

Esters of Isoxazole- and Isothiazolecarboxylic Acids and Oximes of β -Isatin, Isoxazole- and Ferrocene-Containing Ketones and Carborane Alcohols

N. A. Zhukovskaya, E. A. Dikumar, V. I. Potkin, S. K. Petkevich, T. D. Zvereva,
Yu. S. Zubenko, D. A. Rudakov, and V. L. Shirokii

*Institute of Physical Organic Chemistry, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus,
ul. Surganova 13, Minsk, 220072 Belarus
e-mail: dikumar@ifoch.bas-net.by*

Received January 19, 2012

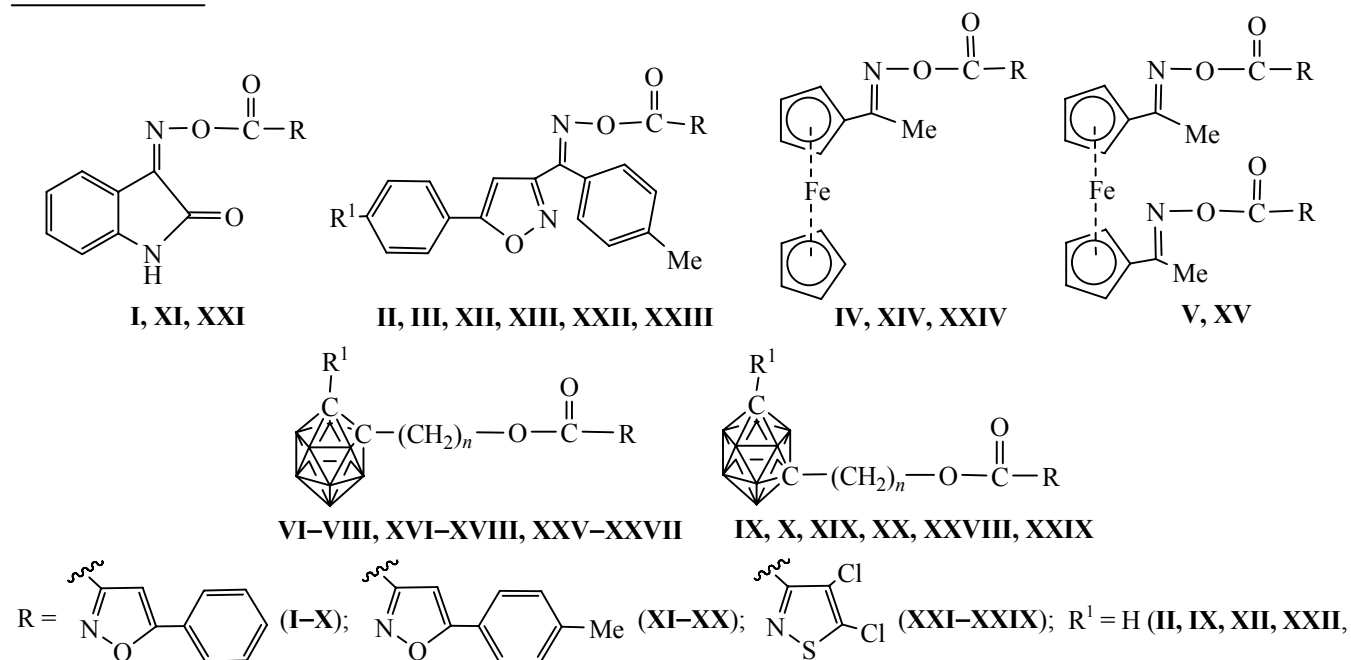
Abstract—Oximes of β -isatin, isoxazole- and ferrocene-containing ketones, *o*- and *m*-carborane alcohols react with isoxazol- and isothiazolecarboxylic acid chlorides in the presence of triethylamine to afford the corresponding esters.

DOI: 10.1134/S1070363213030225

The synthesis of esters of 1,1'-diacetylferrocene di-oxime has been previously reported [1]. 4,5-Dichloroisothiazol-, *o*- and *m*-carboranecarboxylic acids esters possess a high antimicrobial and fungicidal activity [2, 3].

In this work we describe the synthesis of new

potentially pharmacophore esters of isoxazole- and 4,5-dichloroisothiazolecarboxylic acids and oximes of β -isatin, isoxazole- and ferrocene-containing ketones, *o*- and *m*-carborane alcohols **I–XXIX**. The esterification was carried out in anhydrous diethyl ether in the presence of triethylamine to obtain the functionally substituted esters **I–XXIX** in a 85–90% yield.



XXVIII), **Me** (**III, VI, XIII, XVI, XXII, XXV**), **Me₂CH** (**VII, X, XVII, XX, XXVI, XXIX**), **CH₂=C(Me)** (**VIII, XVIII, XXVII**); **n = 1** (**VI, XVI, XXV**), **2** (**VII–X, XVII–XX, XVI–XXIX**).

The initial oximes of isoxazole- (**XXX**, **XXXI**) and ferrocene-containing ketones (**XXXII**, **XXXIII**) were prepared by the reaction of the corresponding ketones with hydroxylamine hydrochloride in the presence of sodium hydrogen carbonate in ethanol according to the

standard procedure [4]. Yield of oximes **XXX–XXXIII** was 77–82%.

The resulting esters **I–XXIX** and oximes **XXX–XXXIII** are colorless or colored crystalline substances,

Yields, melting points, and the elemental analysis data of compounds **I–XXXIII**

Comp. no.	Yield, %	mp, °C	Found, %						Formula	Calculated, %					
			C	H	N	B (Fe)	Cl	S		C	H	N	B (Fe)	Cl	S
I	85	198–199	65.12	3.49	12.21	–	–	–	C ₁₈ H ₁₁ N ₃ O ₄	64.86	3.33	12.61	–	–	–
II	86	157–158	72.58	4.18	8.95	–	–	–	C ₂₇ H ₁₈ N ₃ O ₄	72.31	4.05	9.37	–	–	–
III	86	167–168	73.10	4.50	8.81	–	–	–	C ₂₈ H ₂₀ N ₃ O ₄	72.72	4.36	9.09	–	–	–
IV	90	124–125	64.07	4.30	6.25	13.04	–	–	C ₂₂ H ₁₈ FeN ₂ O ₃	63.79	4.38	6.76	13.48	–	–
V	88	165–166	63.94	4.17	8.32	6.16	–	–	C ₃₄ H ₂₆ FeN ₄ O ₆	63.56	4.08	8.72	8.69	–	–
VI	87	92–93	47.02	6.08	3.59	29.88	–	–	C ₁₄ H ₂₁ B ₁₀ NO ₃	46.78	5.89	3.90	30.08	–	–
VII	87	138–139	51.08	6.93	3.20	26.57	–	–	C ₁₇ H ₂₇ B ₁₀ NO ₃	50.85	6.78	3.49	26.93	–	–
VIII	89	133–134	51.40	6.21	3.17	26.75	–	–	C ₁₇ H ₂₅ B ₁₀ NO ₃	51.11	6.31	3.51	27.06	–	–
IX	88	95–96	47.03	6.04	3.55	29.84	–	–	C ₁₄ H ₂₁ B ₁₀ NO ₃	46.78	5.89	3.90	30.08	–	–
X	85	75–76	51.12	6.97	3.16	26.63	–	–	C ₁₇ H ₂₇ B ₁₀ NO ₃	50.58	6.78	3.49	26.93	–	–
XI	86	186–187	66.06	3.92	11.88	–	–	–	C ₁₉ H ₁₃ N ₃ O ₄	65.70	3.77	12.10	–	–	–
XII	89	164–165	73.10	4.55	8.67	–	–	–	C ₂₈ H ₂₀ N ₃ O ₄	72.72	4.36	9.09	–	–	–
XIII	88	182–183	73.45	4.21	8.54	–	–	–	C ₂₉ H ₂₂ N ₃ O ₄	73.10	4.65	8.82	–	–	–
XIV	88	150–151	64.91	4.57	6.25	12.58	–	–	C ₂₃ H ₂₀ FeN ₂ O ₃	64.50	4.71	6.54	13.04	–	–
XV	87	168–169	64.84	4.36	7.93	7.90	–	–	C ₃₆ H ₃₀ FeN ₄ O ₆	64.49	4.51	8.36	8.33	–	–
XVI	86	128–129	48.80	6.43	3.27	28.49	–	–	C ₁₅ H ₂₃ B ₁₀ NO ₃	48.24	6.21	3.75	28.95	–	–
XVII	86	133–134	52.42	7.19	3.01	25.62	–	–	C ₁₈ H ₂₉ B ₁₀ NO ₃	52.03	7.03	3.37	26.02	–	–
XVIII	87	137–138	52.55	6.50	2.98	25.77	–	–	C ₁₈ H ₂₇ B ₁₀ NO ₃	52.28	6.58	3.39	26.14	–	–
XIX	88	155–156	48.69	6.42	3.44	28.50	–	–	C ₁₅ H ₂₃ B ₁₀ NO ₃	48.24	6.21	3.75	28.95	–	–
XX	85	22–23	52.46	7.24	3.03	25.88	–	–	C ₁₈ H ₂₉ B ₁₀ NO ₃	52.03	7.03	3.37	26.02	–	–
XXI	90	167–168	42.65	1.28	11.89	–	20.46	9.04	C ₁₂ H ₅ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₃ S	42.12	1.47	12.28	–	20.72	9.37
XXII	86	137–138	55.41	2.66	8.85	–	15.05	6.62	C ₂₁ H ₁₃ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₃ S	55.03	2.86	9.17	–	15.47	7.00
XXIII	85	144–145	56.20	3.37	8.72	–	14.64	6.42	C ₂₂ H ₁₅ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₃ S	55.94	3.20	8.90	–	15.01	6.79
XXIV	88	124–125	45.87	3.00	6.28	12.86	16.22	7.60	C ₁₆ H ₁₂ FeCl ₂ N ₂ O ₂ S	45.42	2.86	6.62	13.20	16.76	7.58
XXV	88	118–119	26.42	4.24	3.55	18.97	18.99	8.22	C ₈ H ₁₅ B ₁₀ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	26.09	4.11	3.80	29.35	19.25	8.71
XXVI	90	134–135	32.05	5.29	3.04	26.04	16.80	7.17	C ₁₁ H ₂₁ B ₁₀ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	32.19	5.16	3.41	26.34	17.28	7.81
XXVII	87	123–124	32.64	4.40	3.17	26.10	16.95	7.32	C ₁₁ H ₁₉ B ₁₀ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	32.35	4.69	3.43	26.47	17.36	7.85
XXVIII	88	oil	26.43	4.25	3.46	28.88	18.86	8.62	C ₈ H ₁₅ B ₁₀ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	26.09	4.11	3.80	29.35	19.25	8.71
XXIX	86	47–48	32.38	5.24	3.20	25.90	16.99	7.58	C ₁₁ H ₂₁ B ₁₀ Cl ₂ NO ₂ S	32.19	5.16	3.41	26.34	17.28	7.81
XXX	82	119–120	73.81	5.22	9.70	–	–	–	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₂	73.37	5.07	10.07	–	–	–
XXXI	80	135–136	74.19	5.38	9.14	–	–	–	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ N ₂ O ₂	73.95	5.52	9.58	–	–	–
XXXII	77	172–173	59.63	5.15	5.43	22.51	–	–	C ₁₂ H ₁₃ FeNO	59.29	5.39	5.76	22.97	–	–
XXXIII	78	141–142	56.34	5.44	9.02	18.12	–	–	C ₁₄ H ₁₆ FeN ₂ O ₂	56.02	5.37	9.33	18.61	–	–

which may be used without additional purification. Their structure was proved by the elemental analysis (see the table), IR and ^1H NMR spectroscopy.

In the IR spectra of esters **I–XXIX** the following characteristic absorption bands were observed (ν , cm^{-1}): 1766–1729 (C=O, ester, **I–XXIX**), 1784–1778 (C=O, **I**, **XI**, **XXI**); 1230–1210 and 1135–1095 (C–O, **I–XXIX**), 2650–2530 (B–H, **VI–X**, **XVI–XX**, **XXV–XXIX**). The ^1H NMR spectra of esters **I–XXIX** and oximes **XXX–XXXIII** contain the signals corresponding to the structural fragments of these compounds. The synthesized compounds **I–XXXIII** are interesting as potential ligands for metal complexes and objects of biological testing [2, 3, 5].

EXPERIMENTAL

The IR spectra were recorded on a Nicolet Protégé-460 FTIR spectrophotometer from thin layers or KBr pellets. The ^1H NMR spectra were registered on a Tesla BS-587A spectrometer (100 MHz) using CDCl_3 as a solvent and TMS as an internal reference.

Esters I–XXIX. To a mixture of 10 mmol of oxime or alcohol and 10 mmol of anhydrous triethylamine in 50 ml of anhydrous diethyl ether was added in portions 10 mmol of the appropriate isoxazole- or 4,5-dichloro-isothiazolecarboxylic acid chloride. In all cases the reagents ratio was 1:1:1 except for the synthesis of compounds **V**, **XV** (1:2:2). The reaction mixture was kept at 20–23°C for 24 h. The formed precipitate was filtered off, washed successively with ether, water (3×200 ml), and saturated NaHCO_3 solution (3×200 ml). The resulting compounds **I–XXIX** were dried in air at 25–30°C for 2–3 days.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work was supported by the Belarusian Republic Foundation for Basic Research (grants nos. X10Az-001 and X10M-102).

REFERENCES

1. Zhukovskaya, N.A., Dikumar, E.A., Potkin, V.I., Shirokii, V.L., and Petkevich, S.K., *Zh. Obshch. Khim.*, 2009, vol. 79, no. 8, p. 1301.
2. Dikumar, E.A., Zhukovskaya, N.A., Potkin, V.I., Shirokii, V.L., Petkevich, V.L., Yuvchenko, A.P., and Zheldakova, R.A., Book of Abstracts, *Nauchno-prakticheskaya konferentsiya "Biologicheski aktivnye veshchestva: fundamental'nye i prikladnye voprosy polucheniya i primeneniya"* (Scientific-Practical Conf. "Biologically Active Compounds: Fundamental and Applied Problems of Their Synthesis and Practical Use"), Novyi Svet, Ukraine, Kiev: Izd. V.S. Martynyuk, 2009, p. 33.
3. Rudakov, D.A., Dikumar, E.A., Potkin, V.I., Yuvchenko, A.P., Bey, M.P., Kozlov, N.G., Zvereva, T.D., and Zheldakova, R.A., Book of Abstracts, *Nauchno-prakticheskaya konferentsiya "Biologicheski aktivnye veshchestva: fundamental'nye i prikladnye voprosy polucheniya i primeneniya"* (Scientific-Practical Conf. "Biologically Active Compounds: Fundamental and Applied Problems of Their Synthesis and Practical Use"), Novyi Svet, Ukraine, Kiev: Izd. V.S. Martynyuk, 2009, p. 157.
4. Zhukovskaya, N.A., Dikumar, E.A., Zvereva, T.D., Potkin, V.I., Lashitskaya, E.V., and Kurman, P.V., *Vestn. NANBel, Ser. Khim. Nauk*, 2011, no. 2, p. 86.
5. Dikumar, E.A., Potkin, V.I., and Styopin, S.G., *Vestn. Vitebsk. Gos. Tekhnol. Univ.*, 2011, no. 20, p. 132.