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Dedicated to Professor Philip J. Parsons on the occasion of his 60th birthday

ABSTRACT

The conjugate addition of lithium (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide to a range of β -fluoroaryl- α , β unsaturated esters gave the corresponding β -amino esters with high diastereoselectivity and in good isolated yields. Sequential treatment of the resultant β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters under optimised hydrogenolysis conditions, followed by ester hydrolysis with 2.0 M aq HCl, provided access to a range of β fluoroaryl- β -amino acids in good yield.

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1. Introduction

The incorporation of fluorine atom(s) into medicinally important molecules may bring about remarkable changes in their physical, chemical and biological properties.¹ Hence, the synthesis of fluorinated compounds as potential therapeutic agents has been an extremely active area of research in recent years.² For example, antineoplastic agent 5-fluorouracil **1**³ and the non-racemisable α fluoro substituted analogue of thalidomide, (*S*)-fluorothalidomide **2**,⁴ were developed based on the strategy of replacing a hydrogen atom with a fluorine atom (Fig. 1).



Figure 1. 5-Fluorouracil 1 and (S)-fluorothalidomide 2.

Fluorinated α -amino acids and peptides have been identified as valuable building blocks for a wide range of medicinal applications.⁵ Somewhat surprisingly, the synthesis and application of the corresponding fluorinated β -amino acids have been explored relatively less frequently.⁶ α -Fluorinated β -amino acid derivatives **8** and **12–14** have been reported to be competitive inhibitors of α -chymotrypsin due to hydrogen-bonding between the fluorine atom(s) within **8** and **12–14**, and the amide proton within the active site of serine and cysteine proteases. Both re-

* Corresponding author. E-mail address: steve.davies@chem.ox.ac.uk (S.G. Davies). ported preparations of these α -fluoro- β -amino acids relied on the homologation of the corresponding naturally occurring parent α -amino acids followed by fluorination. In Ohba's synthesis,⁷ phenylalanine Weinreb amide derivative **3** was homologated by reduction with LiAlH₄ followed by cyanohydrin formation giving **4** in 70% yield for the 2 step procedure. Sequential hydrolysis and derivatisation to the corresponding methyl ester 5 followed by oxidation with Dess-Martin periodinane gave α -keto-ester 6 in 74% overall yield. Fluorination of 6 was then achieved in modest yield by employing diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (DAST).8 Subsequent protecting group manipulation gave (S)-N-acetyl- α, α -bisfluoro- β -phenylalanine methyl ester **8** in 56% yield. Abell et al. reported syntheses of the analogous α -fluoro- β -amino acid derivatives 12-14 in 2010.9 In their syntheses, 12-14 were prepared by Arndt-Eistert homologation of the corresponding α amino acid, followed by appropriate N-protection. Treatment of 9-11 with LDA followed by *N*-fluorobenzenesulfonimide (NFSI) gave mixtures of *anti*- and *syn*- α -fluoro- β -amino esters **12–17**. Diastereoisomerically pure samples of anti-13 and anti-14 were obtained after column chromatography in 16 and 6% yield, respectively (Scheme 1).7,9

We have recently demonstrated the concise asymmetric synthesis of the fluorinated β -amino acid derivative (-)-(*R*)-sitagliptin (JANUVIATM) **22**,¹⁰ an orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.¹¹ In this study, two different asymmetric syntheses of (-)-(*R*)-sitagliptin **22** were accomplished, both in 7 steps from commercially available starting materials, by employing our well-established, highly diastereose-lective lithium amide conjugate addition methodology^{12,13} as the key step. Two alternative protecting group strategies were evaluated which gave comparable overall yields of (-)-(*R*)-sitagliptin **22** from commercially available starting materials: 43% overall yield employing *N*-benzyl-*N*- α -methylbenzyl protection and 42% overall yield using *N*-benzyl-*N*- α -methyl-*p*-methoxybenzyl protection (Fig. 2).



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Scheme 1. Reagents and conditions: (i) LiAlH₄, THF, 0 °C; (ii) KCN, THF/H₂O, rt; (iii) HCl, 1,4-dioxane, MeOH, 5 °C then H₂O; (iv) Dess-Martin periodinane, TFA, CH₂Cl₂, rt; (v) DAST, DME, rt; (vi) NH₄CO₂H, 10% Pd/C, DMF, rt then Ac₂O, pyridine, rt; (vii) LDA, THF, -78 °C, 1 h then NFSI, THF, -78 °C, 2.5 h.



Figure 2. The asymmetric syntheses of (-)-(R)-sitagliptin 22 using the conjugate addition of enantiopure lithium amides as the key step.

We have previously employed this conjugate addition methodology as the key step to access several β -haloaryl- β -amino acids and their derivatives.¹⁴ As part of our ongoing research programme in this area we anticipated that the highly diastereoselective conjugate addition of lithium (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide **24** to a range of β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters **23**, followed by hydrogenolysis and ester hydrolysis, would enable efficient access to a range of β -fluoroaryl- β -amino acids **26** (Fig. 3). Herein we delineate the full details of these investigations.

2. Results and discussion

2.1. Preparation of β-fluoroaryl-α,β-unsaturated esters

The required β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters **43–57** were prepared via a one step procedure from the corresponding fluorobenzaldehydes. For this study, a range of commercially available fluorobenzaldehydes were chosen so as to include all the regioisomers of fluorobenzaldehyde **28–30** and difluorobenzaldehyde **31–36**, one



Figure 3. General strategy for the asymmetric synthesis of $\beta\mbox{-fluoroaryl-}\beta\mbox{-amino}$ acids.

representative trifluorobenzaldehyde **37**, pentafluorobenzaldehyde **38** and four other representative functionalised fluorobenzladehydes **39–42**. Treatment of **28–42** with *tert*-butyl diethylphosphonoacetate **27** under our highly diastereoselective modified Wadsworth-Emmons reaction protocol (in which MeMgBr is employed as the base)¹⁵ gave (*E*)- β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters **43–57** as single diastereoisomers (>99:1 dr), which were isolated in 79–90% yield after chromatographic purification (Scheme 2).



aldehyde	e Ar	α,β-unsaturated ester	yield (%)	dr ^a [(<i>E</i>):(<i>Z</i>)]	J _{2,3} value (Hz)
28	(2-F)C ₆ H ₄	43	80	>99:1	16.1
29	(3-F)C ₆ H ₄	44	79	>99:1	15.9
30	(4-F)C ₆ H ₄	45	88	>99:1	15.9
31	(2,3-F)C ₆ H ₃	46	88	>99:1	16.2
32	(2,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	47	89	>99:1	16.2
33	(2,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	48	87	>99:1	16.2
34	(2,6-F)C ₆ H ₃	49	88	>99:1	16.2
35	(3,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	50	90	>99:1	16.0
36	(3,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	51	89	>99:1	16.0
37	(2,4,5-F)C ₆ H ₂	52	88	>99:1	16.1
38	C ₆ F ₅	53	84	>99:1	16.4
39	(2-Me-3-F)C ₆ H ₃	54	79	>99:1	15.7
40	(2-F-5-OMe)C ₆ H	3 55	80	>99:1	16.2
41	(3-OPh-4-F)C ₆ H	3 56	82	>99:1	15.9
42	(2-F-3-CF3)C6H	3 57	87	>99:1	16.4

Scheme 2. Reagents and conditions: (i) MeMgBr, THF, rt, 15 min, then ArCHO, reflux, 15 h. [^acrude and isolated].

2.2. Conjugate addition of lithium (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide to β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters: preparation of β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters

Conjugate addition of lithium (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide **24** to β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters **43–57** proceeded with high diastereoselectivity (\geq 91:9 dr in each case), and the corresponding β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters **58–72** were isolated in good yield (\geq 70%) and \geq 91:9 dr after chromatographic purification (Scheme 3). In each case, the configuration at the new-



α,β-unsaturated		β-amino	yield	
ester	Ar	ester	(%)	dr ^a
43	(2-F)C ₆ H ₄	58	89	98:2
44	(3-F)C ₆ H ₄	59	83	98:2
45	(4-F)C ₆ H ₄	60	88	98:2
46	(2,3-F)C ₆ H ₃	61	84	96:4
47	(2,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	62	82	>99:1
48	(2,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	63	87	96:4
49	(2,6-F)C ₆ H ₃	64	86	97:3
50	(3,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	65	82	96:4
51	(3,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	66	80	98:2
52	(2,4,5-F)C ₆ H ₂	67	88	97:3
53	C ₆ F ₅	68	72	94:6
54	(2-Me-3-F)C ₆ H ₃	69	73	98:2
55	(2-F-5-OMe)C ₆ H ₃	70	70	95:5
56	(3-OPh-4-F)C ₆ H ₃	71	76	98:2
57	(2-F-3-CF ₃)C ₆ H ₃	72	80	91:9

Scheme 3. Reagents and conditions: (i) (*R*)-**24**, THF, $-78 \degree$ C, 2 h. [^acrude and isolated].

ly formed C(3)-stereogenic centre within the major diastereoisomer was assigned by reference to the transition state mnemonic previously developed by us to rationalise the diastereoselectivity observed during conjugate addition of either antipode of lithium *N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide **24** to an α , β -unsaturated ester,¹⁶ as well as by analogy to numerous other examples reported in the literature.¹³

2.3. Hydrogenolysis of β-fluoroaryl-β-amino esters

Next, the range of *N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)-protected β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters **58–72** was subjected to hydrogenolytic N-debenzylation conditions [Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w), H₂ (1 atm), MeOH, rt, 24 h],¹⁷ although competitive defluorination was observed in all cases, consistent with our previous observations concerning dehalogenation of β -haloaryl- β -amino esters under hydrogenolysis conditions.¹⁴ After extensive optimisation of the reaction time for substrates **58–60** and **69–72**, the corresponding primary β -monofluoroaryl- β -amino esters **73–79** were successfully obtained in 91–96% yield (Scheme 4).



Scheme 4. Reagents and conditions: (i) Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w), H₂ (1 atm), MeOH, rt.

However, the competitive defluorination remained problematic for the remaining substrates 61-68, which incorporated more than one fluorine substituent around the aromatic ring. Despite attempted optimisation it was apparent that the competitive defluorination occurred during or even before the desired Ndebenzylation process, and it was not possible to suppress the defluorination pathway. During the course of these investigations, Liu et al. reported the successful hydrogenolytic N-debenzylation of an analogous substrate.¹⁸ This protocol employed a far lower catalyst loading [Pd(OH)₂/C, 6% w/w] under a higher pressure of hydrogen (5 atm). Thus, our range of β-fluoroaryl-β-amino esters 58-68 was next subjected to these conditions for 24 h. Primary β-amino esters **73–75** and **80–86** were then obtained in 90–95% vield, and in each case without defluorinated product(s) being observed. Attempted hydrogenolysis of penta-fluorophenyl substituted **68** under these conditions gave only returned starting material. However, increasing the catalyst loading (to 26% w/w) gave exclusively the corresponding primary β -pentafluoroaryl- β amino ester 87 in 94% yield (Scheme 5).



Scheme 5. Reagents and conditions: (i) Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w), H₂ (5 atm), MeOH, rt, 24 h. [^aPd(OH)₂/C (26% w/w)].

2.4. Synthesis of β-fluoroaryl-β-amino acids

Hydrolysis of β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters **73–87** with 2.0 M aq HCl and subsequent ion-exchange chromatography on Dowex 50WX8-100 resin gave the corresponding β -fluoroaryl- β -amino acids **88–102** in \geq 90% yield. The ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopic data, melting points and specific rotations of the known β -fluoroaryl- β -amino acids **88–90**, **95**, **98** and **102** showed excellent agreement with those previously reported in the literature (Scheme 6).

3. Conclusion

In conclusion, the conjugate addition of lithium (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amide to a range of β -fluoroaryl- α , β -unsaturated esters gave the corresponding β -fluoroaryl- β -amino esters in high diastereoselectivities and good isolated yields. Subsequent efficient global *N*-deprotection was facilitated by hydrogenolysis without the formation of the products arising from defluorination being observed. Finally, hydrolysis of the resultant primary β -fluoroaryl- β -amino acids in excellent yield.

4. Experimental

4.1. General experimental

Reactions involving moisture-sensitive reagents were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere using standard vacuum line techniques and glassware that was flame-dried and cooled under nitrogen before use. Solvents were dried according to the procedure outlined by Grubbs and co-workers.²³ Water was purified by an Elix[®] UV-10 system. BuLi was purchased from Sigma–Aldrich (as a 1.6 or 2.5 M solution in hexanes) and titrated against diphenylacetic acid before use. Organic layers were dried over MgSO₄. Thin layer chromatography was performed on aluminium plates coated with 60 F₂₅₄ silica. Flash column chromatography was performed either on Kieselgel 60 silica on a glass column, or on a Biotage SP4 automated flash column chromatography platform.

Elemental analyses were recorded by the microanalysis service of London Metropolitan University, U.K. Melting points were recorded on a Gallenkamp Hot Stage apparatus and are uncorrected. Optical rotations were recorded on a Perkin–Elmer 241 polarime-



β-amino ester	Ar	β-amino acid	yield (%)	mp (°C)	specific rotation	ref.	mp (°C)	specific rotation
73	(2-F)C ₆ H ₄	88	96	239–240	$[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25}$ –2.7 (c 0.3 in H ₂ O)	19	247 ^a	$[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{22}$ +3.0 (c 0.3 in H ₂ O) ^a
74	(3-F)C ₆ H ₄	89	97	220-223	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -2.0$ (c 0.4 in H ₂ O)	20	226-229	$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25} = -1.8$ (c 0.4 in H ₂ O)
75	(4-F)C ₆ H ₄	90	96	220-221	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -5.6 \ (c \ 0.5 \ in \ H_{2}O)$	19	220-222	$[\alpha]_{D}^{22} = -4.0 \ (c \ 0.5 \ in \ H_2O)$
80	(2,3-F)C ₆ H ₃	91	96	200-202	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25} - 2.5$ (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)	!		
81	(2,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	92	92	207–209	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –4.9 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)			
82	(2,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	93	93	207-209	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –3.2 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)	!		
83	(2,6-F)C ₆ H ₃	94	95	198–200	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25} - 4.8 \ (c \ 0.5 \ in \ H_{2}O)$			
84	(3,4-F)C ₆ H ₃	95	90	225-227	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –3.9 (c 1.0 in H ₂ O)	14b	226-230	$[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ –3.2 (c 1.0 in H ₂ O)
85	(3,5-F)C ₆ H ₃	96	90	206–208	[α] ²⁵ _D –4.5 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)			
86	(2,4,5-F)C ₆ H ₂	97	93	219-221	[α] ²⁵ _D –7.2 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)			
87	C ₆ F ₅	98	97	188–190	[α] ²⁵ _D +27.3 (c 2.5 in H ₂ O)	21		$[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +24 (c 2.5 in D ₂ O)
76	(2-Me-3-F)C ₆ H ₃	99	95	228-230	[α] ²⁵ _D –15.6 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)			
77	(2-F-5-OMe)C ₆ H ₃	100	94	189–191	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –3.8 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)			
78	(3-OPh-4-F)C ₆ H ₃	101	97	>370	$[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –12.0 (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)	1		
79	(2-F-3-CF ₃)C ₆ H ₃	102	95	207-208	$[\alpha]_{0}^{25} = -2.2$ (c 0.5 in H ₂ O)	22	206	

Scheme 6. Reagents and conditions: (i) HCl (2.0 M, aq), reflux, 6 h, then Dowex 50WX8-100. [alit. data for the antipode].

ter with a water-jacketed 10 cm cell. Specific rotations are reported in 10^{-1} deg cm² g⁻¹ and concentrations in g/100 mL. IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 FT-IR spectrometer using an ATR module (ATR). Selected characteristic peaks are reported in cm⁻¹. NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance spectrometers in the deuterated solvent stated, at rt. The field was locked by external referencing to the relevant deuteron resonance. Low-resolution mass spectra were recorded on either a VG MassLab 20-250 or a Micromass Platform 1 spectrometer. Accurate mass measurements were run on either a Bruker MicroTOF internally calibrated with polyalanine, or a Micromass GCT instrument fitted with a Scientific Glass Instruments BPX5 column (15 m × 0.25 mm) using amyl acetate as a lock mass.

4.2. General experimental procedures

4.2.1. General procedure 1 for Horner–Wadsworth–Emmons reaction

MeMgBr (1.20 equiv) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of *tert*-butyl diethylphosphonoacetate **27** (1.20 equiv) in anhydrous THF at rt under nitrogen and the resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 15 min. The requisite aldehyde (1.00 equiv) was added dropwise via syringe and the reaction mixture was then heated at reflux for 15 h. Satd aq NH₄Cl was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, then dried and concentrated in vacuo.

4.2.2. General procedure 2 for lithium amide conjugate addition

BuLi (1.55 equiv) was added dropwise to a solution of the requisite amine (1.6 equiv) in THF at -78 °C. The resultant pink solution was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min before the addition of a solution of the requisite α , β -unsaturated ester (1.0 equiv) in THF at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was then stirred at -78 °C for 2 h before the addition of satd aq NH₄Cl. The reaction mixture was then allowed to warm to rt and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was partitioned between H₂O and Et₂O and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O. The combined organic extracts were then washed sequentially with 10% aq citric acid, satd aq NaHCO₃ and brine, then dried and concentrated in vacuo.

4.2.3. General procedure 3 for hydrogenolytic N-debenzylation

A stirred solution of the requisite amine in MeOH was purged with nitrogen for 15 min. After this time, Pd $(OH)_2/C$ was added and the reaction mixture was placed under an atmosphere of H_2 (1 atm or 5 atm). Stirring under H_2 was continued for the stated time, after which, the reaction mixture was filtered by passage through Celite[®] (eluent MeOH) and concentrated in vacuo.

4.2.4. General procedure 4 for hydrolysis of tert-butyl esters

2.0 M aq HCl was added dropwise to a stirred solution of the requisite *tert*-butyl ester at rt and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 6 h. After this time, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was then purified via ion-exchange chromatography (Dowex50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH_4OH).

4.2.5. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(2'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 43



Following general procedure 1, **27** (7.57 g, 30.0 mmol), MeMgBr (2.5 M in Et_2O , 12.0 mL, 30.0 mmol) and **28** (3.10 g, 25.0 mmol)

in THF (300 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **43** as a colourless oil (4.44 g, 80%, >99:1 dr);²⁴ v_{max} (ATR) 3044 (C–H), 1710 (C=O), 1638 (C=C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.46 (1H, d, J 16.1, C(2)H), 7.05–7.16 (2H, m, Ar), 7.30–7.35 (1H, m, Ar), 7.52 (1H, dt, J 7.6, 1.6, Ar), 7.72 (1H, d, J 16.1, C(3)H); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃)²⁵ 28.1 (CMe₃), 80.7 (CMe₃), 122.7 (C(2)), 116.1, 124.4, 128.8, 131.3 (C(3'), C(4'), C(5'), C(6')), 136.0 (C(3)), 161.2 (d, J 254, C(2')), 166.1 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 467 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 245 ([M+Na]⁺, 82%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₅FNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 245.0948; found 245.0952.

4.2.6. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(3'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 44



Following general procedure 1, **27** (6.05 g, 24.0 mmol), MeMgBr (2.7 M in Et₂O, 8.9 mL, 24.0 mmol) and **29** (2.48 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (240 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **44** as a pale yellow oil (3.51 g, 79%, >99:1 dr);^{14b} $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.37 (1H, d, *J* 15.9, C(2)*H*), 7.03–7.37 (4H, m, *Ar*), 7.54 (1H, d, *J* 15.9, C(3)*H*).

4.2.7. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 45



Following general procedure 1, **27** (6.05 g, 24.0 mmol), MeMgBr (2.7 M in Et₂O, 8.9 mL, 24.0 mmol) and **30** (2.0 mL, 20.0 mmol) in THF (240 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **45** as a white, crystalline solid (3.91 g, 88%, >99:1 dr);²⁶ mp 46–47 °C; {lit.²⁶ mp 47.5–48.5 °C}; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 6.30 (1H, d, *J* 15.9, C(2)*H*), 7.05–7.09 (2H, m, C(2')*H*, C(6')*H*), 7.48–7.53 (2H, m, C(3')*H*, C(5')*H*), 7.55 (1H, d, *J* 15.9, C(3)*H*).

4.2.8. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(2',3'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 46



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **31** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **46** as a white, crystalline solid (2.98 g, 88%, >99:1 dr); C₁₃H₁₄F₂O₂ requires C, 65.0; H, 5.9%; found C, 64.6; H, 5.7%; mp 25–26 °C; v_{max} (ATR) 2980, 2934 (C–H), 1708 (C=O), 1639 (C=C); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.52 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.45 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(2)*H*), 7.03–7.26 (3H, m, *Ar*), 7.65 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(3)*H*); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (CMe₃), 80.8 (CMe₃), 118.2, 123.5, 124.0 (C(4'), C(5'), C(6')), 124.1 (C(2)), 124.9 (C(1')), 134.8 (C(3)), 148.7 (dd, *J* 248, 13, CF), 151.5 (dd, *J* 254, 13, CF), 165.6 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 503 ([2M+Na]⁺, 74%), 263 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₄F₂NaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 263.0854; found 263.0851.

4.2.9. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(2',4'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 47



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **32** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **47** as a white solid (3.01 g, 89%, >99:1 dr);²⁷ mp 42–43 °C; {lit.²⁷ mp 43 °C}; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.52 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 6.39 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, *C*(2)*H*), 6.80–6.90 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.46–7.52 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.63 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, *C*(3)*H*).

4.2.10. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(2',5'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 48



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **33** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **48** as a white solid (2.94 g, 87%, >99:1 dr); C₁₃H₁₄F₂O₂ requires C, 65.0; H, 5.9%; found C, 64.9; H, 5.8%; mp 52–53 °C; v_{max} (ATR) 2980, 2934 (C–H), 1708 (C=O), 1640 (C=C); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.43 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(2)*H*), 7.01–7.18 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.20–7.23 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.65 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(3)*H*); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.2 (CMe₃), 80.8 (CMe₃), 114.4, 117.2, 117.8 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6')), 123.9 (C(2)), 124.0 (C(1')), 134.8 (C(3)), 156.7 (d, *J* 208, CF), 159.2 (d, *J* 222, CF), 165.6 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 503 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 263 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₄F₂NaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 263.0854; found 263.0853.

4.2.11. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(2',6'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 49



Following *general procedure* 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **34** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **49** as a white solid (2.98 g, 88%, >99:1 dr);¹⁵ mp 56–57 °C; {lit.¹⁵ mp 55–56 °C}; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 6.43 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, *C*(2)*H*), 6.90–6.94 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.24–7.31 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.68 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, *C*(3)*H*).

4.2.12. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(3',4'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 50



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **35** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatog-

raphy (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **50** as a white solid (3.04 g, 90%, >99:1 dr);^{14b} mp 60–61 °C; {lit.^{14b} mp 61 °C}; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.51 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 6.26 (1H, d, *J* 16.0, *C*(2)*H*), 7.06–7.34 (3H, m, *Ar*), 7.46 (1H, d, *J* 16.0, *C*(3)*H*).

4.2.13. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(3',5'-difluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 51



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **36** (2.00 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **51** as a white, crystalline solid (3.01 g, 89%, >99:1 dr); mp 68–69 °C; v_{max} (ATR) 2980, 2934 (C–H), 1708 (C=O), 1644 (C=C); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.35 (1H, d, *J* 16.0, C(2)*H*), 6.79–6.83 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.00–7.03 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.47 (1H, d, *J* 16.0, C(3)*H*); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.2 (CMe₃), 81.2 (CMe₃), 105.0, 110.4, 110.6 (C(2'), C(4'), C(6')), 122.9 (C(2)), 138.0 (C(1')), 140.9 (C(3)), 161.8, 164.3 (C(2'), C(5')), 165.4 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 503 ([2M+Na]⁺, 15%), 263 ([M+Na]⁺, 50%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₄F₂NaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 263.0854; found 263.0854.

4.2.14. *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2',4',5'-trifluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 52



Following general procedure 1, **27** (4.26 g, 16.9 mmol), MeMgBr (3.0 M in Et₂O, 5.6 mL, 16.9 mmol) and **37** (2.26 g, 14.1 mmol) in THF (180 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 50:1), **52** as a white, crystalline solid (3.20 g, 88%, >99:1 dr); C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₂ requires C, 60.5; H, 5.1%; found C, 60.4; H, 5.0%; mp 86–87 °C; ν_{max} (ATR) 2973, 2938 (C–H), 1695 (C=O), 1634 (C=C); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.37 (1H, d, *J* 16.1, C(2)*H*), 6.93–7.00 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.30–7.37 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.60 (1H, d, *J* 16.1, C(3)*H*); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.2 (*CMe*₃), 81.1 (*C*Me₃), 106.1, 115.9 (*C*(3'), C(6')), 119.3 (*C*(1')), 123.6 (*C*(2)), 133.7 (*C*(3)), 149.6, 152.0, 155.2 (*C*(2'), *C*(4'), *C*(5')), 165.4 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 539 ([2M+Na]⁺, 62%), 281 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₃F₃NaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 281.0760; found 281.0758.

4.2.15. tert-Butyl (E)-3-(pentafluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 53



Following general procedure 1, **27** (3.03 g, 12.0 mmol), MeMgBr (2.4 M in Et₂O, 5.0 mL, 12.0 mmol) and **38** (1.96 g, 10.0 mmol) in THF (120 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatog-raphy (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 30:1), **53** as a white, crystalline solid (2.47 g, 84%, >99:1 dr);²⁷ mp 37–38 °C; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 6.67 (1H, d, *J* 16.4, C(2)*H*), 7.55 (1H, d, *J* 16.4, C(3)*H*).

4.2.16. *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2'-methyl-3'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 54



Following general procedure1, **27** (6.57 g, 26.4 mmol), MeMgBr (2.6 M in Et₂O, 10.2 mL, 26.4 mmol) and **39** (3.00 g, 21.7 mmol) in THF (300 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **54** as a colourless oil (4.05 g, 79%, >99:1 dr); v_{max} (ATR) 3004 (C–H), 1711 (C=O), 1637 (C=C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.56 (9H, s, CMe₃), 2.32 (3H, s, C(2')Me), 6.30 (1H, d, J 15.7, C(2)H), 7.01–7.03 (1H, m, C(4')H), 7.15 (1H, dd, J 7.8, 5.8, C(5')H), 7.32 (1H, d, J 7.8, C(6')H), 7.84 (1H, d, J 15.7, C(3)H); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 10.6 (C(2')Me), 28.1 (CMe₃), 80.7 (CMe₃), 116.0 (C(4')), 122.0 (C(6')), 122.6 (C(2)), 124.4 (C(2')), 126.8 (C(5')), 135.9 (C(1')), 140.1 (C(3)), 161.3 (d, J 243, C(3')), 166.0 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 495 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 259 ([M+Na]⁺, 69%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₁₇FNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 259.1106.

4.2.17. *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2'-fluoro-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate 55



Following general procedure 1, **27** (5.45 g, 21.6 mmol), MeMgBr (2.7 M in Et₂O, 8.0 mL, 21.6 mmol) and **40** (2.77 g, 18.0 mmol) in THF (220 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 30:1), **55** as a white, crystalline solid (3.63 g, 80%, >99:1 dr); C₁₄H₁₇FO₃ requires C, 66.7; H, 6.8%; found C, 66.6; H, 6.8%; mp 34–35 °C; ν_{max} (ATR) 3072 (C–H), 1708 (C=O), 1638 (C=C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s CMe₃), 3.81 (3H, s, OMe), 6.44 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(2)H), 6.85–6.89 (1H, m, C(3')H), 7.01–7.04 (2H, m, C(4')H, C(6')H), 7.69 (1H, d, *J* 16.2, C(3)H); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.1 (CMe₃), 55.8 (OMe), 80.7 (CMe₃), 112.5 (C(4'), 116.7, 117.1 (C(3'), C(6')), 122.7 (C(2)), 122.9 (C(1')), 136.1 (C(3)), 155.8 (C(5')), 157.0 (C(2')), 166.0 (C(1)); *m*/z (ESI⁺) 527 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 275 ([M+Na]⁺, 89%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₁₇FNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 275.1054; found 275.1057.

4.2.18. *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(3'-phenoxy-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate 56



Following general procedure 1, **27** (2.39 g, 9.48 mmol), MeMgBr (2.4 M in Et₂O, 4.0 mL, 9.48 mmol) and **41** (1.0 mL, 7.90 mmol) in THF (100 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatog-raphy (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **56** as a white, crystalline solid (2.04 g, 82%, >99:1 dr); C₁₉H₁₉FO₃ requires C, 72.6; H, 6.1%; found C, 72.75; H, 6.15%; mp 88–90 °C; v_{max} (ATR) 3063 (C–H), 1707 (C=O), 1639 (C=C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.52 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.21 (1H, d, J 15.9, C(2)H), 7.01–7.36 (8H, m, Ar, Ph), 7.46 (1H, d, J 15.9, C(3)H); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.1 (CMe₃), 80.7 (CMe₃), 117.4, 117.6, 120.3, 120.7, 124.5, 129.8 (C(2'), C(5'), C(6'), *o,m,p*-Ph), 123.6 (C(2)), 131.8 (C(1')), 141.7 (C(3)), 143.0, 153.8, 156.8 (C(3'), C(4'), *i*-Ph), 165.9 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 651 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%),

337 ([M+Na]⁺, 49%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₁₉FNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 337.1210; found 337.1209.

4.2.19. *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-[2'-fluoro-3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-prop-2-enoate 57



Following general procedure 1, **27** (7.88 g, 31.2 mmol), MeMgBr (2.6 M in Et₂O, 12.0 mL, 31.2 mmol) and **42** (5.00 g, 26.0 mmol) in THF (320 mL) gave, after purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 40:1), **57** as a colourless oil (6.56 g, 87%, >99:1 dr); v_{max} (ATR) 1713 (C=O), 1643 (C=C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.54 (9H, s, CMe₃), 6.49 (1H, d, *J* 16.4, C(2)H), 7.23–7.27 (1H, m, C(5')H), 7.57–7.60 (1H, m, C(6')H), 7.70–7.73 (1H, m, C(4')H), 7.71 (1H, d, *J* 16.4, C(3)H); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.1 (CMe₃), 81.0 (CMe₃), 119.4 (m, C(3')), 121.0 (q, *J* 273, CF₃), 123.7 (C(1')), 124.1 (C(5')), 124.5 (C(2)), 128.0 (C(6')), 132.3, 134.1 (C(3), C(4')), 157.7 (d, *J* 265, C(2')), 165.4 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 603 ([2M+Na]⁺, 97%), 313 ([M+Na]⁺, 61%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₁₄F₄NaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 313.0822; found 313.0823.





Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.6 M in hexanes, 4.0 mL, 10.5 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (1.95 g, 14.4 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 43 (2.28 g, 10.8 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 58 in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 30:1) gave **58** as a colourless oil (4.16 g, 89%, 98:2 dr); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +7.6 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1728 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.22 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.28 (3H, d, J 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.49 (2H, d, J 7.9, C(2)H₂), 3.74 (2H, app q, J_{AB} 14.9, NCH₂Ph), 4.06 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(α)H), 4.75 (1H, app t, J 7.9, C(3)H), 7.06–7.47 (14H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 14.6 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 39.3 (C(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 53.8 (C(α)), 56.7 (C(3)), 80.2 (CMe₃), 115.5, 115.8, 123.8, 126.5, 126.8, 127.9, 128.0, 128.1, 128.8, 129.6 (C(3'), C(4'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 128.5 (C(1')), 141.5, 143.9 (i-Ph), 161.4 (d, J 246.1, C(2')), 171.2 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 456 ([M+Na]⁺, 91%), 434 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₃FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 434.2490; found 434.2490.

4.2.21. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*, α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(3'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 59



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.3 M in hexanes, 9.1 mL, 20.9 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.56 g,

21.6 mmol) in THF (75 mL) at -78 °C, and **44** (3.00 g, 13.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (65 mL) at -78 °C gave **59** in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 25:1) gave **59** as a colourless oil (4.85 g, 83%, 98:2 dr);²⁸ [α _D²⁵ +3.4 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); {lit.²⁸ for enantiomer [α]_D²¹ -7.6 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); {lit.²⁸ for enantiomer [α]_D, 1.31 (3H, d, *J* 7.0, C(α)*Me*), 2.45–2.54 (2H, m, C(2)*H*₂), 3.69 (2H, app s, NC*H*₂Ph), 4.00 (1H, q, *J* 7.0, C(α)*H*), 4.43 (1H, dd, *J* 9.6, 5.6, C(3)*H*), 6.93–7.45 (14H, m, *Ar*, *Ph*).

4.2.22. *tert*-Butyl ($3S_{\alpha}R$)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)-amino]-3-(4'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 60



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.3 M in hexanes, 6.1 mL, 14.0 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (3.04 g, 14.4 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 45 (2.00 g, 9.00 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (45 mL) at -78 °C gave 60 in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 $^\circ C$ petrol/Et_2O, 30:1) gave **60** as a colourless oil (3.43 g, 88%, 98:2 dr); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +4.7 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2976 (C–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.25 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.29 (3H, d, J 7.0, C(α)Me), 2.45-2.56 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.68 (2H, s, NCH₂Ph), 3.98 (1H, q, J 7.0, C(a)H), 4.40 (1H, dd, J 10.4, 4.8, C(3)H), 7.18-7.43 (14H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 16.7 (C(α)Me), 27.8 (CMe₃), 38.2 (C(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 57.3 (C(α)), 59.0 (C(3)), 80.3 (CMe₃), 114.8, 115.0, 126.6, 126.9, 127.8, 127.9, 128.2, 129.8 (C(2'), C(3'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 137.7 (C(1')), 141.6, 143.9 (i-Ph), 161.2 (d, J 244, C(4'), 171.0 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 456 ([M+Na]⁺, 97%), 434 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₃FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 434.2490; found 434.2479.

4.2.23. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2',3'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 61



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and **46** (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **61** in 96:4 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 25:1) gave **61** as a colourless oil (4.74 g, 84%, 96:4 dr); C₂₈H₃₁F₂NO₂ requires C, 74.5; H, 6.9; N, 3.1%; found C, 74.4; H, 6.9; N, 3.0%; [α]_D²⁵ +16.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); ν _{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1724 (C=O); δ _H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.24 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.32 (3H, d, *J* 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.61–2.64 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.75 (2H, app q, *J*_{AB} 14.9, NCH₂Ph), 4.05 (1H, q, *J* 6.8, C(α)H), 4.76–4.80 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.06–7.47 (13H, m, Ar, Ph); δ _C (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 15.0 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 38.9 (C(2)), 50.7 (NCH₂Ph), 53.4 (C(3)), 57.0 (C(α)), 80.4 (CMe₃), 115.9, 116.1, 123.6, 124.0, 126.7, 126.9, 127.9, 128.1, 128.2 (C(4'),

C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 131.3 (C(1')), 141.2, 143.5 (*i*-Ph), 148.8 (d, J 260, CF), 150.9 (d, J 253, CF), 170.3 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) $C_{28}H_{31}F_2NNaO_2^+$ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2207.

4.2.24. *tert*-Butyl $(3S, \alpha R)$ -3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)-amino]-3-(2', 4'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 62



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 47 (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 62 in >99:1 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 25:1) gave **62** as a colourless oil (4.62 g, 82%, >99:1 dr); C₂₈H₃₁F₂NO₂ requires C, 74.5; H, 6.9; N, 3.1%; found C, 74.4; H, 6.7; N, 2.9%; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +18.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2978 (C–H), 1722 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.27 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.35 (3H, d, J 6.8, $C(\alpha)Me$), 2.64–2.66 (2H, m, $C(2)H_2$), 3.77 (2H, app q, J_{AB} 14.7, NCH₂Ph), 4.08 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(α)H), 4.75–4.79 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.85–6.90 (2H, m, Ar), 7.10–7.49 (11H, m, Ar, Ph); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 15.0 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 38.9 (C(2)), 50.7 (NCH₂Ph), 53.4 (C(3)), 57.0 (C(α)), 80.4 (CMe₃), 104.0, 110.9, 111.0, 126.6, 126.9, 127.9, 128.1, 128.2, 130.3 (C(3'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 124.7 (C(1')), 141.3, 143.6 (i-Ph), 160.4 (d, J 243, CF), 163.0 (d, J 238, CF), 170.3 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₁F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2213.

4.2.25. *tert*-Butyl (3S, α R)-3-[N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 63



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 48 (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **63** in 96:4 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 25:1) gave **63** as a white solid (4.90 g, 87%, 96:4 dr); C₂₈H₃₁F₂NO₂ requires C, 74.5; H, 6.9; N, 3.1%; found C, 74.3; H, 7.0; N, 2.9%; mp 59–60 °C; [α]²⁵ +17.5 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); ν_{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1725 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.25 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.32 (3H, d, J 6.8, $C(\alpha)Me$, 2.57–2.60 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.74 (2H, app q, J_{AB} 14.7, NCH₂Ph), 4.04 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(α)H), 4.72–4.76 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.92–7.46 (13H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 14.9 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 38.9 (C(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 53.6 (C(3)), 57.0 (C(α)), 80.5 (CMe3), 115.1, 115.8, 116.6, 126.7, 126.9, 127.9, 128.0, 128.1, 128.2 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 130.6 (C(1')), 141.1, 143.6 (i-Ph), 156.7 (d, J 256, CF), 159.1 (d, J 249, CF), 170.2 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₁F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2212.

4.2.26. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2',6'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 64



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and **49** (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 64 in 97:3 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 25:1) gave 64 as a white solid (4.85 g, 86%, 97:3 dr); mp 52-53 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +16.0 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1726 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.25 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.31 (3H, d, J 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.74 (1H, dd, J 14.9, 5.8, C(2)H_A), 2.94-3.01 (1H, m, C(2)H_B), 3.79 (2H, app q, *J*_{AB} 14.9, NCH₂Ph), 4.23 (1H, q, *J* 6.8, C(α)H), 4.83–4.87 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.90-9.99 (2H, m, Ar), 7.12-7.51 (11H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 13.7 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 39.3 (C(2)), 51.0 (NCH₂Ph), 51.7 (*C*(3)), 56.4 (*C*(α)), 80.2 (*C*Me₃), 111.6, 111.9, 126.5, 126.7, 127.9, 128.0, 128.1, 129.1 (C(3'), C(4'), C(5'), o,m,p-Ph), 117.4 (*C*(1')), 141.3, 143.8 (*i-Ph*), 161.5 (d. *J* 246, *C*(2'), *C*(6')), 170.5 (*C*(1)); *m*/*z* (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₁F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2210.

4.2.27. *tert*-Butyl $(3S, \alpha R)$ -3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)-amino]-3-(3', 4'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 65



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 50 (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 65 in 96:4 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 35:1) gave **65** as a colourless oil (4.62 g, 82%, 96:4 dr); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +19.5 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1722 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.32 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.35 (3H, d, J 6.8, C(a)Me), 2.45-2.57 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.71 (2H, app q, J_{AB} 14.9, NCH₂Ph), 4.0 (1H, q, J 6.8, $C(\alpha)H$, 4.42–4.45 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.11–7.45 (13H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 17.4 (C(α)Me), 27.9 (CMe₃), 37.5 (C(2)), 50.9 (NCH₂Ph), 57.6 (*C*(α)), 58.4 (*C*(3)), 80.6 (*C*Me₃), 116.7, 117.1, 123.9, 126.8, 127.1, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 128.4 (C(2'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 139.5 (C(1')), 141.1, 143.6 (i-Ph), 148.6 (d, J 233, CF), 150.9 (d, J 249, CF), 170.8 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₁F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2209.

4.2.28. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(3',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 66



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.8 mL, 19.4 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.23 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and **51** (3.00 g, 12.5 mmol,

>99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **66** in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 30:1) gave **66** as a colourless oil (4.51 g, 80%, 98:2 dr); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +22.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); ν_{max} (ATR) 2978 (C–H), 1722 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.34 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.36 (3H, d, *J* 6.8, C(α)*Me*), 2.48–2.51 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.71 (2H, app q, *J*_{AB} 14.7, NCH₂Ph), 4.00 (1H, q, *J* 6.8, C(α)*H*), 4.44–4.48 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 6.75–6.79 (1H, m, *Ar*), 6.95–7.11 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.15–7.45 (10H, m, *Ph*); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 17.5 (C(α)*Me*), 27.9 (CMe₃), 37.3 (C(2)), 51.1 (NCH₂Ph), 57.6 (C(α)), 58.5 (C(3)), 80.7 (CMe₃), 102.4, 110.8, 126.9, 127.2, 127.7, 128.0, 128.3, 128.4 (*C*(2'), *C*(4'), *C*(6'), *o*,*m*,*P*-*Ph*), 140.9, 143.3 (*i*-*Ph*), 146.9 (C(1')), 163.1 (d, *J* 259, C(3'), C(5')), 170.7 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 474 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₁F₂NNAO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 474.2215; found 474.2216.

4.2.29. *tert*-Butyl (3S, α R)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2',4',5'-trifluorophenyl)propanoate 67



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 13.9 mL, 34.8 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (7.35 g, 34.8 mmol) in THF (100 mL) at -78 °C, and 52 (3.00 g, 11.6 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **67** in 97:3 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 30:1) gave **67** as a colourless oil (4.79 g, 88%, 97:3 dr); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +22.0 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2977 (C–H), 1727 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.25 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.32 (3H, d, J 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.48-2.59 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.70 (2H, app q, J_{AB} 14.9, NCH₂Ph), 4.00 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(α)H), 4.66-4.70 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.90-7.05 (1H, m, Ar), 7.15–7.42 (11H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_C (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 15.2 $(C(\alpha)Me)$, 27.8 (CMe_3) , 38.6 (C(2)), 50.7 (NCH_2Ph) , 53.2 $(C(\alpha))$, 57.2 (C(3)), 80.6 (CMe₃), 105.4, 106.0, 117.2, 126.8, 127.1, 127.9, 128.2, 128.3 (C(3'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 125.6 (C(1')), 141.0, 143.2 (i-Ph), 146.6 (d, J 253, CF), 150.2 (d, J 247, CF), 156.2 (d, J 223, CF), 170.0 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 492 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 470 ([M+H]⁺, 43%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₀F₃NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 492.2121; found 492.2113.

4.2.30. *tert*-Butyl $(3S, \alpha R)$ -3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*- $(\alpha$ -methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(pentafluorophenyl)propanoate 68



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.3 M in hexanes, 6.9 mL, 15.8 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amine (3.45 g, 16.3 mmol) in THF (80 mL) at -78 °C, and **53** (3.00 g, 10.2 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **68** in 94:6 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30–40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 55:1) gave **68** as a pale yellow oil (3.71 g, 72%, 94:6 dr); $[\alpha]_{25}^{25}$ +35.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2979 (C–H), 1730 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.29 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.31 (3H, d, *J* 6.8, C(α)*Me*), 2.70 (1H, dd, *J* 15.4, 5.6, C(2)*H*_A), 2.95 (1H, dd, *J* 15.4, 10.4, C(2)*H*_B), 3.68–3.86 (2H, m, NCH₂Ph), 4.14 (1H, q, *J* 6.8, C(α)*H*), 4.79 (1H, dd, *J* 10.4, 5.6, C(3)*H*), 7.12–7.44 (10H, m, *Ph*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃)²⁹ 14.8 (C(α)*Me*), 27.8 (CMe₃), 38.2 (C(2)), 50.9

 (NCH_2Ph) , 51.7 ($C(\alpha)$), 56.9 (C(3)), 80.8 (CMe_3), 126.8, 127.1, 127.7, 127.8, 128.1, 128.2 (o,m,p-Ph), 136.4 (C(1')), 140.3, 142.9 (i-Ph), 170.0 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 528 ($[M+Na]^+$, 98%), 506 ($[M+H]^+$, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) $C_{28}H_{29}F_5NO_2^+$ ($[M+H]^+$) requires 506.2113; found 506.2107.

4.2.31. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2'-methyl-3'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 69



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 7.9 mL, 19.7 mmol) and (R)-N-benzyl-N-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (4.29 g, 20.3 mmol) in THF (75 mL) at -78 °C, and 54 (3.00 g, 12.7 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (60 mL) at -78 °C gave 69 in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 20:1) gave 69 as a white, crystalline solid (4.14 g, 73%, 98:2 dr); C₂₉H₃₄FNO₂ requires C, 77.8; H, 7.7; N, 3.1%; found C, 78.0; H, 7.7; N, 3.1%; mp 69–72 °C; [α]_D²⁵ +51.7 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); *v*_{max} (ATR) 2976 (C-H), 1723 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.13 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.35 (3H, d, J 6.8, C(a)Me), 2.26 (3H, s, C(2')Me), 2.32-2.38 (1H, m, C(2)H_A), 2.66–2.70 (1H, m, C(2)H_B), 3.72–3.82 (2H, m, NCH₂Ph), 3.96 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(α)H), 4.58 (1H, dd, J 10.9, 5.0, C(3)H), 6.90–7.41 (13H, m, *Ph*, *Ar*); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 10.5 (C(2')Me), 14.2 (C(α)Me), 27.6 (CMe₃), 40.0 (C(2)), 51.0 (NCH₂Ph), 57.2 (C(α)), 58.5 (C(3)), 80.2 (CMe₃), 113.4, 113.7, 123.8, 126.3, 126.4, 127.6, 127.9, 128.0, 128.1 (C(4'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 124.7, 142.6 (C(1')), C(2')), 142.3, 143.9 (i-Ph), 162.9 (C(3')), 170.9 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 470 ([M+Na]⁺, 92%), 448 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₉H₃₅FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 448.2646; found 448.2645.

4.2.32. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(2'-fluoro-5'-methoxyphenyl)propanoate 70



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.6 M in hexanes, 5.9 mL, 15.4 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (3.35 g, 15.9 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 55 (2.50 g, 9.92 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 70 in 95:5 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 15:1) gave **70** as a pale yellow, crystalline solid (3.22 g, 70%, 95:5 dr); C₂₉H₃₄FNO₃ requires C, 75.1; H, 7.4; N, 3.0%; found C, 75.3; H, 7.4; N, 2.9%; mp 61–63 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +11.4 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2976 (C-H), 1727 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.23 (9H, s, CMe_3), 1.29 (3H, d, / 6.8, $C(\alpha)Me$), 2.58–2.61 (2H, m, $C(2)H_2$), 3.67-3.77 (2H, m, NCH₂Ph), 3.78 (3H, s, OMe), 4.06 (1H, q, J 6.8, $C(\alpha)H$, 4.68 (1H, dd, / 9.4, 6.3, C(3)H), 6.74–7.45 (13H, m, Ph, Ar); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 14.6 (C(α)Me), 27.7 (CMe₃), 39.4 (C(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 54.1 (C(3)), 55.7 (OMe), 56.8 (C(α)), 80.2 (CMe₃), 113.4, 113.5, 114.8, 115.9, 116.2, 126.5, 126.8, 127.9, 128.0 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 129.2 (C(1')), 141.5, 143.9 (i-Ph), 155.4 (C(5')), 155.7 (d, J 238, C(2')), 171.2 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 486 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), 464 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₉H₃₅FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 464.2595; found 464.2596.

4.2.33. *tert*-Butyl (3*S*,α*R*)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α-methylbenzyl)amino]-3-(3'-phenoxy-4'-fluoro-phenyl)propanoate 71



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 5.9 mL, 14.8 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (3.23 g, 15.3 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C, and 56 (3.00 g, 9.55 mmol. >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave **71** in 98:2 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 20:1) gave **71** as a colourless oil (3.81 g, 76%, 98:2 dr); C₃₄H₃₆FNO₃ requires C, 77.7; H, 6.9; N, 2.7%; found C, 77.7; H, 6.8; N, 2.6%; [α]_D²⁵ +5.0 (c 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2976 (C–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.25 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.29 (3H, d, *J* 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.39-2.52 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.59-3.67 (2H, app s, NCH₂Ph), 3.93 (1H, q, J 6.8, C(\alpha)H), 4.68 (1H, dd, J 10.1, 4.6, C(3)H), 6.99-7.38 (18H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 17.3 (C(α)Me), 27.8 (CMe₃), 37.4 (C(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 57.6 (C(α)), 58.6 (C(3)), 80.4 (CMe₃), 116.2, 116.4, 117.6, 121.6, 123.2, 123.9, 126.6, 127.0, 127.7, 127.8, 128.2, 129.7 (C(2'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 123.8 (C(1')), 139.1, 141.3, (i-Ph), 143.0 153.8, 157.3 (i-Ph, C(3'), C(4')), 170.9 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 548 ([M+Na]⁺, 52%), 526 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₃₄H₃₇FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 526.2752; found 526.2750.

4.2.34. *tert*-Butyl (3S, α R)-3-[*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amino]-3-[2'-fluoro-3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoate 72



Following general procedure 2, BuLi (2.0 M in hexanes, 8.0 mL, 16.0 mmol) and (*R*)-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(α -methylbenzyl)amine (3.50 g, 16.5 mmol) in THF (60 mL) at -78 °C, and 57 (3.00 g, 10.3 mmol, >99:1 dr) in THF (50 mL) at -78 °C gave 72 in 91:1 dr. Purification via flash column chromatography (eluent 30-40 °C petrol/Et₂O, 20:1) gave **72** as a colourless oil (4.14 g, 80%, 91:9 dr); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +5.2 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 2978 (C–H), 1726 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.20 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.32 (3H, d, *J* 6.8, C(α)Me), 2.61 (2H, app d, / 7.8, C(2)H₂), 3.67 (1H, d, / 14.9, NCH_AH_BPh), 3.77 (1H, d, J_{AB} 14.9, NCH_AH_BPh), 4.01 (1H, q, I 6.8, C(α)H), 4.78–4.82 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.18–7.63 (13H, m, Ar, Ph); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 14.9 (C(α)*Me*), 27.6 (*CMe*₃), 38.9 (*C*(2)), 50.8 (NCH₂Ph), 53.4 (*C*(3)), 57.2 (C(α)), 80.6 (CMe₃), 118.9 (CF₃), 123.6, 126.0, 126.7, 127.0, 127.8, 127.9, 128.1, 128.2, 133.4 (C(4'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 126.3 (*C*(3')), 130.6 (*C*(1')), 141.1, 143.3 (*i*-*Ph*), 157.0 (*C*(2')), 170.1 (*C*(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 524 ([M+Na]⁺, 94%), 502 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) $C_{29}H_{32}F_4NO_2^+([M+H]^+)$ requires 502.2364; found 502.2364.

4.2.35. tert-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(2'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 73



Method A: Following general procedure 3, **58** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 217 mg) and H₂

(1 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 36 h gave **73** as a pale yellow oil (227 mg, 95%); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –9.3 (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3384 (N–H), 1726 (C=O); δ_H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.40 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.99 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.60–2.69 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.60–4.63 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.00–7.04 (1H, m, Ar), 7.10–7.13 (1H, m, Ar), 7.21–7.25 (1H, m, Ar), 7.41–7.43 (1H, m, Ar); δ_C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (CMe₃), 43.6 (C(2)), 47.0 (C(3)), 80.7 (CMe₃), 115.5, 124.2, 127.6, 128.7 (C(3'), C(4'), C(5'), C(6')), 131.3 (C(1')), 160.3 (d, J 244, C(2')), 171.0 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 262 ([M+Na]⁺, 90%), 240 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₉FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 240.1394; found 240.1394.

Method B: Following *general procedure* 3, **58** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), $Pd(OH)_2/C$ (6% w/w, 26 mg) and H_2 (5 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 24 h gave **73** as a pale yellow oil (220 mg, 92%).

4.2.36. tert-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(3'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 74



Method A: Following general procedure 3, **59** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 217 mg) and H₂ (1 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 9 h gave **74** as a pale yellow oil (217 mg, 91%);^{14b} $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -14.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); {lit.^{14b} for enantiomer $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +11.6 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃)}; δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.93 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.56 (2H, d, J 6.8, C(2)H₂), 4.35-4.39 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.91-7.37 (4H, m, Ar).

Method B: Following general procedure 3, **59** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), $Pd(OH)_2/C$ (6% w/w, 26 mg) and H_2 (5 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 24 h gave **74** as a pale yellow oil (222 mg, 93%).

4.2.37. tert-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(4'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 75



Method A: Following general procedure 3, **60** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 217 mg) and H₂ (1 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 48 h gave **75** as a pale yellow oil (222 mg, 93%);³⁰ [α]₂^{D5} –7.9 (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3382 (N–H), 1725 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.42 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 1.87 (2H, br s, *NH*₂), 2.56–2.58 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.36–4.39 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.00–7.04 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.32–7.36 (2H, m, *Ar*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (*CMe*₃), 44.8 (C(2)), 52.0 (*C*(3)), 80.9 (*CMe*₃), 115.3 (*C*(2'), *C*(6')), 128.0 (*C*(3'), *C*(5')), 139.5 (*C*(1')), 162.0 (d, *J* 244, *C*(4')), 170.9 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 262 ([M+Na]⁺, 61%), 240 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₉FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 240.1394; found 240.1395.

Method B: Following *general procedure 3*, **60** (433 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), $Pd(OH)_2/C$ (6% w/w, 26 mg) and H_2 (5 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 24 h gave **75** as a pale yellow oil (227 mg, 95%).

4.2.38. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2'-methyl-3'-fluorophenyl)propanoate 76



Following general procedure 3, **69** (447 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), $Pd(OH)_2/C$ (50% w/w, 224 mg) and H_2 (1 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after

15 h gave **76** as a pale yellow oil (243 mg, 96%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 14.4$ (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3383 (N–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.43 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.75 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.28 (3H, s, C(2')Me), 2.52–2.54 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.59–4.63 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.89–6.94 (1H, m, Ar), 7.15 (1H, dd, J 7.8, 5.8, Ar), 7.24 (1H, d, J 7.8, Ar); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 9.9 (C(2')Me), 28.0 (CMe₃), 44.2 (C(2)), 48.2 (C(3)), 80.9 (CMe₃), 113.5, 120.7, 127.0 (C(4'), C(5'), C(6')), 122.0 (C(1')), 145.0 (C(2')), 161.0 (d, J 242, C(3')), 171.3 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 276 ([M+Na]⁺, 46%), 254 ([M+H]⁺, 87%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₂₁FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 254.1551; found 254.1551.

4.2.39. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2'-fluoro-5'-methoxyphenyl)-propanoate 77



Following general procedure 3, **70** (463 mg, 1.00 mmol, 95:5 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 232 mg) and H₂ (1 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 5 h gave **77** as a pale yellow oil (253 mg, 94%); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –5.7 (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3384 (N–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, CMe₃), 2.14 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.57–2.68 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 3.78 (3H, s, OMe), 4.61 (1H, dd, J 8.6, 5.1, C(3)H), 6.70– 6.85 (1H, m, Ar), 6.86–6.97 (2H, m, Ar); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (CMe₃), 43.5 (C(2)), 47.1 (C(3)), 55.7 (OMe), 80.9 (CMe₃), 112.5, 113.4, 116.0 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6')), 132.0 (C(1')), 153.4 (d, J 236, C(2')), 155.8 (C(5')), 171.0 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 292 ([M+Na]⁺, 19%), 270 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₂₁FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 270.1500; found 270.1500.

4.2.40. *tert*-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(3'-phenoxy-4'-fluorophenyl)-propanoate 78



Following general procedure 3, **71** (525 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 263 mg) and H₂ (1 atm) in MeOH (11 mL) after 4 h gave **78** as a white powder (318 mg, 96%); mp 42– 44 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –18.0 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3425 (N–H), 1721 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, CMe₃), 2.53 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.52 (2H, d, *J* 6.8, C(2)H₂), 4.32 (1H, app t, *J* 6.8, C(3)H), 6.95–6.99 (2H, m, Ar), 7.01–7.36 (6H, m, Ar, Ph); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.1 (CMe₃), 45.3 (C(2)), 52.1 (C(3)), 80.9 (CMe₃), 117.0, 117.2, 119.8, 122.5, 123.1, 129.7 (C(2'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 141.7, 143.5, 157.3 (C(1'), (C(3'), *i*-Ph), 153.4 (d, *J* 246, C(4')), 171.0 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 354 ([M+H]⁺, 29%), 332 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₂₃FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 332.1656; found 332.1644.

4.2.41. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-[2'-fluoro-3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoate 79



Following general procedure 3, **72** (501 mg, 1.00 mmol, 91:1 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (50% w/w, 251 mg) and H₂ (1 atm) in MeOH (10 mL)

after 15 h gave **79** as a pale yellow oil (292 mg, 95%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 8.1$ (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); ν_{max} (ATR) 3385 (N–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 1.80 (2H, br s, *NH*₂), 2.59–2.70 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.27 (1H, dd, *J* 8.3, 5.3, C(3)H), 7.22–7.26 (1H, m, C(5')H), 7.50–7.53 (1H, m, C(6')H), 7.68–7.71 (1H, m, C(4')H); δ_C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (*CMe*₃), 43.4 (*C*(2)), 46.4 (*C*(3)), 81.1 (*CMe*₃), 118.4 (m, *C*(3')), 121.5 (q, *J* 271, *CF*₃), 124.1 (*C*(5')), 125.9 (*C*(6')), 131.8 (*C*(4')), 133.1 (*C*(1')), 157.0 (d, *J* 246, *C*(2')), 170.5 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 330 ([M+Na]⁺, 12%), 308 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₁₈F₄NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 308.1268; found 308.1267.

4.2.42. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2',3'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 80



Following general procedure 3, **61** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, 96:4 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **80** as a pale yellow oil (242 mg, 94%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -22.0$ (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3312 (N–H), 1724 (C=O); δ_H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.32 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.82 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.53–2.56 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.55–4.66 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.94–7.11 (3H, m, Ar); δ_C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 27.8 (CMe₃), 43.5 (C(2)), 46.7 (C(3)), 81.0 (CMe₃), 115.7, 122.2, 124.0 (C(4'), C(5'), C(6')), 134.0 (C(1')), 148.2 (d, J 246, CF), 150.5 (d, J 242, CF), 170.6 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 92%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1300.

4.2.43. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2',4'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 81



Following general procedure 3, **62** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, >99:1 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **81** as a pale yellow oil (239 mg, 93%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 13.0$ (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3312 (N–H), 1724 (C=O); δ_H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.42 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.76 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.60–2.62 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.59 (1H, app t, *J* 6.1, C(3)H), 6.76–6.80 (1H, m, Ar), 6.84–6.87 (1H, m, Ar), 7.38–7.43 (1H, m, Ar); δ_C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (CMe₃), 43.6 (C(2)), 46.6 (C(3)), 80.9 (CMe₃), 103.8, 111.4, 128.7 (C(3'), C(5'), C(6')), 127.5 (C(1')), 160.1 (d, *J* 229, CF), 162.1 (d, *J* 234, CF), 170.8 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+H]⁺, 53%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1298.

4.2.44. *tert*-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(2',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 82



Following general procedure 3, **63** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, 96:4 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **82** as a pale yellow oil (244 mg, 95%); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –13.6 (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3309 (N–H), 1725 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, CMe₃), 2.34 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.58–2.63 (2H, m,

C(2)*H*₂), 4.58–4.61 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 6.86–6.92 (1H, m, *Ar*), 6.95–7.00 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.14–7.19 (1H, m, *Ar*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (*CMe*₃), 43.4 (*C*(2)), 46.6 (*C*(3)), 81.0 (*CMe*₃), 114.3, 114.8, 116.5 (*C*(3'), *C*(4'), *C*(6')), 128.3 (*C*(1')), 157.4, 159.8 (*C*(2'), *C*(5')), 170.7 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 51%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1301.

4.2.45. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2',6'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 83



Following general procedure 3, **64** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, 97:3 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **83** as a pale yellow oil (239 mg, 93%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 14.2$ (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3308 (N–H), 1722 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.36 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 2.16 (2H, br s, *NH*₂), 2.68 (1H, dd, *J* 15.4, 6.3, C(2)H_A), 2.80–2.86 (1H, m, C(2)H_B), 4.68–4.72 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.82–6.86 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.14–7.18 (1H, m, *Ar*); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (*CMe*₃), 43.3 (*C*(2)), 44.0 (*C*(3)), 80.8 (*CMe*₃), 111.7 (*C*(3'), *C*(5')), 119.9 (*C*(4')), 128.7 (*C*(1')), 160.2 (d, *J* 249, *C*(2'), *C*(6')), 170.5 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 73%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1302.

4.2.46. *tert*-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(3',4'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 84



Following general procedure 3, **65** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, 96:4 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **84** as a white solid (234 mg, 91%);³¹ mp 31–33 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –21.5 (*c* 1.0 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3310 (N–H), 1717 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.35 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 1.70 (2H, br s, *NH*₂), 2.44– 2.46 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.26–4.28 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.97–7.19 (3H, m, *Ar*); δ_C (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 27.9 (*CMe*₃), 45.1 (*C*(2)), 51.8 (*C*(3)), 80.8 (CMe₃), 115.2, 116.8, 122.2 (*C*(2'), *C*(5'), *C*(6')), 141.9 (*C*(1')), 148.6 (d, *J* 235, CF), 150.9 (d, *J* 239, CF), 170.7 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 63%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 65%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1300.

4.2.47. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(3',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoate 85



Following general procedure 3, **66** (451 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98:2 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 27 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (8 mL) after 24 h gave **85** as a pale yellow oil (231 mg, 90%); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –12.6 (*c* 0.5

in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3314 (N–H), 1724 (C=O); δ_{H} (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.42 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.73 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.51–2.53 (2H, m, C(2)H₂), 4.33–4.35 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.65–6.69 (1H, m, Ar), 6.89–6.91 (2H, m, Ar); δ_{C} (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 28.0 (CMe₃), 45.0 (C(2)), 52.2 (C(3)), 81.2 (CMe₃), 102.5 (C(4')), 109.2 (C(2'), C(6')), 148.9 (C(1')), 162.4 (d, J 260, C(3'), C(5')), 170.7 (C(1)); m/z (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 41%), 258 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₈F₂NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1300; found 258.1295.

4.2.48. *tert*-Butyl (*S*)-3-amino-3-(2',4',5'-trifluorophenyl)propanoate 86



Following general procedure 3, **67** (469 mg, 1.00 mmol, 97:3 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (6% w/w, 28 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 24 h gave **86** as a pale yellow solid (256 mg, 93%); mp 60–62 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –19.9 (*c* 0.5 in CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3358 (N–H), 1729 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.43 (9H, s, CMe₃), 1.75 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.54 (1H, dd, *J* 15.9, 8.6, C(2)H_A), 2.62 (1H, dd, *J* 15.9, 4.8, C(2)H_B), 4.59 (1H, dd, *J* 8.6, 4.8, C(3)H), 6.87–6.92 (1H, m, Ar), 7.30–7.35 (1H, m, Ar); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 27.9 (CMe₃), 43.5 (C(2)), 46.0 (C(3)), 81.1 (CMe₃), 105.5, 115.8 (C(3'), C(6')), 128.1 (C(1')), 146.8 (d, *J* 244, CF), 148.8 (d, *J* 259, CF), 154.8 (d, *J* 272, CF), 170.7 (C(1)); m/ *z* (ESI⁺) 298 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 276 ([M+H]⁺, 36%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₆F₃NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 298.1025; found 298.1020.

4.2.49. *tert*-Butyl (S)-3-amino-3-(pentafluorophenyl)propanoate 87



Following general procedure 3, **68** (505 mg, 1.00 mmol, 94:6 dr), Pd(OH)₂/C (26% w/w, 131 mg) and H₂ (5 atm) in MeOH (9 mL) after 24 h gave **87** as a pale yellow oil (292 mg, 94%); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 26.2 (c \ 1.0 \text{ in}$ CHCl₃); v_{max} (ATR) 3356 (N–H), 1726 (C=O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 1.41 (9H, s, *CMe*₃), 2.18 (2H, br s, NH₂), 2.70 (1H, dd, *J* 15.7, 6.6, C(2)H_A), 2.82–2.88 (1H, m, C(2)H_B), 4.69–4.73 (1H, m, C(3)H); δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃)²⁹ 28.0 (*CMe*₃), 42.9 (*C*(2)), 44.3 (*C*(3)), 81.4 (CMe₃), 169.8 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 334 ([M+Na]⁺, 71%), 312 ([M+H]⁺, 37%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₅F₅NO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 312.1017; found 312.1012.

4.2.50. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2'-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid 88



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **73** (184 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **88** as a white powder (135 mg, 96%);¹⁹ mp 239–240 °C; {lit.¹⁹ for enantiomer mp 247 °C}; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –2.7 (*c* 0.3 in H₂O); {lit.¹⁹ for enantiomer [α]_D^{22} +3.0 (*c* 0.3 in H₂O)}; δ_H (400 MHz, D₂O) 2.77 (1H, dd, *J* 16.2, 6.8, C(2)H_A), 2.87 (1H, dd, *J* 16.2, 8.1, C(2)H_B), 4.80–4.84 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.11–7.22 (2H, m, Ar), 7.35–7.42 (2H, m, Ar).

4.2.51. (S)-3-Amino-3-(3'-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid 89



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **74** (184 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **89** as a white powder (137 mg, 97%);²⁰ mp 220–223 °C; {lit.²⁰ mp 226–229 °C}; $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 2.0$ (*c* 0.4 in H₂O); {lit.²⁰ $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 1.8$ (*c* 0.4 in H₂O)}; δ_H (400 MHz, D₂O) 2.72 (1H, dd, *J* 16.2, 6.8, C(2)H_A), 2.80 (1H, dd, *J* 16.2, 7.8, C(2)H_B), 4.55–4.58 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.06–7.42 (4H, m, Ar).

4.2.52. (S)-3-Amino-3-(4'-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid 90



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **75** (184 mg, 0.77 mmol) refluxing 6 h followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **90** as a white powder (135 mg, 96%);¹⁹ mp 220–221 °C; {lit.¹⁹ mp 220–222 °C}; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –5.6 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); {lit.¹⁹ [α]_D²² –4.0 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O)}; δ_H (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.15–3.20 (1H, m, C(2)*H*_A), 3.48–3.55 (1H, m, C(2)*H*_B), 4.94 (1H, br s, C(3)*H*), 7.16–7.20 (2H, m, C(2')*H*, C(6')*H*), 7.66–7.67 (2H, m, C(3')*H*, C(5')*H*).

4.2.53. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2',3'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 91



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **80** (198 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **91** as a pale yellow powder (149 mg, 96%); mp 200–202 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –2.5 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3429 (O–H, N–H), 1623 (C=O); δ_H (500 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.20 (1H, dd, *J* 17.7, 6.3, C(2)*H*_A), 3.51 (1H, dd, *J* 17.7, 7.6, C(2)*H*_B), 4.95–4.97 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 7.31–7.63 (3H, m, *Ar*); δ_C (125 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 36.8 (*C*(2)), 45.7 (*C*(3)), 118.2, 123.7, 125.1, (*C*(4'), *C*(5'), C(6')), 132.5 (*C*(1')), 148.5 (d, *J* 236, CF), 150.3 (d, *J* 239, CF), 174.1 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 224 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 202 ([M+H]⁺, 13%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₉F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 224.0494; found 224.0497.

4.2.54. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2',4'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 92



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **81** (198 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **92** as a pale yellow powder (142 mg, 92%); mp 207–209 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –4.9 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3121 (O–H, N–H), 1658 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH- d_4) 3.10 (1H, dd, *J* 17.5, 5.6, C(2)*H*_A),

3.40 (1H, dd, *J* 17.5, 6.6, C(2)*H*_B), 5.25–5.28 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 7.07–7.12 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.48–7.55 (1H, m, *Ar*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 37.3 (*C*(2)), 46.1 (*C*(3)), 104.5, 112.3, 130.9 (*C*(3'), *C*(5'), *C*(6')), 119.4 (*C*(1')), 161.0, (d, *J* 259, CF), 163.9 (d, *J* 246, CF), 174.8 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 224 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 202 ([M+H]⁺, 26%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₉F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 224.0494; found 224.0489.

4.2.55. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 93



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **82** (198 mg, 0.77 mmol) refluxing 6 h followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **93** as a beige powder (144 mg, 93%); mp 207–209 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –3.2 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3043 (O–H, N–H), 1620 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.10 (1H, dd, *J* 17.5, 5.8, C(2)H_A), 3.40 (1H, dd, *J* 17.5, 9.1,C(2)H_B), 5.24–5.29 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.06–7.10 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.47–7.54 (1H, m, *Ar*); δ_C (100 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 37.3 (C(2)), 46.5 (C(3)), 115.9, 117.7, 118.1 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6')), 124.7 (C(1')), 156.7 (CF), 159.2 (CF), 174.9 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 224 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 202 ([M+H]⁺, 75%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₉F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 224.0494; found 224.0493.

4.2.56. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2',6'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 94



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **83** (198 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **94** as a pale yellow powder (147 mg, 95%); mp 198–200 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –4.8 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 2866 (O–H, N–H), 1625 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.10 (1H, dd, *J* 17.7, 5.8, C(2)*H*_A), 3.40 (1H, dd, *J* 17.4, 8.8, C(2)*H*_B), 5.24–5.28 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 7.06–7.10 (2H, m, *Ar*), 7.46–7.53 (1H, m, *Ar*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 36.8 (C(2)), 43.4 (C(3)), 111.9 (C(1')), 112.4, 132.4 (C(3'), C(4'), C(5')), 166.0 (d, *J* 238, C(2'), C(6')), 174.8 (C(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 224 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 202 ([M+H]⁺, 74%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₉F₂NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 224.0494; found 224.0498.

4.2.57. (S)-3-Amino-3-(3',4'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 95



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **84** (198 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **95** as a pale yellow powder (139 mg, 90%);^{14b} mp 225–227 °C; {lit.^{14b} mp 226–230 °C}; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –3.9 (*c* 1.0 in H₂O); {lit.^{14b} [α]_D^{25} –3.2 (*c* 1.0 in H₂O)}; δ_H (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.19 (1H, dd, *J* 17.6, 6.1, C(2)H_A), 3.51 (1H, dd, *J* 17.6, 7.3, C(2)H_B), 4.94–4.98 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.30–7.36 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.49–7.50 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.58–7.63 (1H, m, *Ar*).

4.2.58. (S)-3-Amino-3-(3',5'-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid 96



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **85** (184 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **96** as a pale yellow powder (139 mg, 90%);³² mp 206–208 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –4.5 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); δ_H (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.07 (1H, dd, *J* 17.4, 5.1, C(2)*H*_A), 3.28 (1H, dd, *J* 17.4, 9.1, C(2)*H*_B), 4.89–4.92 (1H, m, C(3)*H*), 6.97–7.01 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.21–7.22 (2H, m, *Ar*).

4.2.59. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2',4',5'-trifluorophenyl)propanoic acid 97



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M HCl (15 mL) and **86** (212 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **97** as a pale yellow powder (157 mg, 93%); mp 219–221 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –7.2 (*c* 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3444 br (O–H, N–H), 1628 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH- d_4) 3.22 (1H, dd, *J* 17.6, 6.5, C(2)*H*_A), 3.53 (1H, dd, *J* 17.6, 7.3, C(2)*H*_B), 5.18 (1H, app t, *J* 6.8, C(3)*H*), 7.17–7.24 (1H, m, *Ar*), 7.77–7.84 (1H, m, *Ar*); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (500 MHz, AcOH- d_4) 37.4 (C(2)), 46.3 (C(3)), 107.1, 118.9 (C(3'), C(6')), 120.3 (C(1')), 147.8, 151.7, 156.9 (C(2'), C(4'), C(5')), 174.6 (C(1)); *m*/z (ESI⁺) 242 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 220 ([M+H]⁺, 51%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₈F₃NNaO₂⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 242.0399; found 242.0404.

4.2.60. (S)-3-Amino-3-(pentafluorophenyl)propanoic acid 98



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (15 mL) and **87** (239 mg, 0.77 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **98** as a pale yellow powder (190 mg, 97%);²¹ mp 188–190 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +27.3 (*c* 2.5 in H₂O); {lit.²¹ $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +24 (*c* 2.5 in D₂O)}; $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH-*d*₄) 3.28–3.36 (1H, m, C(2)*H*_A), 3.55–3.63 (1H, m, C(2)*H*_B), 5.35–5.48 (1H, m, C(3)*H*).

4.2.61. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2'-methyl-3'-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid 99



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (19 mL) and **76** (253 mg, 1.00 mmol) followed by purification *via* ion exchange

chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **99** as a pale yellow powder (187 mg, 95%); mp 228–230 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -15.6 (c 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3418 (O-H, N-H), 1647 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH-d₄) 2.35 (3H, s, C(2')Me), 2.87–3.00 $(1H, m, C(2)H_A)$, 3.08–3.39 $(1H, m, C(2)H_B)$, 5.17–5.68 (1H, m, m)C(3)H), 6.97–7.48 (3H, m, Ar); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (100 MHz, AcOH- d_4)³³ 9.5 (C(2')Me), 38.2 (C(2)), 48.0 (C(3)), 115.9, 122.2, 128.2 (C(4'), C(5'), *C*(6')), 124.3, 136.9 (*C*(1'), *C*(2')), 162.0 (d, J 226, *C*(3')); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 220 ([M+Na]⁺, 92%), 198 ([M+H]⁺, 83%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₃FNO₂⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 198.0925; found 198.0925.

4.2.62. (S)-3-Amino-3-(2'-fluoro-5'-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid 100



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (20 mL) and 77 (276 mg, 1.03 mmol) followed by purification via ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave 100 as a pale yellow powder (206 mg, 94%); mp 189-191 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –3.8 (c 0.3 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3425 (O–H, N–H), 1641 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, D₂O) 2.85 (1H, dd, J 16.7, 6.8, C(2)H_A), 2.96 (1H, dd, J 16.7, 7.8, C(2)H_B), 3.73 (3H, s, OMe), 4.80-4.84 (1H, m, C(3)H), 6.93–7.12 (3H, m, Ar); $\delta_{\rm C}$ (125 MHz, D₂O) 38.0 (C(2)), 46.7 (C(3)), 56.0 (OMe), 113.4, 116.4, 117.0 (C(3'), C(4'), C(6')), 123.0 (C(1')), 154.6 (d, J 256, C(2')), 155.3 (C(5')), 175.1 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 236 ([M+Na]⁺, 87%), 214 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₃FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 214.0874; found 214.0875.

4.2.63. (S)-3-Amino-3-(3'-phenoxy-4'-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid 101



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (19 mL) and 78 (331 mg, 1.00 mmol) followed by purification via ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **101** as a white powder (267 mg, 97%); mp >370 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -12.0 (c 0.5 in H₂O); v_{max} (ATR) 3418 (O-H, N-H), 1642 (C=O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (400 MHz, AcOH- d_4) 3.09 (1H, dd, J 17.4, 5.6, C(2) $H_{\rm A}$), 3.34 (1H, dd, J 17.4, 8.3, C(2)H_B), 4.85-4.89 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.00-7.38 (8H, m, Ar); δ_C (100 MHz, AcOH-d₄) 37.8 (C(2)), 51.8 (C(3)), 117.5, 117.9, 121.9, 123.8, 124.8, 130.2 (C(2'), C(5'), C(6'), o,m,p-Ph), 132.9, 143.0, 157.4 (C(1'), (C(3'), i-Ph), 154.6 (d, J 266, C(4')), 174.9 (*C*(1)); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 298 ([M+Na]⁺, 79%), 276 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₅H₁₅FNO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 276.1030; found 276.1032.

4.2.64. (S)-3-Amino-3-[2'-fluoro-3'-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid 102



Following general procedure 4, 2.0 M aq HCl (19 mL) and 79 (307 mg, 1.00 mmol) followed by purification via ion exchange chromatography (Dowex 50 WX8-100, eluent 1.0 M aq NH₄OH) gave **102** as a white solid (239 mg, 95%);²² mp 207–208 °C; {lit.²² mp 206 °C}; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –2.2 (c 0.5 in H₂O); δ_{H} (400 MHz, AcOH-d₄) 3.29 (1H, dd, / 17.6, 6.0, C(2)H_A), 3.61 (1H, dd, / 17.6, 7.2, C(2)H_B), 5.29-5.32 (1H, m, C(3)H), 7.48 (1H, app t, J 7.2, Ar), 7.78 (1H, app t, J 7.0, Ar), 8.17 (1H, br s, Ar).

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