Synthesis of Some Oxazolyl - Pyrazolyl; 1,4-Dihydropyridinylpyrazolyl and 1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro pyrimidinyl-pyrazolyl coumarins Mehul A Patel and Dinker I Brahmbhatt*

Department of Chemistry, Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar - 388 120, Gujarat, India.

e-mail: drdibrahmbhatt@yahoo.co.in
Received June 12, 2007

Various 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2-substituted-5-oxo-oxazol-4-ylidenemethyl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **4a-f**; 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-3,5-disubstituted-1,4-dihydropyridin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **5a-f** and 3-[1-phenyl-4-(6-methyl-5-substituted-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **6a-f** have been synthesized utilizing Erlenmyer-Plochl reaction, Hantzsch reaction and Biginelli reaction respectively using 3-(1-phenyl-4-formyl-pyrazol-3-yl) coumarins **3a-c** as a starting material.

J. Heterocyclic Chem., 45, 1051 (2008).

INTRODUCTION

Coumarins (2*H*-1-Benzopyran-2-ones) are well known aromatic lactones isolated from a variety of plant sources [1]. Owing to their diverse bioactivities *viz*. anticoagulant [2], antibacterial and antifungal [3] *etc*. many natural, semi synthetic and synthetic coumarins have become important class of molecules in drug research. A large number of coumarins having heterocyclic moieties like benzimidazole, triazole, diazole, diazone, thiadiazole *etc*. as a substituent group either in the lactone ring or in the benzene ring of coumarin are used as dyes or whitening agents [4]. Coumarins having nucleus like pyridine, indole, triazole, oxazine as a substituent group possess a variety of biological activities [5].

Pyrazole, oxazole, pyridine and pyrimidine are prominent heterocyclic moieties and their derivatives possess varied bioactivities. Certain pyrazole derivatives [6] are reported to have antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, antidepressant and antipyretic properties. Some oxazole derivatives [7] possess bactericidal, antitumor and antiarrhythmic properties. Certain 1,4-dihydropyridines [8] are well known for their antihypertensive and anti-inflammatory properties. Some pyrimidine derivatives [9] are reported for their antitumor, antiviral and analgesic properties.

Considering the importance of pyrazole, oxazole, 1,4-dihydropyridine and pyrimidine derivatives, it was thought worthwhile to synthesize coumarin derivatives having such nuclei as a substituent group and hence in the present work various 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2-substituted-5-oxooxazol-4-ylidenemethyl)pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **4a-f**; 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-3,5-disubstituted-1,4-dihydropyridin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **5a-f** and 3-[1-phenyl-4-(6-methyl-5-substituted-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetra-hydropyrimidin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **6a-f** have been synthesized utilizing Erlenmyer-Plochl reaction, Hantzsch reaction and Biginelli reaction respectively (Scheme 1).

The coumarinyl pyrazole aldehyde 3 was used as a key aldehyde for the syntheses of compounds 4, 5 and 6. 3-Acetyl coumarins 1a-c were converted into their corresponding phenyl hydrazones 2a-c. The phenyl hydrazones 2a-c upon Vilsmeier-Haack reaction gave the key aldehydes 3a-c. The aldehydes 3a-c on reaction with N-acetylglycine or N-benzoylglycine in the presence of sodium acetate and acetic anhydride gave 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2-substituted-5-oxo-oxazol-4-ylidenemethyl)-pyrazol-3-yl]coumarins 4a-f. The reaction of aldehydes 3a-c with acetyl acetone or ethyl acetoacetate under Hantzsch reaction condition gave 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-3,5-disubstituted-1,4-dihydropyridin-4-yl)-

pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **5a-f**. The Biginelli reaction of aldehydes **3a-c** using urea and acetyl acetone or ethyl acetoacetate gave 3-[1-phenyl-4-(6-methyl-5-substituted-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro pyrimidin-4-yl)pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins **6a-f**.

The structures of the compounds **4**, **5** and **6** were established on the bases of analytical and spectral data. The physical data of **4**, **5** and **6** are shown in Table 1.

EXPERIMENTAL

All the melting points reported are uncorrected. All ir spectra (KBr disc) were recorded on Shimadzu FT-IR 8400-S spectrometer. ¹H nmr and ¹³C nmr spectra were recorded on a Brucker Avance 400 spectrometer operating at 400 MHz for ¹H nmr and 100 MHz for ¹³C nmr. The chemical shift (δ) is reported in ppm using chloroform-d as a solvent and calibrated standard solvent signal. Elemental analyses were carried out with a Hareaus CHNO analyzer. 3-Acetyl coumarins 1a-c were prepared according literature procedures [10].

Synthesis of coumarin phenyl hydrazones 2a-c. General Procedure. A mixture of appropriate 3-acetyl coumarin 1a-c

(0.01 mole), phenyl hydrazine (0.01 mole) and acetic acid (1.0 mL) in 50 mL of methanol was refluxed on water bath for 30 minutes. It was then allowed to come to room temperature. A solid product separated out was collected by filtration, washed with cold methanol, dried and recrystallized from ethanol.

Compound 2a. Yield 80%, mp 188 °C (lit [11] 188 °C).

Compound 2b. Yield 85%, mp 169 °C (lit [12] 170 °C).

Compound 2c. Yield 81%, mp 163 °C; ir: cm⁻¹ 3330, 3035, 1723, 1603, 1245; ¹H nmr: δ 2.31 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.99 (3H, s, OCH₃), 7.06-7.39 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.60 (1H, s, NH, D₂O exchangeable), 8.05 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin); ¹³C nmr: δ 13.89(CH₃), 56.26(OCH₃), 113.29(CH), 113.34(CH), 119.82(CH), 120.21(C), 120.74(CH), 124.41(CH), 127.66(C), 129.33(CH), 139.05(C), 139.79(CH), 143.33(C), 144.53(C), 146.92(C), 160.02(CO). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{18}H_{16}N_2O_3$: C, 70.12; H, 5.23; N, 9.09. Found: C, 70.10; H, 5.25; N, 9.10.

Synthesis of 3-(1-phenyl-4-formyl-pyrazol-3-yl) coumarins 3a-c. General Procedure. To a well stirred and cooled (0°C) solution of coumarin phenyl hydrazones 2a-c (0.06 mole) in anhydrous DMF (0.6 mole), POCl₃ (0.18 mole) was added dropwise during one hour. After complete addition of POCl₃, the reaction mixture was further stirred at 0 °C for one hour. After the reaction mixture was heated at 65-70 °C for 2 hours it was poured into crushed ice and left overnight in a refrigerator

Scheme 1

$$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \\ R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \\ R_4 \\ R_4 \\ R_5 \\ R_5 \\ R_5 \\ R_6 \\ R_7 \\$$

Table 1
Yield and melting point of 4a-f, 5a-f and 6a-f.

Comp.	R	\mathbf{R}_1	\mathbf{R}_2	Yield (%)	mp (°C)	Comp.	R	\mathbf{R}_1	\mathbf{R}_2	Yield (%)	mp (°C)
4a	Н	Н	CH_3	55	281-83	5d	Br	Н	OEt	60	179-81
4b	Н	Н	Ph	58	240-42	5e	Н	OCH_3	CH_3	53	170-72
4c	Br	Н	CH_3	56	278-79	5f	H	OCH_3	OEt	62	210-12
4d	Br	Н	Ph	62	253-55	6a	H	H	CH_3	51	180-82
4e	Н	OCH_3	CH_3	62	212-14	6b	H	H	OEt	60	172-74
4f	Н	OCH_3	Ph	61	224-26	6c	Br	H	CH_3	58	198-99
5a	Н	Н	CH_3	53	281-82	6d	Br	H	OEt	59	242-44
5b	Н	Н	OEt	58	244-46	6e	H	OCH_3	CH_3	52	205-07
5c	Br	Н	CH_3	54	214-15	6f	Н	OCH_3	OEt	54	156-58

during which a solid product separated out, was collected by filtration, washed with Na_2CO_3 (5%, 3 x 30 mL) and water. It was then dried and recrystallized from ethanol.

Compound 3a. Yield 78%, mp 215-16 °C; ir: cm⁻¹ 1723, 1689, 1603, 1407; ¹H nmr: δ 7.34-7.78 (9H, m, Ar-H), 8.24 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.54 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole), 10.07 (1H, s, CHO); ¹³C nmr: δ 116.80(CH), 119.02(C), 119.89(CH), 120.22(C), 124.03 (C), 124.84(CH), 128.22(CH), 128.56(CH), 129.78(CH), 130.94 (CH), 132.51(CH), 138.92(C), 143.15(CH), 147.80(C), 154.19(C), 160.16(CO), 185.23(CHO). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{12}N_2O_3$: C, 72.15; H, 3.82; N, 8.86. Found: C, 72.16; H, 3.85; N, 8.84.

Compound 3b. Yield 68%, mp 223-25 °C; ir: cm⁻¹ 1730, 1680, 1600, 1410; ¹H nmr: δ 7.27-7.84 (8H, m, Ar-H), 8.15 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.55 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole), 10.06 (1H, s, CHO); ¹³C nmr: δ 115.16(C), 117.40(C), 118.31(CH), 118.53(CH), 119.87(CH), 120.52(C), 121.46(C), 124.05(C), 128.34(CH), 129.83(CH), 130.69(CH), 131.25(C), 135.18 (CH), 138.82(C), 141.58(CH), 152.97(CO), 184.94(CHO). *Anal*.Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{11}N_2O_3Br$: C, 57.74; H, 2.81; N, 7.09. Found: C, 57.76; H, 2.80; N, 7.12.

Compound 3c. Yield 66%, mp 240-41 °C; ir: cm⁻¹ 1726, 1683, 1608, 1395; 1 H nmr: δ 4.02 (3H, s, OCH₃), 7.16-7.67 (8H, m, Ar-H), 8.22 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.54 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole), 10.06 (1H, s, CHO); 13 C nmr: δ 56.33(OCH₃), 114.25 (CH), 119.64(C), 119.91(CH), 120.42(C), 124.06(C), 124.74 (CH), 128.22(CH), 129.79(CH), 130.81(CH), 138.93(CH), 141.60(CH), 143.34(C), 143.85(C), 147.18(C), 147.85(C), 159.68(CO), 185.39(CHO). *Anal*.Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₄N₂O₄: C, 69.36; H, 4.07; N, 8.09. Found: C, 69.38; H, 4.09; N, 8.08.

Synthesis of 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2-substituted-5-oxo-oxazol-4ylidene methyl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins 4a-f. General **Procedure.** A mixture of appropriate 3-(1-phenyl-4-formylpyrazol-3-yl) coumarins **3a-c** (0.125 mole), *N*-acetylglycine or N-benzoylglycine (0.125 mole), acetic anhydride (0.75 mole) and fused sodium acetate (0.125 mole) was warmed in a water-bath till it became homogeneous solution (about 15-20 minutes) and then it was heated for two hours in a boiling water bath. After two hours heating, ethanol (30 mL) was added in the reaction mixture and left overnight. The crude solid obtained was extracted with chloroform (3 x 30 mL). The chloroform extract was washed with water (3 x 20 mL) and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. After removal of chloroform under reduced pressure, the remaining residue was purified by column chromatography using silica gel and ethyl acetate - pet ether (60-80) (2:8) as an eluent. It afforded 4a-f as yellowish white solids, which were recrystallized from chloroform-hexane.

Compound 4a. ir: cm⁻¹ 1725, 1720, 1600, 1430; ¹H nmr: δ 2.27 (3H, s, CH₃), 7.07 (1H, s, methylylidene proton), 7.22-7.70 (9H, m, Ar-H), 8.03 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.93 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 15.55(CH₃), 116.54(CH), 117.17(C), 118.89(C), 119.61(CH), 120.20(C), 122.36(CH), 124.82(CH), 127.72(CH), 128.53(CH), 129.56(CH), 130.74(C), 131.63 (CH), 132.47(CH), 139.01(C), 143.89(CH), 148.75(C), 154.03 (C), 159.94(C), 164.89(CO of coumarin), 166.90(CO of oxazolone). *Anal*.Calcd. for C₂₃H₁₅N₃O₄: C, 69.52; H, 3.80; N, 10.57. Found: C, 69.51; H, 3.81; N, 10.60.

Compound 4b. ir: cm⁻¹ 1725, 1723, 1610, 1405; ¹H nmr: δ 7.19-8.17 (15H, m, Ar-H and methylylidene proton merged), 8.53 (1H, s, C_4 -H of coumarin), 8.91 (1H, s, C_5 -H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 110.87(C), 114.25(CH), 119.61(C), 119.88(CH), 119.95(C), 120.41(C), 124.68(CH), 124.73(CH), 127.67(CH), 127.85(CH), 128.19(CH), 128.91(CH), 129.67(CH), 129.69(CH), 129.77(CH), 130.82(CH), 138.88(C), 143.34 (CH), 143.82(C), 143.87(C), 143.92(C), 148.28(C), 157.85(CO of coumarin), 164.73(CO of oxazolone). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{28}H_{17}N_3O_4$: C, 73.20; H, 3.73; N, 9.15. Found: C, 73.22; H, 3.75; N, 9.17.

Compound 4c. ir: cm⁻¹ 1730, 1720, 1605, 1408; ¹H nmr: δ 2.31 (3H, s, CH₃), 6.97 (1H, s, methylylidene proton), 7.17-7.74 (8H, m, Ar-H), 8.40 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.89 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 14.32(CH₃), 114.61(CH), 119.41(CH), 119.88(CH), 119.95(C), 120.68(C), 124.37(CH), 124.67(CH), 127.15(CH), 127.89(C), 128.25(CH), 128.91(C), 129.69(CH), 129.77(C), 129.82(C), 130.88(CH), 138.34(C), 143.67(C), 143.82(C), 161.87(CO of coumarin), 167.32(CO of oxazolone). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{23}H_{14}N_3O_4Br$: C, 58.00; H, 2.96; N, 8.82. Found: C, 57.98; H, 3.00; N, 8.80.

Compound 4d. ir: cm⁻¹ 1728, 1720, 1598, 1412; ¹H nmr: δ 7.17-8.05 (14H, m, Ar-H and methylylidene proton merged), 8.51 (1H, s, C_4 -H of coumarin), 9.05 (1H, s, C_5 -H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 114.14(C), 116.50(CH), 117.16(C), 118.82(C), 119.62(C), 120.24(CH), 122.37(CH), 124.89(CH), 127.71 (CH), 128.53(CH), 129.56(CH), 130.74(CH), 131.69(CH), 132.43(C), 139.04(C), 143.89(CH), 148.75(C), 154.03(C), 159.97(C), 164.81(CO of coumarin), 165.90(CO of oxazolone). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{28}H_{16}N_3O_4Br$: C, 62.47; H, 3.00; N, 7.81. Found: C, 62.50; H, 2.98; N, 7.84.

Compound 4e. ir: cm⁻¹ 1723, 1720, 1607, 1400; ¹H nmr: δ 2.51 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.93 (3H, s, OCH₃), 7.34-8.11 (9H, m, Ar-H

and methylylidene proton merged), 8.40 (1H, s, C_4 -H of coumarin), 9.30 (1H, s, C_5 -H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 15.55(CH₃), 56.20(OCH₃), 116.89(CH), 117.61(C), 118.20(C), 119.36(CH), 120.82(C), 122.72(CH), 124.53(CH), 127.56(C), 128.54(CH), 129.74(CH), 130.63(CH), 131.47(C), 132.01 (CH), 139.89(C), 143.75(CH), 148.03(C), 154.94(C), 159.90 (C), 164.89(CO of coumarin), 167.17 (CO of oxazolone). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{24}H_{17}N_3O_5$: C, 67.44; H, 4.01; N, 9.83. Found: C, 67.45; H, 3.99; N, 9.85.

Compound 4f. ir: cm⁻¹ 1729, 1723, 1613, 1405; ¹H nmr: δ 4.01 (3H, s, OCH₃), 7.17-8.21 (14H, m, Ar-H and methylylidene proton merged), 8.53 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 9.16 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 56.32(OCH₃), 109.87(C), 114.25 (CH), 119.61(C), 119.88(CH), 119.95(C), 120.41(C), 124.68(C), 124.73(CH), 127.67(CH), 127.85(CH), 128.19 (CH), 128.91(CH), 129.67(C), 129.69(CH), 129.77(CH), 130.82(CH), 138.88(C), 143.34(CH), 143.82(C), 143.87(C), 143.92(C), 160.82(CO of coumarin), 167.92(CO of oxazolone). *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{29}H_{19}N_3O_5$: C, 71.16; H, 3.91; N, 8.58. Found: C, 71.20; H, 3.95; N, 8.57.

In case of the compounds **4d** and **4f**, the numbers of carbon signals in ¹³C NMR spectra were less than expected which may be due to identical chemical shift of certain carbons.

Synthesis of 3-[1-phenyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-3,5-disubstituted-1,4-dihydropyridin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins 5a-f. General Procedure. A mixture of appropriate 3-(1-phenyl-4formyl-pyrazol-3-yl) coumarin **3a-c** (0.01 mole), acetyl acetone or ethyl acetoacetate (0.02 mole) and ammonium acetate (2.0 g) in 50 mL of acetic acid was stirred for 10 minutes at room temperature and then refluxed in an oil bath at 130 °C for 12 hours. It was allowed to come to room temperature and was left overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into ice-cold water. Then it was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 mL). The ethyl acetate extract was then washed with water (3 x 20 mL) and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Removal of ethyl acetate under reduced pressure resulted in a crude solid which was further purified by column chromatography using silica gel and ethyl acetate - pet ether (60-80) (2:8) as an eluent to afford compounds 5a-f as yellowish white solids, which were recrystallized from chloroform-hexane.

Compound 5a. ir: cm⁻¹ 3305, 1723, 1680, 1605, 1440; ¹H nmr: δ 2.17 (6H, s, 2 x Ar- CH_3), 2.31 (6H, s, 2 x -CO CH_3), 5.43 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.64 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.31-7.67 (9H, m, Ar-H), 7.73 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.80 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 19.43(2 x CH₃), 29.30(2 x -CO CH_3), 30.62(C₄-), 112.05(C), 116.63(CH), 118.51(C), 119.43 (CH), 122.90(CH), 125.04(CH), 126.60 (CH), 128.88(CH), 129.95(CH), 132.36(CH), 136.00(C), 139.71(C), 141.70(C), 142.71(CH), 143.50(C), 145.08(C), 160.07(CO of coumarin), 196.65($COCH_3$). (Here there was deficiency of one ¹³C signal, which may be due to identical chemical shift of two carbon atoms.) *Anal.* Calcd. for C₂₉H₂₅N₃O₄: C, 72.64; H, 5.25; N, 8.76. Found: C, 72.66; H, 5.27; N, 8.79.

Compound 5b. ir: cm⁻¹ 3310, 1760, 1728, 1600, 1445; ¹H nmr: δ 1.22 (6H, t, 2 x -COOCH₂CH₃), 2.15 (6H, s, 2 x Ar-CH₃), 4.08 (4H, q, 2 x -COOCH₂CH₃), 5.23 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.66 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.26-7.67 (9H, m, Ar-H), 7.81 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.89 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 14.37(CH₃), 19.55(-COOCH₂CH₃), 30.07 (C₄-), 59.92(-COOCH₂CH₃), 102.77(C), 116.48(CH), 119.09 (C), 119.38(CH), 122.96(CH), 124.46(CH), 126.33(CH),

126.64(CH), 128.02(C), 128.41(CH), 129.26(CH), 131.61(C), 139.92(C), 142.68(CH), 144.21(C), 145.52(C), 153.96(C), 160.23(CO of coumarin), 167.45 (COOEt). Anal. Calcd. for $C_{31}H_{29}N_3O_6$: C, 69.00; H, 5.42; N, 7.79. Found: C, 69.03; H, 5.43; N, 7.80.

Compound 5c. ir: cm⁻¹ 3300, 1725, 1680, 1605, 1435; ¹H nmr: δ 2.14 (6H, s, 2 x Ar-CH₃), 2.38 (6H, s, 2 x -COCH₃), 5.18 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.38 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.27-7.83 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.92 (1H, s, C4-H of coumarin), 8.04 (1H, s, C5'-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 18.93(CH₃), $30.09(-COCH_3),$ 30.99(C4"), 113.95(CH), 118.63(C), 120.18(CH), 121.93(CH), 125.40(CH), 126.04(CH), 128.60(CH), 130.88(C), 131.98(C), 132.36(CH), 138.60(C), 141.71(C), 142.70(CH), 143.71(C), 145.57(C), 147.80(C), 162.47(CO of coumarin), 195.95(COCH₃). (Here there was deficiency of one ¹³C signal, which may be due to identical chemical shift of two carbon atoms.) Anal. Calcd. for C₂₉H₂₄N₃O₄Br: C, 62.37; H, 4.33; N, 7.52. Found: C, 62.38; H, 4.31; N, 7.51.

Compound 5d. ir: cm⁻¹ 3310, 1765, 1720, 1605, 1443; ¹H nmr: δ 1.16 (6H, t, 2 x -COO CH₂CH₃), 2.16 (6H, s, 2 x Ar-CH₃), 3.63 (4H, q, 2 x -COOCH₂CH₃), 5.29 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.72 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.32-7.78 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.98 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.04 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 14.53(CH₃), 18.95(-COOCH₂CH₃), 30.29 (C₄°), 59.07(-COOCH₂CH₃), 106.37(CH), 118.48(C), 119.90(CH), 120.38(C), 121.96(CH), 123.99(C), 126.33(C), 126.64(CH), 127.02(CH), 128.26(C), 128.41(CH), 130.61(CH), 140.29(C), 141.68(C), 142.21(CH), 144.52(C), 152.96(C), 160.96(CO of coumarin), 168.23(COOEt). *Anal.* Calcd. for C₃₁H₂₈N₃O₆Br: C, 60.20; H, 4.56; N, 6.79. Found: C, 60.23; H, 4.58; N, 6.80.

Compound 5e. ir: cm⁻¹ 3301, 1729, 1675, 1615, 1448; 1 H nmr: δ 2.15 (6H, s, 2 x Ar- CH_3), 2.29 (6H, s, 2 x -CO CH_3), 3.99 (3H, s, OCH₃), 5.41 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.96 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.10-7.65 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.74 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.77 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); 13 C nmr: δ 20.08(CH₃), 30.14(-CO CH_3), 30.87(C₄··), 56.21(OCH₃), 112.85(CH), 113.66(C), 119.14(CH), 119.69(CH), 119.87(C), 123.23(CH), 124.45(CH), 126.53(C), 126.95(CH), 127.29(C), 129.32(CH), 139.73(C), 142.91(C), 142.97(CH), 143.58(C), 145.47(C), 147.01(C), 160.11(CO of coumarin), 198.06 ($COCH_3$). Anal. Calcd. for C₃₀H₂₇N₃O₅: C, 70.71; H, 5.34; N, 8.25. Found: C, 70.69; H, 5.36; N, 8.26.

Compound 5f. ir: cm⁻¹ 3301, 1768, 1723, 1612, 1441; 1 H nmr: δ 1.23 (6H, t, 2 x –COO CH₂CH₃), 2.15 (6H, s, 2 x Ar-CH₃), 3.99 (3H, s, OCH₃), 4.07 (4H, q, 2 x -COOCH₂CH₃), 5.33 (1H, s, methine proton), 5.75 (1H, s, NH proton, D₂O exchangeable), 7.16-7.66 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.79 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.89 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); 13 C nmr: δ 15.07(CH₃), 19.85(-COOCH₂CH₃), 30.57(C₄-), 56.62(OCH₃), 60.92(-COOCH₂CH₃), 108.87(CH), 116.84(CH), 119.83 (CH), 120.06(C), 122.69(CH), 124.64(C), 126.33(C), 126.46 (CH), 128.19(C), 128.21(C), 129.92(CH), 131.61(CH), 140.02 (C), 142.89(CH), 144.21(C), 145.52(C), 155.06(C), 160.63(CO of coumarin), 166.95(COOEt). *Anal.* Calcd. for C₃₂H₃₁N₃O₇: C, 67.48; H, 5.49; N, 7.38. Found: C, 67.50; H, 5.50; N, 7.40.

Synthesis of 3-[1-phenyl-4-(6-methyl-5-substituted-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-4-yl) pyrazol-3-yl] coumarins 6a-f. General Procedure. A mixture of appropriate 3-(1-phenyl-4-formyl-pyrazol-3-yl) coumarin 3a-c (0.01 mole), acetyl acetone or ethyl acetoacetate (0.01 mole), urea (0.01

mole) and concentrated hydrochloric acid (0.5 mL) in 50 mL methanol was stirred for 10 minutes at room temperature and then refluxed on a water bath for 8 hours. On cooling, a crude solid product separated out which was collected by filtration, washed with water and purified by column chromatography using silica gel and ethyl acetate-pet ether (60-80) (2:8) as an eluent. It afforded **6a-f** as white solids, which were recrystallized from chloroform-hexane.

Compound 6a. ir: cm⁻¹ 3308, 1725, 1683, 1610, 1443; ¹H nmr: δ 2.14 (3H, s, Ar- CH_3), 2.29 (3H, s, -CO CH_3), 5.39(1H, s, methine proton), 7.09-7.64 (11H, m, nine Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.84 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.00 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 19.98(CH₃), 30.19(-COCH₃), 30.67(C₄-), 113.83(CH), 114.66 (C), 118.94(CH), 119.97(CH), 123.35(C), 124.45(CH), 126.53(CH), 126.97(CH), 127.29(C), 129.37(CH), 139.73(CH), 142.91(CH), 142.99(C), 143.78(C), 145.49(C), 147.10(C), 158.17 (CO at C₂-), 160.11(CO of coumarin), 197.96 (-COCH₃). (Here there was deficiency of one ¹³C signal, which may be due to identical chemical shift of two carbon atoms.) *Anal.* Calcd. for $C_{25}H_{20}N_4O_4$: C, 68.17; H, 4.58; N, 12.72. Found: C, 68.20; H, 4.60; N, 12.70.

Compound 6b: ir: cm⁻¹ 3310, 1725, 1685, 1610, 1445; ¹H nmr: δ 1.21(3H, t, -COOCH₂ *CH*₃), 2.16 (3H, s, Ar-*CH*₃), 3.99 (2H, q, -COOCH₂CH₃), 5.40 (1H, s, methine proton), 7.08-7.55 (11H, m, nine Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.69 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.86 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 14.57(CH₃), 19.53(-COOCH₂CH₃), 30.37(C₄-,), 58.92(-COOCH₂CH₃), 108.67(C), 116.46(CH), 119.09(CH), 119.38 (CH), 122.96(C), 124.46(CH), 126.33(CH), 126.64(CH), 128.02(C), 128.49(C), 129.26(CH), 131.61(C), 139.99(CH), 142.69(C), 144.21(CH), 145.52(C), 153.96(C), 158.86(CO at C₂-, 160.20(CO of coumarin), 167.02(COOEt). *Anal.* Calcd. for C₂₆H₂₂N₄O₅: C, 66.37; H, 4.71; N, 11.91. Found: C, 66.39; H, 4.70; N, 11.92.

Compound 6c. ir: cm⁻¹ 3315, 1720, 1690, 1615, 1435; ¹H nmr: δ 2.15 (3H, s, Ar- CH_3), 2.17 (3H, s, -CO CH_3), 5.31 (1H, s, methine proton), 7.12-7.78 (10H, m, eight Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.80 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.89 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 20.84(CH₃), 29.04(-CO CH_3), 30.94(C₄-), 114.37(CH), 119.67(C), 119.77(CH), 119.90(CH), 120.40(C), 124.51(C), 124.75(CH), 127.43(C), 127.93(CH), 128.22(C), 129.59(CH), 129.79(CH), 130.86(C), 138.91(C), 142.75(CH), 143.37(C), 147.17(C), 158.36(CO at C₂-), 168.63 (CO of coumarin), 195.43($COCH_3$). Anal. Calcd. for C₂₅H₁₉N₄O₄Br: C, 57.82; H, 3.69; N, 10.79. Found: C, 57.85; H, 3.70; N, 10.78.

Compound 6d. ir: cm⁻¹ 3315, 1720, 1675, 1608, 1435; ¹H nmr: δ 1.17(3H, t, -COOCH₂*CH*₃), 2.15 (3H, s, Ar-*CH*₃), 3.67 (2H, q, -COO*CH*₂CH₃), 5.30 (1H, s, methine proton), 7.12-7.80 (10H, m, eight Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.89 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 8.06 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 14.08(CH₃), 19.98(-COOCH₂CH₃), 29.02(C₄-,), 60.06(-COOCH₂CH₃), 109.80(C), 116.80(CH), 119.02(C), 119.89 (CH), 120.22(C), 124.23(C), 124.82(CH), 128.26(CH), 128.52 (CH), 129.78(CH), 130.98(C), 132.58(C), 138.82(CH), 143.18 (CH), 143.68(C), 147.80(C), 150.08(C), 156.69(CO at C₂-,) 160.06(CO of coumarin), 164.10(*C*OOEt). *Anal.* Calcd. for C₂₆H₂₁N₄O₅Br: C, 56.84; H, 3.85; N, 10.20. Found: C, 56.86; H, 3.87; N, 10.22.

Compound 6e. ir: cm⁻¹ 3312, 1728, 1683, 1615, 1438; 1 H nmr: δ 2.13 (3H, s, Ar- CH_3), 2.39 (3H, s, -CO CH_3), 4.09 (3H, s, OCH₃), 5.45 (1H, s, methine proton), 7.06-7.64 (10H, m, eight Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.75 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.78 (1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); 13 C nmr: δ

 $\begin{array}{llll} 19.99(\mathrm{CH_3}), & 29.93(\text{-CO}C\mathrm{H_3}), & 30.03(\mathrm{C_{4^*}}), & 56.30(\mathrm{OCH_3}), \\ 113.28(\mathrm{CH}), & 118.84(\mathrm{CH}), & 118.98(\mathrm{CH}), & 120.42(\mathrm{C}), & 124.07(\mathrm{CH}), \\ 124.77(\mathrm{CH}), & & 128.27(\mathrm{CH}), & 129.79(\mathrm{C}), & 130.87(\mathrm{C}), & 134.79(\mathrm{C}), \\ 136.81(\mathrm{C}), & & & 138.93(\mathrm{CH}), & 142.93(\mathrm{CH}), & 143.34(\mathrm{C}), & 143.85(\mathrm{C}), \\ 147.18(\mathrm{C}), & & & 147.85(\mathrm{C}), & 159.68(\mathrm{CO} \text{ at } \mathrm{C_{2^*}}), & 160.05(\mathrm{CO} \text{ of coumarin}), & 198.18(\mathrm{COCH_3}). & Anal. & \mathrm{Calcd. for } \mathrm{C_{26}H_{22}N_4O_5}; & \mathrm{C}, \\ 66.37; & & & H, 4.71; & N, 11.91. & \mathrm{Found}; & \mathrm{C}, & 66.36; & H, 4.70; & N, & 11.94. \\ \end{array}$

Compound 6f. ir: cm⁻¹ 3307, 1726, 1682, 1608, 1443; ¹H nmr: δ 1.22(3H, t, -COOCH₂ *CH*₃), 2.19(3H, s, Ar-*CH*₃), 3.89 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.97(2H, q, -COOCH₂CH₃), 5.40(1H, s, methine proton), 7.09-7.65 (10H, m, eight Ar-H and two NH protons merged), 7.76 (1H, s, C₄-H of coumarin), 7.90(1H, s, C₅-H of pyrazole); ¹³C nmr: δ 19.87(CH₃), 30.18(-COO CH₂CH₃), 30.57(C₄-), 56.21(OCH₃), 60.01(-COOCH₂CH₃), 112.88(CH), 113.68(C), 119.14 (CH), 119.69(CH), 119.87(C), 123.28(CH), 124.45(CH), 126.53(C), 127.15(C), 127.29(C), 129.32(CH), 139.72(CH), 142.92(CH), 142.97(C), 143.58(C), 145.47(C), 147.01(C), 157.81(CO at C₂-), 160.11(CO of coumarin), 168.18(*C*OOEt). *Anal.* Calcd. for C₂₇H₂₄N₄O₆: C, 64.79; H, 4.83; N, 11.19. Found: C, 64.80; H, 4.82; N, 11.20.

Acknowledgement. The authors are thankful to the Head, Department of Chemistry, Sardar Patel University for providing research facilities. The authors are also thankful to Vaibhav Laboratories, Shahibaug, Ahmedabad for IR spectral analysis.

REFERENCES

- [1] (a) Geissman T. A. The Chemistry of flavonoid compounds; Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1962. (b) Harborne J. B. The flavonoid: The advances in Research since 1980; Chapman & Hall: London, 1988. (c) Harbone J. B. The flavonoid: The advances in Research since 1986; Chapman & Hall: London, 1994.
- [2] (a) Khan M. S. Y.; Sharma P. Ind. J. Chem., 1993, 32B, 374.
 (b) Khan M. S. Y.; Sharma P. Ind. J. Chem., 1995, 34B, 237.
 - [3] Miky J. A. A.; Farrag A. A. Ind. J. Chem., 1997, 36B, 357.
- [4] (a) Johannes D.; Gerhard G. Ger. Offen., 2,013,22 (1970). (b) Manfred P.; Christos V. Ger. Offen., 2,553,294 (1977). (c) F. Bayer A. G., Fr Demande, 2,010,602 (1968).
- [5] (a) El-morsy S.; Fadd A.; El-hossini M. J. Ind. Chem. Soc., LXV, 1988, 699. (b) Sinnur K. H.; Siddappa S. Ind. J. Chem., 1986, 25B, 894.
- [6] (a) Parmar V. S.; Kumar A.; Prasad A. K.; Singh S. K.; Kumar N.; Mukherjee S.; Raj H. G.; Goel S.; Errington W.; Puar S. Bioorg. Med. Chem., 1999, 7, 1425. (b) Wiley R. H.; Wiley P. Pyrazolones, Pyrazolidones and derivatives, John Wiley and sons, New York, 1964, 102. (c) Rainer G.; Krueger U.; Klemm K.; Arzneim Forsch, 1981, 31, 649. (d) Bailey D. M.; Hansen P. E.; Hlavac A. G.; Baizman E. R.; Pearl J.; Defelice A. F.; Feigenson M. E. J. Med. Chem., 1985, 28, 256.
- [7] (a) Repas M.; Sasinkova V. *Chem. Zevesti.*, **1984**, *38*, 669. (b) Chalina E.; Georgieva L. *Dokl. Bulg. Akad. Nauk.*, **1953**, *51*, 53. (c) Chaimbault C.; Bose J. J. *Pharm Pharmacol Commun*, **1949**, *51*, 211.
- [8] (a) Rampa A.; Budriesi A.; Bisi A. Arzneim forsch, 1992, 42, 1284. (b) Klegeris A.; Liutkevicius E.; Mikalauskien G.; Duburs G.; McGeer P. L.; Klusa V. Eur. J. Pharmacol., 2002, 441, 203.
- [9] (a) O'Reilly B. C.; Atwal K. S. Heterocycles, 1987, 26, 1185.
 (b) Sadanandam Y. S.; Shetty M. M.; Eur. J. Med. Chem., 1992, 27, 87.
 (c) Hurst E. W.; Hull R. J. Med. Pharm. Chem., 1961, 3, 215.
- [10] (a) Bischler A. Chem. Ber., **1892**, 25, 2860. (b) Bui-Hoi N. P.; Loc T. B.; Xoung N. D. Bull. Soc. Chim. France, **1957**, 561; Chem. Abstr., **1957**, 51, 12895e.
 - [11] Selim M. R. J. Chem. Research (S), 1998, 84.
- [12] Younes M. E. G.; El-Kady M.; Essawy A. I.; Mohamed A. Y. *Ind. J. Chem.*, **1981**, *20B*, 747.