Total Synthesis of 3,3'-Biflavone

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3,3'-Biflavones (7a) and (7b) have been successfully synthesized.

Large numbers of biflavonoids have been isolated from a variety of natural sources, but biflavonoids possessing a 3,3'-linkage are not common. Chamaejasmine, isolated from *Stellera chamaejasmae L*. by Professor Huang in 1979,¹ was the first example of this class. It is constructed with two units

of naringenin linked by a carbon–carbon bond between the two C-3 atoms. 7-Methoxychamaejasmine,² chamaejasmine $A,B,C,^3$ neochamaejasmine $A,B,^4$ and isochamaejasmine⁵ have been isolated from the same plant.

3,3'-Biapigenin has been prepared by phenolic oxidative



Scheme 1. Reagents and conditions: i, K_2CO_3 , Me_2CO , Me_2SO_4 ; ii, $AlCl_3$, $(CH_2COCl)_2$, $(CHCl_2)_2$; iii, BCl_3 , CH_2Cl_2 ; iv, pyridine, C_6H_5COCl or anisoyl chloride; v, NaH, toluene; vi, H_2SO_4 , HOAc.

coupling of apigenin using alkaline potassium ferricyanide as the oxidizing reagent,⁶ but the yield was very poor (only 5%).

In searching for a synthesis of chamaejasmine and other 3,3'-biflavonoids, we have designed a synthetic route and successfully synthesized 3,3'-biflavones (7a) and (7b), (Scheme 1). Phloroglucinol reacted with dimethyl sulphate in the presence of potassium carbonate and dry acetone to give the trimethyl ether (2) in 92% yield. Friedel–Crafts reaction of (2) with succinyl chloride provided butane-1,4-dione (3) in 65% yield. Selective demethylation of (3) with boron trichloride gave (4) in 98% yield. Esterification of (4) with benzoyl chloride or anisoyl chloride in pyridine afforded the ester (5a) or (5b), yield 85% and 81% respectively, which was converted to the phenol (6a), yield 90%, or (6b), yield 89% by the Baker–Venkataraman rearrangement.⁷ Finally, ring closure of (6a) or (6b) yielded 3,3'-biflavone (7a) or (7b) in yields of 95% and 88% respectively.[‡]

The catalytic hydrogenation of compounds (7a) and (7b) is in progress.

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- ‡ Revised version of Com. 1425, original version received 30th September 1987.

[†] The structure of compounds (2)—(7) was determined by i.r., ¹H n.m.r., and mass spectral data. The high resolution m.s. of compound (7) was: (7a), M = 562.1595 (calc. 562.1627); (7b), M = 622.1827 (calc. 622.1838).