

**SYNTHESIS OF NOVEL 1,2,3,6-TETRAAZAPYRENE
HETEROCYCLIC SYSTEM REPRESENTATIVES –
3,8-DIHYDROPYRIDO[2',3',4':4,5]NAPHTHO-
[1,8-*de*][1,2,3]TRIAZIN-7(6*H*)-ONES**

**A. V. Aksenov^{1*}, N. A. Aksenov¹, A. B. Kumshaeva¹,
A. N. Smirnov¹, and O. N. Nadein¹**

Keywords: 3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-*de*][1,2,3]triazin-7(6*H*)-ones, 1*H*-naphtho[1,8-*de*]-[1,2,3]triazine, β -nitrostyrenes, polyphosphoric acid, 1,2,3,6-tetraazapyrenes, amination, *peri*-annellation.

Amongst the few azapyrenes synthesized to this time, a series of compounds have been found having useful properties as organic luminophores, dyes, and effective medicines [1-3].

The poor availability of azapyrenes probably is mostly due to the absence of efficient methods for the *peri*-annellation of heterocyclic rings. In this work, we propose a method for the *peri*-annellation of an [ab]pyridine ring to the 1*H*-naphtho[1,8-*de*][1,2,3]triazine (**1**) through its reaction with β -nitrostyrenes.

We have shown that reaction of naphthotriazine **1** with a 1.05-fold molar excess of β -nitrostyrenes **2a-c** for 3 h in PPA at 65-70°C gives the previously unknown 8-aryl-3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-*de*]-[1,2,3]triazin-7(6*H*)-ones **6a-c** in 23-37% yields.

The reaction mechanism probably includes successive alkylation of the naphthotriazine **1** by the β -nitrostyrenes **2a-c** to form the nitro compounds **3a-c** and an intramolecular variant of our recently discovered acetamidation reaction of aromatic compounds by nitroalkanes in PPA [4, 5]. The oximes **5a-c** are formed as intermediates and subsequently undergo a Beckmann rearrangement.

Hence the methodology reported in this work has allowed us to develop a synthetic method for previously unknown representatives of the 1,2,3,6-tetraazapyrene system.

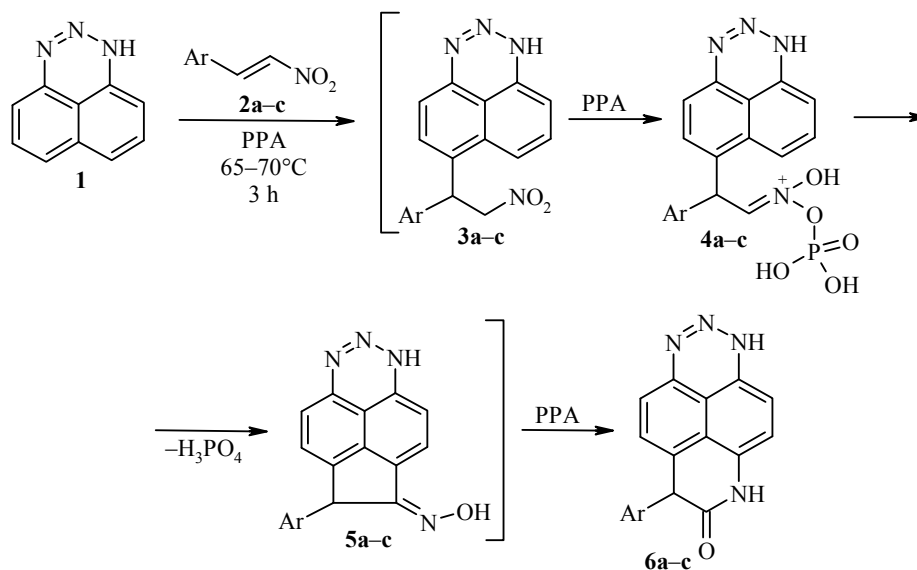
¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX-500 instrument (500 MHz) using DMSO-*d*₆ with TMS as internal standard. Elemental analysis was carried out on a KOVO CHN-1 CHN analyzer. Melting points were determined on a PTP-M apparatus (Khimlaborpribor). Monitoring of the reaction course and the purity of the synthesized compounds was carried out on Silufol UV-254 plates with EtOAc as eluent. Commercial PPA with an 80% P₂O₅ content was used.

8-Aryl-3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-*de*][1,2,3]triazin-7(6*H*)-ones 6a-c (General Method). A mixture of 1*H*-naphtho[1,8-*de*][1,2,3]triazine (**1**) (0.169 g, 1 mmol) and the corresponding β -nitrostyrene **2a-c** (1.05 mmol) in 80% PPA (2-3 g) was heated for 3 h at 65-70°C with vigorous stirring. The reaction

*To whom correspondence should be addressed, e-mail: alexaks05@rambler.ru.

¹North Caucasus Federal University, 1a Pushkin St., Stavropol 355009, Russia.

mixture was poured into water (30 ml), neutralized with ammonia solution, and extracted with butanol (3×50 ml). The extract was filtered through an L40/100 silica gel layer ($d = 50$ mm, $l = 30$ mm) and most of the butanol was evaporated. The virtually pure compound **6a-c** precipitated upon cooling.



8-Phenyl-3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-de][1,2,3]triazin-7(6H)-one (6a). Yield 0.111 g (37%); mp > 295°C (decomp., BuOH). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm (J , Hz): 5.02 (1H, s, H-8); 6.49 (1H, br. d, $J = 7.7$, H-10); 6.53 (1H, br. d, $J = 8.1$, H-4); 7.04-7.32 (6H, m, H-5, H Ph); 7.38 (1H, d, $J = 7.7$, H-9); 9.88 (1H, br. s, NHCO); 11.04 (1H, br. s, NH). Found, %: C 72.18; H 3.92; N 18.69. C₁₈H₁₂N₄O. Calculated, %: C 71.99; H 4.03; N 18.66.

8-(4-Bromophenyl)-3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-de][1,2,3]triazin-7(6H)-one (6b). Yield 0.121 g (32%); mp > 300°C (decomp., BuOH). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm (J , Hz): 5.02 (1H, s, H-8); 6.46 (1H, br. d, $J = 7.7$, H-10); 6.51 (1H, br. d, $J = 8.1$, H-4); 7.09 (2H, d, $J = 8.1$, H-2',6'); 7.23 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$, H-5); 7.34 (1H, d, $J = 7.7$, H-9); 7.44 (2H, d, $J = 8.1$, H-3',5'); 9.86 (1H, br. s, NHCO); 11.02 (1H, br. s, NH). Found, %: C 57.18; H 2.83; N 14.69. C₁₈H₁₁BrN₄O. Calculated, %: C 57.01; H 2.92; N 14.77.

8-(4-Nitrophenyl)-3,8-dihydropyrido[2',3',4':4,5]naphtho[1,8-de][1,2,3]triazin-7(6H)-one (6c). Yield 0.079 g (23%); mp > 300°C (decomp., BuOH). ¹H NMR spectrum, δ , ppm (J , Hz): 5.07 (1H, s, H-8); 6.48 (1H, br. d, $J = 7.7$, H-10); 6.58 (1H, br. d, $J = 8.1$, H-4); 7.28 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$, H-5); 7.41 (1H, d, $J = 7.7$, H-9); 7.47 (2H, d, $J = 8.4$, H-2',6'); 8.15 (2H, d, $J = 8.4$, H-3',5'); 9.88 (1H, br. s, NHCO); 11.04 (1H, br. s, NH). Found, %: C 62.77; H 3.17; N 20.22. C₁₈H₁₁N₅O₃. Calculated, %: C 62.61; H 3.21; N 20.28.

This work was carried out within the scope of the Federal Targeted Program "Scientific and Scientific-pedagogical Personnel of Innovative Russia" 2009-2113 (state contract 16.740.11.0162) and with the financial support of the Russian Foundation for Basic Research (grant 10-03-00193a).

REFERENCES

1. M. D. Varney, C. L. Palmer, J. G. Deal, S. Webber, K. M. Welsh, C. A. Bartlett, C. A. Morse, W. W. Smith, and C. A. Janson, *J. Med. Chem.*, **38**, 1892 (1995).

2. S. Roknic, L. Glavas-Obrovac, I. Karner, I. Piantanida, M. Zinic, and K. Pavelic, *Chemotherapy*, **46**, 143 (2000).
3. H.-C. Becker and B. Norden, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **119**, 5798 (1997).
4. A. V. Aksenov, N. A. Aksenov, O. N. Nadein, and I. V. Aksenova, *Synlett*, 2628 (2010).
5. A. V. Aksenov, N. A. Aksenov, O. N. Nadein, and A. E. Tsys, *Khim. Geterotsikl. Soedin.*, 1265 (2010). [*Chem. Heterocycl. Compd.*, **46**, 1025 (2010)].