## SHORT COMMUNICATIONS Synthesis of 2-(2,5-Dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl Carboxylates

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It is known that compounds containing a  $\gamma$ -lactone ring exhibit a broad spectrum of biological activity [1]. In order to obtain new  $\gamma$ -lactone derivatives containing other pharmacophoric structural fragments we examined the reaction of 3-(2-bromoacetyl)-4,5,5-trialkylfuran-2(5H)-ones IIa and IIb with a number of functionally substituted carboxylic acids. Initial bromoacetylfuranones IIa and IIb were synthesized by bromination of 3-acetyl derivatives Ia and Ib [2] with bromine in glacial acetic acid at room temperature (Scheme 1). Molecules Ia and Ib possess two reaction centers capable of reacting with bromine, acetyl group on  $C^3$  and endocyclic double C=C bond. In the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of the products we observed signals at  $\delta$  4.52 (IIa) and 4.54 ppm (IIb) which are typical of BrCH<sub>2</sub> protons; this means that the bromination occurred at the acetyl group.



Molecules of some medicines, e.g., nifedipine, furazolidone, and ergocalciferol (vitamin  $D_2$ ), contain nitrophenyl, furyl, and vinyl fragments [3]. On the other hand, the importance of amino acid derivatives as biologically active substances is beyond doubt. Therefore, as functionally substituted carboxylic acids we used 4-nitrobenzoic, 3-(2-furyl)acrylic, 4-methoxycinnamic, and N-substituted amino acids. The reactions of compounds **IIa** and **IIb** with functionalized carboxylic acids were carried out in boiling acetone in the presence of triethylamine. On the basis of spectral data, the products were assigned the structure of 2-oxo-2-(2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl carbox-ylates **IIIa–IIIr** (Scheme 2).



III,  $R^3 = 4-O_2NC_6H_4$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(a)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(b)$ ;  $R^3 = 4-MeOC_6H_4CH=CH$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(c)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(d)$ ;  $R^3 = 2$ -FuCH=CH,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(e)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(f)$ ;  $R^3 = 4$ -MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH=C(NHAc),  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(g)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(h)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Gly-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(i)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(j)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Ala-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(k)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(h)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Ala-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Ala-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Ala-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Ala-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = Phth-Met-$ ,  $R^1 = R^2 = Me(m)$ ,  $R^1R^2 = (CH_2)_5(n)$ ;  $R^3CO = R^2$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO = R^3CO$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO = R^3CO$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO = R^3CO$ ,  $R^3CO = R^3CO$ 

Esters **IIIa–IIIr** were tested for antibacterial activity according to the procedure described in [4]. All these compounds displayed a moderate antibacterial activity; however, the activity of **IIIj**, **IIII**, and **IIIm** approached or even exceeded that of furazolidone used as control.

Thus, our results indicate that 2-oxo-2-(2-oxo-2,5dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl esters derived from functionalized carboxylic acids are promising as potential antibacterial agents.

**3-(2-Bromoacetyl)-4,5,5-trialkylfuran-2(5H)ones IIa and IIb (***general procedure***).** Compound **Ia** or **Ib**, 0.018 mol, was dissolved in 20 ml of glacial acetic acid containing one drop of 48% hydrobromic acid, and 0.027 mol of bromine was added dropwise under stirring at such a rate that the temperature did not exceed 20°C. The mixture was then stirred for 30 min, diluted with 30 ml of water, and extracted with chloroform ( $3 \times 20$  ml), and the extract was washed with water ( $3 \times 20$  ml), dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated.

**3-(2-Bromoacetyl)-4,5,5-trimethylfuran-2(5***H***)one (IIa). Yield 91%, yellow–green oily substance, R\_f 0.77. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1765 (C=O, lactone), 1690 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, \delta, ppm: 1.52 s (6H, 5-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.36 s (3H, 4-CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.52 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Br). Found, %: C 43.45; H 4.27; Br 32.55. C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>BrO<sub>3</sub>. Calculated, %: C 43.75; H 4.49; Br 32.34.** 

**3-(2-Bromoacetyl)-4-methyl-5,5-pentamethylenefuran-2(5***H***)-one (IIb). Yield 96%, yellow-brown oily substance, R\_f 0.81. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1770 (C=O, lactone), 1695 (C=O, ketone), 1620 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, \delta, ppm: 1.86–1.28 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.38 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.54 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Br). Found, %: C 50.33; H 5.01; Br 27.91. C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrO<sub>3</sub>. Calculated, %: C 50.19; H 5.27; Br 27.83.** 

2-Oxo-2-(2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl carboxylates IIIa–IIIr (general procedure). A mixture of 4 mmol of the corresponding carboxylic acid, 4 mmol of compound IIa or IIb, and 4 mmol of triethylamine in 10 ml of anhydrous acetone was heated for 2–5 h under reflux. The mixture was cooled, diluted with 30 ml of water, and extracted with chloroform ( $3 \times 20$  ml), the extract was washed with a dilute aqueous solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and with water, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated, and the residue was reprecipitated from acetone–hexane, 1:4.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 4-nitrobenzoate (IIIa).** Yield 88%, mp 176–178°C,  $R_f$  0.81. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1740 (C=O, lactone), 1710 (C=O, ester), 1640 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C), 1540 (NO<sub>2</sub>), 1500 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.44 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.12 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.50 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 8.50–8.00 q (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 55.95; H 4.82; N 4.45. C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 56.07; H 4.70; N 4.35.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 4-nitrobenzoate (IIIb).** Yield 68%, mp 153–155°C,  $R_f$  0.63. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1753 (C=O, lactone), 1720 (C=O, ester), 1655 (C=O, ketone), 1615 (C=C), 1527 (NO<sub>2</sub>), 1480 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.88–1.26 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.40 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.60 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 8.46–8.00 q (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 66.80; H 5.44; N 3.98. C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>. Calculated, %: C 66.65; H 5.89; N 4.09.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate** (IIIc). Yield 70%, mp 120–122°C,  $R_f$  0.51. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1760 (C=O, lactone), 1740 (C=O, ester), 1670 (CH=CH), 1615 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C), 1580 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.64 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.32 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.70 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>O), 4.58 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 7.70–6.65 m (6H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH=CH). Found, %: C 63.93; H 5.74. C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. Calculated, %: C 64.14; H 5.69.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (IIId).** Yield 60%, mp 158–160°C,  $R_f$  0.61. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1757 (C=O, lactone), 1720 (C=O, ester), 1630 (CH=CH), 1618 (C=C), 1602 (C=O, ketone), 1590 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.84–1.24 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.38 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.80 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>O), 4.60 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 7.80–6.82 m (6H, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH=CH). Found, %: C 68.99; H 6.05. C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>. Calculated, %: C 68.74; H 6.29.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 3-(2-furyl)prop-2-enoate (IIIe).** Yield 90%, mp 138–140°C,  $R_f$  0.47. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3180–3140 (C–H, furyl), 1745 (C=O, lactone), 1720 (C=O, ester), 1630 (C=O, ketone), 1615 (C=C), 1600 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.55 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.22 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.40 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.30 d and 6.52 d (1H each, CH=CH), 7.90–7.30 m (3H, Fu). Found, %: C 62.98; H 5.34. C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>6</sub>. Calculated, %: C 63.15; H 5.29.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 3-(2-furyl)prop-2-enoate** (IIIf). Yield 62%, mp 149–151°C,  $R_{\rm f}$  0.58. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 2990–2975 (C–H, furyl), 1755 (C=O, lactone), 1725 (C=O, ester), 1625 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C), 1605 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.88– 1.24 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.44 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.52 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.38 d and 6.60 d (1H each, CH=CH), 7.80– 7.20 m (3H, Fu). Found, %: C 66.44; H 5.66. C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>6</sub>. Calculated, %: C 66.27; H 5.85.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 2-acetamido-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (IIIg).** Yield 75%, mp 91–93°C,  $R_f$  0.68. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3370, 3310 (NH), 1670 (C=O, amide), 1755 (C=O, lactone), 1735 (C=O, ester), 1630 (C=O, ketone), 1615 (C=CH), 1610 (C=C), 1520 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.62 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.15 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 2.35 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.75 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>O), 4.54 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 7.33 s (1H, CH=), 7.70–6.75 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>), 9.15 s (1H, NH). Found, %: C 62.44; H 5.85; N 3.27.  $C_{21}H_{23}NO_7$ . Calculated, %: C 62.83; H 5.77; N 3.48.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 2-acetamido-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (IIIh).** Yield 72%, mp 123–125°C,  $R_f$  0.56. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3300 (NH), 1690 (C=O, amide), 1753 (C=O, lactone), 1710 (C=O, ester), 1630 (C=O, ketone), 1615 (C=C), 1610 (CH=C), 1510 (C=C<sub>arom</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.24–1.84 m (10H, (CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.06 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 2.38 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.82 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>O), 4.60 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 7.20 d (1H, CH=), 7.64–6.84 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>), 9.32 s (1H, NH). Found, %: C 65.45; H 5.99; N 3.35. C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 65.29; H 6.16; N 3.17.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-<b>2-yl)acetate (IIIi).** Yield 71%, mp 135–136°C,  $R_f$  0.81. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1740 (C=O, lactone), 1710 (C=O, ester), 1650 (C=O, imide), 1640 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.62 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.24 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.44 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.17 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 7.90–7.75 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 61.14; H 4.88; N 3.45. C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 61.45; H 4.61; N 3.77.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-2-yl)acetate (IIIj). Yield 82%, mp 157– 159°C, R\_f 0.70. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1749 (C=O, lactone), 1722 (C=O, ester), 1655 (C=O, imide), 1621 (C=O, ketone), 1608 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, \delta, ppm: 1.86–1.24 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.38 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.50 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.22 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 7.96–7.80 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 64.38; H 5.07; N 3.52. C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 64.23; H 5.15; N 3.40.** 

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-<b>2-yl)propionate (IIIk).** Yield 85%, mp 88–89°C,  $R_f$  0.80. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1750 (C=O, lactone), 1715 (C=O, ester), 1655 (C=O, imide), 1650 (C=O, ketone), 1615 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.18 d (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.58 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.35 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.50 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.95 q (1H, CH), 8.10–7.78 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 62.09; H 5.05; N 3.33. C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 62.33; H 4.97; N 3.63.

2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-isoindol-2-yl)propionate (IIII). Yield 73%, mp 141–143°C,  $R_f$  0.72. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1753

(C=O, lactone), 1717 (C=O, ester), 1650 (C=O, imide), 1620 (C=O, ketone), 1612 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.12 d (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.84–1.26 m (10H, (CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.44 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.58 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.00 q (1H, CH), 8.00–7.80 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 65.10; H 5.22; N 3.38. C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 64.93; H 5.45; N 3.29.

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 3-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-<b>2-yl)propionate (IIIm).** Yield 71%, mp 57–58°C,  $R_f$  0.83. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1755 (C=O, lactone), 1735 (C=O, ester), 1650 (C=O, imide), 1630 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 1.57 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.38 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.55 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.40 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 8.15–7.75 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 62.15; H 5.14; N 3.48. C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 62.33; H 4.97; N 3.63.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 3-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-2-yl)propionate (IIIn). Yield 70%, mp 151–153°C, R\_f 0.68. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1753 (C=O, lactone), 1717 (C=O, ester), 1645 (C=O, imide), 1618 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: 1.86–1.24 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.42 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.60 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.92 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.46 q (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 8.00–7.70 m (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 65.14; H 5.38; N 3.38. C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 64.93; H 5.45; N 3.29.** 

**2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-<b>2-yl)-3-methylbutanoate (IIIo).** Yield 79%, mp 79– 80°C,  $R_f$  0.81. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1745 (C=O, lactone), 1720 (C=O, ester), 1645 (C=O, imide), 1630 (C=O, ketone), 1605 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 0.86 d (6H, **Me**<sub>2</sub>CH), 1.68 s (6H, 5-Me), 1.80 m (1H, Me<sub>2</sub>CH), 2.35 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.44 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.58 d (1H, CHN), 8.20–7.70 q (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 63.66; H 5.88; N 3.21. C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 63.91; H 5.61; N 3.39.

**2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-2-yl)-3-methylbutanoate (IIIp). Yield 76%, mp 164–165°C, R\_f 0.65. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1749 (C=O, lactone), 1720 (C=O, ester), 1660 (C=O, imide), 1614 (C=O, ketone), 1605 (C=C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum, δ, ppm: 0.80 d (6H, <b>Me**<sub>2</sub>CH), 1.84–1.26 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.90 m (1H, Me<sub>2</sub>CH), 2.40 s (3H, 4-Me), 4.58 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.60 d (1H, CHN), 8.00–7.70 q (4H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 66.43; H 5.78; N 3.25. C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>. Calculated, %: C 66.21; H 6.00; N 3.09. **2-Oxo-2-(4,5,5-trimethyl-2-oxo-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)ethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1***H***-isoindol-<b>2-yl)-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoate (IIIq).** Yield 83%, mp 66–67°C,  $R_f$  0.80. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1750 (C=O, lactone), 1730 (C=O, ester), 1650 (C=O, imide), 1625 (C=O, ketone), 1610 (C=C), 1450 (C–S). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 0.95 q (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH), 1.62 s (6H, 5-Me), 2.42 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.52 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>S), 4.45 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>S), 4.52 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.12 t (1H, CH), 8.00–7.70 q (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 59.11; H 5.46; N 2.98. C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>S. Calculated, %: C 59.31; H 5.20; N 3.14.

2-(4-Methyl-2-oxo-5,5-pentamethylene-2,5-dihydrofuran-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl 2-(1,3-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-isoindol-2-yl)-4-(methylsulfanyl)butanoate (IIIr). Yield 84%, mp 139–141°C,  $R_f$  0.67. IR spectrum, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1753 (C=O, lactone), 1717 (C=O, ester), 1655 (C=O, imide), 1614 (C=O, ketone), 1605 (C=C), 1460 (C–S). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum,  $\delta$ , ppm: 0.90 q (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH), 1.86–1.24 m (10H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.40 s (3H, 4-Me), 3.58 t (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>S), 4.40 s (3H, CH<sub>3</sub>S), 4.60 s (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.08 t (1H, CH), 8.00–7.70 q (4H, H<sub>arom</sub>). Found, %: C 61.99; H 5.39; N 2.94. C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>S. Calculated, %: C 61.84; H 5.60; N 2.88.

The IR spectra were recorded on a Nicolet Avatar 330-FT-IR spectrometer from samples dispersed in mineral oil. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were obtained on a Varian Mercury-300 spectrometer at 300 MHz using

DMSO- $d_6$ -CCl<sub>4</sub> (1:3) as solvent. TLC analyses were carried out on Silufol UV-254 plates using acetone–chloroform–benzene (1:1:4) and acetone–hexane–ethanol–benzene (1:1:2:4 and 1:1:1:3) as eluents; spots were detected by treatment with iodine vapor.

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