

A Novel One-pot Synthesis of Fluoroenynes

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A novel one-pot synthesis of fluoroenynes *via* eliminative nucleophilic addition of β -ketophosphonium salts to acetylide anions is described.

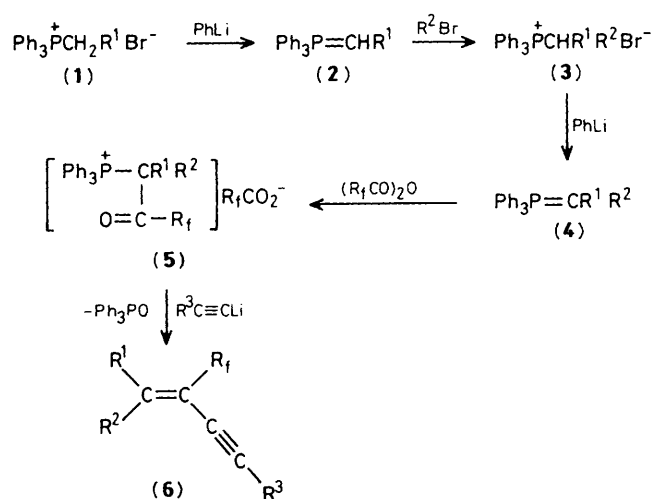
Enynes are important intermediates in synthetic organic chemistry, being essential components in the synthesis of some biologically active compounds¹ and capable of undergoing many useful organic transformations.² Therefore reactions leading to the formation of enynes, especially fluoroenynes,

have attracted much attention. So far as we know, no reports have appeared in the literature reporting a one-pot synthesis of fluoroenynes. A one-pot synthesis of enynes has been reported previously,³ but the starting materials, α -chlorocarbonyl compounds, of that synthesis are not readily available.

Table 1. Synthesis of fluoroenynes (6).

Compound	R ¹	R ²	R _f	R ³	Method ^a	B.p., °C/mmHg	Yield, ^b %	E:Z ^c
(6a)	Me	PhCH ₂	CF ₃	Bu ⁿ	A	100/1	80	83:17
(6b)	Me	Pr ⁿ	CF ₃	Bu ⁿ	A	92/10	72	60:40
(6c)	Me	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CF ₃	Bu ⁿ	A	90/10	47	60:40
(6d)	Me	Ph	C ₂ F ₅	Ph	B	63–64 ^d	44	98:2
(6e)	Me	Me	CF ₃	Ph	B	75/1	73	
(6f)	Me	Me	C ₂ F ₅	Ph	B	82/1	50	
(6g)	Me	Me	n-C ₃ F ₇	Ph	B	90/1	43	
(6h)	Me	Me	CF ₃	Bu ⁿ	B	80/10	50	
(6i)	Me	Me	C ₂ F ₅	Bu ⁿ	B	85/10	70	
(6j)		–[CH ₂] ₄ –	CF ₃	Bu ⁿ	B	95/10	61	
(6k)		–[CH ₂] ₄ –	C ₂ F ₅	Ph	B	95/1	72	

^a Method A: (1) used as starting material; method B: (3) used as starting material. ^b Isolated yields. All products exhibited n.m.r., i.r., mass spectroscopic analysis consistent with the assigned structures. ^c The ratios of *E*- and *Z*-isomer are estimated on the basis of n.m.r. data. ^d M.p.

**Scheme 1**

We have recently described a novel synthesis of tetrasubstituted fluoroalkenes *via* eliminative nucleophilic addition of β -ketophosphonium salts.⁴ As an extension of this study, we now report a novel one-pot synthesis of fluoroenynes *via* eliminative nucleophilic addition of β -ketophosphonium salts to an acetylide anion. The reaction sequence is shown in Scheme 1.

In a typical procedure a solution of ethylidenetriphenylphosphorane (2a) generated from ethyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (1a) (4 mmol) and phenyl-lithium (4 mmol) in diethyl ether (30 ml) is stirred at 20 °C under nitrogen while a diethyl ether solution of a benzyl bromide (4 mmol) is slowly

added. After stirring at 20 °C for 0.5 h, a second portion of phenyl-lithium (4 mmol) is added. The mixture is stirred for a further 1 h, cooled to –78 °C, and trifluoroacetic anhydride (*ca.* 3.9 mmol) is slowly added until the characteristic ylidic colour disappears. After this addition and stirring at –78 °C for 1 h, an excess of lithium *n*-butylacetylide (*ca.* 9 mmol) is added. The mixture is allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for a further 2 h. The filtrate is collected, diluted with diethyl ether (50 ml), washed with water until neutral, and dried. Evaporation of the solvent gives a residue which is purified by column chromatography on silica gel on elution with light petroleum (b.p. 60–90 °C) to afford product (6a). The results are shown in Table 1.

This one-pot synthesis of fluoroenynes is convenient and offers a wide scope, since R¹ and R² may be an alkyl, allylic, phenyl, benzylic, or alicyclic group. Thus, this reaction provides a new method for the facile synthesis of the title compounds which should be useful for further elaboration in the synthesis of biologically active compounds.

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