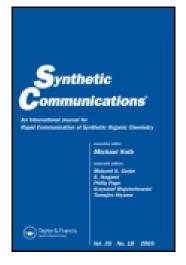
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# A Novel Synthesis of Thiazoles and Thiazolopyridines Using N-Cyanoacetoarylsulfonylhydrazides

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# ABSTRACT

A novel and efficient method for the synthesis of a new variety of 2-(*N*-acetoarylsulfonylhydrazide)-2-thiazolin-4-ones and their corresponding thiazolo[2,3-a]pyridines by the reaction of *N*-cyanoaceto-arylsulphonylhydrazides with thioglycolic acid. The synthetic potential of the method is demonstrated.

We have previously reported several new approaches for the synthesis of azolopyridines and azolopyrimidines utilizing the 2-substituted methyl azolyl derivatives as starting materials.<sup>[1–7]</sup> In conjunction of this work we report here on the utility of reactions of *N*-cyanoacetoarylsulphonyl-

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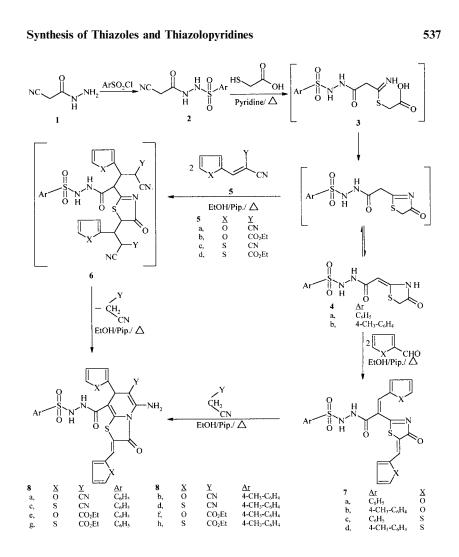
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hydrazides with thioglycolic acid for the synthesis of 2-(N-acetoarylsulfonylhydrazide)-2-thiazolin-4-ones. Moreover, the scope and limitation of our procedure for the synthesis of thiazoles are also reported. Thus, it has been found that N-cyanoacetoarylsulphonyl-hydrazides 2 react with thioglycolic acid in refluxing pyridine for 3h to give the condensation products 4 by water elimination. The analytical data for the product 4a revealed a molecular formula  $C_{11}H_{11}N_3S_2O_4$  (M<sup>+</sup> 313). Two tautomeric structures were considered in solutions. The structure of the 2-functionally substituted methyl-2-thiazolin-4-one form was readily ruled out based on <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectra, which revealed one proton signal at  $\delta = 5.49$  ppm. This signal can be only interpreted in terms of the 2-substituted methylidine form. The formation of 4 by the reaction of compound 2 with thioglycolic acid is assumed to proceed via the intermediacy of 3, which formed by addition of thioglycolic acid to the cyano group in compound 2. Compound 4 bearing latent functional substituents were found useful to synthesize its fused ring derivatives. Thus, compound 4 readily reacted with furan-2-al or thiophen-2-al in refluxing ethanol containing a catalytic amount of piperidine in a 1:2 molar ratio to give the corresponding difuranylidene and dithiophenylidene derivatives 7a-d. The structures of 7 were established on the basis of elemental analysis and spectral data (MS, IR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR). Compound 4 reacted with 2-β-cyanoethylenefuran derivatives 5a,b and 2-β-cyanoethylene-thiophene derivatives 5c,d to yield products for which the 5-amino-8-(N-formamidoarylsulfonylhydrazid)-7H-thiazolo[2,3-a]pyridine structure 8 were assigned. Each structure of 8 was confirmed on the basis of elemental analysis and spectral data (IR, MS, <sup>1</sup>HNMR). Thus, analytical data for compound 8a revealed a molecular formula  $C_{24}H_{17}N_5O_6S_2$  (M<sup>+</sup> 535). The <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectrum of **8a** revealed a signal at 5.00 ppm assignable to a pyridine H-4 and three broad signals at  $\delta = 6.33$ , 10.60 and 12.00 ppm assignable to the NH<sub>2</sub> group and two NH groups, respectively. Moreover, the IR spectrum revealed the presence of two carbonyl groups at 1710 and 1680 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The formation of 8 by the reaction of 4 with 5 may be assumed to proceed via formation of 1:2 Michael adduct intermediates 6, which cyclize with loss of malononitrile or ethyl cyanoacetate to give compounds 8. Compounds 8 could also be obtained via direct reaction of 7 with malononitrile or ethyl cyanoacetate in refluxing ethanol containing catalytic amounts of piperidine.

In summary, we have achieved a regiospecific synthesis of interesting 2-(*N*-acetoarylsulfonylhydrazide)-2-thiazolin-4-ones and their corresponding thiazolo[2,3-a]pyridine derivatives using the reaction of *N*-cyanoacetosulphonylhydrazides with thioglycolic acid.

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# **EXPERIMENTAL**

All melting points are uncorrected. IR spectra were obtained (KBr disk) on a Perkin Elmer 11650 FT-IR instrument. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were measured on a Varian 400 MHz spectrometer for solutions in  $(CD_3)_2$  SO using Si $(CH_3 \hat{y})_4$  as an internal standard. Mass spectra were recorded on a Varian MAT 112 spectrometer. Analytical data were obtained from the Microanalytical Data Center at Cairo University.

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# 2-(N-Acetoarylsulphonylhydrazide)-2-thiazolin-4-ones (4a,b)

# General procedure

A mixture of an equimolar amounts of *N*-cyanoacetoaryl-sulphonylhydrazides **2** and mercaptoacetic acid was refluxed in pyridine solution for 3 h. The reaction mixture was then cooled, poured over ice-water mixture and neutralized with dil. HCl solution. The formed solid product was filtered off and recrystallized from ethanol.

**4a:** White (50%), m.p. 270°C,  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  (KBr) 3454, 3055 (NH), 1736 (CO) and 1680 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta$  = 3.62 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.49 (s, 1H, CH), 7.55–7.80 (m, 5H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 9.70 (s, br, 1H, NH), 9.80 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.37 (s, br, 1H, NH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (DMSO)  $\delta$  = 31.98 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 89.07 (CH), 127.57–132.85 (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 140.00 (C-2), 165.51 (CO) and 174.07 (CO); *m*/*z* 313 (Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: C, 42.17; H, 3.51; N, 13.42; S, 20.45. Found: C, 41.7; H, 3.1; N, 13.6; S, 20.8%). **4b**: White (55%), m.p. 240°C,  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  (KBr) 3564, 3228 (NH), 1707 (CO) and 1655 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta$  = 2.38 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.63 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.49 (s, 1H, CH), 7.35–7.68 (m, 4H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 9.60 (s, br, 1H, NH), 9.70 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.35 (s, br, 1H, NH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (DMSO)  $\delta$  = 21.06 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 31.98 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 89.16 (CH), 127.63–129.30 (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 142.55 (C-2), 165.52 (CO), 174.06 (CO); *m*/*z* 327 (Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: C, 44.04; H, 3.98; N, 12.84; S, 19.57. Found: C, 43.8; H, 3.5; N, 13.1; S, 20.9%).

# 2,5-Difuranylidene- and Dithiophenylidene-thiazolin-4-ones (7a-d)

#### General procedure

A mixture of 2-(*N*-acetoarylsulphonylhydrazid)-2-thiazoline-4-ones **4** (0.01 mole) and furan-2-al or thiophen-2-al (0.02 mole) was refluxed for 1 h in ethanol solution containing the catalytic amount of pipridine. The reaction mixture was cooled and the formed solid product was filtered off and recrystallized from the appropriate solvent.

**7a:** yellow, m.p. 160–162°C (from EtOH) yield (80%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3330, 3200 (NH), 1705 (CO) and 1670 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 7.61-8.52$  (m, 13H, 2 ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 9.68 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 10.60 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (469), Calcd: C, 53.73; H, 3.20; N, 8.96; S, 13.65. Found: C, 53.6; H, 3.3; N, 9.1; S, 13.2%. **7b:** yellow, m.p. >290°C (from EtOH) yield (78%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3220, 3100 (NH), 1710 (CO) and 1670 (CO); NI-

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<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 2.38$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.65–8.42 (m, 12H, ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 9.60 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.30 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (483), Calcd: C, 54.66; H, 3.52; N, 8.70; S, 13.25. Found: C, 54.8; H, 3.4; N, 9.0; S, 13.0%. **7c**: yellow, m.p 150–152°C (from EtOH); yield (85%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3360, 3270 (NH), 1715 (CO) and 1690 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta =$  7.44–8.42 (m, 13H, 2 ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 9.00 (s, br, 1H, NH), and 10.40 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (437), Calcd: C, 57.67; H, 3.43; N, 9.61; S, 29.29. Found: C, 57.5; H, 3.4; N, 9.2; S, 29.0%. **7d**: yellow, m.p 164–166°C (from EtOH), yield (89%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3380, 2780 (NH), 1700 (CO) and 1660 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 2.30$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.28–8.39 (m, 12H, 2 ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 9.00 (s, br, 1H, NH), and 10.40 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (515), Calcd: C, 51.26; H, 3.30; N, 8.16; S, 24.85. Found: C, 51.5; H, 3.7; N, 8.0; S, 24.6%.

# 5-Amino-8-(*N*-formamidoarylsulfonylhydrazid)-3-oxo-2,3dihydro-7*H*-thiazolo[2,3-a]pyridines (8a-h)

General Procedure

Method (A): A mixture of 2-(*N*-acetoarylsulphonylhydrazid)-2-thiazolin-4-ones **4** (0.01 mol) and 2- $\beta$ -cyanoethylenefuran derivatives **5a**,**b** or 2- $\beta$ -cyanoethylenethiophen derivatives **5c**,**d** (0.02 mol) was refluxed in ethanol solution containing a catalytic amount of pipridine for 1 h. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solid product was filtered off and recrystallized from the appropriate solvent.

**Method (B):** A mixture of 2,5-difuranylidene- or dithiophenylidenethiazolin-4-ones 7 (0.01 mol) and malononitril or ethyl cyanoacetate (0.01 mol) was refluxed in ethanol solution containing the catalytic amount of pipridine for 1 h. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solid product was filtered off and recrystallized from the appropriate solvent.

**8a:** yellow, m.p. 228–230°C (from EtOH) yield (73%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3320 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2210 (CN), 1680 (CO), 1710 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 5.00$  (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.33 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.19–7.62 (m, 12H, ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 10.60 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 12.00 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (535), Calcd: C, 53.83; H, 3.24; N, 13.08; S, 11.96. Found: C, 54.0; H, 3.5; N, 13.3; S, 11.5%. **8b:** yellow, m.p. 186–188°C (from EtOH) yield HY-

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(81%); IR (KBr disc) v<sub>max</sub>/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3400, 3300 and 3200 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2210 (CN), 1720 (CO) and 1680 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 3.32$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.89 (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.55 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.19-7.62 (m, 11H, ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 10.82 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 12.2 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (549), Calcd: C, 54.64; H, 3.46; N, 12.75. Found: C, 54.2; H, 3.4; N, 15.1%. 8c: yellow, m.p. >300°C (from EtOH) yield (75%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3400, 3320 and 3210 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2205 (CN), 1730 (CO) and 1680 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 5.10$  (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.45 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.39-7.49 (m, 12H, ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 8.06 (m, 1H, NH), 10.87 (s, 1H, NH); C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (567), Calcd: C, 50.79; H, 3.00; N, 12.35; S, 22.57. Found: C, 50.9; H, 2.9; N, 12.5; S, 22.4%. 8d: yellow, m.p. 180°C (from EtOH) yield (70%); IR (KBr disc)  $v_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3390, 3300 and 3200 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2195 (CN), 1730 (CO) and 1650 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 2.30$  (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.00 (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.53 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.00–8.11 (m, 11H, ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and  $C_6H_4$ ), 8.88 (m, 1H, NH), 9.87 (s, 1H, NH);  $C_{25}H_{19}N_5O_4S_4$  (581), Calcd: C, 51.64; H, 3.27; N, 12.05; S, 22.03. Found: C, 51.5; H, 3.7; N, 12.2; S, 22.0%. 8e: yellow, m.p. >300°C (from EtOH) yield (85%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$ 3410, 3320–3200 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2195 (CN), 1730 (CO) and 1650 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR  $(DMSO) \delta = 1.09 (t, 3H, CH_3), 3.48 (q, 2H, CH_2), 5.20 (s, 1H, pyridine)$ H-4), 6.77 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.26-8.36 (m, 12H, ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 10.79 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 12.45 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (582), Calcd: C, 53.61; H, 3.78; N, 9.62; S, 11.00. Found: C, 53.9; H, 4.1; N, 10.0; S, 11.0%. 8f: yellow, m.p 198-200°C (from EtOH) yield (88%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3410, 3320 and 3200 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2195 (CN), 1730 (CO) and 1650 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 1.09$ (t, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.28 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.48 (q, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.18 (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.80 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.11-8.08 (m, 11H, ylidenic CH, 2 furan H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 10.50 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.00 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (596), Calcd: C, 54.36; H, 4.03; N, 9.40; S, 10.74. Found: C, 53.9; H, 4.0; N, 9.5; S, 10.5%. 8g: yellow, m.p. 148°C (from EtOH) yield (66%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}3370$ , 3300 and 3200 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2210 (CN), 1720 (CO) and 1670 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 0.99$  (t, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.88 (q, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.99 (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.78 (s, br, 2H,  $NH_2$ ), 7.07–8.00 (m, 12H, ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and  $C_6H_5$ ), 10.77 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.08 (s, br, 1H, NH); C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (614), Calcd: C, 50.81; H, 3.58; N, 9.12; S, 20.85. Found: C, 50.9; H, 4.0; N, 9.4; S, 20.5%. 8h: yellow, m.p 190–192°C (from EtOH) yield (72%); IR (KBr disc)  $\nu_{max}/cm^{-1}$  3380, 3310 and 3260 (NH<sub>2</sub>), 2195 (CN), 1730 (CO) and 1650 (CO); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO)  $\delta = 1.11$  (t, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.30 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.69 (q, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.00 (s, 1H, pyridine H-4), 6.48 (s, br, 2H, NH<sub>2</sub>),

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7.00–8.22 (m, 11H, ylidenic CH, 2 thiophene H-3,4,5 and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 10.98 (s, br, 1H, NH) and 11.34 (s, br, 1H, NH);  $C_{27}H_{24}N_4O_6S_4$  (628), Calcd: C, 51.59; H, 3.82; N, 8.91; S, 20.38. Found: C, 51.6; H, 3.9; N, 8.5; S, 20.0%.

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