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Reaction of 4-Aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides with Phenylisothiocyanate: A Facile Synthesis of Thiazole, Pyrazole and Pyrimidine Derivatives

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The reaction of 4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides 1a-d with phenylisothiocyanate gave the intermediate potasium salts 2a-d. The latter afforded 3a-d, 13a-d and 19 upon the reaction with phenacyl bromide, monochloroacetic acid and ethyl bromocyanoacetate respectively.

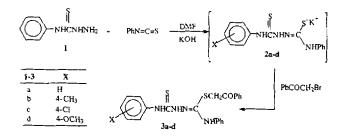
INTRODUCTION

The reactivity of 4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides towards ketones, dimeric adducts and α -haloketones followed by in situ heterocyclization of the resulting adducts with various reagents has been recently studied by our research group¹⁻⁴ to give a variety of polyfunctionally substituted thiazole, pyridine and pyrazole derivatives. The latter compounds are of interest because of their wide spectrum of biological properties and applications; they have been used as dihydrofolate reductase inhibitors as well as antitumor agents.⁵ Some of them have shown antimicrobial activity,⁶ diuretic properties,7 activity against platelet aggregation,8 and antidiabetic activity.^{9,10} In addition they have proved to be convenient candidates for chemical transformations into various fused heterocyclic ring systems. Prompted by our earlier promising results, we extended our work to investigate the use of 4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides for the formation of thiazole derivatives through their reactions with phenylisothiocyanate in basic dimethylformamide followed by the reaction with α -haloketones.

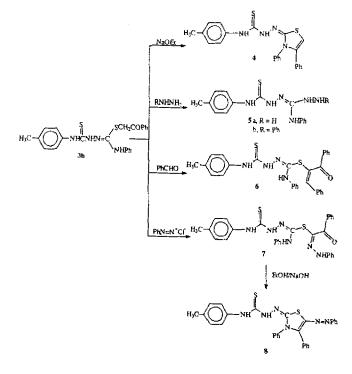
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The reaction of 4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazide derivatives **1a-d¹¹** with phenylisothiocyanate in dimethylformamide containing potassium hydroxide afforded the intermediate potassium sulphide salts **2a-d**. The reaction of those intermediates with phenacyl bromide gave the thioether derivatives **3a-d**.

The structures of **3a-d** were established on the basis of analytical and spectral data. Further confirmations for structures of **3a-d** were obtained through studying the chemical reactivity of **3b** towards chemical reagents. Thus, compound **3b** underwent cyclization readily when heated in



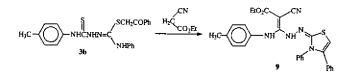
sodium ethoxide solution to afford the thiazole derivative 4, and its formation is explained in terms of wafer elimination. Also the reaction of 3b with both of hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazine gave the hydrazino derivatives 5a,b. The latter products were formed *via* loss of the thioether moiety by the effect of hydrazine. Moreover, the reaction of 3b



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with benzaldehyde afforded the benzal derivative 6. When compound 3b was coupled with benzenediazonium chloride in ethanol containing sodium acetate solution, it gave the phenylhydrazone derivative 7 that was cyclized readily by heating in ethanol containing sodium hydroxide solution to give the thiazole derivative 8. Structures of compounds 4-8 were confirmed based on the analytical and spectral data.

The reactivity of **3b** towards cyanomethylene reagents was studied. The reaction of **3b** with ethyl cyanoacetate gave the thiazole derivative **9**. Structure of **9** was based on analytical and spectral data. However ¹H NMR spectrum showed the presence of a triplet at δ_H 1.16 for ester methyl group, a singlet at δ_H 2.21 for CH₃ group, a quartet at δ_H 4.24 for ester CH₂ group, a singlet at δ_H 6.92 ppm for thiazole H-5; a multiplet at δ_H 7.32-7.53 for C₆H₅ and C₆H₄ protons and two D₂O exchangeable singlets at δ_H 8.32, 8.73 for two NH groups.



The reaction of 9 with each of hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazine yielded the pyrazole derivatives 10a,b. The reaction of 9 with hydroxylamine hydrochloride gave the isoxazole-5-one derivative 11. On the other hand, the reaction of compound 9 with both of urea and thiourea in sodium ethoxide solution gave the pyrimidine derivatives 12a,b. Structures of the latter products were established on the basis of analytical and spectral data (see experimental section). For example the ¹H NMR spectrum of 12a showed the presence of a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.23 for CH₃ group; a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 4.21 for NH₂ group; a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 6.66 for thiazole H-5; a multiplet at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 7.33-7.46 for two C₆H₅, two singlets (D₂O exchangeable) at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.34, 8.45 for two NH groups and a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 10.30 for OH group.

Next, when we studied the reaction of the intermediate sulphide salts 2a-d with monochloroacetic acid, the reaction led to the formation of the thiazole-4-hydroxy derivatives 13a-d. Structures of the products were assigned on the basis of their analytical and spectral data.

$$2a \cdot d + CICH_2CO_2H \longrightarrow X \longrightarrow NH NH^N + S$$

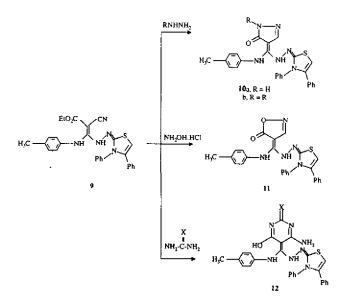
$$13 a, X = H$$

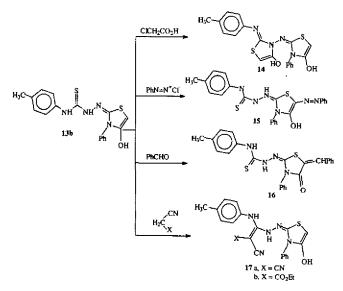
$$b, X = 4 \cdot CH_3$$

$$c, X = 4 \cdot CH_3$$

$$d, X = 4 \cdot OCH_3$$

The reaction of 2a-d with ethyl bromocyanoacetate¹² gave the thiazole derivatives 13a-d, the structure of which were established on the basis of analytical and spectral data. Further confirmation for the structure of 13b (as an example) was obtained through studying its chemical reactivity towards some chemical reagents. Thus, the reaction of 13b with another molecule of monochloroacetic acid in ethanol solution under reflux produced the dithiazol-4-hydroxy derivative 14. Also when compound 13b was coupled with bezenediazonium chloride in ethanol containing sodium acetate, it yielded the phenylazo derivative 15. Moreover, the reaction of 13b with benzaldehyde gave the benzal derivative 16. Furthermore, the reaction of 13b towards two cyano methylene derivatives produced the corresponding condensed products 17a,b. The analytical and spectral date obtained for compounds 14-17 are coincident with the as-

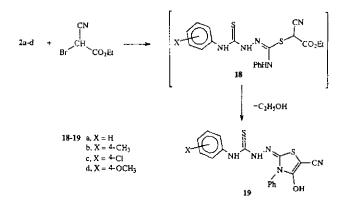




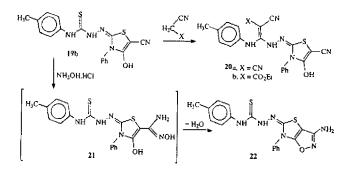
Thiosemicarbazides, Thiazole, Pyrazole, Pyrimidine

signed structures.

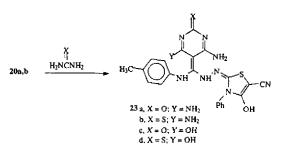
The reaction of the intermediate potassium sulphide salts 2a-d with bromoethyl cyano acetate gave the thiazole derivatives 19a-d. The reaction took place *via* the intermediate formation of 18a-d which was then followed by ethanol elimination. The structures of 19a-d were assigned on the basis of their analytical and spectral data. The IR spectrum of 19b showed the presence of OH group stretching at $v_{max} = 3560-3365$ cm⁻¹ and CN group stretching at $v_{max} =$ 2220 cm⁻¹. Moreover, the ¹H NMR spectrum showed the presence of a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H} 2.22$ for CH₃ group; a multiplet at $\delta_{\rm H} 7.32-7.41$ for C₆H₅ and C₆H₄ groups, two singlets at $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.21, 8.42 for 2NH groups and a singlet at $\delta_{\rm H} 10.30$ for OH group.



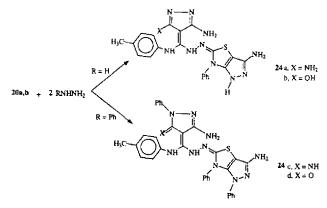
The reaction of **19b** with each of malononitrile and ethyl cyanoacetate gave the condensed products **20a**,b, respectively. Moreover, the reaction of **19b** with hydroxylamine hydrochloride afforded the isoxazolo[5,4-d]thiazole derivative **22**. Formation of **22** was explained in terms of the formation of the amidoxime intermediate **21** followed by eliminating molecular water.



The reactivity of both 20a,b towards chemical reagents was studied. Thus, compounds 20a,b reacted with both urea and thiourea to give the corresponding pyrimidine derivatives 23a-d.



The reaction of **20a,b** with two fold of both hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazine to yield the corresponding pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole derivatives **24a-d**.



CONCLUSION

The reaction of 4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides with phenyl isothiocyanate gives intermediates which are readily heterocyclized when treated with a variety of α -halocarbonyl compounds to give a series of heterocyclic and fused heterocyclic derivatives. The compounds thus prepared may be of interest to investigators working in related areas of heterocyclic chemistry and may be studied furher for biological activity.

EXPERIMENTAL

All melting points were uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded (KBr) on a pye Unicame SP - 1000 spectrophotometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian EM - 390-90 MHz and in CD₃SOCD₃ as a solvent using TMS as internal reference. Chemical shifts are expressed as $\delta_{\rm H}$ units (ppm). Analytical data were obtained from the Micro Analytical Data Center at Cairo University.

1-[Benzoylmethylsulphido-phenylaminocarbonyl]-4phenyl-3-thiosemicarbazone 3a 1-[Benzoylmethylsulphido-phenylaminocarbonyl]-4-(ptolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazone 3b

1-[Benzoylmethylsulphido-phenylaminocarbonyl]-4-(pchloro)-3-thiosemicarbazone 3c

1-[Benzoylmethylsulphido-phenylaminocarbonyl]-4-(pmethuxy)-3-thiosemicarbazone 3d

4-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-2-[4-phenyl-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 13a

4-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-2-{4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazono}thiazole-2-ylidene 13b

4-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-2-[4-(p-chloro)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 13c

4-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-2-[4-(p-methoxy)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 13d

5-Cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl[4-phenyl-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 19a

5-Cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl[4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 19b

5-Cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl[4-(p-chloro)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 19c

5-Cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl[4-p-methoxy)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 19d

General Procedure

To a solution of each of 1a-d (0.01 mol) in dimethylformamide (30 mL), phenylisothiocyanate (1.35 mL, 0.01 mol) and potassium bydroxide (0.56 g, 0.01 mol) were added. The mixture was kept at room temperature overnight and then was added, to either phenacyl bromide (1.99 g, 0.01 mol), in case of synthesis of **3a-d**, or monochloroacetic acid (0.94 g, 0.01 mol), in case of synthesis of **13a-d**, or ethyl bromocyanoacetate [prepared by adding bromine (0.79 g, 0.01 mol) to ethylcyanoacetate (91.13 mL, 0.01 mol)], in case of synthesis of **19a-d**. Also the reaction mixture was kept at room temperature overnight. The solid product formed in each case upon dilution with dilute aqueous HCl solution was collected by filtration.

3,4-Diphenyl-2-[4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 4

A suspension of 3b (4.34 g, 0.01 mol) in sodium ethoxide [prepared by adding sodium metal (0.23 g, 0.01 mol) to absolute ethanol, 50 mL] was heated in a boiling water bath for 4 hrs. Then the reaction mixture was left et room temperature and poured into ice/water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid (pH = 6). The solid product so formed was collected by filtration.

1-Hydrazinocarbonyl-1-phenylamino-4-(p-tolyl)-3thiosemicarbazone 5a

1-Phenylamino-1-phenylhydrazinocarbonyl-4-(p-tolyl)-3thiosemicarbazone 5b

General Procedure

Either hydrazine hydrate or phenylhydrazine (0.01 mol) was added to a solution of **3b** (4.34 g, 0.01 mol) in DMF (30 mL). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h. The solid product formed upon dilution with water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid, was collected by filtration.

1-{1-Benzoyl-2-phenyl-1-sulphidovinyl]phenylaminocarbonyl-4-(p-tolyi)-3-thiosemicarbazone 6

5-Benzalo-4-oxo-3-phenyl-4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazonothiazol-2-ylidene 16

General Procedure

To a solution of either 3b (4.34 g, 0.01 mol) in DMF (40 mL) or 13b (3.56 g, 0.01 mol) in dioxane (30 mL), a few drops of piperidine and benzaldehyde (1.06 g, 0.01 mol) were added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h and then evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was triturated with diethyl ether and the solid product formed was collected by filtration.

3-[4-Hydroxythiazolo]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono]-4-hydroxy-3-phenylthiazole-2-ylidene 14

To a solution of 13b (3.56 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (30 mL), monochloroacetic acid (0.94 g, 0.01 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h. The solid product formed upon dilution with water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid was collected by filtration. 1-[2-Hydrazonoacetophenyl-1-benzoyl-1-sulphidovinyl]-phenylaminocarbonyl-4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazone 7 4-Hydroxy-3-phenyl-5-phenylazo-4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazone 15

General Procedure

To a cold solution $(0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ either 3b $(4.34 \,\text{g}, 0.01 \,\text{mol})$ or 13b $(3.5 \,\text{g}, 0.01 \,\text{mol})$ in ethanol, 50 mL, containing sodium acetate, 6 g, benzenediazonium chloride $(0.01 \,\text{mol})$ [prepared by adding sodium nitrite solution $(0.04 \,\text{g}, 0.01 \,\text{mol})$ to a cold solution of aniline $(0.93 \,\text{g}, 0.01 \,\text{mol})$ containing the appropriate quantity of hydrochloric acid] was added with continuous stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The solid product formed was collected by filtration.

3,4-Diphenyl-5-phenylhydrazono-2-[4-(p-tolyl)]-3thiosemicarbazono]thiazole-2-ylidene 8

To a solution of 7 (5.38 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol, 50 mL, sodium hydroxide (0.39 g, 0.01 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 1 h. The solid product formed upon dilution with water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid was collected by filtration.

Thiosemicarbazides, Thiazole, Pyrazole, Pyrimidine

2-[3-Ethoxycarbonylcyanomethinoylideno-4-(p-tolyl)]semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazolo-2-ylidene 9 [3-Malononitrilo-4-(p-tolyl)-2-ylideno]semicarbazono-[4hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 17a [3-Ethylcyanoacetato-4-(p-tolyl)-2-ylideno]semicarbazono-[4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 17b [3-Malononitrilo-4-(p-tolyl)-2-ylideno]semicarbazono-[5cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 20a [3-Ethylcyanoacetato-4-(p-tolyl)-2-ylideno]semicarbazono-[5-cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 20b

General Procedure

To a solution of either of **3b**, **13b** or **19b** (0.01 mol) in DMF (30 mL) containing a few drops of piperidine, ethyl cyanoacetate (1.13 g, 0.01 mol) or malononitrile (0.66 g, 0.01 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h. The solid product formed was collected by filtration.

2-[3-(3-Amino-5-oxo-[1H]pyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazole-2-ylidene 10a 2-[3-(3-Amino)-5-oxo-1-phenylpyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(ptolyl)semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazole-2-ylidene 10b

3-[3,5-Diamino-[2H]-pyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono-6-amino-3-phenyl-[4H]-pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole-2-ylidene 24a

3-[3,5-Diamino-2-phenylpyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono-6-amino-3,4-diphenylpyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole-2-ylidene 24b

3-[5-Amino-3-oxo-[2H]-pyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono[3-phenyl-6-amino-[4H]-pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole-2-ylidene 24c

3-[5-Amino-3-oxo-2-phenylpyrazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(ptolyl)semicarbazono[3,4-diphenyl-6-aminopyrazolo[3,4d]thiazole-2-ylidene 24d

General Procedure

To a solution of either of 9 or 23a,b (0.01 mol) in DMF (30 mL), hydrazine hydrate or phenylhydrazine (0.01 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h. The solid product formed upon dilution with water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid was collected by filtration.

3-[5-Amino-3-oxoisoxazolo-4-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazole-2-ylidene 11

6-Amino-3-phenyl-2-[4-(p-tolyl)-3-thiosemicarbazono]isoxazolo[5,4-d]thiazole 22

General Procedure

To a solution of 9 or 19b (0.01 mol) in dioxane (30 mL) containing sodium acetate (4 g), (0.69 g, 0.01 mol) hy-

droxylamine hydrochloride was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h. The solid product formed upon dilution with ice/water was kept at room temperature for 4 h and then collected by filtration.

3-[6-Amino-4-hydroxy-2-oxo-pyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(ptolyl)semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazole-2-ylidene 12a 3-[6-Amino-4-hydroxy-2-thieno-pyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono-3,4-diphenylthiazole-2-ylidene 12b

3-[4,6-Diamino-2-oxo-pyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono[5-cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazolo-2ylidene 23a

3-[4,6-Diamino-2-thiopyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono[5-cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazolo-2ylidene 23b

3-[6-Amino-4-hydroxy-2-oxo-pyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(ptolyl)semicarbazono[5-cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 23c

3-[6-Amino-4-hydroxy-2-thienopyrimidino-5-ylideno]-4-(p-tolyl)semicarbazono[5-cyano-4-hydroxy-3-phenyl]thiazole-2-ylidene 23d

General Procedure

To a solution of 9 or 20a,b (0.01 mol) in DMF (5 mL), sodium ethoxide solution [prepared by adding sodium metal (0.23 g, 0.01 mol) to absolute ethanol (50 mL)] was added. The reaction mixtures were treated with either urea or thiourea (0.01 mol), then heated in a boiling wafer bath for 5 h. The solid product formed upon pouring into ice/water containing a few drops of hydrochloric acid was collected by filtration.

 Table 1. Physical and Analytical Data of the Newly Prepared Compounds

Compd	So]vent	M.P.	Yield	d Mol. Formula		Analysis alcd./Found) %		
No.		(°C)	(%)	(Mol. wt.)	C	H	N_	S
3a	Dioxan	180	80	C ₂₂ H ₂₀ N₄OS ₂	62.84	4.79	13.32	
				(420.23)	62.80	4.75	[3.30	15.20
3b	Dioxan	180	80	$C_{23}H_{22}N_4OS_2$	63.57	5.10	12.89	14.76
				(434.51)	63.55	5.10	12.87	14.74
3c	Dioxan	185	80	C22H10N4OS2CI	58.08	4.21	12.31	14.09
				(454.89)	58.06	4.20	12.30	14.0
3d	Dioxan	190	80	$C_{22}H_{21}N_4O_2S_2$	60.31	4.92	12.73	(4.6)
				(438.61)	60.31	4.70	12.42	14.5
4	Dioxan	215	80	$C_{23}H_{20}N_4S_2$	66.32	4.84	13.45	15.40
				(416.37)	66.30	4.82	13.43	15.30
5a	Dioxan	90	75	C13H18N6S	57.31	5.77	26.73	10.20
				(314.58)	57.30	5.77	26.71	10.20
5b	Dioxan	120	73	C21H22N6S	64.60	5.67	21.52	8.21
				(390.45)	64.60	5.65	21.50	8.20

6	Dioxan	130	74	C 30H 26N4OS2	68.94	5.01	10.72	12.27
_				(522.31)	68.92	5.00	10.70	12.26
7	ÉtOH	90	79	$C_{29}H_{26}N_6OS_2$	64.66	4.86	15.60	11.91
8	EtOH	180	83	(538.40) C ₂₉ H ₂₄ N ₆ S ₂	64.64 66.90	4.84 4.64	15.60 16.14	l1.90 12.32
-			00	(520.50)	66.90	4.62	16.12	12.31
9	Dioxan	185	82	$C_{28}H_{25}N_5O_2S$	67.86	5.08	14.13	6.47
				(495.38)	67.86	5.08	14.12	6.45
10a	Dioxan	110	78	C26H23N3OS	64.85	4.81	20.36	6.66
				(481.47)	64.75	4,71	20.26	6.46
105	Dioxan	197	77	C32H27N7OS	68.92	4.88	17.58	5.75
11	Dioxan	9 7	76	(557.28) C ₂₆ H ₂₂ N ₆ O ₂ S	68.92 64.7z	4.86 4.59	17.56 [7.42	5.72 6.64
	Diosell		70	(482.51)	64.71	4.58	17.40	6.63
12a	EtOH	180	82	C27H23N7O2S	63.64	4.55	19.24	6.29
					63.62	4.52	19.21	6.27
12b	ElOH	152	81	$C_{27}H_{23}N_7OS_2$	61.70	4.41	18.65	12.20
					61.69	4.40	18.55	12.18
13a	Dioxan	230	85	C ₁₆ H ₁₄ N ₄ OS ₂	56.12	4.12	16.36	18.73
136	Diaran	190	07	CHNOS	56.02	4.11	16.29	18.63
136	Dioxan	180	87	C ₁₇ H ₁₆ N ₄ OS ₂	57.28 57.20	4.52 4.50	15.72 15.70	17.99 17.95
13c	Dioxan	180	85	C ₁₀ H ₁₃ N₄OS₂Cl	51.00	3.47	14.87	17.02
					51.00	3.45	14.85	17.00
13d	Dioxan	140	86	$C_{17}H_{16}N_4O_2S_2$	54.82	4.33	15.04	17.22
					54.72	4.32	15.04	17.02
14	Dioxan	130	83	$C_{19}H_{16}N_4O_2S_2$	57.56	4.06	14.13	16.18
15	Diavaa	90	00	C II N 08	57.46	4.00	14.12	16.09
15	Dioxan	80	80	C ₁₃ H ₂₀ N ₆ OS ₂	59.98 59.72	4.37 4.36	18.25 18.14	13.92 13.79
16	EtOH	210	74	C24H20N4OS2	64.84	4.53	12.60	14.43
					64.84	4.52	12.60	14.41
17a	EtOH	210	78	C ₂₀ H ₁₆ N ₆ OS	61.84	4.15	21.64	8.26
					61.74	4.05	21.46	8.24
17b	DMF	180	77	C22H21N3O3S	60.68	4.86	16.08	7.36
19a	Dioxan	160	94	C U N OS	60.62 55.57	4,75	16.00	7.34
174	DIOXAII	100	85	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ N ₅ OS ₂	55.50	3.56 3.54	19.06 19.04	17.45 17.42
19b	EtOH	200	90	C18H13N3OS2	56.68	3.96	18.36	16.81
					56.65	3.86	18.36	16.80
19c	EtOH	200	85	$C_{17}H_{12}N_5OS_2Ct$	50.81	3.01	17.43	15.96
					50.49		17,24	15.79
19d	EłOH	180	83	$C_{18}H_{15}N_5O_2S_2$	54.40		17.62	
20a	E-OU	180	20	C 11 N 00	54.00			16.12
204	EtOH	180	79	C ₂₁ H ₁₅ N ₇ OS	61.01 61.00			7.76 7.54
20b	EtOH	180	82	C11H20N6O3S			18.25	6.96
					60.00			6 88
22	Dioxan	200	78	$C_{18}H_{16}N_6\mathrm{OS}_2$	54.53	4.06	21.20	16.17
					54.52	4.02	21.12	16.01
23a	CHCh	110	81	$C_{22}H_{19}N_9O_2S$	55.81	4.04	26.62	6.77
23b	Dioxan	160	80	C.H.NOS	55.60 53.09	4.02	26.41	6.52
2.0	DIOKall	100	00	$C_{27}H_{19}N_9OS_2$	53.98 53.80	3.91 3.89	25.75 25.69	13.10 13.00
23c	DMF	110	83	$C_{22}H_{18}N_8O_3S$		3.82		6.76
					55.62	3.80	23.62	6.75
23d	DMF	140	79	$C_{22}H_{18}N_8O_2S_2$	53.87	3.70	22.84	13.07
					53.87	3.70	22.80	13.00

24a	EtOH	2 52	78	$C_{21}H_{22}N_{11}S$	54.77	4.81	33.46	6.96
					54.61	4.71	33.20	6.95
24b	DMF	270	77	C33H30N11S	64.69	4.93	25.15	5.23
					64.64	4.92	25.10	5.20
24b	DMF	270	77	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ N ₁₁ S	64.69	4.93	25.15	5.23
					64.64	4.92	25.10	5.20
24c	DMF	254	79	$C_{21}H_{20}N_{10}OS$	54.77	4.37	30.42	6.96
					54.75	4.36	30.42	6.95
24d	DMF	230	83	C33H28N10OS	64 .69	4.60	22.86	5.23
					64.68	4.60	22.74	5.21

Table 2. IR and ¹H NMR Data of the Newly Prepared Compounds

	pounds	
Compd No.	IR cm ⁻¹ (selected bands)	¹ H NMR (δ ppm)
3a	3460-3330 (3NH), 3100 (CH. aromatic), 2890 (CH ₂), 1690 (C=O), 1210-1190 (C=S).	5.21 (s, 2H, CH ₂), 7.31-7.48 (m, 15H, 3 aromatic-H), 8.22, 8.34, 8.40 (3s, 3H, 3NH).
3ь	3460-3350 (3NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2890, 2890 (CH ₃ , CH ₂), 1685 (C=O), 1220-1210 (C=S).	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 5.32 (s, 2H, CH ₂), 7.21-7.46 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.60, 8.73 (3s, 3H, 3NH).
3c	3460-3330 (3NH), 3100 (CH. aromatic), 2890 (CH ₃), 1690 (C=O), 1210-1190 (C=S).	$5.09~(s,2H,CH_2),7.32\text{-}7.51~(m,14H,aromatic-H),8.32,8.43,8.80~(3s,3H,3NH).$
3d	3470-3335 (3NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2980, 2890 (CH ₃ , CH ₂), 1690 (C=O), 1210-1190 (C=S).	3.79 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 5.28 (s. 2H, CH ₃), 7.33-7.47 (m. 14H, aromatic-H), 8.35, 8.40, 8.48 (3s. 3H, 3NH).
4	3455-3380 (2NH), 3065 (CH. aromatic), 2985(CH ₃), 1660 (C=N), 1220-1190 (C=S).	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
5a	3470-3370 (4NH, NH ₂), 3065 (CH, aromatic), 2985 (CH ₃), 1655 (C=N), 1200 (C=S).	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
5b	3450-3380 (5NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2985 (CH ₃), 1660 (C=N), 1200-1195 (C=S).	2.23 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.32-7.48 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.31-8.35, 8.49 (m, 5H, 5NH).
6	3470-3380 (3NH), 3050 (CH. aromatic), 2975 (CH ₃), 1695 (C=O), 1665 (C=N), 1640 (C=C), 1215-1200	2.24 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 6.89 (s. 1H, CH=C), 7.32-7.48 (m. 19H, aromatic-H), 8.42-8.46 (m, 3H, 3NH).
7	(C=S). 3480-3360 (4NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2970 (CH ₃), 1695 (C≠O), 1665 (C≈N), 1205 (C=S).	2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.28-7.46 (m, 19H, aromatic-H), 8.321-8.45, 9.21 (4s, 4H, 4NH).
8	3465-3350 (2NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2970 (CH ₃), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1205 (C=S).	2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.31-7.45 (m, 19H, aromatic-H), 8.32, 8.40 (2s, 2H, 2NH).
9	3480-3365 (2NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2975, 2890 (CH ₃ , CH ₂), 2220 (CN), 1680 (C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1635 (C=C).	1.16 (t, 3H, ester CH ₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.24 (q, 2H, OCH ₄), 6.92 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 7.32-7.53 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.32, 8.73 (2s, 2H, 2NH).
10a	3470-3360 (NH ₂ , 3NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2890 (CH ₃), 1685 (C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1640 (C=C).	2.20 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 5.32 (s. 2H, NH ₃), 6.37 (s. 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.32-7.45 (m. 14H, aromatic-H), 8.35, 8.41, 8.73 (3s, 3H, 3NH).
105	3430-3360 (NH ₂ , 2NH), 3055 (CH. aromatic), 2975 (CH ₃), 1680 (C=O), 1665 (exceyclic C=N), 1640 (C=C).	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 5.33 (s, 2H, NH ₂), 6.61 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.32-7.35 (m, 19H, aromatic-H), 8.43, 8.51 (2br s, 2H, 2NH).
11	3570-3380 (NH ₂ , 2NH), 3050 (CH, aromatic), 2940 (CH ₃), 1680 (C=O), 1660 (exceyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C).	2.22 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 5.38 (s, 2H, NH ₂), 6.42 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.33-7.48 (m. 14H, aromatic-H), 8.22, 8.43 (2s, 2H, 2NH).

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Thiosemicarbazides, Thiazole, Pyrazole, Pyrimidine

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12a	3565-3390 (OH, NH ₂ , 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 2890 (CH ₃), 1695 (C=O), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1640 (C=C).	2.23 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.21 (s, 2H, NH ₂), 6.66 (s. 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.33-7.46 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.34, 8.45 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.30 (br s, 1H, OH).
126	3570-3390 (OH, NH ₂ , 2NH), 3060 (CH. aromatic), 2975 (CH ₃), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C), 1210- 1195 (C=S).	
13a	3460-3370 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 1670 (C=N), 1210-1200 (C=S),	
136	3540-3350 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 2890 (CH ₃),1670 (C=N), 1210-1190 (C=S).	2.22 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 6.99 (s. 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.31-7.44 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.41, 8.44 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.31 (s, H, OH).
13c	3480-3320 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 1670 (C=N), 1200-1190 (C=S).	6.99 (s. 1H. thiazole H-5), 7.32-7.48 (m. 9H, aromatic-H), 8.39, 8.42 (2s, 2H, 2NH).
13d	3570-3360 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 2890 (CH ₃), 1670 (C=N), 1205-1190 (C=S).	3.98 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 6.87 (s, iH, thiazoie H-5), 7.0-7.05 (2d, 4H, C ₆ H ₄), 7.21-7.40 (m, 5H, aromatic-H), 8.25, 8.44 (2s, 2H, 2NH), i0.25 (s, 1H, OH).
14	3540-3360 (20H), 3065 (CH, aromatic), 2970 (CH ₃), 1670 (2C=N), 1210-1190 (C=S).	2.23 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 6.78, 6.89 (2s, 2H, two thiazole H-5), 7.33-7.45 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 10.29, 10.35 (2s, 2H, 2OH).
15	3480-3335 (OH, 2NH), 3065 (CH. aromatic), 2983 (CH ₃), 1670 (C=N), 1205-1190 (C=S).	2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.32-7.51 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.29, 8.34 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.31 (s, H, OH).
16	3540-3370 (2NH), 3065 (CH. aromatic), 2970 (CH ₃), 1690 (C=O), 1668 (exocyclic C=N), 1210-1190 (C=S).	2.23 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 7.03 (s. 1H, CH=C), 7.32-7.46 (m, 14H, aromatic-H), 8.32, 8.46 (2br s. 2H, 2NH).
17a	3560-3350 (OH, 2NH), 2890 (CH ₃), 2225, 2220 (CN), 1670 (C=N), 1640 (C=C).	2.25 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 6.89 (s. 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.29-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.23, 8.40 (2br s. 2H, 2NH), 10.29 (s. 1H, OH).
176	3485-3325 (OH, 2NH), 3035 (CH. aromatic), 2975 (CH), 2220 (CN), 1680 (C=O), 1665 (exocyclic C=N), 1640 (C≠C).	1.16 (t, 3H, CH ₃), 2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.41 (q, 2H, CH ₂), 6.89 (s, 1H, thiazole H-5), 7.21-7.42 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.37 (2br s, 2H, 2NH), 10.30 (s, 1H, OH).
19a	3540-3350 (OH, 2NH), 3065 (CH. aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1205-1190 (C=S).	7.32-7.48 (m, 10H, aromatic-H), 8.23, 8.41 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.25 (s, 1H, OH).
19b	3560-3365 (OH, 2NH), 3065 (CH, aromatic), 2965 (CH), 2220 (CN), 1670 (exocyctic C=N), 1205-1195 (C=S).	2.22 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.32-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.42 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.35 (s, 1H, OH).
19e	3560-3325 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic), 2220 (CN), 1670 (exocyclic C=N), 1205-1195 (C=S).	7.32-7.48 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.32, 8.41 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.25 (s, 1H, OH),
19d	3575-3360 (OH, 2NH), 3060 (CH, aromatic). 2875 (CH ₃), 2220 (CN), 1668 (exocyclic C=N), 1215-1195 (C=S).	3.90 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.32-7.48 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.23, 8.41 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.25 (s, 1H, OH).
20a	3560-3350 (OH, 2NH), 2980 (CH ₃), 2230, 2225, 2220 (3CN), 1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C).	2.25 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.29-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.23, 8.40 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.30 (s, 1H, OH),
20b	3560-3350 (OH, 2NH), 2980 (CH ₃), 2890 (CH ₂), 2230, 2225, 2220 (3CN), 1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C).	1.16 (t, 3H, ester CH ₃), 2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.41 (q, 2H, ester CH ₂), 7.29- 7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.40 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.30 (s, 1H, OH).
22	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	2.20 (s, 3H, CH ₃),5.32 (s, 2H, NH ₂), 7.32-7.48 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.22, 8.43 (2s, 2H, 2NH).

23a	3585-3360 (2NH2, OH, 2NH), 2975	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.51, 5.31 (2s, 4H,
	(CH ₃), 2225 (CN), 1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1695 (C=O),1645 (C=C).	2NH ₂), 7.32-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic- H), 8.21, 8.42 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.30 (s, 1H, OH).
23b	3585-3360 (2NH ₂ , OH, 2NH), 2975 (CH ₃), 2225 (CN), 1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C), 1210-1195 (C=S)	
23e	3560-3350 (NH ₂ , 2OH), 2975 (CH ₃), 2225 (CN),1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1670 (C=O), 1645 (C=C).	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.56 (s, 2H, NH ₂), 7.32-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.42 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 10.10-10.30 (s, 2H, 2OH).
23d	3560-3350 (NH ₂ , 2OH), 2975 (CH ₃), 2225 (CN),1675 (exocyclic C=N), 1645 (C=C), 1210-1195 (C=S).	
24a	3580-3360 (3NH ₂ , 3NH), 2970 (CH ₃) 1675 (exocyclic C=N).	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.51, 5.31, 5.35 (3s, 6H, 3NH ₂), 7.32-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.42 (3s, 3H, 3NH).
24b	3580-3300 (OH, 2NH ₂ , 3NH), 2978 (CH ₃) 1670 (exocyclic C=N).	$\begin{array}{l} 2.21 \ (s, 3H, CH_3), 4.49, 5.33, (2s, 4H, \\ 2NH_2), \ 7.30\text{-}7.44 \ (m, \ 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.42, 9.01 \ (3s, 3H, 3NH). \end{array}$
24c	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	2.21 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 4.51, 5.32 (2s, 4H, 2NH ₂), 7.32-7.41 (m, 9H, aromatic-H), 8.21, 8.42 (4s, 4H, 4NH).
24d	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	

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Key Words

Thiosemicarbazides; Thiazole; Pyrazole; Pyrimidines.

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