
LETTERS
TO THE EDITOR

Selenium Dibromide as a Mild Brominating Agent

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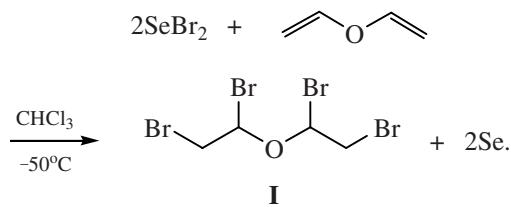
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Various brominating agents are used in the modern organic synthesis. They act differently than bromine and allow a more selective bromination.

Before our studies selenium dibromide has scarcely been used in organic synthesis. We applied this reagent in the synthesis of previously unknown 1-selena-4-silafulvenes [1–3] by addition to diethinylsilanes. It was found that selenium dibromide is a mild brominating agent which can be used in organic synthesis.

The reaction of selenium dibromide with divinyl ether (chloroform, –50°C) involves bromination of the two double bonds to form bis(1,2-dibromoethyl) ether (**I**) in 92% yield.



The reaction proceeds highly selectively and gives almost no by-products. Under the same conditions,

divinyl ether less selectively reacts with bromine, and additional purification is needed to isolate the target product.

Bis(1,2-dibromoethyl) ether (I), mp 64–65°C. ¹H NMR spectrum (CCl₄), δ, ppm: 3.90 m (4H, CH₂), 6.06 m (2H, CH). ¹³C NMR spectrum (CCl₄), δ_C, ppm: 32.40 (CH₂), 82.90 (CH). Found, %: C 12.51, H 1.42, Br 81.51. C₄H₆Br₄O. Calculated, %: C 12.33; H 1.55; Br 82.01.

The NMR spectra were taken on a Bruker DPX-400 spectrometer (101.62 MHz for ¹³C, 400.13 MHz for ¹H) against internal HMDS.

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