

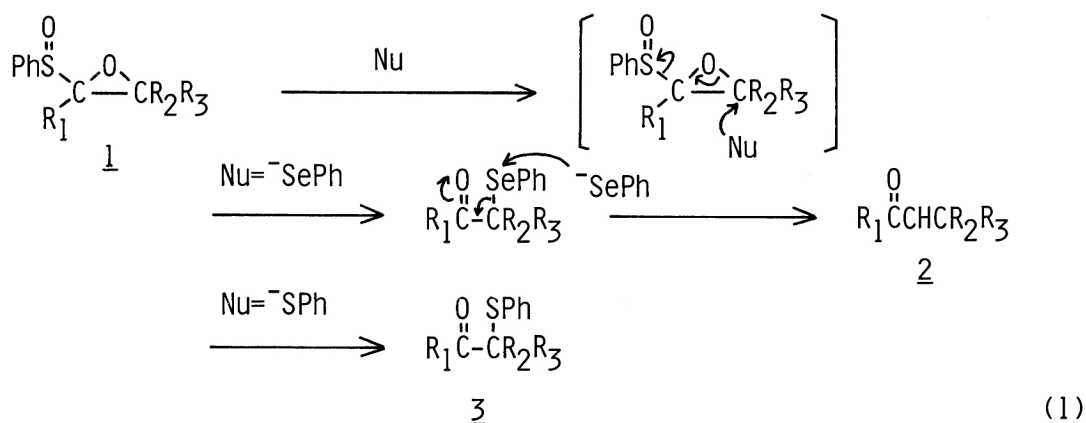
A NOVEL SYNTHESIS OF DIALKYL KETONES AND α -SULFENYLATED
CARBONYL COMPOUNDS FROM α,β -EPOXY SULFOXIDES

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Treatment of α,β -epoxy sulfoxides with excess sodium phenylselenide and various kinds of alkylthiolates gave dialkyl ketones and α -sulfenylated carbonyl compounds, respectively, in good yields under mild conditions.

Ketones play central role in synthetic organic chemistry. A great number of methods for construction of alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl ketones have been reported,¹⁾ in which the "umpolung"^{2,3)} reagents involved sulfur compounds acting as masked acyl anions³⁾ are one of the most important ones. α,β -Epoxy sulfoxides (1) were initially reported by Durst⁴⁾ in 1969. In spite of the studies on the synthesis of α,β -unsaturated ketones or aldehydes from α,β -epoxy sulfoxides,⁵⁾ this interesting compound has been received a scant attention. On the other hand, the methods for synthesis of α -substituted ketones or aldehydes from α,β -epoxy sulfones were reported by Durst⁶⁾ and Watt.⁷⁾

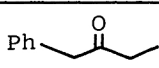
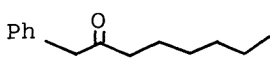
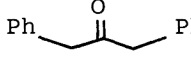
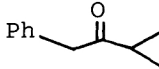
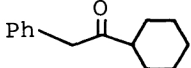
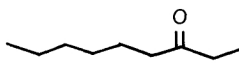
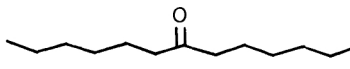
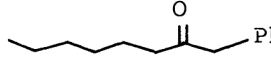
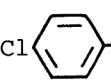
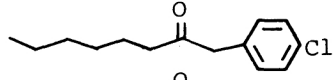
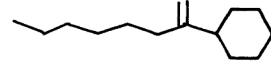

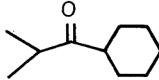

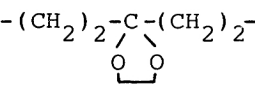
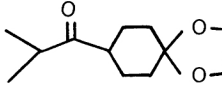

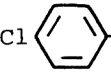
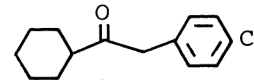

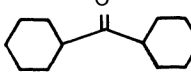
In this communication we report a novel and versatile method for the synthesis of dialkyl ketones (2) and α -sulfenylated carbonyl compounds (3) from α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1) according to Eq. 1.



α,β -Epoxy sulfoxides (1)⁴⁾ were easily prepared starting from alkylation of chloromethyl phenyl sulfoxide⁸⁾ or alkylation of sodium phenylthiolate with alkyl halides⁹⁾ in good overall yields. We found that the β -carbon of the α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1) were very reactive to various kinds of nucleophiles such as

Table 1.

Preparation of dialkyl ketones from α,β -epoxy sulfoxides and sodium phenylselenide

| R_1 | R_2 | R_3 | NaSePh equiv. | Conditions | Ketone <u>2</u> | yield ^{a)} % |
|---|---|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---|-----------------------|
| PhCH ₂ | CH ₃ | H | 3 | r.t. 20 min |  | 92 |
| PhCH ₂ | CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ | H | 3 | r.t. 20 min |  | 92 |
| PhCH ₂ | Ph | H | 3 | r.t. 3 h |  | 80 |
| PhCH ₂ | CH ₃ | CH ₃ | 5 | r.t. 3 h |  | 86 |
| PhCH ₂ | —(CH ₂) ₅ — | | 6 | 60 °C, 2 h |  | 90 |
| CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ | CH ₃ | H | 3 | r.t. 5 min |  | 80 |
| CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ | CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ | H | 3 | r.t. 5 min |  | 89 |
| CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ | Ph | H | 5 | r.t. 20 min |  | 94 |
| CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ |  | H | 3 | r.t. 20 min |  | 85 |
| CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ | —(CH ₂) ₅ — | | 7 | 70 °C, 2 h |  | 83 |
|  | —(CH ₂) ₅ — | | 6 | reflux 19 h |  | 84 |
|  |  | | 6 | reflux 16 h |  | 89 |
|  |  | H | 6 | r.t. 50 min |  | 98 |
|  | —(CH ₂) ₅ — | | 6 | reflux 16 h |  | 75 |

a) Isolated yields after silica gel column chromatography. The reactions were carried out in ethanol.


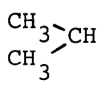

alkyl selenides, alkyl thiolates etc. to afford α -substituted ketones under very mild conditions in good yields.¹⁰⁾ Especially when sodium phenylselenide was used as a nucleophile, initially formed α -phenylseleno ketones were attacked by second phenylselenide to give dialkyl ketones (2) and diphenyl diselenide.¹¹⁾ In this particular case, phenylselenide acted as an hydride equivalent to the α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1).

As shown in Table 1, various kinds of dialkyl ketones were synthesized in

good to excellent yields under mild conditions. Di-sec-alkyl ketones were also synthesized with no problem though higher temperature was required.

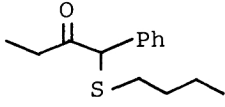
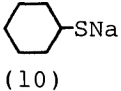
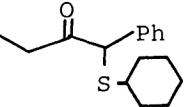
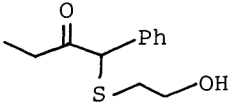
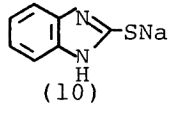
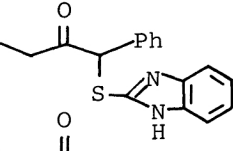
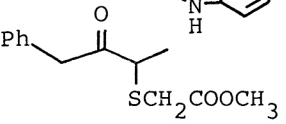
The results of the reaction of α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1) with sodium phenylthiolate were shown in Table 2. Various kinds of α -sulfenylated carbonyl compounds, which are very fascinating compounds in synthetic organic chemistry,¹²⁾ were synthesized by this method. More noticeable is the regiochemistry of the products. In entries 1, 2 and 3, 4, regioselectively sulfenylated carbonyl compounds are synthesized without any contamination of their regioisomers in very good yields under mild conditions. Also entries 5, 6 show the usefulness of the present method. The other effectiveness of this method is that the thiolates having functional groups are easily introduced to the β -carbon of α,β -epoxy sulfoxides to afford α -sulfenylated carbonyl compounds under very mild conditions, which is shown in Table 3.

Table 2.
Synthesis of α -phenylsulfenylated carbonyl compounds
from α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1) and sodium phenylthiolate

| Entry | Epoxy sulfoxides (<u>1</u>) R ₁ R ₂ | R ₃ | NaSPh equiv. | Conditions | Ketone <u>3</u> | yield ^{a)} % |
|-------|---|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ | H | 2 | r.t. 45 min | | 87 |
| 2 | CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ CH ₃ | H | 2 | 0 °C, 30 min | | 80 |
| 3 | CH ₃ CH ₂ Ph | H | 2 | r.t. 1 h | | 74 |
| 4 | PhCH ₂ CH ₃ | H | 3 | 0 °C, 2.5 h | | 92 |
| 5 | CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ —(CH ₂) ₅ — | | 7 | reflux 2.5 h | | 96 |
| 6 |  CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ | H | 3 | 0 °C, 6 h | | 93 |
| 7 | CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃ | CH ₃ | 7 | 50 °C, 2.5 h | | 91 |
| 8 | PhCH ₂ CH ₃ | CH ₃ | 7 | r.t. 3 h | | 91 |
| 9 |  —(CH ₂) ₂ —C(CH ₂) ₂ —  | | 10 | reflux 24 h | | 66 (92) ^{a)} |

a) Isolated yields after silica gel column chromatography. The yield in parenthesis is calculated from consumed starting material.

Table 3.
Synthesis of α -sulfenylated carbonyl compounds from
 α,β -epoxy sulfoxides (1) and thiolates other than phenylthiolate

| Entry | Epoxy sulfoxides (<u>1</u>) | | | Thiolate (equiv.) | Conditions | Ketone <u>3</u> | Yield ^{a)} % |
|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|--------------|--|--------------------------|
| | R ₁ | R ₂ | R ₃ | | | | |
| 1 | CH ₃ CH ₂ | Ph | H | CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ SNa (10) | 0 °C, 2 h |  | 73 |
| 2 | CH ₃ CH ₂ | Ph | H |  (10) | r.t. 30 min |  | 73 |
| 3 | CH ₃ CH ₂ | Ph | H | HO(CH ₂) ₂ SNa (10) | 0 °C, 30 min |  | 53 |
| 4 | CH ₃ CH ₂ | Ph | H |  (10) | r.t. 20 min |  | 82 |
| 5 | PhCH ₂ | CH ₃ | H | NaOCOCH ₂ SNa (5) | r.t. 20 min |  | 95 ^{b)} |

a) Isolated yields after silica gel column chromatography.

b) Isolated as a methyl ester.

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