Synthesis of a 17-Deoxy, C-14,15-Dihydro Derivative of the North Spiroketal Moiety of the Cephalostatins. Conversion to a (+)-Trisdecacyclic C_2 Symmetrical **Pyrazine**

Jae Uk Jeong and P. L. Fuchs*

Department of Chemistry, Purdue University West Lafayette, Indiana 47907

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Cephalostatin 1 (Chart 1) is the most potent member of a family of nine trisdecacyclic pyrazines characterized by Pettit.1 These materials are also highly active (10-9-10-10 M) in a substantial proportion of the 60 in vitro screens of the NCI.1d While none of the cephalostatins isolated thus far possesses a C_2 axis of symmetry (cf. unknown "north dimer" 2), cephalostatin 7 (4) is formally derived from 2 by dehydroxylation (to 3) and transketalization (Chart 1). All the known cephalostatins possess the "North" spiroketal moiety. In 1992, we published the syntheses of several simple, steroid-derived C₂ symmetric nonacyclic and trisdecacyclic cephalostatin analogs which possessed modest anti-cancer activity in animal trials (60% inhibition of tumor growth).² Shortly thereafter, Smith and Heathcock prepared additional symmetrical analogs and provided a specific protocol for the construction of unsymmetrical pyrazines.³ This latter advance enables subsequent syntheses to target the north and south segments of cephalostatin with the expectation of unification late in the synthesis.

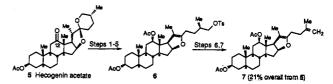
As a prelude to the synthesis of symmetrical dimer 2, we report the synthesis of 31, the 17-deoxy, C-14,15-dihydro derivative of 2. Synthesis of the key 27-carbon pentacyclic superstructure 74 for spirocyclization studies is shown in Scheme 1.5

Reaction of 7 with TFAA-activated DMSO6 or phenyl methyl sulfoxide provides the C-23 trifluoroacetates $9\alpha/9\beta$, which were hydrolyzed to $10\alpha^4$ and $10\beta^4$ (C-23 stereochemistry assigned by X-ray). MnO₂ oxidation of either 10α or 10β gave the C-23 ketone 124 (not shown) in high yield. Further supplies of alcohol 10α were secured through Mitsunobu inversion⁸ of 10β using $ClCH_2CO_2H$, providing chloroacetate $13\alpha^4$ (not shown), which was cleaved to alcohol $10\alpha^4$ using the protocol of Cook and Maichuk.¹⁰ Protection¹¹ of 10α afforded the C-23 silyl ether $11\alpha^4$ in 99% yield (Scheme 2).

Double stereoselection was required for meaningful specificity in the osmylation of olefin 11α .¹² Reaction of 11α with osmium

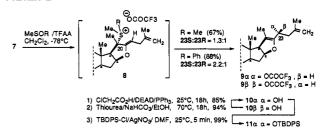
- (1) (a) Pettit, G. R.; Inoue, M.; Kamano, Y.; Herald, D. L.; Arm, C.; Dufresne, C.; Christie, N. D.; Schmidt, J. M.; Doubek, D. L.; Krupa, T. S. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1988, 110, 2006. (b) Pettit, G. R.; Inoue, M.; Kamano, Y.; Dufresne, C.; Christie, N.; Niven, M. L.; Herald, D. L. Chem. Commun. 1: Burresne, C.; Christie, N.; Iniven, M. L.; Herald, D. L. Chem. Commun. 1988, 865. (c) Pettit, G. R.; Inoue, M.; Kamano, Y.; Dufresne, C.; Christie, N.; Niven, M. L.; Herald, D. L. Chem. Commun. 1988, 1140. (d) Pettit, G. R.; Kamano, Y.; Inoue, M.; Dufresne, C.; Boyd, M. R.; Herald, C. L.; Schmidt, J. M.; Doubek, D. L.; Christie, N. D. J. Org. Chem. 1992, 57, 429. (2) Pan, Y.; Merriman, R. L.; Tanzer, L. R.; Fuchs, P. L. Biomol. Chem.
- (3) Smith, S. C.; Heathcock, C. H. J. Org. Chem. 1992, 57, 6379
- 4) All new materials were fully characterized. Copies of proton and carbon NMR spectra may be found in the supplementary information.
- (5) Ring opening of spiroketal 5 is based upon the general method of Micovic and Piatak (see: Synthesis 1990, 591)
- (6) (a) Suryawanshi, S. N.; Fuchs, P. L. J. Org. Chem. 1986, 51, 902. (b) Jain, S.; Shukla, K.; Mukhopadhyay, A.; Suryawanshi, S. N.; Bhakuni, D. S. Synth. Commun. 1990, 20, 1315.
- (7) Full X-ray data on compounds 10β, 17H, 19H, and 22α can be obtained from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 Union Road, Cambridge, CB2 1EZ, UK. Tel. 44-223-336408. Fax 44-223-336033.
 - (8) Review: Mitsunobu, O. Synthesis 1981, 1.
- (9) Saîah, M.; Bessodes, M.; Antonakis, K. Tetrahedron Lett. 1992, 4317. (10) (a) Cook, A.; Maichuk, D. J. Org. Chem. 1970, 35, 1940. (b) Naruto,
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 (11) Hardinger, S. A.; Wijaya, N. Tetrahedron Lett. 1993, 34, 3821.
- (12) See the supplementary information for an extended discussion of this reaction, complete with an additional data table.

Scheme 1s

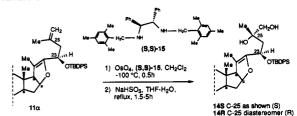


^a DIBAH, THF, -78 °C, 0.2 h (β : α = 9:1; 80% β recovery); (2) Ac₂O, DMAP, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂, O °C, 1.5 h (90%); (3) Py·HCl, (Cl₂CHCO)₂O, xylene, 150-155 °C, 0.5 h (70%); (4) acetone-H₂O, Na₂CO₃, 25 °C, 14 h; (5) TsCl, pyridine, 0 °C, 5 h (steps 4 and 5, 58%); (6) PhSeSePh, NaBH₄, EtOH, reflux, 1.5 h (89%); (7) mCPBA, THF, Na₂CO₃, 25 °C, 24 h (80%).

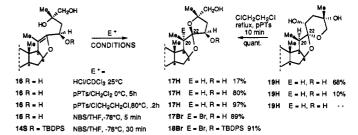
Scheme 2



Scheme 3



Scheme 4



tetroxide in the presence of (S,S)-15¹³ afforded a 98% yield of 14S/14R in a ratio of 7.7:1 (Scheme 3).

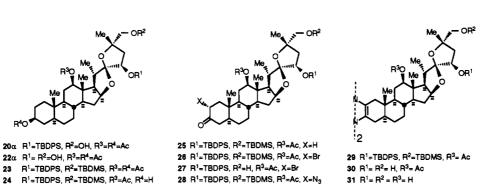
Cyclization of silyl ether diol 14S under acidic conditions was not productive, but triol 164 (95% from 14S, 2.0 equiv TBAF, 25 °C, 3 h) underwent cyclization to provide spiroketals 17H^{4,7} and 19H,^{4,7} both bearing the "unnatural" β -methyl configuration at C-20.7 Acid-catalyzed C-20 equilibration of the spiroketals was unsuccessful, but 6/5 spiroketal 19H could be quantitatively isomerized to 17H. NBS-mediated cyclizations exclusively afforded C-20 brominated 5/5 spiroketals 17Br4 and 18Br4 (Scheme 4).

Reaction of 17Br with n-Bu₃SnH only generated 17H, but treatment of 18Br with triphenyltin hydride provides a 4.2:1 mixture of $20\alpha/20\beta$ in essentially quantitative yield without a trace of olefin 21 (formed in 10% yield using n-Bu₃SnH at 80 °C) (Scheme 5).¹² The stereochemistry 20α was proven by X-ray examination of derivative 22α .^{4,7}

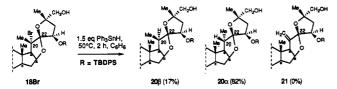
^{(13) (}a) Corey, E. J.; Jardine, P. D.; Virgil, S.; Yuen, P.-W.; Connell, R. D. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1989, 111, 9243. (b) Corey, E. J.; Lotto, G. I. Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 2665. (c) Wu, Y.; Wang, Y.; Houk, K. J. Org. Chem. 1992, 57,

Chart 1

Chart 2



Scheme 5



Completion of the synthesis of 31 involved reaction of 20α with (TBDMS-Cl, imidazole, DMF, 25 °C, 1 h)¹⁴ to generate the C-26 silyl ether 23,⁴ which was hydrolyzed to C-3 alcohol 24⁴ using KHCO₃ in methanol-water at reflux for 3 h. Oxidation of crude 24 using the Brown-Jones oxidation¹⁵ afforded ketone 25⁴ in 80% for the three steps. Subsequent reaction of 25 with PTAB in THF at 0 °C for 0.25 h provided bromide 26⁴ in 76% yield. This reaction also produced 14% of the C-26 desilylated monobromide 27⁴ accompanied by 7% of the 2,2-dibromoketone (not shown). Application of the existing methodology² to bromide 26 provided azide 28⁴ in 93% yield. Reduction of 28 with triphenyltin hydride (2.0 equiv) in benzene at reflux for 1.5 h followed by removal of the tin residues with KF¹⁶ and cyclization

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of the resultant α -aminoketone using pPTs in chloroform³ at 25 °C for 2 h produced fully-protected trisdecacyclic pyrazine 29⁴ in 79% yield along with 17% of deazidoketone 25. Simultaneous cleavage of both the C-23 and the C-26 silyl moieties with TBAF in THF at 65 °C for 6 h gave diacetate 30⁴ (96%). Final hydrolysis of the C-12 ester groups delivered the target pyrazine 31⁵ {[α]²⁵ = +5.4° (c = 0.003, CH₃OH), mp 306 °C dec.} in 98% yield, making the total overall yield 5% from hecogenin acetate 5 (Chart 2). Pharmacological evaluation of these materials is currently underway and will be reported in due course.

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Supplementary Material Available: Extended discussion of the chemistry of Schemes 3 and 5, copies of proton and carbon spectra for all new compounds, and tabulated spectral data (59 pages). This material is contained in many libraries on microfiche, immediately follows this article in the microfilm version of the journal, and can be ordered from the ACS; see any current masthead page for ordering information.

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