

## Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements



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### Synthesis and Thermolysis of the Novel Ring Systems Containing Nitrogen and Tetracoordinate Selenium

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Oxidation of  $\beta$ -aminoalkyl selenides bearing the Martin ligand with mCPBA gave tetracoordinate 1,2-selenazetidines or a tetracoordinate 1,2,5-oxaselenazolidine as stable colorless crystals. The thermolysis of 1,2-selenazetidines afforded the corresponding aziridine and cyclic selenenate.

Keywords: 1,2-selenazetidine; selenurane; the Martin ligand; pseudo-TBP structure; 1,2,5-oxaselenazolidine

#### INTRODUCTION

We have reported the synthesis and thermolysis of several oxetanes bearing highly coordinate main group elements at the position adjacent to oxygen.[1] Although thermolyses of oxetanes with highly coordinate group 13, 14, and 15 elements afforded the corresponding

olefins, oxachalcogenetanes which bear phenyl groups at 3-positions extruded not the corresponding olefins but the oxiranes. The thermolysis of other heterachalcogenetanes with highly coordinate chalcogen atoms, such as 1,2-thiazetidines and 1,2-selenazetidines, are expected to undergo the extrusion of the corresponding three membered ring compounds. Here, we present the synthesis and thermolysis of tetracoordinate 1,2-selenazetidine 1, a novel four-membered heterocycle, together with the synthesis of a tetracoordinate 1,2,5-oxaselenazolidine 2.

### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Sequential treatment of benzyl selenide 3 with lithium diisopropylamide (LDA), imine 4, aqueous solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and n-Bu<sub>4</sub>NF gave the  $\beta$ -aminoalkyl selenide 5 (Scheme 1). To synthesize a 1,2-selenazetidine, excess amount of mCPBA was applied as an oxidant instead of Br<sub>2</sub> used for the synthesis of 1,2-oxaselenetanes.[2] However, a novel five-membered heterocyclic compound, 1,2,5-oxaselenazolidine 2, was obtained as colorless crystals, and no selenazetidine was yielded at all. Oxidation of both selenium and nitrogen atoms in 5b with excess amount of mCPBA and the successive dehydration would result in the formation of 1,2,5-oxaselenazolidine. On the other hand, treatment of the same reagents with 5a afforded a

SCHEME 1

mixture of two diastereomers of tetracoordinate 1,2-selenazetidines 1a and 1b, respectively, which were separated by silica gel chromatography. (Scheme 1). The structures of 1a, 1b, and 2 were established by <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>19</sup>F and <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectroscopy, elemental analysis, and X-ray analysis. These are the first examples of both ring systems, respectively. Moreover, 2 is the first example of a structurally characterized organic compound with Se-O-N linkage.

Thermolysis of **1a** and **1b** at 210 °C in xylene- $d_{10}$  finally gave the corresponding aziridine **6** and cyclic selenenate **2** as predominant products (Scheme 2). No formation of the corresponding olefin was observed in marked contrast to its phosphorus analogue,

SCHEME 2

pentacoordinate 1,2-azaposphetidine.[3]

In summary, we have revealed that tetracoordinate 1,2-selenazetidines have reactivity similar to that of 1,2-oxaselenetanes in the point of giving the corresponding three-membered ring compound on the thermolysis. This is the first finding for aziridine formation pathways from heteracyclobutanes with highly coordinate main group elements.

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