

## Oxidative rearrangement of bicyclo[n.1.0]alkan-1-ols in the presence of oxygen.

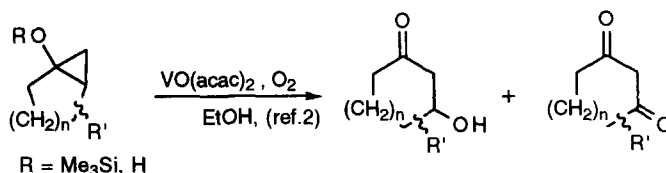
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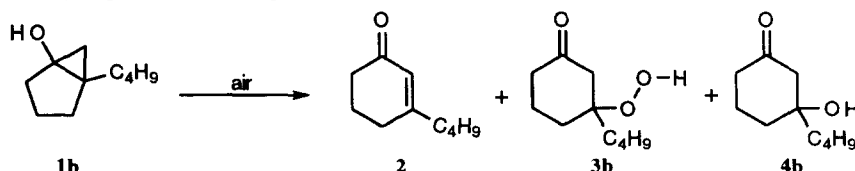
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**Abstract:** Peroxidated compounds were prepared by treatment of ether solutions of bicyclo[n.1.0]alkanols with oxygen in the presence of silica gel, ferric acetylacetonate and light.  
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In a previous publication we have underlined the instability of bicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-1-ols in the presence of air.<sup>1</sup> A recent communication dealing with transformation in ethanol of bicyclo[n.1.0]alkan-1-ols and their corresponding trimethylsilyl ether into cycloalkan-1,3-diones and/or 3-hydroxycycloalkanones by action of oxygen in the presence of vanadyl acetylacetonate<sup>2</sup> prompts us to report our results.




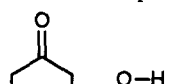
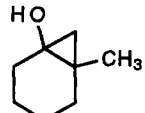
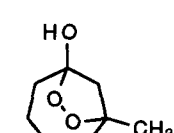
Upon standing in an open flask on the bench 5-butylbicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-1-ol **1b**, neat or in solution ( $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ , petroleum ether, acetonitrile, methanol), gives rapidly (1–3 hours) new compounds (TLC). Reaction times for complete transformation of various samples of the same bicyclohexanol **1b** in the same conditions were erratic (from some hours to some days) and silica gel column chromatography of these generally messy reaction mixtures allowed to isolate successively, in various amounts, 3-butylcyclohex-2-enone **2**,<sup>3</sup> 3-butyl-3-hydroperoxycyclohexanone **3b**<sup>3,4</sup> and 3-butyl-3-hydroxycyclohexanone **4b**.<sup>3</sup> Except in methanol the cyclohexenone **2** and the hydroxycyclohexanone **4b** were minor constituents of these reaction mixtures and the yield of the hydroperoxidated compound **3b** was between 25% (in ether) and <5% (in methanol).



A more reproducible and fast synthesis of the hydroperoxycyclohexanone was obtained when an ethereal solution of the bicyclohexanol **1b** (0.2 M) was stirred under oxygen atmosphere in the presence of silica gel (800 mg for 1 mmol), a catalytic amount of ferric acetylacetonate (4% mol. equivalent) and light (daylight or 100W domestic light bulb at 30 cm). Omission of either of the additives or of light decreased

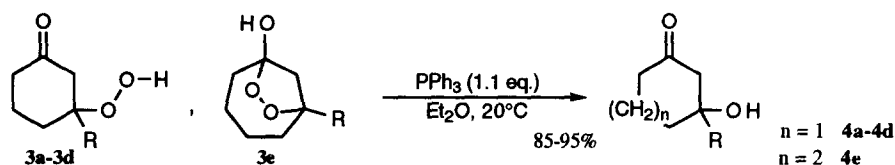
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the reaction rate and/or gave a lower yield of the hydroperoxy compound. These reaction conditions were used with the bicyclohexanols **1a** - **1d** and the bicycloheptanol **1e**. In Table I are reported the yields of the peroxidated compounds **3a** - **3e**<sup>5</sup> isolated after silica gel column chromatography.<sup>6</sup>

Table 1. Preparation of peroxidated compounds <b>3a</b> - <b>3e</b>														
 <p><b>1a-1d</b></p>	<p>3 h</p> <p>a: R = CH<sub>3</sub>; b: R = C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub> c: R = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>; d: R = CH<sub>2</sub>-Ph</p> <p>Silica gel, Fe(acac)<sub>3</sub>, hv Et<sub>2</sub>O, O<sub>2</sub>, 20°C</p>	 <p><b>3a-3d</b></p>												
 <p><b>1e</b></p>	<p>36 h</p>	 <p><b>3e</b></p>												
		<table> <tr> <th><b>3</b></th> <th>Yield (%)</th> </tr> <tr> <td><b>a</b></td> <td>35</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>b</b></td> <td>55</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>c</b></td> <td>68</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>d</b></td> <td>50</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>e</b></td> <td>54</td> </tr> </table>	<b>3</b>	Yield (%)	<b>a</b>	35	<b>b</b>	55	<b>c</b>	68	<b>d</b>	50	<b>e</b>	54
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A hydroperoxycyclohexanone form was postulated for the compounds **3a** - **3d** because a carbonyl stretching band ( $\nu_{C=O} = 1715\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) appears in the IR spectrum but an equilibrium of this monocyclic compound with a bicyclic peroxyhemiketal cannot be excluded.

The peroxidated compounds **3a** - **3e** gave a very strong positive test on acidic starch-potassium iodide paper and they were totally transformed into 3-hydroxycycloalkanones **4a** - **4e** by treatment with triphenylphosphine.



The hydroperoxycyclohexanone **3b** was stable in ethanol in the presence of VO(acac)<sub>2</sub> and oxygen. However, after addition of the bicyclohexanol **1b** (1 eq.) to this reaction mixture, **3b** was completely transformed after 7 hours and cyclohexenone **2** and hydroxycyclohexanone **4b** were isolated. A quicker (2 hours) simultaneous transformation of **3b** and **1b** in the presence of VO(acac)<sub>2</sub> occurred in the absence of oxygen. Although hydroperoxycyclohexanone **3b** was not detected in the vanadyl-catalyzed transformation of **1b** into hydroxycyclohexanone **4b** in the presence of oxygen<sup>2,7</sup> it seems possible that this reaction could occur via such a peroxidated compound.

## References and notes

- Morisson, V.; Barnier, J.-P.; Blanco, L. *Tetrahedron* **1998**, *54*, 7749-7764.
- Kirihara, M.; Ichinose, M.; Takizawa, S.; Momose, T. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1998**, 1691-1692.
- R<sub>f</sub> values on silica-gel plates (pentane/ether: 1/1) **1b**: 0.52; **2**: 0.38; **3b**: 0.33; **4b**: 0.12.
- The formation of a 3-hydroperoxyalkanoate by treatment of cyclopropanone hemiketal with atmospheric oxygen was reported: Gibson, D.H.; DePuy, C.H. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1969**, 2203-2206. A cyclic peroxyhemiketal was isolated after photooxygenation of a cyclopropanol derivative in conditions where singlet oxygen could be generated: Scheller, M.-E.; Mathias, P.; Petter, W. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1984**, *67*, 1748-1754.
- New compounds were characterized on the basis of IR and NMR spectral data and elemental analysis.
- In these reaction mixtures the corresponding 3-hydroxycycloalkanone was always obtained (up to 34% in the case of **3a**), along with some cycloalk-2-enone and unidentified by-products.
- The presence of the enone **2** was also noticed in these conditions.