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phosphine oxide (4i) can be expected to be interesting bifunctional intermediates for organic synthesis. Enol phosphates have been widely used as an intermediates for the synthesis of alkyl or alkenyl-substituted olefins¹, vinylsilanes², allylsilanes³, allenes⁴, and optically active secondary alcohols⁵. Dialkyl 2-propenephosphonate has been also utilized successfully in olefination⁶ and olefin synthesis by reductive C-P bond cleavage followed by α -alkylation⁷.

Recently, we described the synthesis of dialkyl 2-(alkoxy-phosphinyloxy)alkanephosphonates by the reaction of a mixed reagent of trialkyl phosphite and dialkyl phosphorochloridate with several epoxides in the presence of zinc iodide as a catalyst⁸.

In this paper, we reported the synthesis of 4 by the mixed reagent of trivalent phosphorus oxo acid ester (soft nucleophile) (1) and pentavalent phosphorus oxo acid chloride (hard electrophile) (2) with several α,β -unsaturated aldehydes (3). No product could be obtained from 3-substituted α,β -unsaturated aldehydes or α,β -unsaturated ketones.

$$C_6H_5$$
 P-OCH₃ + C_6H_5 P-CI + $H_2C=CH-C$ H $C_6H_6, ct. 3h$ C_6H_6 C_6H_5 C_6H_5

$$C_6H_5$$
 O $O-P$ C_6H_5 C_6H_5

Dialkyl 3-(dialkoxyphosphinyloxy)-2-alkenephosphonate (4a-h); General Procedure:

To an equimolar mixture of dialkyl phosphorochloridate (2: 20 mmol) and trialkyl phosphite (1: 20 mmol) in benzene (20 ml). $\alpha.\beta$ -unsaturated aldehye (3: 20 mmol) is added with protection from atmospheric moisture during 20 min at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture is heated to reflux and stirred for 3 h. The solvent is then removed and the residue distilled under reduced pressure (Table).

Diphenyl-[3-(diphenylphosphinyloxy)-2-propenyl]phosphine Oxide (4i):

To an equimolar mixture of methyl diphenylphosphinite (5; 4.25 g, 20 mmol) and diphenylphosphinyl chloride (6; 4.32 g, 20 mmol) in benzene (20 ml), 2-propenal (1.12 g, 20 mmol) is added dropwise during 20 min under nitrogen at ambient temperature. The product begins to precipitate. After stirring for 3 h, the precipitate is filtered and recrystallization from benzene gives pure 4i; yield: 7.6 g (83%); m.p. 216–217°C.

Synthesis of Dialkyl 3-(Dialkylphosphinyloxy)-2-alkenephosphonate and Diphenyl-[3-(diphenylphosphinyloxy)-2propenyl]phosphine Oxide

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Dialky! 3-(dialkoxyphosphinyloxy)-2-alkenephosphonates and diphenyl-[3-diphenylphosphinyloxy)-2-propenyl]phosphine oxide were prepared by the reaction of the mixed reagent of trivalent phosphorus oxo acid ester and pentavalent phosphorus oxo acid chloride with several z,β-unsaturated aldehyde.

Dialkyl 3-(dialkoxyphosphinyloxy)-2-alkenephosphonates (4a-h) and diphenyl-[3-(diphenylphosphinyloxy)alkenyl]

Table. Dialkyl 3-(Dialkoxyphosphinyloxy)-2-propenephosphonates 4a-h

Prod- uct	R ¹	R ²	R ³	Yield [%]	b.p. [°C]/torr	Molecular Formula	1 H-NMR (CDCl $_{3}$ /TMS) $^{\mathfrak{h}}$ δ [ppm]
a	CH ₃	C ₂ H ₅	Н	75	155–158°/0.1	$C_9 H_{20} P_2 O_7$ (302.2)	1.36 (t, 6H, $J = 7.1$ Hz); 2.71 (ddd, 2H $J = 21.7$ Hz, 7.8 Hz, 0.7 Hz); 3.75 (d 6H, $J = 11.0$ Hz); 4.18 (quint, 4H, $J = 7.1$ Hz); 4.96 (tdd, 1H, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 7.8 Hz, 2.2 Hz); 6.60 (tdd, 1H, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 11.0 Hz, 0.7 Hz)
b	CH ₃	C ₆ H ₅	H	61	156-165°/0.01	$C_{17}H_{20}P_2O_7$ (398.3)	2.70 (ddd, 2H, <i>J</i> = 22.0 Hz, 7.7 Hz 1.0 Hz); 3.88 (d, 6H, <i>J</i> = 11.6 Hz); 5.10–5.20 (m, 1H); 6.81–6.83 (m, 1H); 7.19–7.32 (m, 10H)
e	C ₂ H ₅	CH ₃	Н	72	153155°/0.1	$C_9H_{20}P_2O_7$ (302.2)	1.33 (t, 6H, $J = 7.0$ Hz); 2.71 (ddd, 2H, $J = 22.0$ Hz, 7.8 Hz, 0.7 Hz); 3.83 (d. 6H, $J = 11.4$ Hz); 4.11 (td, 4H, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 8.1 Hz); 4.98 (tdd, 1H, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 7.8 Hz, 2.2 Hz); 6.58 (tdd, 1H, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 11.0 Hz, 0.7 Hz)
d	C ₂ H ₅	C ₂ H ₅	Н	61	120-122°/0.01	$C_{11}H_{24}P_2O_7$ (330.3)	1.33 (t, 6H, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz); 1.37 (t, 6H, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz); 2.70 (ddd, 2H, <i>J</i> = 21.8 Hz, 7.8 Hz, 0.7 Hz); 4.11 (td, 8H, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 8.1 Hz); 4.95 (tdd, 1H, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 7.8 Hz, 2.2 Hz); 6.58 (tdd, 1H, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 0.7 Hz)
e	C ₂ H ₅	C ₆ H ₅	Н	42	160~16 7 °/0.01	C ₁₉ H ₂₄ P ₂ O ₇ (426.35)	11.7 (t, 6H, $J = 7.5$ Hz); 2.64 (ddd, 2H, $J = 22.0$ Hz, 7.8 Hz, 1.0 Hz); 4.07 (quint, 4H, $J = 7.5$ Hz); 4.92–5.22 (m. 1H); 6.55–6.75 (m, 1H); 7.19–7.40 (m. 10 H)
f	C ₂ H ₅	CH ₃	СН3	54	142 ~145°/0.5	$C_{10}H_{22}P_2O_7$ (316.2)	1.33 (t, 6 H, $J = 7.4$ Hz); 1.78 (d, 3 H, $J = 1.3$ Hz); 2.71 (d, 2 H, $J = 22.7$ Hz). 3.82 (d, 6 H, $J = 11.3$ Hz); 4.12 (quint 4 H, $J = 7.4$ Hz); 6.42 (m, 1 H)
g	C ₂ H ₅	C_2H_5	CH ₃	68	157~160°/0.1	$C_{12}H_{26}F_2O_7$ (344.3)	1.33 (t, 12 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz); 1.77 (d, 3 H. $J = 1.2$ Hz); 2.70 (d, 2 H, $J = 22.5$ Hz); 4.17 (quint, 8 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz); 6.42 (m. 1 H)
h	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	C ₂ H ₅	Н	24	123-126°/0.01	$C_{13}H_{28}F_2O_7$ (358.3)	1.32 (d, 12 H, $J = 6.2$ Hz); 1.36 (t, 6 H, $J = 7.1$ Hz); 2.66 (ddd, 2 H, $J = 21.6$ Hz, 7.7 Hz, 0.7 Hz); 4.18 (quint 4 H, $J = 7.1$ Hz); 4.70 (dd, 1 H, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 6.2 Hz); 4.94 (tdd, 1 H, $J = 12.9$ Hz, 7.7 Hz, 2.5 Hz); 6.58 (tdd 1 H, $J = 12.9$ Hz, 11.0 Hz, 0.7 Hz)

Satisfactory microanalysis obtained: $C \pm 0.29$, $H \pm 0.27$, $P \pm 0.29$.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃/TMS): $\delta = 2.98$ (dd, 2 H, J = 13 8 Hz, 8 Hz); 5.53-5.59 (m, 1 H); 6.45-6.55 (m, 1 H); 7.29-7.75 ppm (m, 20 H).

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