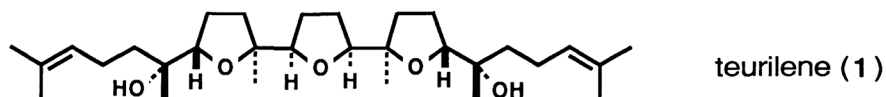


Total Synthesis of meso-Triterpene Ether, Teurilene

Masaru HASHIMOTO, Mitsutoshi YANAGIYA, and Haruhisa SHIRAHAMA*
 Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Hokkaido University,
 Sapporo 060

A marine triterpene, teurilene, whose molecule has meso form, was totally synthesized employing chiral assemblies.

Teurilene (1) is a marine triterpene isolated from the red alga Laurencia obtusa.¹⁾ The molecule of this compound is characterized by beautiful arrangement of eight asymmetric carbons for Cs symmetry, and it arouses special interest in its synthesis and conformational properties.²⁾ We would like to report an total synthesis of teurilene.



The synthesis is outlined in Fig. 1. Both of distal and chiral fragments, 2 and 3 were furnished from geraniol by Sharpless oxidation assisted by D-(-)- and L-(+)-diisopropyl tartarate.³⁾ Addition of 4 to 2 gave 5⁴⁾ which was directly converted to tetrahydrofuran 7 through epoxide 6 by vanadium (IV) catalyzed oxidation⁵⁾ with 75% stereoselectivity. After protection of hydroxyl group, the benzyloxymethylene of 7 was converted to an aldehyde and elongation by means of Wittig reaction was carried out to afford ester 8. The sulfide 9, obtained from 8 via an alcohol and a chloride, underwent coupling with 3 to give 10 whose thiophenyl group was removed and hydroxyl group was protected by MOM group and then desilylated to afford bishomoallyl alcohol 11. Vanadium (IV) assisted epoxidation of 11⁵⁾ gave stereoselectively bistetrahydrofuran 13 ($[\alpha]_D^{18} -4.2^\circ$ (c 0.9, CHCl₃), no stereoisomer was detected.) through epoxide 12 via stereochemically different course from previous oxidation, 5+6+7. All of protection on hydroxyl groups were removed and only secondary hydroxyl group was mesylated. Treatment of the mesylate with potassium carbonate and then HCl (2 mol dm⁻³) gave tristetrahydrofuran which was completely identical with teurilene (1) by direct comparison of HPLC retention time and 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum. (mp 85.0-85.5 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{18} 0^\circ$ (c 0.43, CHCl₃); lit.¹⁾ 84-85 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 0^\circ$ (c 0.37, CHCl₃))

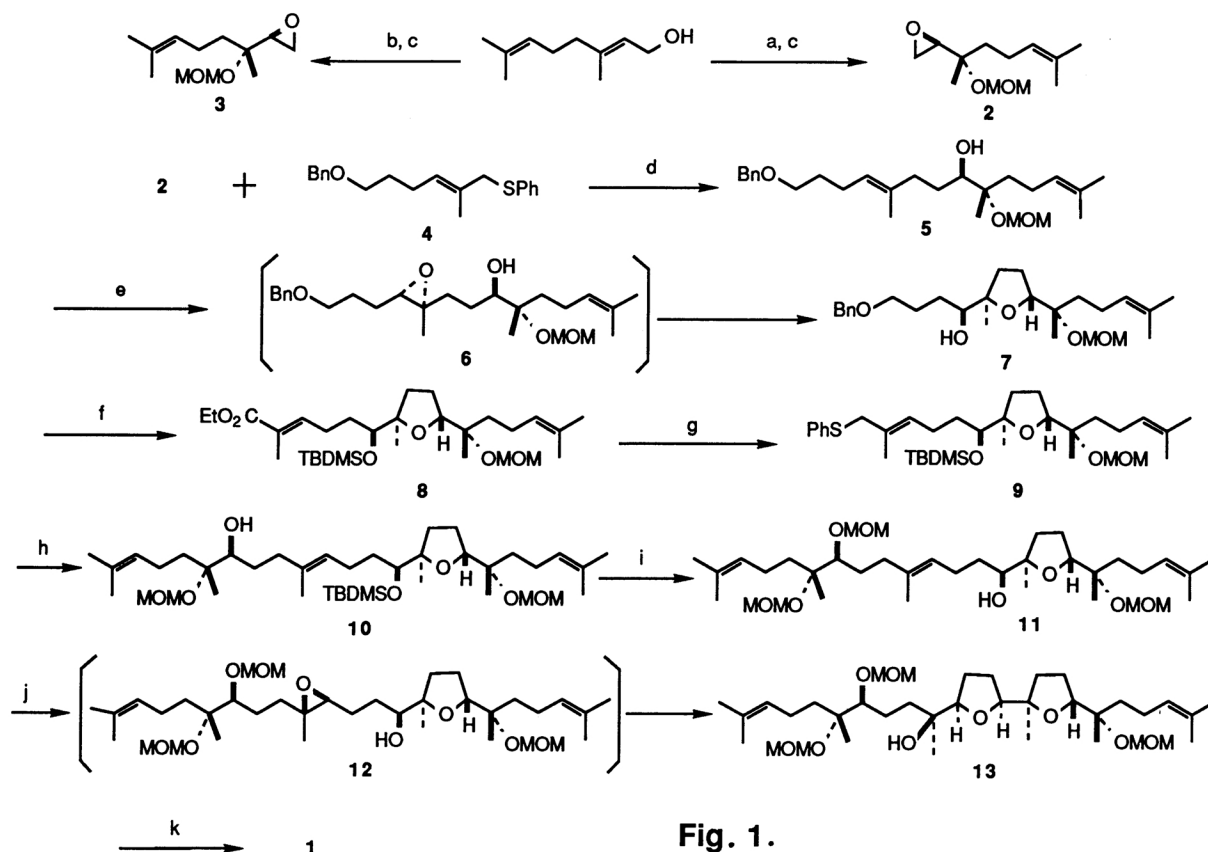


Fig. 1.

Conditions, a; D-(-)-DIPT, $\text{Ti}(\text{Oi-Pr})_4$, TBHP, CH_2Cl_2 , -20°C , (98%, 87.8% ee), b; L-(+)-DIPT, $\text{Ti}(\text{Oi-Pr})_4$, TBHP, CH_2Cl_2 , -20°C , (97%, 90% ee), c; i) TsCl , Py, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°C , ii) TsOH , aq. CH_3CN , 50°C , (60%, 2 steps), iii) K_2CO_3 , MeOH, -10°C , iv) MOMCl, $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NEt}$, CH_2Cl_2 , r.t., (80% 2 steps), d; i) BuLi, DABCO, THF, -50°C , ii) Na, $i\text{-PrOH}$, THF, reflux, (59% 2 steps), e; TBHP, $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$, CH_2Cl_2 , r.t., (77%), f; i) TBDMSOTf, 2,6-lutidine, CH_2Cl_2 , r.t., (88%), ii) Li, NH_3 , -78°C , (90%), iii) $(\text{COCl})_2$, DMSO, Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2 , -10°C , iv) $\text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{PPh}_3)\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$, CH_2Cl_2 , reflux, (61% 2 steps), g; i) DIBALH, hexane, -78°C , (93%), ii) CCl_4 , PPh_3 , benzene, reflux, (93%), iii) NaSPh , DMF, 0°C , (84%), h; i) epoxide 3, BuLi, TMEDA, 0°C , (63%), ii) Na, $i\text{-PrOH}$, THF, reflux, (quant.), i; i) MOMCl, $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NEt}$, CH_2Cl_2 , r.t., (quant.), ii) TBAF, THF, reflux, (81%), j) TBHP, $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$, benzene, 50°C , (53%), k; i) cat. HCl, MeOH, r.t., (98%), ii) MsCl , Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2 , -40°C , iii) K_2CO_3 , MeOH, r.t., iv) 2 mol dm^{-3} HCl (32% 3 steps)

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