

Synthesis of *o*(*m*)-Carborane-Containing Azomethines

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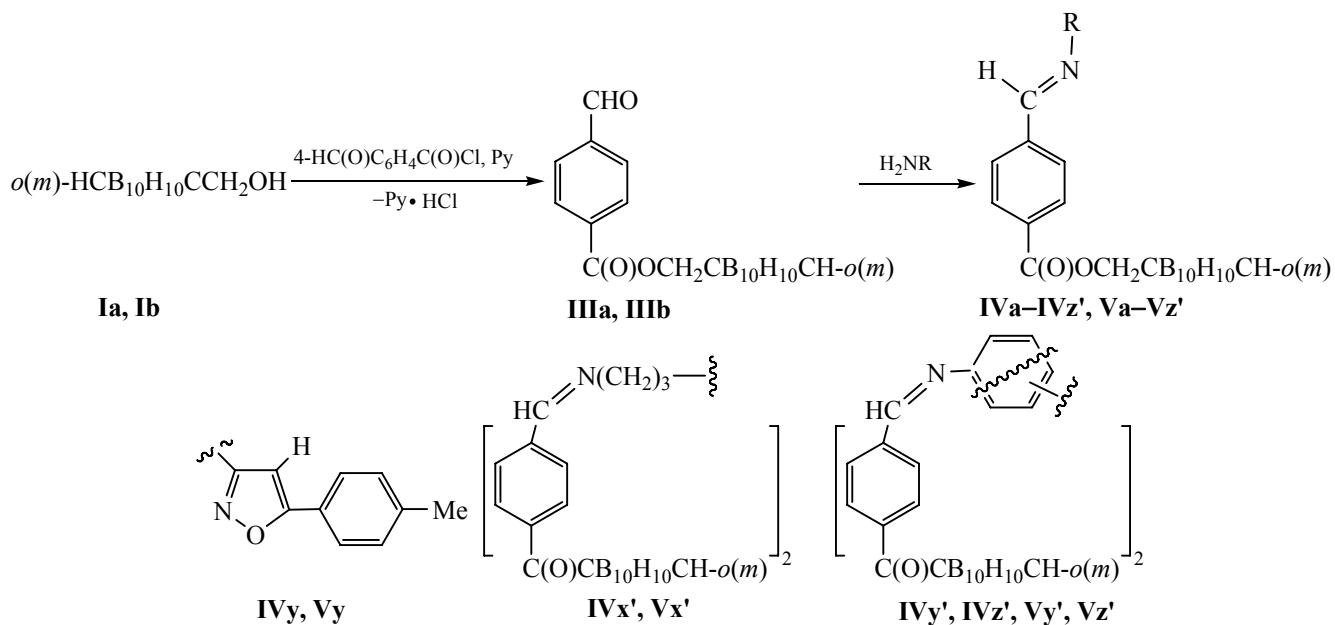
Abstract—A method of preparative synthesis of *o*(*m*)-carborane-containing azomethines via the condensation of *o*(*m*)-carboranyl-*C*-methylene-4-formylbenzoates with aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, and aromatic amines was developed.

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Previously we have reported on the synthesis of *o*(*m*)-carborane-containing Schiff bases via the condensation of vanillin esters of *o*(*m*)-carborane-*C*-carboxylic acid and vanillin with amines [1–4]. The carborane nitrogen-containing derivatives are of interest for research in the field of the boron neutron capture

therapy of the tumor diseases, radionuclide diagnostics and therapy [5, 6].

In this work we describe the method of preparative synthesis of new *o*(*m*)-carborane azomethines **IVa**–**IVz'** and **Va**–**Vz'** by the condensation of *o*(*m*)-



Ia, **IIIa**, **IVa**–**IVz'** are *o*-carborane derivatives; **Ib**, **IIIb**, **Va**–**Vz'** are *m*-carborane derivatives; **IV**, **V**: R = *n*-C₁₆H₃₃ (**a**), *n*-C₁₈H₃₇ (**b**), cyclo-C₆H₁₁ (**c**), CH(1-Ad)Me (**d**), *L*-CH(CHMe₂)CO₂Me (**e**), *L*-CH(CHCH₂Me₂)CO₂Me (**f**), *L*-CH(CHMeEt)CO₂Me (**g**), *L*-CH(CH₂Ph)CO₂Me (**h**), 4-MeC₆H₄ (**i**), 2-biphenyl (**j**), 4-biphenyl (**k**), 1-naphthyl (**l**), 2-naphthyl (**m**), 3-BrC₆H₄ (**n**), 4-BrC₆H₄ (**o**), 4-IC₆H₄ (**p**), 1-bromo-2-naphthyl (**q**), 2-hydroxyphenyl (**r**), 4-phenoxyphenyl (**s**), 4-EtC(O)C₆H₄ (**t**), 3-HO₂CC₆H₄ (**u**), 4-HO₂CC₆H₄ (**v**), 4-EtO₂CC₆H₄ (**w**), 4-BuO₂CC₆H₄ (**x**); **IVx'**, **Vx'** are 1,6-hexamethylene diamine derivatives; **IVy'**, **IVz'**, **Vy'**, **Vz'** are 1,3- and 1,4-phenylene diamine derivatives.

carboranymethanol **I** and 0.1 mol of 4-formylbenzoyl chloride in 300 ml of anhydrous diethyl ether was added 0.1 mol of anhydrous pyridine in 50 ml of diethyl ether within 30 min with cooling to 10–15°C while vigorous stirring. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and diluted with 500 ml of water. The ether layer was separated, washed with water (3×200 ml) and saturated NaHCO₃ solution (2×200 ml), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated. The residue was crystallized from hexane.

(o,m)-Carborane-containing azomethines (IVa–IVy, Va–Vy). A mixture of 5 mmol of 4-formylbenzoyloxymethylene-(o,m)-C-carborane **III** and 5 mmol of the corresponding secondary amine **IIa–IIx'** in 40 ml of anhydrous methanol was refluxed for 30–45 min and then cooled to 0–5°C. The crystalline azomethines were filtered off through the glass porous filter, washed with cold methanol and dried in air for 6–8 h. The glassy azomethines were decanted and purified by the column chromatography on a neutral alumina (40–100 μm, Brockman activity degree II) eluting with dichloromethane.

(o,m)-Carborane-containing bisazomethines (IVx'–IVz', Vx'–Vz'). A solution of 10 mmol of 4-formylbenzoyloxymethylene-(o,m)-C-carborane **III** and 5 mmol of the corresponding primary amine **IIx'–IIz'** in 50 ml of anhydrous methanol was refluxed for 45 min. The target products were isolated similarly to azomethines (IVa–IVy, Va–Vy).

(E)-o-Carboranyl-C-methylene-4-[(4¹-bromo-phenyl)iminomethyl]benzoate (IVo). ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃), δ, ppm: 3.2–1.4 m (B₁₀H₁₀), 3.91 br.s (CH_{carb}), 4.81 s (CH₂O), 7.11 d (J_{2,3'} 8.0 Hz), 7.51 d (J_{2,3'} 8.0 Hz), 7.99 d (J_{2,3'} 7.7 Hz), 8.11 d (J_{2,3'} 7.7 Hz), 8.48 s (HC=N). ¹¹B NMR spectrum (CDCl₃), δ_B, ppm: –1.2 d (1B, B^{12/9}, J 150 Hz), –3.8 d (1B, B^{9/12}, J 144 Hz), –144 Hz), –8.8 d (2B, B^{8,10}, J 151 Hz), –11.0 d (2B, B^{4,5}, J 147 Hz), –12.4 d (4B, B^{3,6,7,11}, J 144 Hz).

(E)-m-Carboranyl-C-methylene-4-[(4¹-bromo-phenyl)iminomethyl]benzoate (Vo). ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃), δ, ppm: 3.6–1.4 m (B₁₀H₁₀), 3.00 br.s (CH_{carb}), 4.55 s (CH₂O), 7.11 d (J_{2,3'} 7.1 Hz), 7.51 d (J_{2,3'} 7.1 Hz), 7.99 d (J_{2,3'} 7.1 Hz), 8.13 d (J_{2,3'} 7.1 Hz), 8.48 s (HC=N). ¹¹B NMR spectrum (CDCl₃), δ_B, ppm: –3.8 d (1B, B⁵, J 163 Hz), –8.0 d (1B, B¹², J 165 Hz), –10.0 d (2B, B^{9,10}, J 148 Hz), –11.0 d (2B, B^{4,6}, J 159 Hz), –12.6 d (2B, B^{8,11}, J 168 Hz), –15.1 d (2B, B^{2,3}, J 180 Hz).

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