## NEW REACTIONS OF HEXAFLUOROACETONE

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Dithiocyanogen (SCN)  $_2$  reacts with hexafluoroacetone (HFA) without cleavage of the S-S bond, leading to the formation of the cycloaddition product [-S-C-N-C(CF $_3$ ) $_2$ -O-C (CF $_3$ ) $_2$ -O- $_2$   $_1$ .

 $\underline{1}$  can be cleaved at the S-S bond by elemental chlorine to give the sulfenic acid chloride which easily undergoes substitution reactions with lithium salts and Me $_3$ Sicompounds under elimination of LiCl and Me $_3$ SiCl, respectively. Reactions with n-BuLi, (cyclohexyl) $_2$ NLi, (Me $_3$ Si) $_2$ NLi and Me $_3$ SiCN are reported. Cycloaddition also takes place by reaction of HFA with S(SCN) $_2$ , Hg(SCN) $_2$ , P(NCS) $_3$  and As(NCS) $_3$ . Reaction of Hg(SCN) $_2$ ·4 HFA with CF $_3$ SCl, C1SC $_2$ F $_4$ SCl and Br $_2$  leads under elimination of mercury halide to various disulfenes. Treating Hg(SCN) $_2$ ·4 HFA or Hg(CN) $_2$ ·4 HFA with Ph $_2$ PCl results in the formation of bicyclic phosphoranes. The products of the reaction of HFA with Me $_3$ SiCN are discussed.

The reaction of NWCl $_3$  with HFA is investigated. In the presence of Ph $_4$ AsCl the new crystalline compound (Ph $_4$ As) $_2$  [Cl $_5$ WNC (CF $_3$ ) $_2$ NWCl $_5$ ] is formed. The two tungsten atoms are linked through a nitrogen-carbon-nitrogen bridge. X-ray structure analyses of various compounds are reported.