 1 H); 7.11 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 1 H); 7.19 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 1 H); 7.30 (*d*, *J* = 7.5, 1 H); 7.59 (*d*, *J* = 7.5, 1 H); 8.16 (*s*, NH). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 28.7 (CH_2); 62.5 (CH_2); 111.3 (CH); 112.1 (C); 118.8 (CH); 119.4 (CH); 122.1 (CH); 122.6 (CH); 127.4 (C); 136.4 (C). EI-MS: 161 (M^+), 159 (12), 133 (25), 117 (12), 102 (6), 85 (100), 77 (7).

3-(2-[(*tert*-Butyl)(dimethyl)silyl]oxy)ethyl-1*H*-indole (2a). Amber oil. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.0 (*s*, 6 H); 0.8 (*s*, 9 H); 2.9 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 2 H); 3.8 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 2 H); 6.95–6.94 (*m*, 1 H); 7.09–7.07 (*m*, 1 H); 7.142–7.140 (*m*, 1 H); 7.28–7.26 (*m*, 1 H); 7.57–7.56 (*m*, 1 H); 7.85 (*s*, NH). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.0 (2 MeSi); 23.6 (C); 31.2 (3 Me); 34.2 (CH_2); 69.1 (CH_2); 116.3 (CH); 118.3 (C); 124.1 (CH); 124.4 (CH); 127.1 (CH); 127.3 (CH); 132.9 (C); 141.3 (C). EI-MS: 275 (M^+), 260 (42), 218 (61), 200 (12), 144 (100), 130 (8).

3-Phenoxypropane-1,2-diol (3). White solid. M.p. 50–53°. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 3.28 (*s*, 2 H); 3.70–3.64 (*m*, 2 H); 3.78–3.76 (*m*, 1 H); 3.97–3.96 (*m*, 2 H); 4.08–4.06 (*m*, 1 H); 6.88–6.86 (*m*, 2 H); 6.96–6.92 (*m*, 1 H); 7.26–7.23 (*m*, 2 H). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 63.7 (CH_2); 68.9 (CH_2); 70.5 (CH); 114.5 (2 CH); 121.2 (CH); 129.5 (2 CH); 158.4 (C). EI-MS: 168 (M^+), 150 (50), 136 (22), 119 (30), 94 (100), 77 (28), 66 (35).

2,2,3,3,8,8,9,9-Octamethyl-5-(phenoxymethyl)-4,7-dioxo-3,8-disiladecane (3a). Colorless liquid. ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.17–0.058 (*m*, 12 H); 0.9 (*s*, 18 H); 3.71 (*d*, *J* = 6.0, 2 H); 3.91–3.90 (*m*, 1 H); 4.16–4.09 (*m*, 2 H); 6.97–6.94 (*m*, 3 H); 7.34–7.29 (*m*, 2 H). ^{13}C -NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): –4.62 (2 MeSi); –4.54 (2 MeSi); 18.3 (2 C); 25.9 (6 Me); 65.0 (CH_2); 69.9 (CH_2); 72.1 (CH); 114.4 (2 CH); 120.5 (CH); 129.3 (2 CH); 159.0 (C). EI-MS: 397 (M^+), 303 (70), 277 (10), 249 (12), 207 (11), 171 (52), 133 (75), 89 (12), 73 (16).

2,2,9,9-Tetramethyl-5-(phenoxymethyl)-3,3,8,8-tetraphenyl-4,7-dioxo-3,8-disiladecane (3b). Slightly yellow oil. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 1.09–1.02 (*m*, 18 H); 3.76 (*d*, *J* = 2.4, 2 H); 3.98–3.96 (*m*, 1 H); 4.16–4.12 (*m*, 2 H); 6.75–6.73 (*m*, 2 H); 6.93–6.91 (*m*, 1 H); 7.25–7.21 (*m*, 6 H); 7.34–7.31 (*m*, 4 H); 7.42–7.40 (*m*, 4 H); 7.63–7.57 (*m*, 4 H); 7.70–7.67 (*m*, 4 H). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 19.5 (2 C); 27.0 (12 Me); 64.9 (CH_2); 68.6 (CH); 72.3 (CH_2); 114.6 (CH); 120.6 (CH); 127 (7 CH); 129 (7 CH); 133.6 (5 CH); 134 (4 CH); 136 (4 C); 158.9 (C). EI-MS: 391 (20), 331 (8), 253 (12), 215 (100), 199 (30), 152 (20), 139 (20), 79 (42).

Menthol (=5-Methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexanol; 4). White solid. M.p. 41–44°. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.62–0.61 (*m*, 1 H); 0.83–0.81 (*m*, 3 H); 0.92–0.92 (*m*, 6 H); 1.05–1.03 (*m*, 1 H); 1.42 (*s*, OH); 1.65–1.62 (*m*, 1 H); 1.98–1.97 (*m*, 1 H); 2.19–2.18 (*m*, 1 H); 3.41–3.39 (*m*, 1 H). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 16.0 (Me); 21.0 (Me); 22.2 (Me); 23.1 (CH_2); 25.7 (CH); 31.6 (CH); 34.5 (CH_2); 45.0 (CH_2); 50.1 (CH); 71.4 (CH). EI-MS: 156 (M^+), 138 (100), 119 (20), 106 (55), 95 (30), 86 (10), 57 (40).

2-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy-4-methyl-1-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexane (4a). Colorless liquid. ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.098 (*s*, 6 H); 0.78–0.77 (*m*, 6 H); 0.92 (*s*, 9 H); 1.21–1.19 (*m*, 1 H); 1.42–1.38 (*m*, 1 H); 1.70–1.59 (*m*, 2 H); 1.92–1.89 (*m*, 1 H); 2.31–2.22 (*m*, 1 H); 3.49–3.39 (*m*, 1 H). ^{13}C -NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): –4.8 (MeSi); –3.7 (MeSi); 15.7 (C); 18.1 (Me); 21.3 (2 Me); 22.0 (CH_2); 25.0 (CH); 25.0 (3 Me); 31.7 (CH); 34.6 (CH_2); 45.5 (CH_2); 50.3 (CH); 72.4 (CH). EI-MS: 270 (M^+), 255 (30), 216 (65), 155 (10), 143 (81), 131 (42), 128 (100), 115 (8), 85 (53), 51 (20).

1,1'-[(*tert*-Butyl){[5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]oxy}silylene]bis(benzene) (4b). White solid. M.p. 61–63°. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 0.51–0.49 (*m*, 3 H); 0.71–0.68 (*m*, 3 H); 0.79–0.76 (*m*, 3 H); 1.1 (*s*, 9 H); 1.27–1.24 (*m*, 1 H); 1.54–1.50 (*m*, 2 H); 1.73–1.69 (*m*, 1 H); 2.28–2.25 (*m*, 1 H); 3.42–3.40 (*m*, 1 H); 7.30–7.28 (*m*, 6 H); 7.59–7.55 (*m*, 4 H). ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 15.7 (Me); 19.7 (Me); 21.5 (Me); 22.4 (CH_2); 25.2 (CH); 27.3 (3 Me); 31.7 (CH); 34.6 (CH_2); 45.4 (CH_2); 50.6 (CH); 73.9 (CH); 127 (6 CH); 129 (4 CH); 134.4 (2 C). EI-MS: 337 (30), 217 (20), 199 (80), 139 (100), 137 (28), 95 (21), 81 (57).

N-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)acetamide (**5**). White solid. M.p. 169–171°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃/DMSO): 1.99 (s, 3 H); 6.66–6.63 (m, 2 H); 7.28–7.23 (m, 2 H); 9.12 (s, NH). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃/DMSO): 23 (Me); 114 (2 CH); 120 (2 CH); 129.9 (C); 152.7 (C); 167.7 (C=O). EI-MS: 151 (M⁺), 121 (4), 109 (100), 80 (10), 65 (2), 53 (4), 42 (5), 26 (5).

N-(4-[[tert-Butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)acetamide (**5a**). White solid. M.p. 95–97°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.17 (s, 6 H); 0.96 (s, 9 H); 2.1 (s, 3 H); 6.78–6.75 (m, 2 H); 7.35–7.32 (m, 2 H); 7.6 (s, NH). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –4.5 (2 Me); 18.1 (C); 24.2 (Me); 25.6 (3 Me); 120.2 (2 CH); 121.6 (2 CH); 131.5 (C); 152.3 (C); 168.4 (C=O). EI-MS: 265 (M⁺), 250 (5), 208 (100), 192 (5), 180 (8), 166 (30), 149 (8), 134 (5), 116 (4), 106 (15), 73 (37), 43 (35).

N-(4-[[Tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)acetamide (**5b**). White solid. M.p. 64–66°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.10–1.07 (m, 18 H); 1.28–1.21 (m, 3 H); 2.0 (s, 3 H); 6.80 (d, J = 9.0, 2 H); 7.34 (d, J = 9.0, 2 H); 7.9 (s, NH). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 12.5 (3 CH); 17.8 (6 Me); 24.1 (Me); 119.8 (2 CH); 121.5 (2 CH); 131.4 (C); 152.6 (C); 168.5 (C=O). EI-MS: 307 (M⁺), 264 (82), 236 (60), 222 (18), 208 (80), 194 (45), 178 (12), 134 (12), 93 (12), 75 (22), 43 (100).

N-(4-[[tert-Butyl(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)acetamide (**5c**). Slightly yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.0 (s, 9 H); 2.0 (s, 3 H); 6.69–6.68 (m, 2 H); 7.19–7.17 (m, 2 H); 7.41–7.33 (m, 7 H); 7.73–7.69 (m, 3 H); 7.9 (s, NH). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.4 (C); 24.2 (Me); 26.6 (3 Me); 115.8 (CH); 119.8 (CH); 121.5 (CH); 122.6 (CH); 127.4 (CH); 129.5 (4 CH); 129.7 (3 CH); 131.2 (C); 132.8 (CH); 134.9 (2 CH); 152.3 (C); 154.1 (C); 162.7 (C); 168.0 (C=O). EI-MS: 389 (M⁺), 350 (100), 290 (40), 272 (38), 231 (25), 149 (20), 77 (8).

Hydroquinone (= Benzene-1,4-diol; **6**). White solid. M.p. 171°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 6.6 (s, 4 H); 7.4 (s, 2 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 115.8 (4 CH); 149.5 (2 C). EI-MS: 110 (M⁺), 81 (33), 63 (8), 53 (32), 39 (21).

1,4-Bis[[tert-Butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]benzene (**6a**). White solid. M.p. 42–44°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.16 (s, 12 H); 0.97 (s, 8 H); 6.6 (s, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –4.4 (4 Me); 18.1 (2 C); 25 (6 Me); 120.5 (4 CH); 149.7 (2 C). EI-MS: 138 (M⁺), 323 (5), 281 (100), 239 (10), 225 (15), 112 (12), 73 (75), 57 (12), 41 (12).

1,4-Bis[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]benzene (**6b**). White solid. M.p. 22°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.09–1.06 (m, 32 H); 1.25–1.17 (m, 6 H); 6.7 (s, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 12.5 (6 CH); 17.8 (12 Me); 120.3 (4 CH); 150 (2 C). EI-MS: 422 (M⁺), 379 (97), 351 (40), 337 (15), 323 (40), 309 (25), 195 (10), 112 (70), 105 (50), 87 (28), 73 (39), 59 (55), 43 (22).

1,4-Bis[[1,1-dimethylethyl]diphenylsilyl]oxy]benzene (**6c**). White solid. M.p. 121–123°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.0 (s, 18 H); 6.4 (s, 4 H); 7.30–7.40 (m, 12 H); 7.63–7.60 (m, 8 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.4 (2 C); 26.5 (6 Me); 120.0 (4 CH); 127.6 (CH); 129.6 (CH); 135.5 (CH); 149.5 (2 C). EI-MS: 586 (M⁺), 391 (10), 318 (3), 215 (100), 199 (83), 139 (57), 79 (75), 63 (28).

4-[[1,1-Dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-methoxy-1-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]benzene (**7a**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.03 (s, 3 H); 0.08 (s, 3 H); 0.94 (s, 9 H); 1.10 (d, J = 7.2, 18 H); 1.3–1.2 (m, 3 H); 3.8 (s, 3 H); 4.67 (s, 2 H); 6.72 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5, 1 H); 6.82 (d, J = 8.0, 1 H); 6.87 (d, J = 1.5, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –5.1 (MeSi); –2.9 (MeSi); 12.9 (3 CH); 17.9 (6 Me); 18.4 (C); 25.7 (3 Me); 55.4 (MeO); 65.0 (CH₂); 110.5 (CH); 118.3 (CH); 120.0 (CH); 134.6 (C); 144.4 (C); 150.7 (C).

3-Methoxy-4-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]benzenemethanol (**7b**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.09 (d, J = 7.2, 18 H); 1.32–1.18 (m, 3 H); 3.8 (s, 3 H); 4.58 (s, 2 H); 6.72 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8, 1 H); 6.82 (d, J = 8.0, 1 H); 6.86 (d, J = 1.8, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 12.9 (3 CH); 17.9 (6 Me); 55.4 (MeO); 65.4 (CH₂); 111.3 (CH); 119.4 (CH); 120.2 (CH); 134.1 (C); 145.1 (C); 151.0 (C).

(tert-Butyl)[4-[[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]methyl]-2-methoxyphenoxy]diphenylsilane (**7c**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): –0.31 (s, 3 H); –0.14 (s, 3 H); 0.73–0.72 (m, 9 H); 0.95–0.97 (m, 9 H); 4.44–4.30 (m, 3 H); 5.28 (s, 2 H); 6.55–7.06 (m, 3 H); 7.20–7.35 (m, 6 H); 7.58–7.65 (m, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –5.0 (MeSi); –4.6 (MeSi); 10.2 (C); 19.4 (C); 26.5 (3 Me); 31.6 (3 Me); 55.1 (Me); 64.8 (CH₂); 115.5 (2 CH); 119.5 (2 CH); 121.6 (CH); 126.9 (2 CH); 127.7 (2 CH); 129.8 (2 CH); 132.9 (CH); 134.8 (CH); 135.5 (2 C); 136.9 (C); 138.3 (C); 154.9 (C).

4-[[tert-Butyl(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]-3-methoxyphenyl)methanol (**7d**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.12–1.01 (m, 9 H); 2.97 (s, OH); 3.55 (s, 3 H); 4.49 (s, 2 H); 6.9–6.5 (m, 3 H);

7.5–7.2 (*m*, 6 H); 7.7 (*d*, *J* = 7.8, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.0 (C); 26.6 (3 Me); 55.4 (Me); 65.3 (CH₂); 111.5 (CH); 119.3 (CH); 120.0 (CH); 127.3 (CH); 127.5 (CH); 127.7 (CH); 128.1 (CH); 129.3 (CH); 129.6 (CH); 129.7 (CH); 133.6 (CH); 134.1 (CH); 134.4 (CH); 138.8 (2 C); 135.3 (C); 144.6 (C); 150.6 (C).

1-([[(*tert*-Butyl)(dimethyl)silyl]oxy)methyl]-3-[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]benzene (**8a**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.19 (*s*, 6 H); 1.05 (*s*, 9 H); 1.20 (*d*, *J* = 7.0, 18 H); 1.45–1.29 (*m*, 3 H); 4.79 (*s*, 2 H); 6.85 (*dd*, *J* = 7.8, 2.1, 1 H); 7.04–6.98 (*m*, 2 H); 7.22–7.34 (*m*, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –5.3 (2 MeSi); 12.7 (3 CH); 17.9 (6 Me); 18.0 (C); 25.9 (3 Me); 64.7 (CH₂); 117.5 (CH); 118.4 (CH); 118.5 (CH); 129.0 (CH); 143.0 (C); 156.1 (C).

3-[[Tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]benzenemethanol (**8b**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.10 (*d*, *J* = 7.2, 18 H); 1.33–1.18 (*m*, 3 H); 1.77 (*s*, OH); 4.61 (*s*, 2 H); 6.80 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1 H); 6.90 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 2 H); 7.19 (*t*, *J* = 8.0, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 12.7 (3 CH); 17.9 (6 Me); 65.2 (CH₂); 118.4 (CH); 119.0 (CH); 119.4 (CH); 129.5 (CH); 142.5 (C); 156.3 (C).

(*tert*-Butyl)[3-([[(*tert*-butyl)(dimethyl)silyl]oxy)methyl]phenoxy]diphenylsilane (**8c**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.0 (*s*, 6 H); 0.87 (*s*, 9 H); 1.1 (*s*, 9 H); 4.57 (*s*, 2 H); 6.62 (*dd*, *J* = 8.0, 2.0, 1 H); 6.80 (*d*, *J* = 2.0, 1 H); 6.83 (*s*, 1 H); 7.03 (*t*, *J* = 8.0, 1 H); 7.43–7.32 (*m*, 6 H); 7.72 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –5.3 (2 Me); 18.4 (C); 19.5 (C); 25.9 (3 Me); 26.6 (3 Me); 64.7 (CH₂); 117.5 (CH); 118.2 (CH); 118.7 (CH); 127.7 (CH); 128.9 (2 CH); 129.8 (4 CH); 133.1 (2 C); 135.5 (4 CH); 142.9 (C); 155.6 (C).

3-[[(*tert*-Butyl)(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)methanol (**8d**). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.1 (*s*, 9 H); 1.58 (*s*, OH); 4.48 (*s*, 2 H); 6.62 (*dd*, *J* = 8.0, 2.0, 1 H); 6.81 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 2 H); 7.02 (*t*, *J* = 7.8, 1 H); 7.43–7.31 (*m*, 6 H); 7.70 (*d*, *J* = 7.5, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.5 (C); 26.6 (3 Me); 65.1 (CH₂); 118.3 (CH); 118.9 (CH); 119.6 (CH); 127.8 (CH); 129.3 (2 CH); 129.9 (4 CH); 132.9 (2 C); 135.5 (4 CH); 132.9 (2 C); 135.5 (4 CH); 142.3 (C); 155.8 (C).

(3*a*R,4*S*,5*R*,6*a*S)-5-[[(*tert*-Butyl)(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]-3,3*a*,4,5,6,6*a*-hexahydro-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-2-one (**9**). White solid. M.p. 141–144°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.06 (*s*, 9 H); 1.61 (*s*, OH); 2.04 (*q*, *J* = 5.0, 3 H); 2.55 (*d*, *J* = 2.4, 1 H); 2.59 (*d*, *J* = 2.4, 1 H); 2.70–2.64 (*m*, 1 H); 2.80 (*dd*, *J* = 17.4, 10.0, 1 H); 3.38 (*t*, *J* = 6.3, 2 H); 4.10 (*q*, *J* = 5.1, 1 H); 7.41–7.39 (*m*, 7 H); 7.68–7.66 (*m*, 5 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.0 (C); 26.9 (3 Me); 35.7 (CH₂); 39.0 (CH₂); 40.8 (CH); 56.8 (CH); 62.1 (CH₂); 75.6 (CH); 84.2 (CH); 127.7 (2 CH); 129.9 (4 CH); 133.4 (2 CH); 135.9 (2 CH); 177.5 (C=O).

(3*a*R,4*S*,5*R*,6*a*S)-4-[[(*tert*-Butyl)(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]methyl]-5-[[(*tert*-butyl)(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]-3,3*a*,4,5,6,6*a*-hexahydro-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-2-one (**9a**). Colorless oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.01 (*s*, 6 H); 0.87 (*s*, 9 H); 1.12 (*s*, 9 H); 2.08–2.06 (*m*, 3 H); 2.75–2.41 (*m*, 2 H); 2.88 (*dd*, *J* = 18.6, 11.0, 1 H); 3.33 (*dd*, *J* = 10.0, 6.0, 1 H); 3.48 (*dd*, *J* = 10.0, 6.0, 1 H); 4.15 (*q*, *J* = 5.0, 1 H); 7.51–7.41 (*m*, 7 H); 7.72 (*d*, *J* = 7.5, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –5.6 (Me); –5.6 (Me); 18.1 (C); 19.0 (C); 25.8 (3 Me); 26.9 (3 Me); 35.9 (CH₂); 39.9 (CH₂); 41.1 (CH); 57.2 (CH); 63.32 (CH₂); 76.3 (CH); 84.7 (CH); 127.7 (2 CH); 129.7 (4 CH); 133.6 (2 C); 135.8 (4 CH); 177.4 (C=O).

2-[(1*R*,5*S*)-5-[[(*tert*-Butyl)(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]cyclopent-2-en-1-yl]ethanol (**10**). Colorless oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.1 (*s*, 9 H); 1.83–1.71 (*m*, 1 H); 2.06–1.93 (*m*, 2 H); 2.19 (*dd*, *J* = 17.0, 7.5, 1 H); 2.29–2.26 (*m*, 1 H); 2.34–2.31 (*m*, 1 H); 2.63–2.59 (*m*, 1 H); 3.78–3.64 (*m*, 1 H); 4.54 (*q*, *J* = 7.2, 1 H); 5.59–5.56 (*m*, 1 H); 5.66–5.63 (*m*, 1 H); 7.43–7.35 (*m*, 6 H); 7.70–7.66 (*m*, 4 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.3 (C); 27.0 (3 Me); 31.7 (CH₂); 39.8 (CH₂); 45.6 (CH); 61.4 (CH₂); 75.2 (CH); 127.6 (2 CH); 127.7 (2 CH); 128.4 (CH); 129.7 (CH); 129.7 (CH); 133.0 (CH); 133.7 (C); 134.2 (C); 135.7 (2 CH); 135.8 (2 CH).

(*tert*-Butyl){[(1*S*,2*R*)-2-(2-[[(*tert*-butyl)(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]ethyl)cyclopent-3-en-1-yl]oxy}diphenylsilane (**10a**). Thick yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.02 (*s*, 6 H); 0.85 (*s*, 9 H); 1.01 (*s*, 9 H); 1.61–1.51 (*m*, 1 H); 2.22–1.94 (*m*, 3 H); 2.57–2.47 (*m*, 1 H); 3.71–3.57 (*m*, 2 H); 4.44 (*q*, *J* = 7.0, 1 H); 5.50–5.45 (*m*, 1 H); 5.67–5.62 (*m*, 1 H); 7.39–7.25 (*m*, 7 H); 7.65–7.58 (*m*, 5 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.1 (2 Me); 18.4 (C); 19.4 (C); 26.0 (3 Me); 27.0 (3 Me); 31.9 (CH₂); 39.9 (CH₂); 45.3 (CH); 62.2 (CH₂); 75.3 (CH); 127.5 (2 CH); 127.6 (2 CH); 127.8 (CH); 129.5 (CH); 129.6 (CH); 133.8 (CH); 134.1 (2 C); 134.8 (CH); 135.6 (CH); 135.78 (CH); 135.84 (CH).

1-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one (11). White solid. M.p. 147–149°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃/DMSO): 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.0, 3 H); 2.82 (q, *J* = 7.0, 2 H); 6.77 (d, *J* = 9.0, 2 H); 7.74 (d, *J* = 9.0, 2 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃/DMSO): 7.5 (Me); 30.0 (CH₂); 114.3 (2 CH); 127.5 (C); 129.2 (2 CH); 161.0 (C); 198.0 (C=O). EI-MS: 150 (*M*⁺), 120 (2), 93 (20), 65 (10), 63 (3), 38 (2), 26 (2).

1-(4-[[tert-Butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)propan-1-one (11a). White solid. M.p. 20°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.2 (s, 6 H); 0.9 (s, 9 H); 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.2, 3 H); 2.93 (q, *J* = 7.3, 2 H); 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.9, 2 H); 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.9, 2 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –4.4 (2 MeSi); 8.4 (Me); 18.2 (C); 25.5 (3 Me); 31.3 (CH₂); 119.8 (2 CH); 130.1 (2 CH); 130.5 (C); 160.0 (C); 199.5 (C=O). EI-MS: 264 (*M*⁺), 235 (40), 207 (100), 179 (17), 151 (15), 135 (10), 121 (5), 105 (2), 89 (5), 73 (7), 57 (11).

1-(4-[[Tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]phenyl)propan-1-one (11b). Thick yellow liquid. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.12–1.05 (*m*, 18 H); 1.31–1.23 (*m*, 3 H); 2.98–2.91 (*m*, 2 H); 6.90 (d, *J* = 9.0, 2 H); 7.90–7.87 (*m*, 2 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.4 (Me); 13.0 (3 CH); 17.0 (6 Me); 31.3 (CH₂); 119.6 (2 CH); 130.1 (2 CH); 130.3 (C); 160.4 (C); 199.5 (C=O). EI-MS: 306 (*M*⁺), 263 (38), 235 (22), 207 (33), 151 (6), 135 (6), 121 (6), 89 (25), 57 (100), 43 (20).

Vanillin (=4-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde; 12). Thick yellow solid. M.p. 80–82°. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.93 (s, 3 H); 6.45 (s, OH); 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.4, 1 H); 7.42–7.39 (*m*, 2 H); 9.8 (s, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 56.0 (Me); 108.8 (CH); 114.4 (CH); 127.4 (CH); 129.7 (C); 147.1 (C); 151.7 (C); 190.9 (C=O). EI-MS: 152 (*M*⁺), 151 (100), 137 (5), 123 (20), 109 (22), 93 (4), 81 (40), 65 (12), 53 (22), 39 (12).

4-[[tert-Butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (12a). Brown liquid. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.1 (s, 6 H); 0.9 (s, 9 H); 3.8 (s, 3 H); 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.0, 1 H); 7.39–7.35 (*m*, 2 H); 9.8 (s, H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): –4.5 (2 Me); 18.4 (C); 25 (3 Me); 55.4 (Me); 110.1 (CH); 120.6 (CH); 126.1 (CH); 130.9 (C); 151.3 (C); 151.6 (C); 190.9 (C=O). EI-MS: 267 ([*M* + 1]⁺), 251 (3), 225 (10), 209 (85), 194 (100), 179 (6), 165 (5), 73 (4).

4-[[tert-Butyl(diphenyl)silyl]oxy]-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (12b). Yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.0 (s, 9 H); 3.6 (s, 3 H); 7.39–7.35 (*m*, 9 H); 7.73–7.67 (*m*, 5 H); 9.7 (s, 1 H). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.0 (C); 26.5 (3 Me); 109–135 (13 CH); 151.1 (2 C); 151.3 (2 C); 191.0 (C=O). EI-MS: 391 ([*M* + 1]⁺), 333 (70), 318 (70), 261 (10), 217 (55), 199 (100), 152 (30), 139 (60), 79 (70), 63 (11).

REFERENCES

- [1] T. W. Greene, P. G. M. Wuts, 'Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis', 3rd edn., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1999, p. 113.
- [2] R. Dureau, L. Legentil, R. Daniellou, V. Ferrières, *J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *77*, 1301; J. K. Rout, C. V. Ramana, *J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *77*, 1566; T. S. Kumar, S. Y. Zhou, B. V. Joshi, R. Balasubramanian, T. Yang, B. T. Liang, K. A. Jacobson, *J. Med. Chem.* **2010**, *53*, 2562; M. Petrovai, M. Budesinsky, E. Zbornikova, P. Fiedler, I. Rosenberg, *Org. Lett.* **2011**, *13*, 4200.
- [3] J. R. Hwu, M. L. Jain, F. Y. Tsai, S. C. Tsay, A. Balakumar, G. H. Hakimelahi, *J. Org. Chem.* **2000**, *65*, 5077.
- [4] A. DattaGupta, R. Singh, V. Singh, *Synlett* **1996**, 69.
- [5] S. V. Ankala, G. Fenteany, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2002**, *43*, 4729.
- [6] G. Bartoli, G. Cupone, R. Dalpozzo, A. De Nino, L. Maiuolo, A. Procopio, L. Sambri, A. Tagarelli, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2002**, *43*, 5945.

Received September 26, 2013