CLEAVAGE OF THE Sn-S BOND BY LITHIUM ALUMINUM HYDRIDE

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Trialkyltin halides react with complex hydrides of alkali metals to form the corresponding trialkylstannanes [1]. Trialkyltin mercaptides have not been studied in these reactions.

We are first to report that trialkyltin ethylmercaptides are converted by lithium aluminum hydride in ether to the corresponding trialkyltin hydrides

 $R_3SnSEt \xrightarrow[R=Et, Bu]{} R_3SnH$

The reduction of trialkyltin mercaptides is also readily accomplished by lithium aluminum hydride under phase transfer catalysis conditions using dibenzo-18-crown-6 in benzene.

A sample of 17.22 g triethyltin ethylmercaptide in 30 ml ether was added with stirring to a suspension of 2.5 g LiAlH₄ in 120 ml ether. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 3 h. After cooling, 10 ml water and 150 ml 10% sodium potassium tartrate were added. The ethereal layer was separated and dried over CaCl₂. Ether was evaporated using a water pump and the residue was fractionated to give 8.90 g (67%) triethyltin hydride, bp 35°C (10 mm), n_D^{20} 1.4712, which is in accord with the data of Kocheshkov et al [1].

A sample of 38.90 g tributyltin ethylmercaptide in 20 ml benzene was added with stirring to a suspension of 4.0 g LiAlH₄ and 0.5 g dibenzo-18-crown-6 in 130 ml benzene. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 2 h. After cooling, 15 ml water and 300 ml 10% sodium potassium tartrate were added. The benzene layer was separated and benzene was evaporated using a water pump. Distillation of the residue gave 21.43 g (66.5%) tributyltin hydride, bp 63°C (0.04 mm), n_D^{20} 1.4728 [2].

LITERATURE CITED

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