

Asymmetric Synthesis of 3,4-Annulated Cyclopentenones from Cycloalkenyl Ketones and Vinyl Carbamates by Diastereoselective Carbonyl Addition/Conrotatory 4 π Ring Closure

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Abstract: 1-Lithiated *O*-vinyl carbamates add with high induced diastereoselectivity onto enantiomerically pure cycloalk-1-enyl (1-dibenzylamino)alkyl ketones. Subsequent *O*-carbamoyl migration, followed by a torquoselective, antarafacial 4 π ring closure, leads to homochiral 2-substituted bicyclo[n.3.0]alk-1-ene-2-ones.

Key words: carbanion, cyclopentenones, asymmetric synthesis, electrocyclic reaction, torquoselectivity

The synthesis of cyclopent-2-en-1-ones finds considerable interest due to their occurrence in physiologically active compounds¹ or their utilization in synthesis.² There is no ‘silver bullet’ for the construction of enantiopure cyclopentenones from two starting materials by formation of two C–C bonds. The latter was accomplished by Pauson–Khand reaction³ ([2+2+1] mode), the Nazarov cyclization from an in situ generated divinyl ketone⁴ ([3+2] mode), or by the Danheiser method ([4+1] mode) by nucleophilic attack of a d¹-synthon onto a silylketene and subsequent ring formation to yield racemic cyclopentenones.⁵

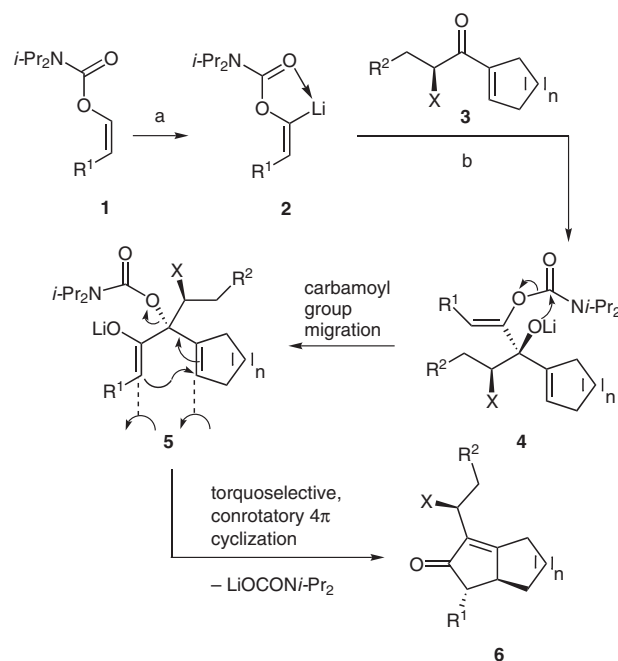
A novel addition-cyclization reaction, leading to 5-alkylenecyclopent-2-en-1-ones, utilizing 1-lithioallenyl carbamates and ketones, following the [3+2] mode, had been developed in a cooperation between the Tius research group and our own.⁶ Quantum chemical calculation by Lera et al.⁷ substantiated our previous assumption that the 4 π process does not proceed through a Nazarov intermediate, but is better described as a hybrid of a pericyclic and an ionic process, which is the origin of the observed high torquoselectivity.

This publication deals with the highly diastereoselective cyclopentenone annulation onto chiral 1-acylcycloalk-1-enes **3** making use of a 4 π cyclization step. (*Z*)-Alk-1-enyl carbamates **1** are rapidly deprotonated in the vinylic position by means of alkyllithium (Scheme 1).⁸ Enantioenriched ketones **3** were prepared by acylation of cycloalk-1-enyllithiums with the appropriate *N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarboxamides according to the Weinreb method.⁹

To the 1-lithioalk-1-enyl carbamate **2** (1.5 equiv) and LiCl (1.5 equiv) in THF solution was added at –78 °C the

enone **3** and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temperature. During this period, the alkoxide **4**, formed with high substrate-directed diastereoselectivity,¹⁰ rearranges by carbamoyl migration⁶ to release two hidden reactive functionalities from **4**, namely a lithium enolate and an allylic carbamoyloxy group in **5**.

The intramolecular substitution step proceeds as a pericyclic 4 π electrocyclization with strict conrotatory torquoselectivity in which the substitution of the carbamoyloxy group in the allylic position takes place as an antarafacial process; bicyclic cyclopentenones **6** result with complete diastereoselectivity (Scheme 1, Table 1).



Scheme 1 Synthesis of highly substituted, enantiopure cyclopentenones **6**. *Reagents and conditions:* a) *s*-BuLi, LiCl, THF, –78 °C, 1 h; b) –78 °C, 10 h, r.t., 2 h.

The products **6** usually are obtained with an essentially perfect diastereomeric ratio (dr >98:2). The high stereoselectivity is the result of the efficient diastereofacial selection at the carbonyl group adjacent to a dibenzylamino group (enones **3a–d,g,j**) or a *tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxy group (enones **3e,f**) combined with a stereocontrolled pericyclic reaction. Only compound **6ca** is a notable ex-

Table 1 Enones **6** Prepared

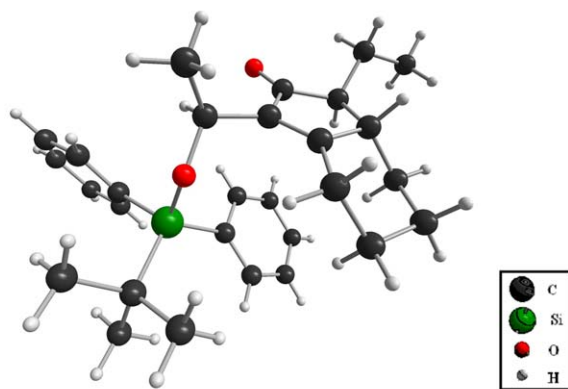
Entry	1	R ¹	3	R ²	6	n	X	Yield	dr ^a (%)
1	a	Et	a	Ph	aa	2	NBn ₂	85	>98:2
2	a	Et	b	Ph	ab	1	NBn ₂	72	>98:2
3	a	Et	c	<i>i</i> -Pr	ac	2	NBn ₂	63	>98:2
4	a	Et	d	<i>i</i> -Pr	ad	1	NBn ₂	49	>98:2
5	a	Et	e	H	ae	2	OTPS ^b	88	>98:2
6	a	Et	f	H	af ^c	1	OTPS ^b	60	>98:2
7	b	H	a	Ph	ba	2	NBn ₂	85	>98:2
8	b	H	g	H	bg	1	NBn ₂	85	>98:2
9	b	H	j	OBn	bj	1	NBn ₂	69	>98:2
10	c	Me	a	Ph	ca	2	NBn ₂	82	93:7 ^d
11	d	Bn	a	Ph	da	2	NBn ₂	94	>98:2

^a In the ¹H NMR spectrum of each enone (except for **6ca**), only one diastereomer was observed.

^b TPS = *t*-BuPh₂Si.

^c X-ray crystal structure analysis.

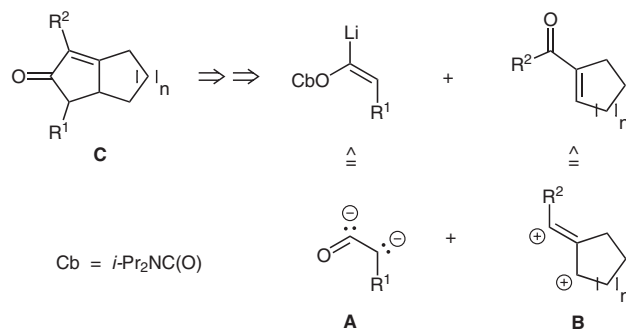
^d Minor product: epimer at C-3.

**Figure 1** Structure of enone **6af**

ception, dr = 93:7.¹¹ The structure of bicyclic enone **6af**, and, thus, the mechanistic pathway, was confirmed by an X-ray crystal structure analysis under anomalous dispersion (Figure 1).¹²

From the view of synthesis strategy (Scheme 2), the new reaction corresponds to the cycloaddition of a d¹d² synthon **A** and an a¹a³ synthon **B**, thereby shifting the enone moiety into the newly attached five-membered ring **C**. All together, the method represents a unique and simple route for the construction of chiral bicyclic cyclopentenones.

Reactions with organometallic reagents were carried out under argon in flasks, sealed with a rubber septum. *n*-Pentane (P), Et₂O (E), and toluene were dried by refluxing over sodium wire. THF was dried over potassium metal. CH₂Cl₂ was distilled over CaH₂. *s*-BuLi (~1.3 M in hexanes) was purchased from Acros, filtered (under ar-

**Scheme 2** Retrosynthetic presentation of the reaction

gon) through Kieselgur, and the concentration was determined by titration against diphenylacetic acid.¹³ Vinylolithium reagents were titrated with butan-2-ol in anhyd xylene against phenanthroline as indicator.¹⁴ Silica gel (40–63 μm) for flash chromatography¹⁵ was purchased from E. Merck Company (Darmstadt). TLC analysis: silica gel cards 60 F₂₅₄, detection by UV light (254 nm) and stained with vanillin reagent, KMnO₄ reagent, I₂ vapor, or molybdatophosphoric acid. GC analysis: HP 6890 (Hewlett-Packard) on the capillary column HP 5 (30 m, Ø 0.3 mm, Phase 0.25 μm). Determination of er: column Chira Grom ODH, 250 × 2 mm or on HPLC (Waters 717). Mps: MFB 595, Gallenkamp, or Stuart Melting Point Apparatus SMP3; Bibby, UK; not corrected. Optical rotations: polarimeter PerkinElmer 341. Mass spectra: EI, Finnigan MAT 8200; HRMS, Varian Saturn II. NMR: ARX 300, AM 360, or AMX 400 (Bruker, Karlsruhe), in CDCl₃ with TMS or CHCl₃ as internal standard, assignment of ¹³C signals (in part) by 90° and 135° DEPT, (H,H)- or (H,C)-COSY experiments. The numbering used for the interpretation of NMR data of compounds **6** are shown in Figure 2.

Crystallographic data: Data sets were collected with a Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer. Programs used: data collection COLLECT (Nonius B.V., 1998), data reduction Denzo-SMN,¹⁶ absorption correction SORTAV,¹⁷ Denzo,¹⁸ structure solution SHELXS-97,¹⁹ structure refinement SHELXL-97,²⁰ graphics Mopict.²¹

The (Z)-alk-1-enyl carbamates **1a**,²² **1c**,²³ and **1d**^{22,24} are reported. Compound **1b**^{8b} was prepared by base-induced elimination (vide infra).²⁵ Some of the Weinreb amides, used for ketone preparation, are known: (S)-2-(dibenzylamino)-N'-methoxy-N'-methylpropane amide,²⁶ (S)-2-(dibenzylamino)-N'-methoxy-4,N'-dimethylpentane amide,²⁷ (S)-2-(dibenzylamino)-N'-methoxy-N'-methyl-3-phenylpropane amide,²⁸ (S)-3-benzoyloxy-2-(dibenzylamino)-N'-methoxy-N'-methylpropane amide,²⁸ and 2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-N-methoxy-N-methylpropane amide.²⁹

Vinyl *N,N*-Diisopropylcarbamate (**1b**)

2-Chloroethyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate (31.15 g, 0.15 mol) was added dropwise to a solution of *t*-BuOK (33.7 g, 0.30 mol) in THF (400 mL). After stirring for 24 h at r.t., H₂O (200 mL) was added and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 100 mL), the combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄), and the solvent was distilled off at 100 mbar. Short-path distillation (63 °C/5 mbar) yielded pure **1b**; yield: 21.8 g (85%); colorless oil.

¹H NMR (400 MHz): δ = 1.24 [d, ³J_{(CH₃)₂CH,(CH₃)₂CH} = 7.2 Hz, 12 H, (H₃C)₂CH], 3.85 [ps-s, 1 H, (H₃C)₂CH], 4.05 [ps-s, 1 H, (H₃C)₂CH], 4.41 (dd, ²J_{2a,2b} = 1.4 Hz, ³J_{1,2a} = 6.1 Hz, 1 H, H-2a), 4.75 (dd, ³J_{1,2b} = 13.9 Hz, 1 H, H-2b), 7.25 (dd, 1 H, H-1).

Ketones **3**; General Procedure (GP)

Cycloalk-1-en-1-ylolithium (6.0 mmol, 0.1–0.65 M in Et₂O) in THF (15 mL) under argon was cooled to –40 °C before the Weinreb

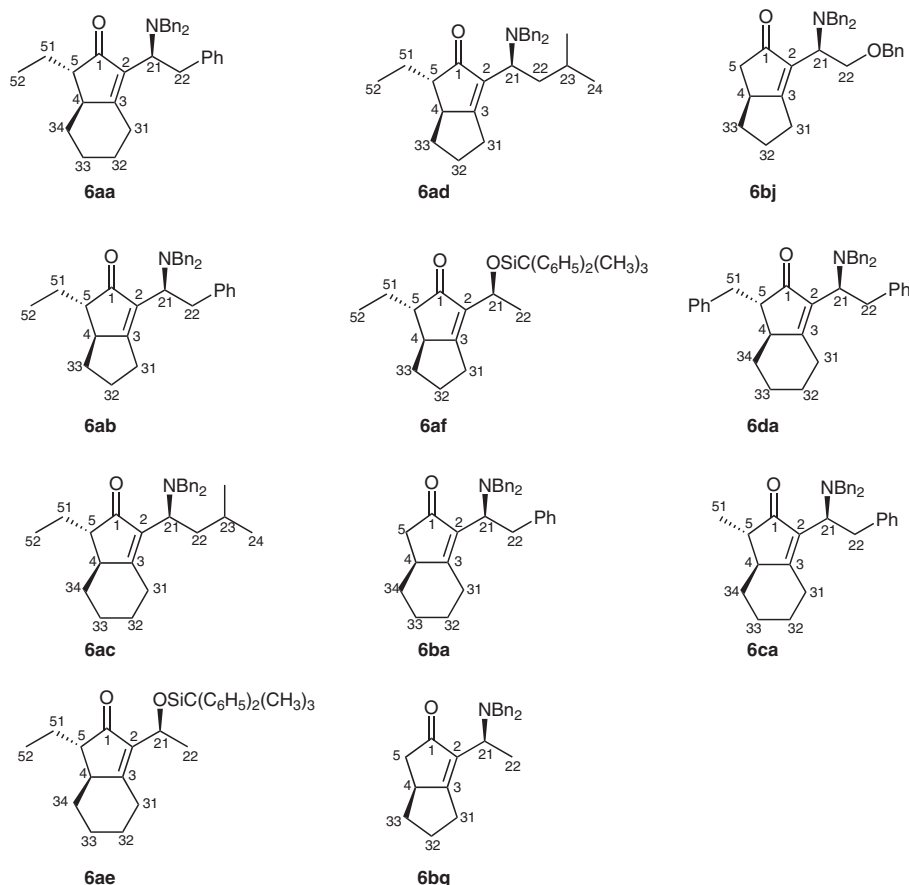


Figure 2

amide (3.0 mmol) dissolved in THF (6 mL) was added. Stirring at -40°C was continued for 5 h. For workup, the mixture was quenched with aq sat. NH_4Cl (20 mL) and H_2O (20 mL). Extraction of the aqueous phase with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3×20 mL), drying (MgSO_4), filtration, removal of solvent, and column chromatographic purification on silica gel (P:E, 20–3:1) afforded ketones **3**.

(*S*)-1-Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl-2-(dibenzylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-one (**3a**)

According to GP, **3a** was obtained from (*S*)-2-(dibenzylamino)-*N'*-methoxy-*N'*-methyl-3-phenylpropane amide²⁸ and cyclohex-1-en-1-yllithium;³⁰ yield: 80%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} +9.3$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3).

IR (film): 3084, 3062, 3026, 2939, 2856, 2838, 1740, 1662, 1637, 1601 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 1.42$ – 1.65 (m, 4 H, CH_2), 1.86 – 2.23 (m, 4 H, CH_2), 3.0 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PhCHH},\text{PhCHH}} = 13.6$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{CH},\text{PhCHH}} = 5.3$ Hz, 1 H, PhCHH), 3.17 (dd, $^3J_{\text{CH},\text{PhCHH}} = 8.9$ Hz, 1 H, PhCHH), 3.67 (d, $^2J_{\text{H}_a\text{NBn},\text{H}_b\text{NBn}} = 14.2$ Hz, 2 H, CHaNBn), 3.77 (d, 2 H, CHbNBn), 4.26 (dd, 1 H, CNH), 6.00–6.10 (m, 1 H, $\text{C}=\text{CH}$), 7.07–7.33 (m, 15 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 21.4$, 21.9, 23.0, 25.7 (CH_2), 32.0 (PhCH_2), 54.3 (CH_2NBn), 60.8 (CNH), 125.9, 126.9, 128.0, 128.1, 128.8, 129.4, 139.2 (C_6H_5), 139.7 ($\text{C}=\text{CH}$), 140.2 ($\text{C}=\text{CH}$), 200.9 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}$: C, 85.04; H, 7.63; N, 3.42. Found: C, 84.96; H, 7.71; N, 3.29.

(*S*)-1-Cyclopent-1-en-1-yl-2-(dibenzylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-one (**3b**)

According to GP, **3b** was obtained from (*S*)-2-(dibenzylamino)-*N'*-methoxy-*N'*-methyl-3-phenylpropane amide²⁸ and cyclopent-1-en-1-yllithium;³¹ yield: 58%; viscous oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} +5.4$ ($c = 0.8$, CHCl_3).

IR (KBr): 3084, 3062, 3027, 2924, 2837, 1659, 1608 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 1.65$ – 1.83 (m, 1 H, CH_2), 2.14–2.41 (m, 4 H, CH_2), 2.93 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PhCHH},\text{PhCHH}} = 13.5$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{CH},\text{PhCHH}} = 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, PhCHH), 3.09 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PhCHH},\text{PhCHH}} = 13.5$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{CH},\text{PhCHH}} = 9.0$ Hz, 1 H, PhCHH), 3.64 (d, $^2J_{\text{H}_a\text{NBn},\text{H}_b\text{NBn}} = 14.0$ Hz, 2 H, CHaNBn), 3.72 (d, 2 H, CHbNBn), 4.13 (dd, 1 H, CNH), 5.84 (m, 1 H, $\text{H}-1$), 7.00–7.25 (m, 15 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 22.6$ (CH_2), 30.4 (CH_2), 32.2 (CH_2), 33.8 (PhCH_2), 54.4 (CH_2NBn), 63.1 (CHN), 125.9, 126.9, 128.1, 128.2, 128.8, 129.4, 139.0, 139.7 (C_6H_5), 144.2 ($\text{C}=\text{CH}$), 145.6 ($\text{C}=\text{CH}$), 198.5 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}$: C, 85.02; H, 7.39; N, 3.54. Found: C, 84.76; H, 7.48; N, 3.33.

(*S*)-1-Cyclohex-1-en-1-yl-2-(dibenzylamino)-4-methylpentan-1-one (**3c**)

According to GP, **3c** was obtained from (*S*)-2-(dibenzylamino)-*N'*-methoxy-4-*N'*-dimethylpentane amide²⁷ and cyclohex-1-en-1-yllithium;³⁰ yield: 52%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} +1.5$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3).

IR (film): 3084, 3062, 3028, 2932, 2866, 1663, 1635, 1603 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.81$ [d, $^3J_{(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH},(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}} = 6.2$ Hz, 3 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}$], 0.84 [d, $^3J_{(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH},(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}} = 6.2$ Hz, 3 H, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}$], 1.44–1.73 [m, 7 H, $(\text{H}_3\text{C})_2\text{CH}$, CH_2], 1.93–2.12, 2.15–2.25 (m, 4 H, CH_2), 3.59 (d, $^2J_{\text{H}_a\text{NBn},\text{H}_b\text{NBn}} = 14.0$ Hz, 2 H, CHaNBn), 3.75 (d, 2 H, CHbNBn).

CHbNBn), 4.06 (dd, $^3J_{\text{CNH,CH}_2} = 5.9$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{CNH,CH}_2} = 7.7$ Hz, 1 H, CNH), 6.15–6.25 (m, 1 H, C=CH), 7.17–7.41 (m, 10 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 22.0$, 22.5, 23.1, 23.3, 23.5, 25.4 [(H₃C)₂CH, CH₂], 26.3 [(H₃C)₂CH], 35.9 (CH₂), 54.7 (CH₂NBn), 57.0 (CNH), 127.2, 128.5, 129.3, 140.2 (C₆H₅), 139.8 (C=CH), 140.7 (C=CH), 203.1 (C=O).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₃₃NO: C, 83.15; H, 8.86; N, 3.73. Found: C, 82.94; H, 8.99; N, 3.64.

(*S*)-1-Cyclopent-1-en-1-yl-2-(dibenzylamino)-4-methylpentan-1-one (**3d**)

According to GP, **3d** was obtained from (*S*)-2-(dibenzylamino)-*N*'-methoxy-4,*N*'-dimethylpentane amide²⁷ and cyclopent-1-en-1-yl-lithium;³¹ yield: 73%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} +1.3$ ($c = 1.2$, CHCl₃).

IR (film): 3084, 3062, 3028, 2956, 2868, 2839, 2806, 1663, 1609 cm⁻¹.

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.81$ [d, $^3J_{(\text{CHa}_3)_2\text{CH},(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}} = 5.0$ Hz, 3 H, (CHa₃)₂CH], 0.85 [d, $^3J_{(\text{CHb}_3)_2\text{CH},(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}} = 5.2$ Hz, 3 H, (CHb₃)₂CH], 1.53–1.71 [m, 3 H, CH₂, (H₃C)₂CH], 1.82–1.99 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.36–2.60 (m, 4 H, CH₂), 3.64 (d, $^2J_{\text{HaNBn,HbNBn}} = 14.2$ Hz, 2 H, CHaNBn), 3.79 (d, 2 H, CHbNBn), 4.01 (dd, $^3J_{\text{CNH,CHaHb}} = 5.6$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{CNH,CHbHb}} = 7.3$ Hz, 1 H, CNH), 6.05 (s, 1 H, C=CH), 7.19–7.34 (m, 10 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 22.5$ (CH₂), 22.6 [(H₃C)₂CH], 24.9 [(H₃C)₂CH], 27.8 [(H₃C)₂CH], 30.5 (CH₂), 33.9 (CH₂), 35.7 (CH₂), 54.3 (CH₂NBn), 59.0 (CNH), 122.7, 126.8, 128.0, 128.8 (C₆H₅), 143.5 (C=CH), 145.6 (C=CH), 200.0 (C=O).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₁NO: C, 83.06; H, 8.64; N, 3.87. Found: C, 82.67; H, 8.62; N, 3.74.

2-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-1-cyclohex-1-en-1-ylpropan-1-one (**3e**)

According to GP, **3e** was obtained from 2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylpropane amide and cyclohex-1-en-1-yl-lithium;³⁰ yield: 65%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} -17.9$ ($c = 1.1$, CHCl₃).

IR (film): 3071, 2933, 2858, 1680, 1635 cm⁻¹.

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 1.08$ [s, 9 H, C(CH₃)₃], 1.35 (d, $^3J_{\text{CHOSi,CH}_3} = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.47–1.58 (m, 4 H, CH₂), 1.90–2.28 (m, 4 H, CH₂), 6.68 (s, 1 H, C=CH), 7.31–7.46, 7.60–7.72 (m, 10 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 19.1$ [C(CH₃)₃], 21.2, 21.4, 23.2, 25.80 (CH₂), 21.8 (CH₃), 26.8 [C(CH₃)₃], 69.0 (CHOSi), 127.4, 127.5, 129.5, 129.6, 133.2, 133.70, 135.7, 135.9 (C₆H₅), 136.6 (C=CH), 140.3 (C=CH) 201.6 (C=O).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₂O₂Si: C, 76.48; H, 8.22. Found: C, 76.23; H, 8.32.

2-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-1-cyclopent-1-en-1-ylpropan-1-one (**3f**)

According to GP, **3f** was obtained from 2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylpropane amide and cyclopent-1-en-1-yl-lithium;³¹ yield: 55%; slightly yellow oil; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} -21.1$ ($c = 1.4$, CHCl₃).

IR (film): 3071, 2958, 2932, 2893, 2858, 1679, 1611 cm⁻¹.

^1H NMR (300 MHz): $\delta = 1.00$ [s, 9 H, C(CH₃)₃], 1.27 (d, $^3J_{\text{CHOSi,CH}_3} = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.70–1.76 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.21–2.47 (m, 4 H, CH₂), 4.54 (q, 1 H, CHOSi), 6.59 (t, $^3J_{\text{C=CH,CH}_2} = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H, C=CH), 7.15–7.40, 7.48–7.64 (m, 10 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz): $\delta = 19.6$ [C(CH₃)₃], 22.4 (CH₃), 22.5, 31.5, 34.6 (CH₂), 27.3 [C(CH₃)₃], 73.7 (CHOSi), 127.0, 128.0, 130.1,

133.6, 134.1, 136.2, 136.3, 142.5, 144.8 (C₆H₅, C=CH), 142.5 (C=CH), 200.0 (C=O).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₀O₂Si: C, 76.14; H, 7.99. Found: C, 76.03; H, 8.21.

[6*S*,7*S*,9(1*S*)]-9-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-2-phenylethyl]-7-ethyl-bicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (**6aa**); Typical Procedure (TP)

A round-bottomed flask sealed with a septum containing LiCl (21 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was flame-dried in vacuum and filled with argon. To this were added THF (2 mL) and (*Z*)-but-1-enyl carbamate (**1a**; 100 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) by a syringe. After cooling to –78 °C, a 1.38 M solution of *s*-BuLi in hexane–cyclohexane (92:8) (0.31 mL, 0.43 mmol, 1.3 equiv) was added. After 1 h, ketone **3a** (135 mg (0.33 mmol, 1.0 equiv) dissolved in THF (2 mL) was slowly injected. After 10 h at –78 °C, the mixture was allowed to warm to r.t. over 2 h followed by 2 h stirring at r.t. H₂O (5 mL) was added, the phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with *tert*-butyl methyl ether (3 × 5 mL). After drying the organic phases (MgSO₄), the crude product was purified by flash chromatography (E:P = 1:30); yield: 130 mg (85%); colorless solid; mp 81 °C; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} -9.5$ ($c = 0.8$, CHCl₃); dr >98:2.

IR (KBr): 3083, 3061, 3025, 2924, 2856, 2796, 1688, 1623, 1601 cm⁻¹.

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.23$ (m, 1 H, H-32a), 0.52 (m, 1 H, H-34a), 0.88 (t, $^3J_{51,52} = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H, H-52), 1.19 (m, 1 H, H-33a), 1.39 (m, 1 H, H-51a), 1.44 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 1.47 (m, 1 H, H-32b), 1.60 (m, 1 H, H-5), 1.64 (m, 1H, H-31a), 1.66 (m, 1 H, H-51b), 1.92 (m, 1 H, H-34b), 1.99 (m, 1 H, H-31b), 2.10 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.15 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 12.7$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 5.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.29 (d, $^2J_{\text{HaNBn,HbNBn}} = 14.6$ Hz, 2 H, NCHa), 3.47 (dd, 1 H, $^3J_{21,22b} = 10.8$ Hz, H-22b), 3.70 (dd, 1 H, H-21), 3.99 (d, 2 H, NCHb), 6.92–7.25 (m, 15 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 11.5$ (C-52), 24.3 (C-51), 25.1 (C-33), 26.5 (C-32), 28.9 (C-31), 35.2 (C-34), 35.7 (C-22), 46.5 (C-5), 53.8 (C-4), 55.3 (CH₂NBn), 57.0 (C-21), 125.6, 126.4, 127.9, 128.0, 128.3, 129.2, 140.2, 140.8 (C₆H₅), 132.9 (C-2), 180.5 (C-3), 210.8 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for C₃₃H₃₇NO: C, 85.48; H, 8.04; N, 3.02. Found: C, 85.23; H, 8.15; N, 2.97.

[4*S*,5*S*,2(1*S*)]-2-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-2-phenylethyl]-4-ethyl-bicyclo[3.3.0]oct-1-en-3-one (**6ab**)

According to TP, **6ab** was obtained from carbamate **1a** and ketone **3b**; yield: 72%; colorless solid; mp 92 °C (E–P); $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} -8.3$ ($c = 1.3$, CHCl₃); dr >98:2.

IR (KBr): 3080, 3059, 3023, 2964, 2928, 2865, 2789, 2715, 1692, 1642 cm⁻¹.

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.72$ (m, 1 H, H-33a), 0.98 (t, $^3J_{51,52} = 7.3$ Hz, 3 H, H-52), 1.45 (m, 1 H, H-51a), 1.70 (m, 1 H, H-31a), 1.77–1.87 (m, 3 H, H-5, H-32), 1.94 (m, 1 H, H-51b), 2.03 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 2.18 (m, 1 H, H-31b), 2.48 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.23 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 13.2$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 6.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.33 (dd, $^3J_{21,22b} = 9.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-22b), 3.42 (d, $^2J_{\text{CHaNBn, CHbNBn}} = 14.3$ Hz, 2 H, NCHa), 3.72 (dd, 1 H, H-21), 4.04 (d, 2 H, NCHb), 6.99–7.31 (m, 15 H, C₆H₅).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 11.9$ (C-52), 22.3 (C-51), 25.68, 25.73 (C-31, C-32), 31.3 (C-33), 35.4 (C-22), 50.6 (C-5), 55.3 (NCH₂), 56.3 (C-4), 58.1 (C-21), 125.7, 127.1, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 129.1, 139.9, 140.6 (C₆H₅), 133.1 (C-2), 187.1 (C-3), 211.6 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for C₃₂H₃₅NO: C, 85.48; H, 7.85; N, 3.12. Found: C, 85.20; H, 7.86; N, 2.99.

[6S,7S,9(1S)]-9-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-3-methylbutyl]-7-ethylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (6ac)

According to TP, **6ac** was obtained from carbamate **1a** and ketone **3c**; yield: 63%; amorphous solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –11.2 ($c = 0.9$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} > 98:2$.

IR (KBr): 3084, 3062, 3028, 2957, 2930, 2860, 2801, 1694, 1622 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.67$ (d, $^3J_{23,24a} = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, H-24a), 0.73 (d, $^3J_{23,24b} = 6.5$ Hz, 3 H, H-24b), 0.92 (m, 3 H, H-52), 0.99 (m, 1 H, H-32a), 1.01 (m, 1 H, H-34a), 1.32–1.46, 1.71–1.82 (m, 4 H, H-31, H-51), 1.64 (m, 1 H, H-22a), 1.81 (m, 1 H, H-34b), 1.87 (m, 1 H, H-33a), 2.10 (m, 1 H, H-22b), 2.15 (m, 1 H, H-32b), 2.24 (m, 1 H, H-4), 2.37 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 3.17 (d, $^2J_{\text{CHaNBn,CHbNBn}} = 14.3$ Hz, 2 H, NCHa), 3.56 (dd, $^3J_{21,22a} = 9.6$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22b} = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-21), 3.86 (d, 2 H, NCHb), 7.01–7.27 (m, 5 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 12.3$ (C-52), 22.8 (C-24a), 24.0 (C-24b), 24.9, 26.0, 26.1 (C-23, C-31, C-51), 27.7 (C-34), 30.0 (C-33), 36.1 (C-32), 39.0 (C-22), 47.3 (C-4), 54.5 (C-21), 55.6 (C-5), 55.7 (NCH₂), 127.1, 128.5, 128.6, 129.0, 129.1, 129.3, 141.7 (C_6H_5), 134.6 (C-2), 180.2 (C-3), 211.5 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{39}\text{NO}$: C, 83.87; H, 9.15; N, 3.26. Found: C, 83.56; H, 9.00; N, 3.33.

[2(1S),4S,5S]-2-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-3-methylbutyl]-4-ethylbicyclo[3.3.0]oct-1-en-3-one (6ad)

According to TP, **6ad** was obtained from carbamate **1a** and ketone **3d**; yield: 49%; amorphous solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –7.0 ($c = 1.1$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} > 98:2$.

IR (KBr): 3085, 3062, 3028, 2957, 2931, 2869, 2801, 1698, 1641, 1603 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.64$ (d, $^3J_{23,24a} = 6.5$ Hz, 3 H, H-24a), 0.67 (d, $^3J_{23,24b} = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, H-24b), 0.93 (dd, $^3J_{51,52} = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H, H-52), 0.98 (m, 1 H, H-33a), 1.33–1.48 (m, 2 H, H-51a, H-23), 1.62–1.82 (m, 2 H, H-22), 1.84–1.96 (m, 4 H, H-5, H-51b, H-32), 2.06–2.13 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 2.18 (ddd, $^2J_{31a,31b} = 19.0$ Hz, $^3J_{31a,32a} = 8.1$ Hz, $^3J_{31a,32b} = 8.5$ Hz, 1 H, H-31a), 2.37 (ddd, $^3J_{31b,32a} = 7.4$ Hz, $^3J_{31b,32b} = 6.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-31b), 2.47 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.25 (d, $^2J_{\text{NCHa, NCHa}'} = 14.2$ Hz, 2 H, NCHa), 3.49 (dd, $^3J_{21,22a} = 6.8$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22b} = 8.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-21), 3.78 (d, 2 H, NCHb), 7.08–7.18 (m, 2 H, $\text{CH}_{\text{arom-para}}$), 7.16–7.23 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_{\text{arom-ortho}}$), 7.26–7.31 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_{\text{arom-meta}}$).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 11.9$ (C-52), 22.3 (C-51), 22.4 (C-24b), 22.7 (C-24a), 25.1 (C-23), 26.0 (C-32), 26.3 (C-31), 31.6 (C-33), 38.3 (C-22), 51.1 (C-5), 53.2 (C-21), 55.1 (NCH₂), 56.3 (C-4), 126.4 ($\text{CH}_{\text{arom-para}}$), 127.8 ($\text{CH}_{\text{arom-ortho}}$), 128.5 ($\text{CH}_{\text{arom-meta}}$), 134.0 (C-2), 140.8 ($\text{C}_{\text{arom-ipso}}$), 185.2 (C-3), 211.8 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}$: C, 83.81; H, 8.97; N, 3.37. Found: C, 84.02; H, 9.15; N, 3.11.

[4S,7S,9(1S)]-9-[1-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)ethyl]-7-ethylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (6ae)

According to TP, **6ae** was obtained from carbamate **1a** and ketone **3e**; yield: 60%; colorless solid; mp 103 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –59 ($c = 0.34$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} > 98:2$.

IR (film): 3071, 3051, 2931, 2858, 1694, 1646, 1428, 1110, 910, 760, 823, 735, 704, 471 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.81$ (t, $^3J_{51,52} = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H, H-52), 0.99 [s, 9 H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 1.18 (d, $^3J_{21,22} = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H, H-22), 1.12–2.06, 3.44 (m, 12 H, H-4, H-5, H-31, H-32, H-33, H-34, H-51), 4.76 (q, 1 H, H-21), 7.17–7.35, 7.46–7.57 (m, 10 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 11.5$ (C-52), 23.5, 25.3, 26.0, 28.6, 29.6, 34.6 [C-31, C-32, C-33, C-34, C-51, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 23.9 (C-22), 26.9 [$\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 46.9 (C-4), 53.2 (C-5), 63.8 (C-22), 127.3, 127.4, 129.4,

129.5, 133.9, 133.9, 135.6, 135.7, 135.8, 135.8, 139.3 (C_6H_5), 133.9 (C-2), 175.8 (C-3), 207.9 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_2\text{Si}$: C, 77.97; H, 8.57. Found: C, 77.71; H, 8.31.

[2(1S),4S]-2-[1-(*tert*-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)ethyl]-4-ethylbicyclo[3.3.0]oct-1-en-4-one (6af)

According to TP, **6af** was obtained from carbamate **1a** and ketone **3f**; yield: 88%; amorphous solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –66 ($c = 0.9$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} > 98:2$.

IR (film): 3071, 3041, 2962, 2859, 1702, 1662, 1431, 1375, 1287, 1256, 1108, 1072, 1002, 947, 913, 822, 736, 704, 436 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 1.19$ (t, $^3J_{51,52} = 7.5$ Hz, 3 H, H-52), 1.53 (d, $^3J_{21,22} = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H, H-22), 1.33 [s, 9 H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 1.86–3.14 (m, 10 H, H-4, H-5, H-31, H-32, H-33, H-51), 5.07 (q, 1 H, H-21), 7.52–7.71, 7.82–8.01 (m, 10 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 112.0$ (C-52), 18.3 (C-22), 22.1 [$\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 24.0, 26.4, 27.0, 30.9 (C-31, C-32, C-33, C-51), 27.0 [$\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$], 51.8 (C-4), 55.4 (C-5), 64.7 (C-21), 122.7, 127.3, 127.4, 127.6, 129.4, 129.5, 133.9, 134.0, 134.4, 134.7, 135.6, 135.7 (C_6H_5), 138.1 (C-2), 181.9 (C-3), 209.7 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_2\text{Si}$: C, 77.73; H, 8.39. Found: C, 77.92; H, 8.51.

[6S,9(1S)]-9-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-2-phenylethyl]bicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (6ba)

According to TP, **6ba** was obtained from carbamate **1b** and ketone **3a**; yield: 75%; amorphous solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –13.4 ($c = 0.9$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} = 99:1$.

IR (KBr): 3081, 3062, 3015, 2932, 2865, 2799, 1695, 1614, 1605 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.21$ (m, 1 H, H-32a), 0.56 (m, 1 H, H-34a), 1.23–1.95 (m, 8 H, H-5, H-31, H-32b, H-33, H-34b), 2.12 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.09 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 12.6$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.23 (d, $^2J_{\text{HaNBn,HbNBn}} = 14.6$ Hz, 2 H, NCHa), 3.56 (dd, $^3J_{21,22b} = 10.6$ Hz, 1 H, H-22b), 3.77 (dd, 1 H, H-21), 4.01 (d, 2 H, NCHb), 6.75–7.18 (m, 15 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 23.2$, 26.7, 29.3 (C-31, C-32, C-33), 34.9 (C-34), 36.6 (C-22), 46.3 (C-5), 55.1 (C-4), 55.4 (CH_2NBn), 56.2 (C-21), 125.8, 126.3, 127.9, 128.1, 128.2, 129.9, 140.3, 140.8 (C_6H_5), 133.2 (C-2), 180.6 (C-3), 212.2 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{33}\text{NO}$: C, 85.48; H, 7.64; N, 3.22. Found: C, 85.11; H, 7.55; N, 3.23.

[2(1S),5S]-2-[1-(Dibenzylamino)ethyl]bicyclo[3.3.0]oct-1-en-3-one (6bg)

According to TP, **6bg** was obtained from carbamate **1b** and ketone **3g**; yield: 85%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ –25.3 ($c = 1.2$, CHCl_3); $\text{dr} > 98:2$.

IR (film): 3083, 3059, 3027, 2963, 2869, 2802, 1697, 1642, 1601 cm^{-1} .

^1H NMR (300 MHz): $\delta = 0.86$ (m, 1 H, H-33a), 1.37 (d, $^3J_{21,22} = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H, H-22), 1.89–2.00 (m, 2 H, H-32), 1.96 (dd, $^2J_{5a,5b} = 17.3$ Hz, $^3J_{4,5a} = 3.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-5a), 2.07 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 2.33–2.52 (m, 2 H, H-31), 2.57 (dd, $^3J_{4,5b} = 6.3$ Hz, 1 H, H-5b), 2.73 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.51 (d, $^2J_{\text{HaNBn,HbNBn}} = 14.4$ Hz, 2 H, CHaNBn), 3.72 (d, 1 H, H-21), 3.74 (d, 2 H, CHbNBn), 7.14–7.38 (m, 10 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz): $\delta = 14.6$ (C-22), 25.7 (C-32), 26.3 (C-31), 31.1 (C-33), 42.5 (C-5), 44.5 (C-4), 50.8 (C-21), 55.1 (CH_2NBn), 126.5, 127.9, 128.3, 140.7 (C_6H_5), 136.3 (C-2), 186.3 (C-3), 210.1 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}NO$: C, 83.44; H, 7.88; N, 4.05. Found: C, 83.32; H, 8.16; N, 3.81.

[2(1S),5S]-2-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-2-benzyloxyethyl]bicyclo[3.3.0]oct-1-en-3-one (6bj)

According to TP, **6bj** was obtained from carbamate **1b** and ketone **3j**; yield: 69%; colorless oil; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -23.1 ($c = 0.6$, CH_2Cl_2); $dr = 98:2$.

IR (film): 3082, 3061, 3028, 2957, 2865, 2799, 1696, 1643, 1608 cm^{-1} .

1H NMR (300 MHz): $\delta = 0.91$ (m, 1 H, H-33a), 1.81–1.93 (m, 2 H, H-32), 1.99 (dd, $^2J_{5a,5b} = 17.8$ Hz, $^3J_{4,5a} = 3.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-5a), 2.07 (m, 1 H, H-33b), 2.16–2.46 (m, 2 H, H-31), 2.59 (dd, $^3J_{4,5b} = 6.5$ Hz, 1 H, H-5b), 2.78 (m, 1 H, H-4), 3.41 (d, $^2J_{HaNBn,HbNBn} = 14.1$ Hz, 2 H, $CHaNBn$), 3.78 (t, $^3J_{21,22b} = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-21), 3.87 (d, 2 H, $CHbNBn$), 3.92 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 9.6$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.93 (dd, 2 H, H-22b), 4.40 (s, 2 H, CH_2OBn), 7.10–7.35 (m, 15 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 25.6$ (C-32), 26.2 (C-31), 31.2 (C-33), 42.5 (C-5), 44.8 (C-4), 55.5 (C-21), 55.7 (CH_2NBn), 69.4 (C-22), 73.0 (CH_2OBn), 126.6, 126.8, 127.3, 127.4, 128.0, 128.2, 128.4, 128.8, 128.9, 138.7, 140.5 (C_6H_5), 133.1 (C-2), 188.8 (C-3), 210.2 (C1).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{31}H_{33}NO_2$: C, 82.45; H, 7.37; N, 3.10. Found: C, 82.21; H, 7.12; N, 3.33.

[6S,7S,9(1S)]-9-[1-(Dibenzylamino)-2-phenylethyl]-7-methylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (6ca)

According to TP, **6ca** was obtained from **1c** and ketone **3a**; yield: 82%; colorless solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -5.4 ($c = 0.9$, $CHCl_3$); $dr = 93:7$.

IR (KBr): 3090, 3056, 3020, 2927, 2858, 2795, 1691, 1619 cm^{-1} .

1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.29$ (m, 1 H, H-32a), 0.49 (m, 1 H, H-34a), 0.91–2.13 (m, 11 H, H-4, H-5, H-31, H-32b, H-33, H-34b, H-51), 3.17 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 12.5$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.30 (d, $^2J_{HaNBn,HbNBn} = 14.5$ Hz, 2 H, $NCHa$), 3.43 (dd, $^3J_{21,22b} = 10.6$ Hz, 1 H, H-22b), 3.70 (dd, 1 H, H-21), 3.97 (d, 2 H, $NCHb$), 6.85–7.31 (m, 15 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 15.9$ (C-51), 24.9, 26.4, 28.5 (C-31, C-32, C-33), 34.3, 35.6 (C-22, C-34), 47.4 (C-5), 49.0 (C-4), 55.3 (CH_2NBn), 57.0 (C-21), 125.6, 126.5, 127.9, 128.1, 128.4, 129.0, 140.8 (C_6H_5), 132.3 (C-2), 179.8 (C-3), 211.8 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{32}H_{35}NO$: C, 85.48; H, 7.85; N, 3.12. Found: C, 85.33; H, 7.99; N, 3.55.

[6S,7S,9(1S)]-7-Benzyl-9-[1-(dibenzylamino)-2-phenylethyl]bicyclo[4.3.0]non-1(9)-en-8-one (6da)

According to TP, **6da** was obtained from **1d** and ketone **6a**; yield: 94%; colorless solid; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -15.6 ($c = 1.1$, $CHCl_3$); $dr = 99:1$.

IR (KBr): 3085, 3055, 3028, 2927, 2852, 2801, 1690, 1622, 1605 cm^{-1} .

1H NMR (400 MHz): $\delta = 0.17$ (m, 1 H, H-32a), 0.41 (m, 1 H, H-34a), 1.01–1.61, 1.91 (m, 7 H, H-5, H-31, H-32b, H-33, H-34b), 2.11 (m, 1 H, H-4), 2.51 (dd, $^2J_{51a,51b} = 9.9$ Hz, $^3J_{5,51a} = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H, H-51a), 3.09 (dd, $^2J_{22a,22b} = 12.6$ Hz, $^3J_{21,22a} = 5.1$ Hz, 1 H, H-22a), 3.17 (dd, $^3J_{5,51b} = 4.9$ Hz, 1 H, H-51b), 3.29 (d, $^2J_{HaNBn,HbNBn} = 14.6$ Hz, 2 H, $NCHa$), 3.47 (dd, 1 H, H-22b), 3.69 (dd, $^3J_{21,22b} = 11.0$ Hz, 1 H, H-21), 3.99 (d, 2 H, $NCHb$), 6.81–7.16 (m, 20 H, C_6H_5).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 24.9$, 26.3, 28.9 (C-31, C-32, C-33), 34.7, 35.6, 36.8 (C-34, C-22, C-51), 46.0 (C-5), 54.1 (C-4), 55.3 (CH_2NBn), 57.1 (C-21), 125.7, 125.9, 126.2, 126.5, 127.9, 128.0, 128.2, 128.27, 128.33, 129.2, 139.7, 140.1, 140.7 (C_6H_5), 133.0 (C-2), 180.7 (C-3), 209.5 (C-1).

Anal. Calcd for $C_{38}H_{39}NO$: C, 86.82; H, 7.48; N, 2.66. Found: C, 86.47; H, 7.54; N, 2.33.

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