Inorganic Chemistry

Unprecedented Examples of Heterobimetallic Cerium(IV) Disiloxanediolates

Stephan Giessmann, Steffen Blaurock, Volker Lorenz, and Frank T. Edelmann*

Chemisches Institut der Otto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg, Universitätsplatz 2, D-39106 Magdeburg, Germany

Received July 4, 2007

The first disiloxanediolate complexes of cerium(IV) are reported. Starting from the readily available precursor (${}^{7}BuO$)₃Ce ${}^{17}(NO_3)(THF)_2$ (1), we prepared the novel heterobimetallic compounds [{(Ph₂SiO)₂O}{K(THF)₂}]₂Ce(O ${}^{17}Bu$)₂ (2) and [{(Ph₂SiO)₂O}₂{(DME)-KO^t-Bu}{(Ph₂SiO₂)K}Ce]₂ (3) and structurally characterized them by X-ray diffraction.

Because of their high oxidation potential, cerium(IV) compounds are widely used in various areas of chemistry and technology. Important fields of application include organic synthesis,¹ bioinorganic chemistry,² materials science,³ and industrial catalysis (automotive three-way catalysts, oxygen storage, etc.).⁴ Thus there is a constant demand for new, well-defined cerium(IV) species. Cerium(IV) alkoxides form a well-investigated class of compounds which are of interest as precursors for the MOCVD production of thin CeO₂ layers.⁵ In sharp contrast, information about the homologous cerium(IV) siloxides containing Ce–O–Si

bonds is very scarce. To the best of our knowledge, Ce- $(OSiPh_3)_4(DME)_x$ (0.5 < x < 1)⁶ and a cerium(IV) metallasilsesquioxane complex⁷ are the only fully characterized compounds of this type. We report here the preparation and structural characterization of two unprecedented examples of cerium(IV) disiloxanediolates.

As a suitable cerium(IV) precursor, we chose the readily available alkoxide nitrate complex ('BuO)₃Ce^{IV}(NO₃)(THF)₂ (1). Mixed-ligand complexes of this type were developed by Evans et al. as soluble and versatile cerium(IV) reagents.8 Bright yellow (^{t}BuO)₃Ce(NO₃)(THF)₂ (1) is easily made by allowing ceric ammonium nitrate, $(NH_4)_2[Ce(NO_3)_6]$ (CAN), to react with NaO'Bu in a 1:5 molar ratio. In the first experiment, 1 was treated with (Ph₂SiOK)₂O (made in situ by deprotonation of 1,1,3,3-tetraphenyl-1,3-disiloxanediol^{9,10} with KN(SiMe₃)₂) in a molar ratio of 1:2 according to Scheme 1. From this reaction, the novel heterobimetallic potassium/cerium(IV) disiloxanediolate complex [{(Ph₂- SiO_2O { $K(THF)_2$ }]₂Ce(O^tBu)₂ (2) was isolated in the form of yellow, block-shaped crystals in 81% yield (Scheme 1). Its structure was studied by single-crystal X-ray diffraction (Figure 1).

In the molecule of **2**, two potassium disiloxanediolate ligands are coordinated to cerium(IV) in a slightly bent coordination geometry. Two *t*-butoxide ligands remain as functionalizable groups coordinated to Ce. The central cerium is in a distorted octahedral coordination environment. A very similar distorted octahedral coordination of tetravalent cerium was found in Ce(OSiPh₃)₄(DME)_x.⁶ One phenyl ring of each disiloxanediolate ligand is engaged in an intramolecular η^{1} - π -coordination to potassium (K(1)–C(22) 3.395(4) Å). Phenyl- π -coordination to K⁺ has been observed, for example,

(9) Harris, G. I. J. Chem. Soc. 1963, 5978.

^{*} To whom correspondence should be addressed. E-mail: frank. edelmann@ovgu.de.

For recent reviews, see: (a) Carrijo, R. M. C.; Romero, J. R. *Quim. Nova* **2000**, *23*, 331. (b) Das, A. K. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **2001**, *213*, 307. (c) Nair, V.; Balagopal, L.; Rajan, R.; Mathew, J. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2004**, *37*, 21. (d) Dziegiec, J.; Domagala, S. *Trends Inorg. Chem.* **2005**, *8*, 43.

⁽²⁾ For recent reviews, see: (a) Komiyama, M. Metal Ions Biol. Syst. 2003, 40, 463. (b) Yamamoto, Y.; Komiyama, M. Mater. Integr. 2005, 19, 55.

⁽³⁾ Review: Jian, H.; Zhou, X.; Zhao, D. Huaxue Shiji 2006, 28, 279.

⁽d) For recent reviews, see: (a) Metal Ions in Biological Systems; Sigel, A., Sigel, H., Eds.; Marcel Dekker, Inc.: New York, 2003; Vol. 40.
(b) Kaspar, J.; Fornasiero, P.; Graziani, M. Catal. Today 1999, 50, 285. (c) Trovarelli, A.; de Leitenburg, C.; Boaro, M.; Dolcetti, G. Catal. Today 1999, 50, 353. (d) Kaspar, J.; Graziani, M.; Fornasiero, P. In Handbook on the Physics and Chemistry of the Rare Earths; Gschneidner, K. A., Jr., Eyring, L., Eds.; Elsevier Science B.V.: Amsterdam, 2000; Vol. 29, p 159. (d) Duprez, D.; Descorme, C. Catal. Sci. Ser. 2002, 2, 243. (e) Shelef, M.; Garbam, G. W.; McCabe, R. W. Catal. Sci. Ser. 2002, 2, 343. (f) Primet, M.; Garbowski, E. Catal. Sci. Ser. 2002, 2, 407. (g) Imamura, S. Catal. Sci. Ser. 2002, 2, 431. (h) Kaspar, J.; Fornasiero, P. J. Solid State Chem. 2003, 171, 19. (i) Wang, M.; Wei, W.; Luo, L. Huagong Jinzhan 2006, 25, 517.

^{(5) (}a) Bradley, D. C.; Holloway, H. Can. J. Chem. 1962, 40, 1176. (b) Sen, A.; Stecher, H. A.; Rheingold, A. L. Inorg. Chem. 1992, 31, 473. (c) Hubert-Pfalzgraf, L. G.; El Khokh, N.; Daran, J. C. Polyhedron 1992, 11, 59. (d) Hubert-Pfalzgraf, L. G.; Guillon, H. Appl. Organomet. Chem. 1998, 12, 221. (e) Suh, S.; Guan, J.; Miinea, L. A.; Lehn, J.-S. M.; Hoffman, D. M. Chem. Mater. 2004, 16, 1667.

⁽⁶⁾ Gradeff, P. S.; Yunlu, K.; Gleizes, A.; Galy, J. Polyhedron 1989, 8, 1001.

⁽⁷⁾ Gun'ko, Yu. K.; Reilly, R.; Edelmann, F. T.; Stalke, D. Angew. Chem. 2001, 113, 1319; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 1279.

^{(8) (}a) Evans, W. J.; Deming, T. J.; Ziller, J. W. Organometallics 1989, 8, 1581. (b) Evans, W. J.; Deming, T. J.; Olofson, J. M.; Ziller, J. W. Inorg. Chem. 1989, 28, 4027. (c) Evans, W. J.; Edinger, L. A.; Ziller, J. W. Polyhedron 1999, 18, 1475.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Review: Murugavel, R.; Voigt, A.; Walawalkar, M. G.; Roesky, H. W. Chem. Rev. 1996, 96, 2205.



Figure 1. Molecular structure of $[{(Ph_2SiO)_2O}{K(THF)_2}]_2Ce(O'Bu)_2$ (2). Selected bond lengths (Å): Ce-O(1) = 2.279(2), Ce-O(3) = 2.292-(2), Ce-O(4) = 2.102(2), K(1)-O(1A) = 2.696(2), K(1)-O(3) = 2.718-(2), K(1)-C(22) = 3.395(4).

Scheme 1. Synthesis of Ce(IV) Disiloxanediolates 2 and 3 (^{BuO})₃Ce(NO₃)(THF)₂



in potassium pyrazolylborates, phosphine(phosphinimino)methanides, phenoxides, and thiolates.¹¹

The same reaction carried out in a molar ratio of 1:3 took a completely different course. In this case, a light yellow compound could be isolated in high yield (\sim 70%), which was shown by X-ray crystallography to be the novel heterobinuclear potassium/cerium(IV) disiloxanediolate cluster [{(Ph₂SiO)₂O}₂{(DME)KO'Bu}{(Ph₂SiO₂)K}Ce]₂ (**3**, Figure 1). The X-ray study revealed that, in **3**, not only the expected dianions of 1,1,3,3-tetraphenyl-1,3-disiloxanediol act as ligands but also the dianions of diphenyl-1,1-silanediol, which originate from cleavage of the disiloxanediolate. Such transformations are not uncommon in the chemistry of silanediolates, disiloxanediolates, and trisiloxanediolates.¹⁰

In the unprecedented centrosymmetric cluster molecule **3**, a planar K_2O_2 ring forms the central structural unit. The central cerium atoms are in a distorted octahedral coordina-



Figure 2. Molecular structure of $[\{(Ph_2SiO)_2O\}_2\{(DME)KO'Bu\}\{(Ph_2SiO_2)K\}Ce]_2$ (3). Selected bond lengths (Å): Ce(1)-O(1) = 2.278(3), Ce(1)-O(3) = 2.248(2), Ce(1)-O(4) = 2.105(2), Ce(1)-O(5) = 2.227(2), Ce(1)-O(6) = 2.230(2), Ce(1)-O(7) = 2.318(2), K(1)-O(5) = 2.743(3), K(1)-O(5A) = 3.064(3), K(1)-O(3A) = 2.742(3).

tion environment. Two disiloxanediolate dianions act as chelating ligands toward each Ce(IV) and simultaneously bridge two potassium ions with the cerium. An unusual $\mu^3 \mu^2$ bridging coordination mode was found for the dianionic diphenyl-1,1-silane-diolate ligands. One oxygen from each of the two Ph2SiO22- ligands bridges one Ce and two potassium ions, while the other oxygen forms a μ^2 -bridge to Ce and K. The overall coordination geometry around each cerium is slightly distorted octahedral. Four *t*-butoxide groups originating from precursor 1 are also present in the molecular structure of 3, two of them bridging (K, K) and the other two terminally bonded to cerium. Given the high isolated yield, it is clear that despite its highly unusual structure, compound **3** is the main product of the reaction of **1** with 3 equiv of (Ph₂SiOK)₂O. The coordinative unsaturation of the potassium ions (coordination numbers 4 and 5, respectively) is relieved by η^{1} - and η^{2} - π -interactions with neighboring phenyl substituents.¹¹ The respective K····C distances are in the range of 3.173 - 3.527(4) Å. The fact that the nitrate group of the starting material was completely eliminated demonstrates the usefulness of 1 as a precursor for the synthesis of novel cerium(IV) siloxide species. Because of the remaining two ^tBuO ligands compound 2 also represents a potentially useful synthon for other tetravalent cerium species.

Acknowledgment. This work was generously supported by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (SPP 1166 "Lanthanoid-spezifische Funktionalitäten in Molekül and Material").

Supporting Information Available: CIF files giving X-ray structural data for **2** and **3** and experimental details on the preparation and characterization of **2** and **3**. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at http://pubs.acs.org. ('BuO)₃Ce^{IV}(NO₃)(THF)₂ (**1**), the novel heterobimetallic compounds $[{(Ph_2SiO)_2O}_{2}(DME)KO'Bu}{(Ph_2SiO_2)K}Ce]_2$ (**2**) and $[{(Ph_2SiO)_2O}_{3}(THF)_{2}]_{2}Ce(O'Bu)_{2}$ (**3**) have been prepared and structurally characterized by X-ray diffraction.

IC701320D

⁽¹¹⁾ For selected recent references, see: (a) Clark, D. L.; Deacon, G. B.; Feng, T.; Hollis, R. V.; Scott, B. L.; Skelton, B. W.; Watkin, J. G.; White, A. H. Chem. Commun. 1996, 1729. (b) Chadwick, S.; Englich, U.; Ruhlandt-Senge, K. Organometallics 1997, 16, 5792. (c) Babu, R. P. K.; Aparna, K.; McDonald, R.; Cavell, R. G. Organometallics 2001, 20, 1451. (d) Boyle, T. J.; Andrews, N. L.; Rodriguez, M. A.; Campana, C.; Yiu, T. Inorg. Chem. 2003, 42, 5357. (e) Weinert, C. S.; Fanwick, P. E.; Rothwell, I. P. Inorg. Chem. 2003, 42, 6089. (f) Gamer, M. T.; Roesky, P. W. Organometallics 2004, 23, 5540. (g) Cole, M. L.; Higham, L. T.; Junk, P. C.; Proctor, K. M.; Scott, J. L.; Strauss, C. R. Inorg. Chim. Acta 2005, 358, 3159. (h) Bieller, S.; Bolte, M.; Lerner, H.-W.; Wagner, M. Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 2006, 632, 319.