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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Structural Isomerism of Diphenylphosphoryl-2-hydroxyethane

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We found that diphenylphosphoryl-2-hydroxyethane prepared by base hydrolysis of triphenyl-2hydroxyethylphosphonium chloride [1], according to ¹H, ³¹P, and ¹³C NMR and mass spectra, is a mixture of two isomeric compounds in 1:3 ratio.

The ¹H NMR spectrum taken in CDCl₃ contains two multiplets characteristic of PCH₂ and OCH₂ groups, and its ¹³C NMR spectrum contains two doublets of PCH₂ and two singlets of OCH₂ groups. In the ¹H NMR spectrum recorded in DMSO, the OH proton is manifested as a separate signal. Its integral intensity shows that it belongs to the minor product. For more exact assignment of these signals, the correlation between the ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra was carried out. The ³¹P NMR spectrum contains two signals in the range characteristic of phosphonium salts: at 34.90 and 30.10 ppm. The molecular ion peak in the mass spectrum is observed at m/z 246. Note that the compound under study was also obtained by the similar procedure in [2].

Heating the compound in benzene or toluene for 6-8 h in the absence as well as in the presence of an alkali decreases the yield of the major product. The ¹H NMR spectrum shows that the isomer ratio becomes 1:2. Chlorination of the product studied with POCl₃ according to [3] gives diphenylphosphoryl-2-chloroethane in a high yield.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Ph_2P-CH_2CH_2OH & Ph_2P-CH_2CH_2O^-\\ \\ 0 & OH \\ \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \end{array}$$

The data obtained allow a conclusion that the product under study exists as a mixture of the minor form **A** and major form **B**. Existence of the third isomeric form with a five-coordinate phosphorus atom is disapproved by the ¹H NMR and ³¹P NMR data. Identification of the major product as form **B** was based on the higher coupling constant and the lower chemical shift of PCH₂ carbon signal.

¹H NMR spectra of CDCl₃ and DMSO- d_6 solutions, ³¹P NMR spectra of CDCl₃ solutions, and ¹³C NMR spectra of CDCl₃ solutions were taken on a Varian Mercury-300 (300 MHz) spectrometer. The mass spectrum was recorded on an MKh-1321A device.

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