Arynic Synthesis of Substituted Indoles

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Summary Halogenoanils are converted into indoles in good yields by arynic reactions.

WITHIN the framework of our studies on arynic reactions in aprotic solvent,1 a part of our programme is devoted to synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.2 We report a new method of synthesis of indoles by arynic cyclization3,4 (Scheme and Table).

Table										
Run	A	\mathbf{B}	С	\mathbb{R}^1	\mathbb{R}^2	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{Y}	(2) %	am.p.	Ref.
1	Br	Н	H	Ph	Н	H	Н	72	(°Č) 188— 189	5
2 3	Cl OMe	Cl H	H Cl	Ph Ph	H H	Cl H	H OMe	57 61	198 176	6 b
4 5	Br Cl	H Cl	H H			H Cl	H H		119·5 147	5 7

^a Yields given after isolation of (2) by chromatography on silica. b New product.

The halogenoanils (1) are readily obtained from the corresponding halogenoanilines8 and ketones.9 Except run 3 (Table) all the runs were carried out for 24 h at room temperature in tetrahydrofuran (THF) with NaNH2-ButONa1 as enolization and elimination reagent. Run 3 was carried out in hexamethylphosphoramide-THF (1:4) mixture for 72 h at 60 °C. In this case, a S_N Ar mechanism could be applicable. The presence of the aromatic ring on the nitrogen atom of the anils (1) and strong basic media explain the enolization, usually difficult in the case of imines.10

Base Base Base
$$R^2$$
 Base R^2 Base R^2 Roto R^2 R^2

Most of the isolated indoles have been reported previously (Table). Analytical and spectral data of all products compared well with the reported values.5 The importance of this reaction is in its good selectivity hardly achieved by classical methods.11

SCHEME

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