## Synthetic Approaches to Pederin. A Synthesis of (±)-Benzoylpedamide

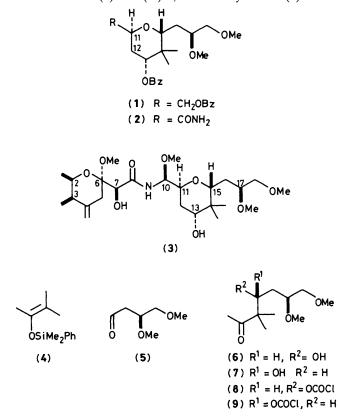
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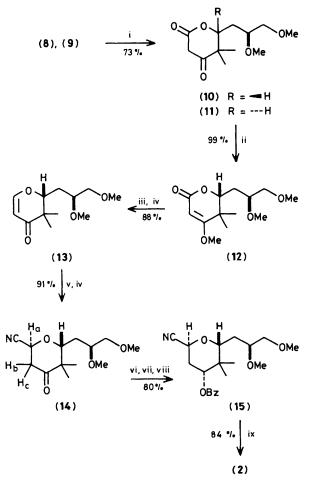
A Lewis acid-catalysed addition of Me<sub>3</sub>SiCN to a 4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyran is a key step in the synthesis of  $(\pm)$ -benzoylpedamide (2).

A disadvantage of recent syntheses of fragments  $(1)^1$  and  $(2)^2$  of the potent insect toxin pederin  $(3)^3$  is the lack of stereocontrol at C(11). We now report a new synthesis of  $(\pm)$ -benzoylpedamide (2) in which the axial carboxamide function was introduced with high stereoselectivity via a Lewis acid-catalysed conjugate addition of Me<sub>3</sub>SiCN to a vinylogous lactone.

The bulk of the carbon skeleton of (2) was constructed from the enol silane (4) and  $(\pm)$ -3,4-dimethoxybutanal (5)<sup>1</sup> via a



Bz = Benzoyl



Scheme 1. Reagents: i, 2.2 equiv.  $Pr_{i_2}NLi-THF$ , -78 °C; ii, MeO-SO<sub>2</sub>OMe,  $K_2CO_3$ -acetone, reflux; iii,  $Bu_{i_2}AlH$ -toluene, -78 °C; iv, aqueous HCl-THF, 20 °C; v, 2 equiv. Me<sub>3</sub>SiCN, 0.1 equiv. BF<sub>3</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, -78 °C; vi, NaBH<sub>4</sub>-EtOH; vii, chromatography on silica gel G (1:9 dioxane-benzene); viii, BzCl-pyridine; ix, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>,  $K_2CO_3$ -EtOH, 20 °C. THF = tetrahydrofuran.

Mukaiyama directed aldol condensation.<sup>4</sup> The stereochemistry of the reaction depended on the Lewis acid and the precise reaction conditions. At best, the desired aldol adduct (6) was obtained as the major diastereoisomer only when the enol silane (4) was added to the bright yellow complex derived by addition of 1—2 equivalents of TiCl<sub>4</sub> to the aldehyde (5) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at -78 °C. With 1 equivalent of TiCl<sub>4</sub> the reaction was complete in 7½ h whereas 2 equivalents effected the same transformation in 1 h. Under these conditions the mixture of diastereoisomers [(6): (7) = 55:45] was obtained in 90% yield.

The stereorandom nature of the directed aldol condensation is surprising in the light of the impressive 1,3asymmetric induction which has been observed<sup>5,6</sup> recently in the TiCl<sub>4</sub>-catalysed addition of enol silanes and other carbon nucleophiles to  $\beta$ -alkoxyaldehydes.

The mixture (6), (7) was converted into the chloroformates (8), (9) in 88% yield in  $CH_2Cl_2$  using 2 equivalents each of phosgene and pyridine. Cyclisation of (8), (9) was achieved in tetrahydrofuran at -78 °C with 2.2 equivalents of lithium di-isopropylamide to give a 73% yield of a mixture of  $\beta$ -keto lactones from which the desired diastereoisomer (10) was separated from the crystalline (11) by trituration in ether followed by filtration. The key intermediate (13) was then derived from (10) by standard transformations (Scheme 1).

Introduction of the axial substituent at C(11) was achieved by reaction of (13) with excess of Me<sub>3</sub>SiCN in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at -78°C in the presence of BF<sub>3</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O (0.1 equiv.) to give an enol silane which was hydrolysed to give the ketonitrile (14) with dilute HCl. The ketonitrile (14) was obtained in 91% yield as a single isomer, the stereochemistry of which was assigned from its <sup>1</sup>H n.m.r. spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): H<sub>a</sub> ( $\delta$  5.175, dd, J<sub>ab</sub> 8, J<sub>ac</sub> 2 Hz); H<sub>b</sub> ( $\delta$  3.070, dd, J<sub>bc</sub> 15.5, J<sub>ba</sub> 8 Hz); H<sub>c</sub> ( $\delta$  2.560, dd, J<sub>cb</sub> 15.5, J<sub>ca</sub> 2 Hz). By using standard transformations (Scheme 1), (14) was converted in 3 steps into (±)-benzoylpedamide (2) (m.p. 150.5–152.5 °C).

The synthesis reported herein provides multigram quantities of (2) from cheap, readily available starting materials. Since the aldehyde (5) is available in chiral form from (S)-(-)-malic acid,<sup>1</sup> the route will also provide chiral (2).

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