

## The Reaction between $\alpha$ -Halogenometallic Compounds and *ortho*-Acylanilines: Synthesis of Indoles

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**Summary** Indoles may be obtained by treating *o*-acylanilines in ether-THF with diazomethane and  $\text{MgI}_2$  (LiI) or with dibromomethane and Li-Hg.

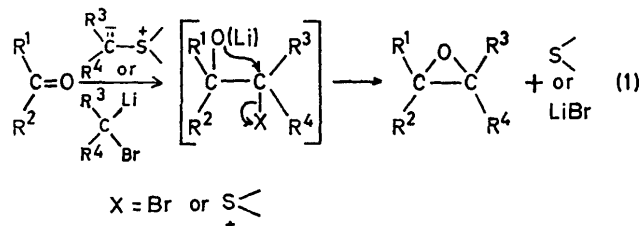
ylides which both yield oxirans on reaction with aldehydes and ketones (reaction 1).<sup>1</sup>

On the other hand, sulphonium ylides have been shown to react with aromatic *o*-aminocarbonyl compounds leading to the corresponding indoles.<sup>2</sup>

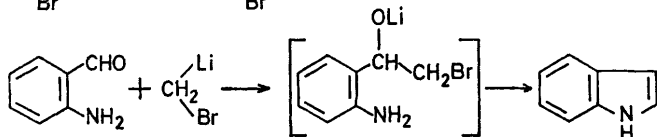
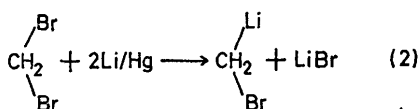
RECENTLY we have reported the similarity in behaviour between  $\alpha$ -halogenolithium compounds and sulphonium

We now report that bromolithium methane generated *in*

*situ* by treatment of dibromomethane in THF with Li-Hg reacts at room temperature with *o*-aminobenzaldehyde to give indole in 25% yield and starting material (reaction 2).



Diazomethane has been reported to react readily with MgI<sub>2</sub> or LiI in ether to give CH<sub>2</sub>IMgI and CH<sub>2</sub>ILi, respectively.<sup>3</sup> We have shown that both organometallic species



generated *in situ* give rise to indoles on reaction at room temperature with *o*-aminobenzaldehyde, *o*-aminoacetophenone, or *o*-aminobenzophenone in an ether-THF solution.

With *o*-aminoacetophenone and *o*-aminobenzophenone in addition to traces of the 3-methyl- and 3-phenyl-indoles, respectively, the corresponding 2-substituted derivatives were formed by rearrangement probably by the pathway shown in the Scheme.

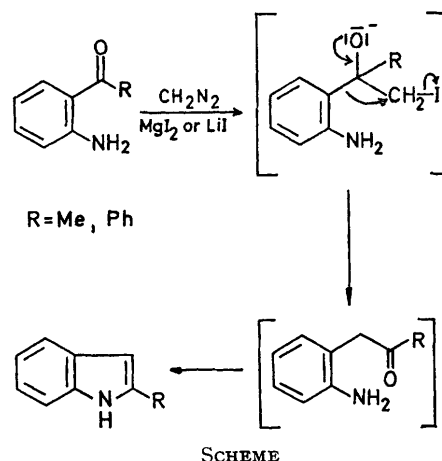
<sup>1</sup> G. Cainelli, A. Umani Ronchi, F. Bertini, P. Grasselli, and G. Zubiani, *Tetrahedron*, 1971, **27**, 6109; G. Cainelli, N. Tangari, and A. Umani Ronchi, *ibid.*, in the press.

<sup>2</sup> P. Bravo, G. Gaudiano, and A. Umani Ronchi, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1969, 679.

<sup>3</sup> G. Wittig and K. Schwarzenbach, *Annalen*, 1962, **650**, 1; G. Wittig and F. Winkler, *Chem. Ber.*, 1964, **94**, 2139.

<sup>4</sup> E. J. Corey, M. Jautelat, and W. Oppolzer, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1967, 2325; P. Bravo, G. Gaudiano, P. P. Ponti, and M. G. Zubiani, *ibid.*, 1970, 4535.

A rearrangement of this kind has been already reported for sulphonium and arsonium ylides.<sup>4</sup> It is not possible at present to establish if this rearrangement is, at least in part, also operative in the case of *o*-aminobenzaldehyde.



In a typical experimental procedure a solution of 21 mmol of CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> in dry ether was added dropwise over 2 h to a stirred solution of 21 mmol of dry MgI<sub>2</sub> or LiI and 7 mmol of the *o*-acylanilines in 60 ml of dry THF at 0°. The reaction mixture was then allowed to remain 2 h at 30° before work-up. In all cases studied indoles were obtained in a 30–40% yields. However, no effort has been made to increase the yields and in all cases a considerable amount of starting material was recovered. No reaction was observed when CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> and the *o*-acylanilines were allowed to react under the same conditions in the absence of metal salts.

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