



Figure 1. Molecular structure of **1b**.

Table 1. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement Parameters for $\text{Mes}_2\text{Ge}(\text{Cl})\text{Ge}(\text{CDCl}_2)\text{Mes}_2$ (**1b**)

empirical formula	$\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{44}\text{DCl}_3\text{Ge}_2$
fw	741.26
temp	150(2) K
wavelength	0.71073 Å
cryst syst	monoclinic
space group	<i>Cc</i>
unit cell dimensions	
<i>a</i>	12.722(3) Å
<i>b</i>	17.339(4) Å
<i>c</i>	16.538(3) Å
α	90°
β	101.85(3)°
γ	90°
volume	3570.1(12) Å ³
<i>Z</i>	4
density (calcd)	1.379 Mg/m ³
abs coeff	1.932 mm ⁻¹
<i>F</i> (000)	1528
cryst size	0.20 × 0.15 × 0.10 mm ³
θ range for data collection	4.19–26.34°
index ranges	0 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 15, 0 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 21, –20 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 20
no. of rflns collected	17 665
no. of indep rflns	3621 [<i>R</i> (int) = 0.0570]
abs corr	integration
refinement method	full-matrix least-squares on <i>F</i> ²
final <i>R</i> indices [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	<i>R</i> 1 = 0.0342, <i>wR</i> 2 = 0.0848
<i>R</i> indices (all data)	<i>R</i> 1 = 0.0404, <i>wR</i> 2 = 0.0968

of two stable germanimines.⁹ Differences in the reactivity between digermenes, germenenes, and germanimines and other reagents have been noted previously. For example, phenylacetylene reacts with $\text{Dep}_2\text{Ge}=\text{GeDep}_2$ (Dep = 2,6-diethylphenyl) to give a digermene,¹⁰ whereas the C–H bond of phenylacetylene adds across the Ge=N bond of two stable germanimines to give (alkynylgermyl)amines.¹¹ The formal [2 + 2] cycloadduct is obtained from the reaction between acetone and $\text{Dep}_2\text{Ge}=\text{GeDep}_2$,¹⁰ whereas the formal ene product is obtained from the reaction between acetone and a stable germene.¹² These differences in reactivity can be

Table 2. Selected Bond Distances (Å) and Angles (deg) for $\text{Mes}_2\text{Ge}(\text{Cl})\text{Ge}(\text{CDCl}_2)\text{Mes}_2$ (**1b**)

Distance		Angle	
Ge(1)–C(1)	2.050(6)	C(21)–Ge(1)–C(11)	104.2(2)
Ge(1)–Ge(2)	2.5090(9)	C(1)–Ge(1)–Ge(2)	105.0(2)
Ge(2)–Cl	2.209(2)	C(21)–Ge(1)–Ge(2)	122.8(2)
C(1)–Cl(2)	1.746(7)	C(41)–Ge(2)–Cl	101.3(2)
C(1)–Cl(1)	1.800(7)	Cl–Ge(2)–Ge(1)	96.87(6)
		Cl(2)–C(1)–Cl(1)	108.8(4)
		C(31)–Ge(2)–Cl	110.1(2)
		C(21)–Ge(1)–C(1)	104.3(3)
		C(11)–Ge(1)–C(1)	110.9(3)
		C(11)–Ge(1)–Ge(2)	109.4(2)
		C(41)–Ge(2)–C(31)	110.1(2)
		C(41)–Ge(2)–Ge(1)	121.9(2)
		C(31)–Ge(2)–Ge(1)	114.1(2)
		Cl(2)–C(1)–Ge(1)	115.7(3)
		Cl(1)–C(1)–Ge(1)	112.5(3)

attributed to the differences in the polarity of the double bonds of digermenes, germenenes, and germanimines. We continue to study the scope of the addition of halogenated methanes to group 14 dimetallenes as well as the mechanism of these additions.

Experimental Section

General Information. All experiments were carried out in flame-dried glassware under an atmosphere of argon. Toluene was freshly distilled from sodium/benzophenone. Chloroform was distilled from phosphorus pentoxide prior to use. Hexamethylcyclotrigermane was synthesized according to the published procedure.¹³ Photolyses were carried out at 350 nm using a Rayonet photochemical reactor. Low-temperature photolyses were carried out by cooling the sample using an Endocal model ULT-70 low-temperature external bath circulator to force cold (–70 °C) methanol through a vacuum-jacketed Pyrex (350 nm) immersion well.

NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Gemini 300 or Inova 400 or 600 spectrometer using benzene-*d*₆ as a solvent, unless noted otherwise. IR spectra were recorded (cm⁻¹) as thin films of the compound deposited on NaCl plates from CH_2Cl_2 on a Perkin-Elmer System 2000 FT IR spectrometer. A Finnegan MAT model 8200 mass spectrometer, with an ionizing voltage of 70 eV, was used to obtain electron impact or chemical ionization mass spectra (reported in mass-to-charge units, *m/z*, with ion identity and peak intensities relative to the base peak in parentheses). The detailed experimental procedure to perform K⁺IDS has been described elsewhere.⁶

Reaction of Tetramesityldigermene with Chloroform.

$\text{Cyclo-Ge}_3\text{Mes}_6$ (50 mg, 0.054 mmol) and Et_3SiH (0.1 mL, excess) were dissolved in toluene (4 mL) and photolyzed (350 nm) at –70 °C for 16 h. After irradiation for 16 h, the reaction mixture appeared clear and bright yellow in color. Upon the addition of chloroform (2 mL, 0.026 mmol) to the cold solution, the yellow color of the solution faded to clear and colorless. The solvent was removed in vacuo to yield an oily white residue. The product mixture (containing **1a**, **2**, and oxidation byproducts¹⁴) was separated by preparative thin-layer chromatography (silica gel; 50/50 CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes) to yield a 1:2 mixture of **1a** and **2** as determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy. This mixture was also separated by preparative thin-layer chromatography (silica gel; 50/50 CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes) to give 1,1,2,2-tetramesityl-1-chloro-2-(dichloromethyl)digermene, **1a** (10.2 mg, 25%), as a white solid. Mp: 198–199 °C. IR (cm⁻¹):

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3365 (m), 2974 (m), 2921 (m), 1602 (s), 1554 (w), 1449 (s), 1405 (m), 1379 (m), 1289 (w), 1261 (m), 1092 (s), 1049 (s), 951 (w), 880 (w), 847 (s), 802 (s), 701 (w). ^1H NMR (ppm): 6.68 (s, 4H, Mes CH), 6.65 (s, 4H, Mes CH), 6.33 (s, 1H, CCl_2H), 2.46, 2.32 (each bs, 21H total, Mes $o\text{CH}_3$), 2.05, 2.03 (each s, 12H total, Mes $p\text{CH}_3$). ^{13}C NMR (ppm): 144.21 (bs), 143.92 (bs), 139.73, 139.32, 138.61 (Mes C), 130.54, 130.28 (Mes CH), 67.97 (CHCl_2) 26.52 (bs), 26.03 (bs), 21.19 (Mes CH_3). MS (m/z), Cl :isobutane: 705 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{Cl}$, 23], 583 [$\text{Mes}^{72}\text{Ge}^{72}\text{-Ge}(\text{CCl}_2)\text{Mes}_2$, 9], 479 [$\text{Mes}_3^{74}\text{GeCHCl}$, 49], 395 [$\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{-GeCHCl}_2$, 21], 361 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCHCl} + \text{H}$, 100), 347 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCl}$, 62), 311 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{Ge} + \text{H}$, 65), 277 (24), 237 ($\text{Mes}^{72}\text{GeCCl} - \text{H}$, 64), 133 (48), 120 (MesH, 18). MS (m/z): 847(7), 727 (13), 623 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{CCl}_3$, 18], 465 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{Ge}(\text{Cl})^{72}\text{GeCHCl}$, 9), 431 ($\text{Mes}_3^{74}\text{Ge}$, 100), 345 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{GeCl}$, 14), 311 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{Ge} + \text{H}$, 76), 235 (62), 221 (63), 191 (Mes^{72}Ge , 45), 119 (Mes, 55). K^+IDS MS (m/z): 779 ($\text{M}^+ + 39$, 100).

Addition of *d*-chloroform (0.05 mL, 0.62 mmol), instead of chloroform, gave 1,1,2,2-tetramesityl-1-chloro-2-[dichloro(deuterio)methyl]digermane, **1b** (21 mg, 52%), as a white solid after purification by chromatography (30/70 $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{hexanes}$). Compound **1b** was recrystallized from hexanes to afford clear, colorless crystals. Mp: 201–202 °C. IR (cm^{-1}): 2922 (s), 1601 (s), 1554 (m), 1448 (s), 1404 (m), 1378 (m), 1289 (m), 1260 (w), 1120 (w), 1026 (w), 846 (s), 805 (m), 719 (m), 706 (m). ^1H NMR (ppm): 6.68 (s, 4H, Mes CH), 6.65 (s, 4H, Mes CH), 2.46 (bs, 12H, Mes $o\text{CH}_3$), 2.31 (bs, 12H, Mes $o\text{CH}_3$), 2.05 (s, 6H, Mes $p\text{CH}_3$), 2.03 (s, 6H, Mes $p\text{CH}_3$). ^{13}C NMR (ppm): 143.89, 143.63 (bs), 139.41, 139.01, 138.27 (bs), 137.59 (Mes C), 130.07 (bs), 129.85 (bs) (Mes CH), 26.11 (bs), 25.72 (bs), 20.98, 20.75 (Mes CH_3). ^2H NMR (CHCl_3 , ppm): 6.29. MS (m/z), Cl :isobutane: 706 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{Cl}$, 50], 672 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{Cl}_2 + \text{H}$, 15], 636 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{Cl}_3$, 9], 622 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{CDCl}_3$, 14],

480 ($\text{Mes}_3^{74}\text{GeCDCl}$, 41), 362 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCDCl} + \text{H}$, 100), 347 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCl}$, 30), 328 (32), 311 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{Ge} + \text{H}$, 85), 239 ($\text{Mes}^{72}\text{GeCCl} + \text{H}$, 50), 121 (MesH + H, 51). MS (m/z): 623 [$\text{M}^+(\text{}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{Ge}) - \text{CDCl}_3 + \text{H}$, 4], 465 ($\text{Mes}_3^{74}\text{GeCl} - \text{H}$, 11), 362 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCDCl} + \text{H}$, 15), 347 ($\text{Mes}_2^{74}\text{GeCl}$, 100), 311 ($\text{Mes}_2^{72}\text{Ge} + \text{H}$, 53), 237 ($\text{Mes}^{72}\text{GeCCl} - \text{H}$, 80), 221 (54), 207 (35), 191 (Mes^{72}Ge , 25), 120 (MesH, 56). K^+IDS MS (m/z): 780 ($\text{M}^+ + 39$, 39). High-resolution MS: $\text{M}^+ - \text{Cl}$, calcd for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{44}\text{D}^{72}\text{Ge}^{74}\text{GeCl}_2$ 706.1393, found 706.1395.

Crystals of **1b** were grown from a saturated solution of hexanes. A crystal suitable for X-ray analysis was selected and mounted on a glass fiber. Data were collected on a Nonius Kappa CCD diffractometer using COLLECT software at 150 K. Crystal cell refinement and data reduction was carried out using the Nonius DENZO package. The crystal data and selected refinement parameters for **1b** are listed in Table 1. The unit cell parameters were calculated and refined from the full data set. Selected interatomic distances and angles are listed in Table 2. Complete details are given in the Supporting Information.

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Supporting Information Available: Full crystallographic data, bond lengths, and bond angles for **1b**. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at <http://pubs.acs.org>.

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