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DERIVATIVES OF CYCLOHEXYLAMINE AND SOME

AROMATIC AMINES CONTAINING THE

N-TETRAMETHYLDIAMIDO(THIO)PHOSPHORYL GROUP

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N-Tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl (TMDAP) derivatives of aminocyclohexanecarboxylic acids have considerable antitumor activity relative to specific transplantable tumors [1, 2]. In order to study the relationship between the antitumor and chemical sterilizing activity and the structure of compounds containing the cytoactive TMDAP group, we synthesized N-TMDAP-cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic acid, N-TMDAP-p-aminophenylacetic acid, N-TMDAP-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine, their ethylenimides, N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]aniline, N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]morpholine.

The benzyl esters of cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic acid and p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine served as starting materials. The condensation of these esters with the acid chloride of N-tetramethyldiamidophos-phoric acid [3, 4] in the presence of triethylamine gave the benzyl esters of N-TMDAP-cis-4-aminocyclohexyl-acetic acid (I) and N-TMDAP-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine (II). Catalytic hydrogenolysis of (I) and (II) gives N-TMDAP-cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic acid (III) and N-TMDAP-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine (IV). The Schotten-Baumann condensation of p-aminophenylacetic acid with the acid chloride of N-tetramethyl-diamidophosphoric acid yielded N-TMDAP-p-aminophenylacetic acid (V). The reaction of (IV) and (V) with ethylenimine in the presence of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide gave the ethylenimides of N-TMDAP-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine (VI) and N-TMDAP-p-aminophenylacetic acid (VII).

PSCI₃ was used in the synthesis of N-tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl derivatives of cyclic amines. The reaction of PSCl₃ with the hydrochloride salts of aniline, cyclohexylamine, and morpholine yielded N-[dichloro(thio)phosphoryl]aniline (VIII), N-[dichloro(thio)phosphoryl]cyclohexylamine (IX), and N-[dichloro-(thio)phosphoryl]morpholine (X). The condensation of these compounds with excess dimethylamine gave N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]aniline (XII), N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]cyclohexylamine (XII), and N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]morpholine (XIII). The properties of (I)-(XIII) are given in Table 1.

EXPERIMENTAL

Benzyl Ester of N-(Tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic Acid (I). A sample of $1.56~{\rm g}$ (0.009 mole) acid chloride of N-tetramethyldiamidophosphoric acid in 5 ml abs. benzene and 0.91 g (0.009 mole) triethylamine in 3 ml abs. benzene were added to $2.28~{\rm g}$ (0.009 mole) benzyl ester of cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic acid in 10 ml abs. benzene. The mixture was heated at $100^{\circ}{\rm C}$ for 8 h and left overnight in a refrigerator. The precipitate was filtered off. The filtrate was washed with water and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed in vacuum. The oily precipitate was triturated in petroleum ether and dried in a vacuum dessicator to yield $1.92~{\rm g}$ (I).

Benzyl ester (II) was prepared in the same way.

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TABLE 1. Properties of N-[Tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]amide Derivatives $R_2P(X)-R^4$

ated,	ซ	1	I .	1	. 1	ł	, I	ı	31,37	30,55	32,22	1	J	1
Calculated,	z	11,01	12,54	14,42	15,72	14,73	18,36	7,47	6,19	6,03	6,36	17,27	16,85	17,70
Che mica l formula		$C_{19}H_{32}N_3O_3P$	$C_{22}H_{34}N_4O_4P$	$C_{12}H_{25}N_3O_3P$	$C_{15}H_{25}N_{\lambda}O_{4}P$	$\mathrm{C}_{12}\mathrm{H}_{20}\mathrm{N}_{3}\mathrm{O}_{3}\mathrm{P}$	C_4 , $H_{28}N_5O_3P$	$C_{14}H_{23}N_4O_2P$	$C_6H_6NPSCl_2$	C ₆ H ₁₂ NPSCl ₂	C,H8NOPSCl2	$C_{10}H_{18}N_3PS$	C10H24N3PS	C ₈ H ₂₀ N ₃ OPS
Found, %	Ü		ı	1	ı	ı	1	I	31,05; 31,00	31,00; 31,71	32,41; 32,58	I 	1	1
	z	11,04; 11,14	12,86; 12,02	14,38; 14,54	15,82; 15,68	14,59; 14,91	18,52; 18,03	7,56; 7,59	6,19; 5,90	5,70; 5,68	6,41; 7,07	17,32; 17,18	16,61; 16,92	17,49; 17,88
Yield,		57	61	53	£9	63	333	56	20	86	79	51	20	62
Mp, °C		49-54*	Oil	128-131	37-40	188–191	35-38	42-48 *	181–183	Oil	29-31	186-188	011	Oil
Recrystallization solvent		Benzene-petr.	J	Acetone	Chloroform–petr. ether	Ethanol	Ethyl acetate- petr. ether	Benzene-ether	Chloroform-petr. ether	ſ	Benzene-petr. ether	Ethanol	į	í
R		NH-< CH2COOCH2Ph	NH-CH2CHCOOCH2Ph	NH-CT-CH2COOH	NH-CH2CHCOOH	NH-CH2COOH	NH CH2CHCON CH3	NH-CH2CONCH2	NH-	NB-C	/ ² / ₂ /	NH-	OH-(N)	P 2
ŧ	×	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	S	ω	œ	ω	ω	ω
	re;	(CH ₃) ₂ N	Same	=	£			MezN	IJ	5	Ö	Me ₂ N	Same	
Com-		(1)	(II)	(III)	(IV)	(§	(VI)	(VII)	(VIII)	(IX)	<u>X</u>	(XI)	(XII)	(XIII)

* Melts with decomposition.

N-(Tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic Acid (III). A sample of 2.2 g (I) in 50 ml ethanol was hydrogenated over palladium black until no further hydrogen was taken up. The catalyst was filtered off and the solvent was evaporated in vacuum. The residue was triturated in petroleum ether to yield 0.9 g (III).

A sample of N-(tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine (IV) was obtained analogously.

N-(Tetramethylamidophosphoryl)-p-aminophenylacetic Acid (V). A sample of 1.14 g (0.007 mole) p-aminophenylacetic acid and 0.8 g Na $_2$ CO $_3$ in 10 ml distilled water was cooled to 10°C and then 1.34 g (0.007 mole) acid chloride of N-tetramethyldiamidophosphoric acid in a solution of 2.4 g Na $_2$ CO $_3$ and 40 ml distilled water was added with stirring over 30 min. The mixture was cooled, left overnight at ~ 20 °C, and filtered. The filtrate was neutralized with dilute HCl to p.f. 4. The precipitate was filtered off, recrystallized, and dried in a vacuum dessicator to yield 1.2 g (V).

Ethylenimide of N-(Tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-p-aminophenylacetic Acid (VII). A sample of $0.25\,\mathrm{g}$ ($0.0012\,\mathrm{mole}$) 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in 4 ml DMF and $0.05\,\mathrm{g}$ ($0.0012\,\mathrm{mole}$) ethylenimine in 4 ml DMF was added to $0.36\,\mathrm{g}$ ($0.0012\,\mathrm{mole}$) (V) in 4 ml DMF. The mixture was cooled and left overnight at ~20 °C. The precipitate was filtered off and the filtrate was evaporated in vacuum. The residue was triturated in abs. ether, filtered off, recrystallized, and dried in a vacuum dessicator to yield $0.19\,\mathrm{g}$ (VII).

Ethylenimide (VI) was prepared analogously.

N-[Dichloro(thio)phosphoryl]aniline (VIII). A sample of 20 ml (1.00 mole) $PSCl_3$ was added to 3.23 g (0.025 mole) hydrochloride salt of aniline and heated at reflux for 24 h until the salt was completely dissolved. Excess $PSCl_3$ was distilled off in vacuum and the residue was triturated in ether to yield 3.5 g (VIII).

Samples of N-[dichloro(thio)phosphoryl]cyclohexylamine (IX) and N-[dichloro(thio)phosphoryl]morpholine (X) were prepared analogously.

N-[Tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]aniline (XI). A sample of 4.20 g (0.04 mole) dimethylamine in benzene was added to 2.25 g (0.01 mole) (VIII) in 30 ml benzene with stirring and cooling. The mixture was left overnight at $\sim 20^{\circ}\text{C}$. The hydrochloride salt of dimethylamine was filtered off and the filtrate was heated for 8 h at 100°C. The benzene layer was separated, washed with water, and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was distilled off in vacuum and the residue was triturated with ether and recrystallized to yield 1.2 g (XI).

Samples of N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]cyclohexylamine (XII) and N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)-phosphoryl]morpholine (XIII) were prepared analogously.

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. N-(tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-cis-4-aminocyclohexylacetic acid, N-(tetramethyldiamidophosphoryl)-p-amino-N-acetyl-DL-phenylalanine and their ethylenimides were synthesized.
- 2. The condensation of N-dichloro(thio)phosphoryl derivatives of cyclic amines with dimethylamine gave N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]aniline, N-[tetramethyldiamido(thio)phosphoryl]morpholine.

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