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## 1,4 Asymmetric Induction in the Carbonyl Reduction of a γ-Ketosulfoxide.

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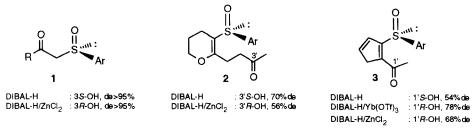
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Abstract: a chiral sulfoxide induced high stereoselectivity in the DIBAL-H reduction of a methyl ketone located in the  $\gamma$  position as a result of a 1,4-asymmetric induction. Addition of a lanthanide triflate or cerium chloride completely reversed the stereoselectivity. © 1999 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

The stereoselective sulfoxide directed reduction of  $\beta$ -ketosulfoxides 1 is now a well known and useful method of preparing enantiomerically pure hydroxylic compounds in the desired configuration.<sup>1</sup> The high level of asymmetric induction has been related to an intramolecular hydride transfer from DIBAL-H (chelated to the oxygen sulfoxide) or in presence of a chelating Lewis acid such as ZnCl<sub>2</sub>, the formation of a chelate.<sup>2</sup>

Only a few reports concern the reduction of ketosulfoxides in which the sulfoxide group is in a more remote position from the carbonyl: Iwata reported a 1,6-asymmetric induction<sup>3</sup> in the DIBAL-H reduction of the  $\varepsilon$ -ketosulfoxide **2** (Scheme 1) and more recently Arai<sup>4</sup> presented a case of 1,4- asymmetric induction with the  $\gamma$ -ketosulfoxide **3**. In both cases, the cyclic structures of **2** and **3** allowed good interaction between the ketone and the sulfoxide which could explain the observed stereoselectivity. In the case of DIBAL-H reduction of **3**<sup>4</sup>, the addition of Yb(OTf)<sub>3</sub> or ZnCl<sub>2</sub> has a similar effect: inversion of the configuration of the carbinol, a result in sharp contrast with our previous studies<sup>5</sup> on the DIBAL-H reduction of  $\beta$ -hydroxy- $\gamma$ -ketosulfoxides where Yb(OTf)<sub>3</sub> had no effect on the configuration of the carbinol.

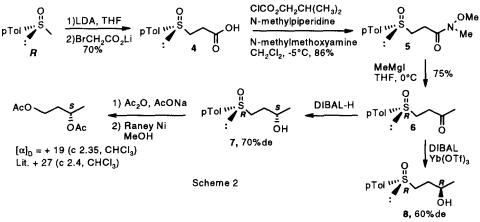


Scheme 1

We report in this paper results concerning the DIBAL-H reduction of an acyclic  $\gamma$ -ketosulfoxide 6. The (+)-(R)-3-(p-tolylsulfinyl)-propionic acid 4 was obtained in 70% yield by addition of lithium bromoacetate to

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the anion of (+)-(R)-methyl-*p*-tolyl sulfoxide<sup>6</sup> (scheme 2). Condensation of the acid 4 to N-methylmethoxyamine in the presence of N-methylpiperidine and *iso*-butylchloroformate afforded the Weinreb derivative 5 in 86% yield. Finally the  $\gamma$ -ketosulfoxide 6 was obtained by Grignard addition to 5 in 75% yield.



## Table I. Reduction of the y-ketosulfoxide 6

| Reducing agent / additive                   | solvent/temp./time  | isolated yield | 7/87           |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------|
| NaBH <sub>4</sub> (leq.)                    | EtOH / -78°C / 4h   | 75%            | 50/50          |
| Dibal-H (1.1eq.)                            | THF / -78°C / 1.5h  | 85%            | 80/20          |
| Dibal-H (1.1eq)                             | THF / -105°C / 1.5h | 85%            | 85/15          |
| Dibal-H (1.5eq.)/ZnI <sub>2</sub> (1.1eq.)  | THF / -78°C / 3h    | 84%            | <u>69 / 31</u> |
| Dibal-H (1.5eq.)/MgBr <sub>2</sub> (1.1eq.) | THF / -78°C / 5h    | , 75%          | 56/44          |
| Dibal-H (2.5eq.)/YbTf <sub>3</sub> (1.1eq.) | THF / -78°C / 5h    | 40%            | 20 / 80        |
| Dibal-H (3eq.)/YbTf <sub>3</sub> (0.5eq.)   | THF / -78°C / 5h    | 56%            | 30 / 70        |
| Dibal-H (4eq.)/NdTf <sub>3</sub> .(1.1eq.)  | THF / -78°C / 2h    | 75%            | 25/75          |
| Dibal-H (3eq.)/CeCl <sub>3</sub> (1.1eq.)   | THF / -78°C / 4h    | 66 %           | 25/75          |
| Dibal-H, BHT <sup>9</sup>                   | Toluene / -60°C /3h | 62%            | 35 / 65        |

The main features concerning reduction of the  $\gamma$ -ketosulfoxide 6 (Table I) are the following: DIBAL-H gave a high stereoselectivity which decreases in presence of ZnI<sub>2</sub> but the configuration of the main stereoisomer is unchanged in contrast with the reduction of  $\beta$ -ketosulfoxides. Ytterbium triflate, neodynium triflate and cerium chloride gave good stereoselectivity but with an opposite configuration for the main isomer.

In conclusion, a chiral sulfoxide induced high stereoselectivity in the DIBAL-H reduction of a methyl ketone located in the  $\gamma$  position as a result of a 1,4-asymmetric induction. Addition of a lanthanide triflate or cerium chloride completely reversed the stereoselectivity.

## **References and notes**

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