Synthetic Route to Tricyclic Carbon Compounds by Friedel-Crafts Acylation

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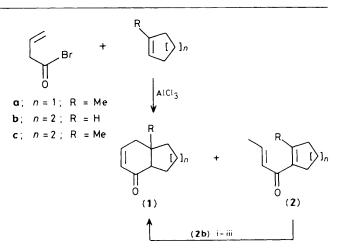
Acylation of cyclohexene by cyclohexenyl- or cyclopentenyl-acetyl chloride gave des-A-11-oxo or des-D-7-oxo steroids.

The total synthesis of steroids remains an active area of research although the aim of the studies and the methods used have changed over the years.¹ Here we propose a one step des-A-11-oxo-steroid (or des-D-7-oxo steroid) synthesis from cyclohexene and cyclopentenylacetyl (or cyclohexenylacetyl) chloride.

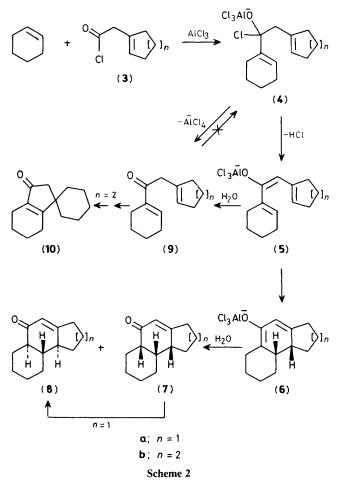
We have previously shown that the Friedel–Crafts acylation of cycloalkenes by vinylacetyl bromide provided a new preparation of octalones (1b) and (1c) or indanones (1a),² but the divinyl ketone (2) was often the major product. A complementary cyclisation of (2b) required trienoxysilane formation followed by heating in toluene³ (overall yield 45%),[†] Scheme 1.

In contrast, cyclohexene acylation using cyclohexenyl- or cyclopentenyl-acetyl chloride⁴ (3) gave the tricyclic ketones (7) and (8) in good yields. In a typical experiment, anhydrous

⁺ All new compounds exhibited satisfactory spectroscopic and exact mass spectroscopic data.



Scheme 1. Reagents: i, Me₃SiCl, Et₃N, dimethylformamide; ii, heat, PhMe; iii, H^+ , H_2O .



AlCl₃ (10 mmol) was stirred at -80 °C with CH₂Cl₂ (25 ml) and (3) (10 mmol) for 15 min. Then cyclohexene (10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 ml) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at

-80 °C and at -20 °C for 16 h and finally hydrolysed [yields: (7a) and (8a) 80%; (7b) and (8b) 60%;⁵ (9b) 30%].

When the condensation of (3b) with cyclohexene was stirred at 0 °C for 12 h, the spiro ketone (10) was isolated [yields were as follows: (9b) 15%; (7b) and (8b) 60%; (10) 25%]. Spiro ketone (10) could result from the Nazarov cyclisation of (9b).⁶

The cyclisation leading to (7) and (8) resulted from the thermal disrotatory electrocyclic path involving enolate (5) to afford *cis*-enolate (6).⁷ The enolate (5) is likely to have arisen from the tetrahedral intermediate (4) and not from the allyl vinyl ketone (9). [We observed that (9) remained unchanged under the reaction conditions (CH₂Cl₂ and AlCl₃), but gave (10) at room temperature].

The des-A-11-oxo steroid was a mixture of two separable isomers (8a) *anti-trans* (major) and (7a) *syn-cis* (minor). By epimerization (by either acid or base catalysis), (7a) led only to (8a).

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